Commodities market makes a sickly recovery, Page 12

No. 30,286

Thursday July 16 1987

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World News

Honecker sets date for visit to Bonn

East German leader Erich Honecker will visit West Germany for an official four-day tour beginning on September 7, Bonn

Honecker would travel to Ba-varia, the Rhineland Palatinate, the Saar and North Rhine-Westphalia after arriving in Bonn. It would be the first visit by an East German leader. Page 14

Lebanon car bombs Seven people were killed and 77 wounded in two car bomb explosions in the Syrian-con-trolled towns of Tripoli and Baalbeck

· Market

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Philip Milr

African food crises Mozambique, Angola, Ethiopia, Boiswana and Lesotho faced ex-ceptional food emergencies this year, the UN Food and Agricul-

Gandhi strikes back Indian Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi struck back at dissi-dents in his Congress (I) Party, expelling three prominent crit-ics, including his own cousin, from the ruling party.

East Germans flee Two East Germans fled to the West, one in a light aircraft, the other in a frogman's suit.

Explanation demanded The US said it was urgently TOKYO: A rally in leading seeking an explanation from high-technology stocks towards Pakistan why a Pakistani-born Canadian tried illegally to ex-port materials that could be used in the manufacture of nuclear bombs.

Sri Lanka attacks

Tamil separatist guerrillas attacked the two main military camps in Jaffna Peninsula, Sri Lanks, with morter bombs with-in hours of security forces com-pleting a week-long drive sgainst rebels.

Swedes hunt subs

Swedish navy helicopters dropped depth charges as a hunt for suspected foreign sub-marines and divers off northern Sweden entered its third week.

Steelworkers protest

plant in Bavaria went on strike for a day and demonstrated outside the factory against plans to cut 3,000 jobs over the next five

Police shoot marchers Police in San Salvador opened fire to stop a march by striking anti-government workers, wounding three people.

Autonomy for tribes

Philippines President Corason Aquino created an administrative region for Im mainly tribal mountain people 200 miles north of Manila, in the first step towards full autonomy. Page 3

Indian AIDS tests

India was completing plans to impose random AIDS tests for all foreigners staying for more than a year except diplomats.

Basques outlawed

France outlawed the Basque separatist group Iparretarrak (Those of the North) accessed of planning an attack on the Tour de France cycle race, making it easier to prosecute suspected members of the group.

Olympics shuffle The International Olympics Committee offered to switch more sports to North Korea in an effort to avert a threatened

communist boycott of the 1988 Seoul Summer Games.

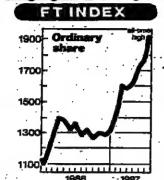
Fire chief under fire A fire chief who ordered neigh-bours' homes demolished bours' homes demolished to provide a firebreak for his own house - and diverted 40 per cent of the fire brigade to protect his home - during a huge forest fire in China in May, has been ar-

Business Summary

Coca-Cola up 18% despite film provision

COCA-COLA. US soft drinks group, increased second-quar-ter net income by 18 per cent to \$266m despite making a \$25m provision to cover losses on Ish-provision to cover losses on Ish-tar, a big-budget musical come-dy which has been one of the biggest and most expensive box-office disasters in the histo-ry of the US film-making Page

LONDON: Equities bounced sharply higher to new peaks after a setback in the dollar brought gains in sterling and



government bonds. The FT-SE 100 index ended 16.2 higher at 2,419.2 and the FT Ordinary in-dex jumped 16.0 to 1,908.6.Details, Page 34

WALL STREET: The Dow Jones industrial average closed up 2.39 at 2483.74. Page 38

high-technology stocks towards the close lifted the Nikkei aver-age 38.23 to 23,969.76 although trading remained lack-lustre.Page 38

DOLLAR closed in New York at DM 18295 (DM 18500); FFr 6.0970 (FFr 6.1550); SFr 1.5240 (SFr 1.5405); and to Y148.85 (Y151.05). On Bank of England figures the dollar's index de-clined to 102.6 from 103.2.Page

STERLING rose in London to \$1.6320 (\$1.6105); DM 2.9850 (DM 2.9800); FFr 9.9425 (FFr 9.9125); SFr 2.4850 (SFr 2.4800), but fell to Y242.50: (Y243.25). The pound's exchange rate index rose 0.3 to 73.3.It closed in New York at \$1.6350. Page 27

GOLD rose in London to \$452.75 from \$447.00. It also rose in Zurich to \$453.55 from \$446.75. Page

ITT, US financial, travel and industrial conglomerate, has boosted quarterly earnings 65 per cent to \$254m or \$1.73 a share. Page 15

NORTHROP, US defence aerospace contractor, reported net loss of \$15.4m in the second quarter compared with net income of \$23.1m or 49 cents a share in the same period last year. Sales rose from \$1.40bn to \$1.42bn.Page 15

AXEL SPRINGER, West Germany's biggest newspaper publishing group, raised net profits to a record DM94.5m (\$51m) from DM6Im in its first full year as a public company. Turnover increased 7.5 per cent to DM2.7bn, with newspapers accounting for 85.5 per cent and magazines 24.2 per cent Page 16

GRUNDIG, West German electronics company, which was beset by losses three years ago, has returned to 'satisfactory' profitability. Earnings in the business year to March 31 reached DM109.5m (\$59m), dou-ble the DM50m forecast in No-

vember.Page 16 CINEMA International, a Dutch-based film company, sold its 31 cinemas in South Africa to the New Century Entertainmen Group, formed earlier this year to takeover the South African interests of the Cannon Group

of the US. SOUTH African Breweries, the country's largest diversified consumer products group, is to acquire Wilkinson Sword's 63.8 per cent interest in Lion Match for R88.5m (\$43m), as a result of Swedish Match pulling out of South Africa.Page 18 ASAHI Chemical, major Japa-nese synthetic fibre maker, re-ported 7.4 per cent fall to Y41.02bn (\$270m) on turnover of

Y904.5bn, Page 18

Market Monitors

31-34,28

Poindexter says Reagan not told of Contras deal

BY LIONEL BARBER IN WASHINGTON

REAR-ADMIRAL John Pointexter, declaring that it was his al servant willing to walk the duty to protect President Ronald Reagan, told the Iran/Contra Committee that he never informed the president about the secret diversion of funds from US arms sales to Iran to the Nierre granging Contra replace.

US arms sales to Iran to the Ni-caraguan Contra rebels.
But in a damaging disclosure, the former National Security Advisor testified that he had de-stroyed a crucial document signed by President Reagan as early as December 1985 which showed mequivocally that the President had authorised arms sales to Iran in exchange for the sales to Iran in exchange for the se of US hostages held in Lebanon.

The revelation caught the White House off guard. Mr Marlin Fitzwater, the White House spokesman, said White House staff had been surprised by Admiral Poindexter's disclosure but denied that the President's miral Poindexter's disclosure but denied that the President's credibility had been damaged. However, he added: "He (President Reagan) doesn't recall seeing it or signing it or reading it but he doesn't have any problem with the content of it as he sees it today."

Admiral Poindexter served at the White House for five years

the White House for five years and throughout most of 1986 was President Reagan's National Security Adviser. He had daily contact with the President and his testimony this week before the joint House Senate panel investigating the Iran/Contra affair makes him the single most important witness to be called before the committee.

before the committee.

Throughout yesterday's public hearing, Admiral Poindexter, appearing in civilian clothes spoke in a monotone

NORTH SEA oil prices rose

above \$20 a barrel yesterday as Iraq kept up attacks on Iranian

an warned that it is prepared to

sink US ships being assigned to protect Kuwaiti tankers sailing

under the American flag. In Europe, where oil prices

have been lagging those in the US, the price of Brent crude rose to \$20.27, up 45 cents from the price on Tuesday.

In New York, fears of an esca-

lation in the Gulf pushed crude prices up strongly. By mid-after-noon, the price of West Texas Intermediate blend had risen

77 cents to a new high of \$22.35. The crude oil market was underpinned by the latest figures showing that US gasoline de-

admiral.

He traced the origins of the US arms sales to Iran in late 1985 following an approach by the Israeli Government. Two arms shipments, including anti-tank and anti-aircraft missiles, were shipped by Israel to Iran with US approval. But the Reagan Administration discovered that this may have contra-

vened US law.

Admiral Poindexter said President Reagan signed a 'CYA' (cover your ass) memo which retroactively approved the arms sales and set out the President's reasons for not informing Congress In the memoforming Congress. In the memo it is explicitly stated that the plan centred on an arms for hos-

iages swap.

In November 1986, when the arms sales became public, President Reagan denied many times that he had traded arms for hostages, even when polls for hostages, even when polls showed that the majority of Americans did not believe him. Admiral Poindexter said he realised that the memo was politically embarrassing, so he destroyed it.

He went on to describe now he learnt of the plan to divert substantial profits from the US arms sales to Iran to the Contra rebels. Lt Col Oliver North, a

North Sea oil over \$20

20-5 S PER BARREL

20 D

19-0

BY MAX WILKINSON AND ANDREW GOWERS IN LONDON

a barrel after Gulf raids

SPOT OIL PRICE

Brent Blend Crude

20use-Petroleum Argus Prices

JUNE 1987 JULY

mand is rising strongly, and is now almost back to the record

cause he realised it could be politically explosive. I was ab-solutely convinced as to what solutely convinced as to what the President's policy was with regard to supporting the Contras,' said Admiral Poindexter, who said he wanted to protect the President against any future embarrassing disclosures.

He agreed, however, that it was the only occasion where he had failed to inform President Reagan of a significant policy

Reagan of a significant policy initiative.
'If the President had asked me, I would have told him, said the Admiral, puffing gently on his pipe, but he declared: The buck stops here when done. I

had authority. I thought it was a good idea.'
Admiral Poindexter said he was certain that the President would have approved his deci-sion to divert money to the Con-tras. In his view it was very sim-

ilar to other schemes to keep the Contra movement alive such as soliciting money from private donors and third countries. Throughout his testamony Ad miral Poindexter described his very close relationship with the President and said that it was a 'very deliberate decision' not to ask President Reagan to ap-prove the diversion scheme. 'My aim was to provide firm denia-

captives...We are ready to sink American ships."

Meanwhile, it emerged that Kuwait has again sounded out

Britain and other permanent members of the United Nations

Continued on Page 14

bility in case it leaked out." In February 1986 when Lt Col North suggested diverting the money, some \$27m of humani-tarian aid to the Contra rebels was running out. The Reagan Administration had yet to se-cure approval for \$100m of mili-tary aid. "It was a move to imple-ment the Prayidant's policy." middle-ranking White House
aide whom he supervised, recommended the diversion.

Administration had yet to secure approval for \$100m of military aid. 'It was a move to implement the President's policy
with regard to the support of the
Contras Background, Page 4

DOLLAR index

US trade deficit up by more

By Stewart Fleming In Washington and Roderick Oram In New York

THE US trade deficit widened in May by just over \$1bu to \$14.4bu, disappointing the fi-nancial markets and suggesting that the improvement in the trade picture is coming

The poor trade figures will the poor trade figures will tend to strengthen the hand of critics of Administration poli-cy on Capitol Hill who are call-ing for a tougher Trade Bill as part of the US approach to the deficit.

But some economists pointed out yesterday that it would be premature to conclude that yesterday's report from the Commerce Department indi-cated that the trade outlook is

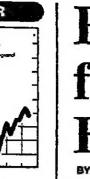
cated that the trade outlook is worsening again.

Mr William Griggs, of Griggs and Santow, a New York economic consulting concern, said that the trend of exports had been better since the beginning of the year but that imports had not been improving as significantly.

He maintained that the deterioration in the trade figures had bottomed out and that the US would see some improvement.

ment. The May data was disaplevels reached since the 1979 oil crisis. In Tehran, Ali Akbar Hash-Iranian parliament, once again sharpened his criticism of the US plan to reflag Kuwaiti tank-ers and give them naval protec-tion, which is due to start on July 22. He said that if the US enters the Gulf, we would point average for the first four months of the year. part of our artillery guns at the Yankees and take American

Continued on Page 14



than \$1bn

the trade picture is coming through more slowly than had been hoped.

Foreign exchange markets reacted immediately to the Commerce Department's announcement. Within moments, the dollar plunged by Y2 to around Y148.45 and by 1½ picenigs to DM 1.828, Bonds followed suit with the benchmark Treasury long bond dropfollowed suit with the bench-mark Treasury long bond drop-ping about 1½ points. Howev-er, markets stabilised after the initial sell off and by early af-ternoon the dollar and bonds had regained some of their lost ground.

pointing, however, to those who have been predicting that the steady improvement in the steady improvement in trade volumes over the past six months would quickly be re-flected in the figures. In May, imports totalled \$34.8bm, about 3.5 per cent higher than April and some 6.4 per cent up on the

Police arrest five over Howden affair

FRAUD SQUAD detectives swooped yesterday on Mr lan Posgate, the most famous un-derwriter in the recent history of Lloyd's of London, and four other men involved in the fiveyear-old Alexander Howden af-fair at Lloyd's.

In co-ordinated raids in Lon-don, south east England and France, police arrested Mr Pos-

gate. Mr Kenneth Grob. Mr Al-lan Page. Mr Jack Carpenter and Mr Colin Leonard Roy Hart. All the men except Mr Grob were taken to Snow Hill Police were taken to Snow fill Police Station in the City of London, where police yesterday after-noon began interviewing them about alleged offences of seri-

ous fraud.
French police, assisted by British detectives, arrested Mr Grob, former chairman of Alexander Howden Group, one of the four biggest insurance bro-kers at Lloyd's, at his home in the South of France. City of Lon-don Police said he was being detained there pending devel-opments in London. None of the five men has yet been charged. Police said the arrests followed inquiries into aspects of the affairs before 1982 of Alexander Howden Group. The in-quiries were undertaken with the new Fraud Investigations Group set up within the office of the Director of Public Prosecu-

Mr Page and Mr Carpenter Mr Page and Mr Carpenter were both directors and senior executives of Alexander Howden until July and August 1982 when they and Mr Grob resigned from the group's board. Mr Posgate and Mr Hart are both former active underwriters at Lloyd's who wrote business for insurance syndicates. ness for insurance syndicates managed by companies within the Alexander Howden group. The arrest of Mr Posgate sent

a tremor of surprise through the Lloyd's market yesterday after-Mr Posgate was nicknamed Air Posgate was nicknamed "Goldfinger" because of his suc-cess as a marine underwriter. In his heyday at Lloyd's in the 1970s and early 1980s he was taking on insurance business

for more than six syndicates, and earning up to £700,000 (\$1.13m) a year. He was best-known for his readiness to accept risky business such as in-suring ships in war zones like the Arabian Gulf. Mr Posgate, Mr Grob, Mr Page

and Mr Carpenter were also the comment on a police matter, but controllers along with a fifth stressed that the arrests had no connection with its operations equitye. Mr Ron Comery, of Bansince 1982. que du Rhone et de la Tamise, a





all began investigations of Alexander Howden's affairs in late 1982. The inquiries began after the group was taken over by New York-based Alexander & Alexander Services (A&A) the world's second biggest insur-

ance broker. The £150m takeover in 1981-82 The £150m takeover in 1981-82 formed part of a wave of transfatlantic mergers in the late 1970s and early 1980s when big US brokers sought control of British brokers through whom they placed insurance business at Lloyd's.

After the acquisition, A&A itself carried out a special audit of Alexander Howden's presentations are processed to the self carried out a special audit of Alexander Howden's presentations praces

acceptable accounting prac-The DTI said last night that it completed a substantial interim

report on its inquiries in De-cember 1985, but it was never published because police investigations were continuing.
Alexander Howden Group
said yesterday that it could not

Police and DTI investigations Swiss bank.

Lloyd's, British police officers, the Department of Trade and Industry and the US Securiors and Exchange Commission

Third and DTI investigations have also been continuing into the separate PCW case at Cloyd's arising from allegations of huge misappropriations of ties and Exchange Commission

Security Council on the possi-bility of placing other Kuwaiti

THE BANK WITH THE GLOBAL VIEW.

In the past Australian banks have tended to concentrate on their home market to do business. Not so at Australia and New

net assets of over £25.7 billion.

Zealand Banking Group, which now includes Grindlays Bank and has The group has an international network with more than 1,600 branches and offices in over 40 countries. Both ANZ and Grindlays have over 150 years experience in financing international trade and today offer a full range of banking and financial services.

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EC Commission backs plans to abolish frontier tax barriers

THE EUROPEAN COMMIS-SION yesterday approved pro-posals for far-reaching changes in indirect taxation in the 12 member states, intended to do away with all tax barriers at frontiers by 1992.

The plans, which are certain to receive a critical reception from EC finance ministers, call for two broad bands of value ad-ded tax instead of the present proliferation of rates, and common excise duties for all forms of alcohol, tobacco and petroleum products.

Although they won a 12 vote majority in yesterday's meeting this was only after Lord Cock-field, the UK vice-president re-sponsible, had made significant concessions in favour of greater flexibility.

Lord Cockfield said the Commission's proposals were not in-

tended to produce a new or bet-

ter tax system," but simply to say that particular member reduce the differences in indirect tax rates enough to make need to be met." border tax checks unnecessary. posed by the Commission would be between 14 and 20 per cent, cross-border trade, likely to be instead of the original plan for subjected to intense examination by customs authorities. The move which would mean eight member states would not have The standard rate of VAT pro- poses a new clearing system for

member states would not have ply claim back VAT on imports to change their present stanto change dard rates. to change their present standard rates.

The lower band proposed is between 4 and 9 per cent, intended to benefit items of basic processity such as food energy.

between a and tended to benefit "items of basic necessity" such as food, energy for heating and lighting, water, pharmaceuticals, books and newspapers, and passenger land's Minister of Finance, warned he was prepared to veto warned he was prepared to veto proposals on harmonising

"We recognise the existence of quite considerable prob-lems," Lord Cockfield said. "We serious budgetary implica-have to start on the principle of harmonisation. We then go on to Carnegy reports from Dublin.

World trade: the deflationary forces

UK economy: keeping an eye on the na-

Section III Recruitment: survey .

INDUSTRY **GROWN FAT** ON DEFENCE SPENDING PENTAGON INC. # Make make the contract of th

The long boom is over and US armaments contractors are beginning to feel the pinch. Page 4

that defeat attempts to revive growth 5 Management: in the grip of marketing

Lex: Dixons; SIB; small companies .. 14

- CONTENTS -

Europe . Companies. America ... Companies ... Overseas ... Companies. World Trade .. 7-9: Britain ...

Companies

- Wall Street.



The second desirable to the second se

George Graham reports on the failure of the French Prime Minister's efforts to 'normalise' relations with Iran

Chirac's Tehran tightrope act comes down to earth

JACQUES France's Prime Minister, must be regretting some of his brave words of last November.

In an interview with the spoke more freely because he believed the words would not be attributed to him, Mr Chirac ridiculed the UK for breaking off distributed to him, and the believed the UK for breaking off distributed to him. off diplomatic relations with Syria after a terrorist bomber captured in London was linked

Even the wave of terrorist bombings that devastated Paris last September was "small beer," Mr Chirac said, compared with the major problem of the transan embassy in Paris to answer the questions of the French police. The crisis which has erupted between the two countries has cruelly exposed how precarious with the major problem of containing anti-Western Islamic fundamentalism in the Middle

bombings have come back to wreck his policy of "normalisa-tion" of relations with Iran. It Washington Times in which he is Mr Chirac who is now faced stence that Mr Cordii should spoke more freely because he with the decision on whether to believed the words would not break of dislament which he are stated answer police questions on his break off diplomatic relations because of the terrorist links of a Middle Eastern country — over whether Mr Wahld Gordji should come out of his refuge in the Iranian embassy in Paris

cruelly exposed how precarious was the tightrope Mr Chirac tried to walk towards an improvement in relations with

in the Lebanon by pro-Iranian

answer police questions on his links with last September's bombings has not been helped by evidence of policy differences coise Mitterrand indicated on on the sales of arms, but France between different ministries. Tuesday in his Bastille Day has been one of the principal Iran has claimed that Mr Gordji was warned by a Foreign Iran for the release of the forces in the Gulf War, Ministry official to lie low remaining five were unaccept. before the warrant was issued for his arrest. The Ministry's denials have

been greeted with widespread scepticism in Paris, and many Frenchmen believe the Govern-ment tried to get Mr Gordji out

"normalisation" policy on the Iranian opponents of the regime Tails.

That policy appeared to have achieved some success last year, with the liberation of five French hostages in Lebanon.

However, as President Francoise Mitterrand indicated on on the sales of arms, but France has been one of the principle.

of Ayatollah Khomeini, But

remaining five were unacceptlable.

France has been able partially to satisfy Iran on the
financial argument between the
two countries—repaying a third
of the disputed \$1bn loan made
by the ex-Shah to the French

Mr Chirac has always insisted
to Iran that there could be no
discussion of this element of
French policy in the Middle
East. In his Washington Times
interview he was less discreet.

Our common objective should
by the ex-Shah to the French

Meanwhile, France remains

vulnerable on two points: the plight of its diplomats in Tehran and its shipping in the Gulf. Iran has not hesitated to hit at both, with an attack on hostages through Iran's influence of the remaining French hit at both, with an attack on hostages through Iran's influence of the remaining french hit at both, with an attack on hostages through Iran's influence of the remaining french hit at both, with an attack on hostages through Iran's influence of the remaining french hit at both, with an attack on hostages through Iran's influence of the remain trapped inside their embassy in Tehran.

France has moved one of the three navy vessels it keeps in the Indian Ocean into the Gulf to accompany the damaged vessel, but is unwilling to

Iran which might lead to the of the country in order to avert atomic energy commission—and religious fundamentalism in the expand the protection offered those September release of French hostages held the crisis and keep the on the presence in France of region. trole. Its diplomats, however, remain trapped inside their embassy in Tehran.

a French container ship sailing ence on the Lebanese Shi'tte from Kuwait to Bahrain, earlier militias now appear to have this week, followed by accusations of spying and drug. Fabius, Mr Chirac's Socialist smuggling against France's predecessor, put it yesterday:

"The tragic paradox is that the only way of rescuing our people is to refuse any form of negotiation."

Mr Chirae (right): pelicy wrecked by bombings.



EC tax plan would mean big price changes

SWEEPING CHANGES in lower band remains at between indirect taxation in the 4 and 9 per cent, but the Community, proposed per cent, but the Community, proposed per cent, but the Community proposed by the European over backwards to allow members of the cent of Commission, will have very sub-stantial effects on the tax exemptions from the rule. revenues, consumer prices, and Lord Cockfield insisted, howrevenues, consumer prices, and tax structures in many of the member states.
The Commission stopped

short yesterday of trying to predict too many of the con-sequences, for fear of alarming national lobbies already braced to resist such an onslaught on "The principal purpose is to enable fiscal frontiers to be abolished," Lord Cockfield, the

British Commissioner respon-sible, said yesterday.

tales.
The logic of his move is that
VAT is imposed on top of
excise duties—so that allowing
flexibility of excise duties would

ever, that excise duties must be harmonised on common rates, rather than merely "approxi-mated" in wider bands. The result is a series of specific duties on all forms of alcohol. tobacco and petroleum products which would cause huge price changes in particular member

A last-minute compromise increase the ultimate diversidened the proposed standard band of value added tax from 5 to 6 per cent—acting it at between 14 and 20 per cent—in order to accommodate the highest-rated EC countries, Denmark, Ireland and the Netherlands. The proposed face price rises of about 170

RETAIL PRICE CHANGES FROM PROPOSED EXCISE DUTY HARMONISATION

increase the ultimate divergence of VAT rates beyond the per cent for popular cigarettes, so for event band. On paper, and 145 per cent for spirits, however, the resulting price changes will look daunting to those member states most affected.

Greece, for example, would green, face price rises of about 170 cent, and Denmark by 19 per cent, according to albelt very rough Commission calculations.

As for the effects on tax revenues, the Commission has decided not to publish its own conclusions as being too crude, face price rises of about 170 cent, and Denmark by 19 per however, the most affected

would be Denmark and Luxembourg. Denmark, which has the highest rates of both indirect highest rates of both indirect and direct taxation in the EC, and therefore faces a seemingly insuperable problem, was esti-mated to lose some 4.8 per cent of its total gross domestic pro-duct, and Luxembourg to gain 7.6 per cent.

As for the structure of taxa-tion, Lord Cockfield's plan would do away with both luxury VAT rates and zero rates — unless the member states ask for special exemption. Such exemptions would have to be granted by the other member

In seeking to be as flexible as possible, Lord Cockfield has included one major concession on the timetable: he suggests that member states should move towards the ultimate goal of tax harmonisation and approximation as fast or as alow as they like — provided they get there by the deadline of 1992.

black mark for Tipp-Ex By Tim Dickson in Brussel

Commission

TIPP-EX VERTRIEB, the West German company whose white finid erases the

whose white fluid erases the mistakes of typists the world over, has just received a black mark from the European Commission.

The Brussels-based executive announced yesterday that it had fined Tipp-Ex and its French distributor, Belersdorf, Ecu 460.000 and Ecu 16,000 respectively for breaching the competition rules of the Treaty of Rome, Belersdorf since 1882 has been the exclusive distributor for Tipp-Ex products in France.

France.

Three other exclusive distributors—Baroter of Relgium, Esveha-Rijam of the Netherlands, and Tipp-Ex (Leslie McLean) of Britain—have also been ordered to end certain restrictive practices. But these small companies have not been fined because, the Commission says, they followed the Tipp-Ex policy "only partially, with reluctance and only under considerable pressure."

tance and only under considerable pressure."

The decision relates to the "active measures" which Tipp-Ex is said to have taken between 1979 and 1982 to prevent parallel imports and exports by a French trader of correction paper, correction fluids and terrection tapes within the European Community. The company, according to the Commission, "also exerted pressure on its exclusive distributors in order to obtain their agreement and support."

Ozal's economic line praised by OECD

ment absorb a substancial surface ment absorb a substancial surface ment under the Government of export earnings.

"The improvement registered in Turkey's international creditions of Economic Co-operation and Development in its latest report on the Turkish economy published today.

"The improvement registered in Turkey's international credition of the past four to be proventially and the current account deficit tend to rise," the report The stabilisation and adjust. adds.

ment policies followed since 1980 have broadly bad the desired results, the report says. While inroads have been made

desired results, the report says. While inroads have been made into infistion—though it is still much too high—economic growth and employment have remained comparatively buoyant. At the same time, international competitiveness has improved, thanks mainly to a policy of gradual real devaluation of the Turkish lira and temporary fiscal incentives.

The OECD warns, however, that the sharp deterioration of the current account deficit to \$1.5 m in 1988 from \$1 m the previous year should be considered a timely reminder that "an excessive acceleration of domestic demand always carries the risk of compromising the gains in performance achieved earlier."

The current account shortfall, the the likelihood of some

earlier."

The current account shortfall, given the likelihood of some deterioration in the terms of trade, is likely to deteriorate further in 1987 to \$1.7bu, the report forecasts. It also stresses that the continuation of growth the continuation of growth are as of domestic demand as that the continuation of growth rates of domestic demand as high as in 1986 do not appear to be sustainable on either domestic or balance of payments grounds, given the low level of foreign exchange reserves and the fact that foreign debt repay-

FURKEY'S economic develop- ments absorb a substantial share

After a rise in gross national

product of 8 per cent in 1986— the highest growth rate in the whole of the OECD area—the report forecasts that growth will be in the region of 6.5 per cent in the current year, more than one percentage point higher than the official Turkish government prediction Business surveys point to a further strengthening of private investment and public investment is likely to be boosted by the continuation of large intrastructure investments

started in recent years,
Inflation, measured by the
GNP price deflator, is expected
to fall to 27 per cent in 1987
frum 30 per cent last year.

The Turkish Government
yesterday appointed the governor of Diyarbakir province, Mr
Hayri Kozakcioglu (49) as the
first ever emergency governor Hayri Kozakcioglu (49) as the first ever emergency governor for eight provinces in the region where Turkish troops are fighting against Kurdish terrorists, writes David Barchard in Ankara.

The new governor will coordinate anti-terrorist operations in the region, effectively replacing the martial-law commander.

The appointment of a civilian

The appointment of a civilian rather than a military or police figure has come as something of

W German

exports to

Brussels ruling makes franchising policy clearer

agreements became clearer yes-terday when the European Com-mission published its conclu-sions on a key test case involv-ing Computerland Europe.

The decision to exempt this The decision to exempt this trademark and which rests expanding micro-computer reinstead on the commercial tailer from an important section know-how of re-selling other of the Community's competition people's machines.

The issues raised in the inviously established in rulings vestigation will be reflected in relating to Pronuptia, the Paris-

car phone

'dumping'

MOTOROLA (UK), British subsidiary of the US cellular equipment manufacturer of the

same name, has persuaded the

European Commission to open an investigation into the alleged dumping of Japanese and Canadian mobile radio tele-phones on the British market.

The complaint, details of which were disclosed in Brussels

watch were disclosed in Brussels yesterday, refers to "signifi-cant" margins between dom-estic prices in Canada and

Japan and the estimated prices

of products exported to the

European Community.
The cellular mobile radio telephones which will be the

subject of the Commission probe—used in the Total Access Communications System (TACS)—are sold only in the

British and Irish markets and Motorola is the only British manufacturer. Japanese

manufacturer. Japanese suppliers include Matsushita, NEC, Mitsubishi Electric, Japan Radio (JRC) and Kokusai Electrics, with Novatel Communications the major Canadian

amounted to 8,000 units in 1986
Prices, meanwhile, are said
to have fallen by 45 per cent
between the second half of
1985 and the second half of
1986—reaching a level which is
claimed to have been insufficient to cover the Community
manufacturers' production

manufacturers production costs. Motorola's sales between the last quarter of 1985 and the last quarter of 1986 fell from 24 per cent to 13 per cent of

the total market.
The complaint alleges that

the low prices caused by dumping forced Motorola to abandon

production of its initial model

prematurely and concentrate on

Icelandic whaling

which is not inked directly to the production of a particular trademark and which rests instead on the commercial know-how of re-selling other

Inquiry into | Raw materials shortages

sion to protect most European franchises from the competition rules. Franchising, which allows a franchisor to set up an extensive retail network without the need for major capital investment, is technically illegal under European law because of the prohibition in the Treaty of Rome on market sharing or Rome on market sharing or company link-ups likely to Indeed, the Computerland

THE EC's policy on franchising agreements became clearer yes.

But the significance of the sion to protect most European location clause which implies franchises from the competition that franchises may not open concluder formally "cleared" by Brussels in the significance of the sion to protect most European location clause which implies franchises from the competition that franchises may not open concluder formally "cleared" by Brussels in the significance of the sion to protect most European location clause which implies franchises from the competition that franchises may not open concluder formally "cleared" by Brussels in the significance of the sion to protect most European location clause which implies franchises from the competition that franchises may not open concluder formally "cleared" by Brussels in the significance of the sion to protect most European location clause which implies franchises from the competition that franchises may not open concluder formally "cleared" by Brussels in the significance of the sion to protect most European location clause which implies franchises from the competition formally "cleared" by Brussels in the significance of the sion to protect most European location clause which implies franchises from the competition franchises from the competition formally "cleared" by Brussels in the significance of the sion to protect most European location clause which implies franchises from the competition franchises location clause which implies that franchisees may not open more than one outlet unless specifically authorised by the franchisor and the exclusive territory which surrounds each outlet—is deemed to restrict competition within the meaning of Article 85(1) of the EEC awide range of products in transhisee's obligation only to sell to end-users is also strictly speaking considered anti-com-

Portugal heads for majority government

BY ALEKSANDAR LEBL IN BELGRADE THE HALF-YEARLY Yuguslav from 78.9 per cent to 85.1 per centonumic indicators published this week inidcate continuing however, were 17.1 per cent sluggish performance. Growth in industrial production has slowed to 2.6 per cent from around 3.5 per cent earlier this around 3.5 per cent earlier this currency imports went up by year, largely because of external payments difficulties which have exacerbated the shortage of raw materials.

hit Yugoslav production

per cent since last December, with a rise of 9.4 per cent in June alone and year-on-year inflation touching a record 100.6 per cent

trade ingures were better tha nexpected. Exports went up by 5.8 per cent, to \$5.09hn, and imports fell by 1.9 per cent, both compared with the first half of 1986. The ratio of exports to imports increased

Retail prices increased 51.1 The good export performance was not reflected in foreign exchange inflow, as companies tried to keep their earned money abroad as long as possible in order to profit from high inflation and the falling dinar exchange rate. Many have also managed to find forms of cashless transactions whereby they avoid selling their foreign exchange earnings to the national bank. If the PSD wins the high share of the vote which the

PORTUGAL's three-week gene-ral election campaign winds up rat electrow with a strong lead in the public opinion polls for Social Democrat (PSD) leader, Professor Anihal Cavaco Silva. Opinion polls, which cannot be published by the Portuguese

media during election periods, but which are taken regularly, give the PSD 42-43 per cent of the vote. The party needs at least 43 per cent for an overall formance in their 18 months of government before the left toppled them for unclear reasons, and from a surge of new, young voters. The latter appear to see the party as an active support system for the modernisation of Portugal after half a century of backwardness The huge crowds Prof Cavaco Silva has drawn at rallies and the shrinking number of floating voters (down from 18 to less than 6 per cent) suggest that for the first time in Portu-gal's 13-year-old democracy, one party may win a majority. and 13 years of unresolved structural problems, like an overweight public sector, politically-conditioned agriculture and a stifling bureaucracy. With a tolerant, middle-of-the-

polls are indicating, it would mean an end of successive prolitical crises caused by weak minority administrations or squabbling coalitions which have led to 11 general elections in 13 years.

The Social Democrats have benefited from a reasonable performance in their 18 months of government before the left that some voters perceive in appear to be listening. They not make capital from his know-ledge of economics and convince the tast deter a strain done as well with the economy as it claims. But few voters appear to be listening. They have seen their wage packets rather than consult.

The optimism and high spirits has been conducted has made it hard for the opposition to the party's left to make a strong impact on the voter.

done as well with the economy as it claims. But few voters appear to be listening. They have seen their wage packets grow, and unemployment decrease along with inflation,

in the past year and are not apparently in a mood to be disparaged.

The Christian Democrats who Fighting valiantly to reassert Social Democrats who want to share power with the Socialist Party, denied this aspiration if the which once captured more votes PSD—as Prof Cavaco now pubtian any other, Dr Vitor Conlicly demands—is given a majstancio, a prominent economist ority on its own.

per cent to \$20.2bn.
West German investment in
the US maintained its upward
trend and totals about DM 42bn (£1.34bn), says the Chamber of Commerce. By contrast, US investment in West Germany has showed, and now stands at about DM 39bn.

varian steel plant yesterday to protest against threatened job losses at the firm, one of the region's biggest employers, Reuter reports from Sulzbach-Bosenberg.

The workers' union said the around the industrial Ruhr Velley, plant's 4,500 workers struck for one day in an effort to persuade the Bemainly of short, unofficial work examples in scran plans to stoppages and protest meetings by Soviet coal plan The reductions would take place following the introduc-de-tion of automatic equipment, still he said.

> FINANCIAL TIMES
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Finland 'will not join EC'

maker.

According to information supplied by Motorola, Japanese mobile telephone imports to the UK rose by about 83 per cent from roughly 20,000 units in 1985 to nearly 37,000 last year (representing an estimated 58 per cent share). Canadian products were unknown on the British market in 1985 but amounted to 8,000 units in 1986 Prices, meanwhile, are said PRIME MINISTER Harri Holkeri has said that for political reasons Finland cannot seek associate membership of the European Community (EC), Beuter reports from Helsinki.

This is not possible because the EC is a political body unlike EFTA (the European Free Trade Association)," he said in an interview in the savings bank magazine Saasto-

Finland hoped to safeguard by other means trade relations with the EC, with which Finland does most of its foreign trade.

"Any kind of political association, however, is excluded. We have no desire or need for that." he said without spelling out the reasons. Finnish interests were now best served through its links with EFTA, a new one. Although the com-pany made profits for the first time in the first quarter of this time in the first quarter of this

year it claims that import pressures in the second quarter of might shut Finland out of markets 1987 have once again affected there. It has a friendship treaty with the Soviet Union, signed in 1948 after the Finnish-Soviet wars of 1939-44, Iceland will suspend its pro-gramme of hunting whales for from Moscow, to stem any attack scientific purposes during nego-tiations next week with the US over the continuation of the hunt, officials told Reuter Finland,

Leslie Colitt reports on an Eastern Bloc nation's summer pursuits

E. Germans flock to the country

with and without bathing attire are frolicking at the Baltic Sea, the state's most popular summer play-

The Baltic Sea coast is to East Germans what the Italian Adriatic is to West Germans. In the depth of will be lucky enough to spend the summer holiday in a trade union home at the Baltic.

The charge for a 10-day to twoweek stay is only 28 per cent of the

For the less fortunate there might just be a site to pitch a tent on in an overcrowded camping ground not too many kilometres from the Baltic. At night the tents are filled to overflowing with illegal sub-tenants who add to the problem of erratic food supplies.

It goes almost without saying that boats and inflatable rubber mattresses are prohibited beyond a prescribed distance from the coast. The Danish islands of Lolland and Falster lie only a short distance away and East German naval vessels can be seen on the horizon patrolling the sea for escapees.

ism, and there are many, have a hefty price. With tourists from the bread on a chilly Saturday morning Romania was advertised in Neues buy once she got there.

MORE THAN 3m East Germans - at a makeshift shop by the sea is Deutschland at marks 2,000 or, alunforgettable.
East Germans are as eager to tra-

vel abroad as West Germans and ers. have a minimum three-week and But there are other ways to visit three-days paid holiday in which to the Balkans. An East German do so. But, unlike their Western ins, East Germans are not coveted in Eastern Europe for their Czechoslovakia, the only country

where East Germans can travel without a visa, is mainly visited during the day. East Germans cannot purchase enough Czechoslovak currency to stay overnight in even the simplest hotel. Poland has been off limits to East

Germans since 1980 and Hungary, the most popular foreign destina-tion, has become prohibitively expensive for most East Germans. Those fortunate enough to spend their holiday at Lake Balaton do so in tents and often bring along their food from East Germany. Others exchange flats with Hun-

garian acquaintances and bring the trade union which offers top-East German products to trade for flight cuisins and excellent service. Hungarian Florints. appeared in East German newspa- months a year when only enough

pers. An additional number of trips D-marks are needed to take a East Germans who go in for nud- was made available to Romania - at cruise.

most three times the price of a similar Romanian holiday for Western-

But there are other ways to visit acquaintance takes off for a remote summer where he hikes from one cottage to the next enjoying the whatsoever.

However, for most East Germans, travelling in Eastern Europe is a bitter lesson in how little their currency is worth outside the country. The West German D-mark invariably purchases three to four times the amount of florints or Bulgarian leva as the mark, Probably the most sought-after holiday for an East German is a cruise on the MS Arkona, a ship

which used to sail as the Astor under the West German flag. Only "outstanding" East German work-ers are given a chance to book pas-sages on this cruise vessel run by The ship is chartered to a West This month a special travel offer German operator for several

My landlady during the Leipzig several stretches of beach reserved West staying away in droves, econ-for them at the windy Baltic. The omically hard-pressed Romania de-for an East German - to Cuba on an sight of several dozen East German cided to let East Germans have a East German ship. But, apart from nudists queueing to buy milk and crack at its resorts. A 15-day tour of rum, she said there was nothing to

Bavarian steelworkers demonstrate against planned job cuts

THOUSANDS of steel workers de-monstrated outside a troubled Ba-warian steel plant yesterday to pro-test against threatened job losses at of Kloeckner Werke.

cut 3,000 jobs over the next five miners.

in northern Bavaria.

About 1,500 workers blocked Maxhuette's entrance this morning with heavy machinery and trucks. Steel workers from all over West Germany joined the demonstration. The protest coincided with a debate on the Maximette restructur-

ing programme in the Bavarian

state parliament.

Bavarian Economics Minister Anton Jaumann said last week that the Bavarian Government was willing to help bail out the steel mill, which filed for bankruptcy in April. Maxhuette restructuring pro-mates and applicants for public ser-gramme but the number of jobs vice jobs.

•Bavarian officials yesterday de-

The job losses are part of a restructuring programme at the Eisenanti-Aids policies, and predicted similar touch measures would werk-Gesellschaft Maximilianshusimilar tough measures would ette (Maxhuette) plant in the large eventually be adopted throughout ly agricultural region of Cherpfalz Europe, AP reports from Munich. But a member of the West German Aids Help Association, a na-tionwide advisory group, charged that the Bavarian laws were "more

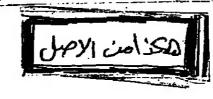
suitable to a police state." The Bavarian measures have prompted complaints of discrimination, invasion of privacy and inefficiency from West Germ al Health Minister, the European Economic Community and public health experts in several other Ger-

man states. Bavaria announced in May Mr Jaumann said Bavaria could mandatory Aids tests for licensed contribute DM 100m (\$56m) to the prostitutes, drug addicts, prison in-

US up 8% WEST GERMAN exports to the this year, according to figures from the American Chamber of

Commerce in West Germany. Imports from the US went up by 10.6 per cent to \$3.9bn in the corresponding period, it The figures suggest that, while the sharp fall in the value of the dollar has boosted US sales, imports from West Germany have retained their high levels. Total US exports to the country in 1986 exceeded \$10.6bn, while West German exports to the US topped \$26bn, Trade between the US and the European Community as a whole for the first quarter of 1987 also bears out the sharper rise in US exports. EC sales to the US increased by 2.4 per cent to \$26.6bn, while imports from the US climbed by 11.1

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long awaited economic recovery appear to have slipped into place following the introduction on May 15 of a new policy pack-age backed by the International Monetary Fund and the World

Bank.

The package—a compromise agreement worth \$175m—has restored donor confidence in President Yoweri Museveni's Government. after what Western donors felt was a false start at rehabilitation when the ruling National Resistance Movement rejected IMF ideas in its first budget last August.

This budget set the old This budget set the old Uganda shilling at 1,400 shillings to the dollar while the unofficial rate rose to 10 times as much. At the time donor representatives in Kampala said that putting money into Handa that putting-money into Uganda was "like pouring water into

Donor support is vital for the Soviet Union.
rebuilding of Uganda's infraTogether this will greatly

structures, shattered by years of political instability and economic decline. In the past two months, the international community has pledged about \$310m in new aid for 1987-88, outstripping the Ugandan Government's hopes for a total of \$250m.

Britain has amounced an extra \$250m in aid, on condition that Uganda sticks to its IMF terms; with 55m said to be immediately available in ballation of payment support for the purchase of British goods.

In addition, debts of \$66m were recently rescheduled by the Paris Club. Dr. Salainan Kiggunda, bass also said that debts of up to \$48m are likely to be rescheduled by Eastern bloc countries, including the comprehence of the Bank of Uganda, has also said that debts of up to \$48m are likely to be rescheduled by Eastern bloc countries, including the Soviet Union.

Together this will greatly

border areas. Private buyers in Zaire now find it hard to get hold of enough Ugandan cur-

The UK will restore medium-term credit cover to Morocco. This was aunounced at the end of talks held yesterday morning at No 10 Downing Street between the Prime Minister, Mrs Margaret Thatcher and King Hassan of Thatcher and King Hassan of Morocco. Medium-term credit cover was suspended by the Export Credit Guarantee Department in September 1983, when the Kingdom was forced to reschedule its external debt.

Although Morocco has shown interest in British built radars and tanks, the talks were devoted entirely to

built radars and tanks, une talks were devoted entirely to the Middle East. The Moroecan monarch presented what one official described as

South African unions reject warning over political activities

BY ANTHONY ROBINSON IN JOHANNESBURG

THE SECOND national congress plex issues of vital concern to

gates from 13 Cosatu's policy of re-organising the union movement into fewer, more powerful industrial unions union."

The leart way against this background the sissues formed after four years of difficult inter-union negotiations in December 1985.

During these 19 months its membership, which covers all key sectors in the economy from mining through engineering to catering and transport, has increased from 450,000 while the number of affiliated unions has dropped from 33 to 13. The reduction reflects Cosatu's policy of re-organising the union movement into fewer, more powerful industrial unions under the slogan "one industrial unions the issues facing workers in the issues facing workers and applicable form the slogan "one industrial unions the same facing workers in the issues facing workers in the issues facing workers and applicable forms.

of South Africa's most powerful black trade union federation, the Congress of South
African Trade Unions began
here yesterday with a defiantly
political speech by Mr Elijah
Barayi, its president.

"I am here to bury (President) P. W. Boths not to praise
him," Mr Barayi declared to
loud applause before rejecting
government warnings against
the politicisation of trade
unions. "It is not the trade
unions which make South Africa
3,000 union activists have been
ungovernable, it is the unjust have been banned and its headungovernable, it is the unjust apartheid laws," he said.

The three-day congress, Johannesburg, has been twice attended by nearly 1,500 delegates from 13 Cosatu affiliated unions with a combined membership of over 712,000, is the

try one union." society as a whole. Politics, and
The last two days of the conwhat one official described as the most hudd analysis of the most hudd analysis of the situation he had ever heard. | gress, from which the media most basic democratic rights for the most hudden majority, is a bread-and-butter to a series of debates on comissue for the working class."

Australia current account deficit dips to A\$13.43bn

BY CHRIS SHERWELL IN SYDNEY .

AUSTRALIA'S current account product, still higher than any deficit on the balance of payother OECD country save Norments for the financial year way and unsustainable in the deficit on the balance of payments for the financial year ending last mouth was higher than the Government had hoped but was an improvement on the previous year's ment on the previous year's ment on the previous year's an improvement of the deficit on the previous year's an improvement of the deficit on the previous year's an improvement of the deficit on the previous year's an improvement of the deficit on the previous year's an improvement of the deficit on the def

ment on the previous years A\$3.390n to A\$1.940n, thanks to improved exports of wool. Preliminary figures for June released by the Bureau of Statistics showed a deficit of ment, and — significantly — of A\$850n, but over recent months the figure has usually been revised upward, which would suggest a larger final figure for the year.

The foreign exchange may be A\$1.50n. About A\$200m of the A\$200m of the A\$1.50n. About A\$200m of the A\$2

kets took the news in their the 1986-87 total was due to stride, with the Australian dol- gold coins—the new Anatom of lar strengthening lar strengthening marginally from 55.8 to 55.9 on a tradeweighted basis and weakining Treaurer, took now-customary fractionally from 70.55 US cents heart from the improvement to 70.45 US cents.

tractionally from 70.55 US cents to 70.45 US cents.

Yesterday's deficit was around 5.2 per cent of gross domestic ing of the country's export base.

Korea business urges reforms

SOUTH KOREA'S top five business organisations want the Government to reduce its intervention in their activi-ties, but at the same time to

prevent the involvement of workers in management. The call, supported by groups representing the business conglomerates, small companies, commercial and trading interests, follows the moves towards democratic change which started after nationwide demonstrations

lest month. Arguing that a fully fiedged free enterprise system was the best way to develop South Korea's economy, the businessmen also said that the banking system should be given full autonomy.

At present the Government controls company borrowings through the banks, which are burdened with substantial non-performing assets

Dixons Group plc

PROFITS OVER £100 MILLON

Group Sales £1,111m Up 18% Pre-Tax Profit £102.6m Up 31% Earnings per Share 19.5p Up 38% Dividend per Share 4.0p Up 33%

Over 1,200 UK stores 121 US stores with 1.2 million sq.ft. selling space Over 17,000 employees worldwide Property Division profits up 82% Financial Services Division profits up 142%

Key points from Annual Results 1986/87



Dixons saisho LOGIK Currys MASTERCARE SHO

Aquino autonomy move for tribes

BY RICHARD GOURLAY IN MANILA

PRESIDENT Corazon Aquino Forces of the Philippines. yesterday created an administra- The Cordillera People's tive region for 1m mainly tribal Liberation Army, led by a

tive region for 1m mainly tribal

Liberation Army, led by a
mountain people 200 miles north
of Manila in the first step
towards full autonomy.

The region will cover over 100
Igorot tribes, of Malay ethnic
origins, in the Cordillera Mountains where tribal leaders have
been fighting for autonomy and the new
towards full autonomy agreement which
by Mrs Aquino will now draft
an autonomy agreement which
will be presented to the new
Congress and then to the people
of the region in a referendum.
In the meantime the region
in the meantime the region and a
multitee with limited powers of
government in the region and a
small budget. It will set a
scurity force under the Armed

Liberation Army, led by
former priest turned guerrilla
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fighter, fought President Ferdinand Marcos over the
simular timetable to be followed in autonomy aths with
the leaders of 5m Moslems in
the south of the country. Their
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The Covern

not compromise the integrity of the Philippines and the Manila Government's ultimate control The Government would like

Hurdles remain to debt signing

exports 0.

MR JAIME ONGPIN, the Philippine Finance Secretary. The creditor committee banks in signed. The creditor committee banks agreement on July 17 amid suggestions that some unresolved issues could still suggestions that some unresolved issues could still prevent all 12 creditor committee banks from signing the agreement.

It is not clear if President Corazon Aquino has approved an executive order that would resolve the biggest issue but a finance department spokesman said Mr Ongpin left confident that an agreement would be signed.

Signed.

The creditor committee banks banks want the Government to the more of the mare, in effect, public debt.

A memorandum of undertaking signed in 1985 before the consumption of fertiliser in the philippines. Philippines received \$925m of new money, fudged the issue of the Flanters Products debt.

Bankers stressed that debt renegotiations often meet last-minute hitches. The agreement to be signed grants the Philippines a seven-and-a-half-year grace period

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION AND

TERMINATION OF CONVERSION RIGHTS

To The Holders of

ITO-YOKADO CO., LTD. (Kabushiki Kaisha Ito-Yokado) (the "Company")

51/2% Convertible Debentures Due August 31, 1993 (the "Debentures")

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that pursuant to Article Five of the Indenture dated as of July I, 1978, all outstanding coupon Debentures and registered Debentures of the Company in the amount of \$1,003,000 have been called for redemption on August 31, 1987 (the "Redemption Date") for account of the Sinking Fund at a Redemption Price (the "Redemption Price") of 100% of the principal amount thereof.

Payment of the Redemption Price will be made upon presentation and surrender of the Debentures called for redemption (in the case of coupon Debentures, together with all coupons appertaining thereto maturing after August 31, 1987), on or after August 31, 1987 at the Corporate Trust Office of The Bank of Tokyo Trust Company in New York City, 100 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10005 or at the principal office in the city indicated of any of the following Paying Agents: The Bank of Tokyo Ltd. in London: The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd. in Brussels; Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York in Brussels.

From and after the Redemption Date, interest on the Debentures to be redeemed for this Sinking Fund will cause to accrue. Interest maturing on August 31, 1987 will be paid in the usual manner.

- CONVERSION OF DEBENTURES INTO COMMON STOCK

CONVERSION OF DEHENTURES INTO COMMON STOCK

The Debentures may be converted into Common Stock of the Company or, at the option of the holders, into American Depositary Receipts, at the conversion price (with Debentures taken at their principal amount translated into Japanese yen at the rate Yon 213.50 equals U.S. \$1) of Yen 682.30 per share of Common Stock. The Company's Common Stock and American Depositary' Receipts are issuable only in a Unit of 1,000 shares of Common Stock or integral multiples thereof. A cash adjustment will be made for any fraction of a Unit. Each Debentures, together with all numeratured compons and a written notice to convert (the form of which notice is available from any of the following) with Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, at its corporate trust office in New York, City, 30 West Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10015 or with any of the Phyling Agents' offices specified above. SUCH CONVERSION RIGHTS WILL TERMINATE AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON AUGUST 27, 1987 AS TO ALL DEBENTURES REDEEMABLE ON THE PEDEMPTION DATE, BASED ON THE CONVERSION PRICE OF YEN S230 PER SHARE, A CLOSING PRICE OF YEN 3,730 FOR THE COMMON STOCK ON THE TOKYO STOCK EXCHANGE ON THE JULY, 1987, AND A CURRENT RATE OF EXCHANGE ON THE JULY, 1987 OF U.S. 31 = YEN 148.30, THE HOLDER OF A BOND IN THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF U.S. \$1,000 CONVERTING ON THAT DATE WOULD HAVE RECEIVED UNITS (TOGETHER WITH A CASH ADJUSTMENT FOR A FRACTION OP A UNIT) HAVING A VALUE OF U.S. \$7,970.00, THE U.S. DOLLAR EQUIVALENT OF CONVERSION ON A LATER DATE WILL BE AFFECTED BY CHANGES IN THE PRICE OF THE COMMON STOCK AND IN THE RATE OF EXCHANGE, AND BY ANY ADJUSTMENT OF THE CONVERSION PRICE.

ITO-YOKADO CO., LTD.

By Ivo Dawnay in Rio de Janeiro

BRAZIL has announced a trade surplus of \$1.39bn for June, the country's second largest result in a single month. The rapid turnsbout in the

country's trading outlook has been greeted with jubilation in Brasilia and is also certain to be welcomed by the country's foreign creditors.

Brazil declared a moratorium

on interest on \$68bn in com-mercial bank loans on February mercial bank loans on February 20 after surpluses crashed from a regular \$1bn a month up until September to a deficit of \$46m last January. Since January the current account has returned to surplus, improving sharply to \$946m in May.

On Tuesday, Mr Antonio Frota Netto, the chief government spokesman, said that Brazil would resume meeting its interest payment liabilities

its interest payment liabilities when foreign exchange reserves reached \$7bn.

According to unofficial reports, reserves currently stand at some \$3bn, but the country at some \$3bn, but the country does appear on target to meet its goal of an accumulated \$8.6bn surplus at the year-end. It is also believed that Mr Laiz Carlos Bresser Pereira, the Finance Minister, may offer to resume payment of some interest within the next three months in a goodwill gesture to foreign treditors.

foreign creditors.

The minister is scheduled to travel to the US next week to open the first informal talks with the government interna-tional lending institutions and banks on how to reduce the country's \$113bn debt.

The recovery of the trade surplus is attributed to a surge in exports of crude oil, primary commodities and cars. A rapid drop in internal consumption, as inflation has hit sales, has also had an impact.

also had an impact.
Coffee exports, though 7 per cent down on last month, are a remarkable 87 per cent up on June last year. Shipments of soya products have grown 70 per cent in the first five months against the same period in 1986 while orange juice in 1986, while orange juice in 1999, while orange juice sales are expected to recover from a poor first half to hit at least \$850m by the year-end compared with \$682m last time.

Brazil's exports of cars are also expected to rise 31 per also expected to rise 31 per cent in 1987 to earn a record of \$2.2bn, the industry predicts. Mr Namir Salek, the direc-tor of the government export agency, Sacex, underlined, how-ever, that imports of \$1.25bn remained healthy. "We are going to achieve our target of \$8.6bn this year without com-promising imports," he said. President Jose Sarney of Brazil arrived in Buenos Aires three-day visit i ment. Stewart Fleming reports on a groundswell of anger among Congressmen who put their faith in the constitution

North's defence of secret policies cuts little ice on Capitol Hill

"THE AMERICAN people have a constitutional right to be wrong," Senator Warren Rudman, a staunch Republican, spat the words out in the direction of Lt Col Oliver North, the soldier who for four days selfrighteously lectured Congress on its failures and inadequacies. Senator Rudman, a bulldog of a man and no less passionate and articulate in his convictions about American democracy than about American democracy than
Col North, reminded the charismatic colonel on Tuesday just
how severely he had reprimanded the members of Congress for their role in the Iran/
Contra scandal.

"You are to blame," Colonel
North had said, looking directly
at the en in front of him but
also through them at the camera which was carrying his words to the American people, "because of the fickle, vacillating, unpre-dictable on-again off-again policy towards the (Nicaraguan)

It was, to say the least, an audacious assault on Congress from an individual who confessed that he had expected to end up as the President's "fall guy" if the Iran/Contra arms deals became public. Many had expected him to succumb to the role of whipping boy on Capitol Hill.

But in the final two days

of the six-day testimony which he gave to the Congressional committee investigating the Iran affair, Col North discovthat the ground upon which he had chosen to defend himself —the privatisation of

foreign policy which enriched "profiteers," the creation of "slush funds" to further Administration goals in Central America, the lying to Congress in order to evade Congressional

oversight—was a swamp.
The Republicans and Democratic Congressmen defending the constitutional authority of ground.
"I have to believe that your

appearance in these proceed-ings is really a reflection of something that has gone wrong in this country," Col North was told by Senator David Boren,

told by Senator David Boren, lamenting the passing of era when Congress and the White House were able to forge a common policy stance.

"It was called a bi-partisan approach to foreign policy. We had an old saying, 'we might fight amongst ourselves about domestic politics, but politics stop at the water's edgee."

Those were the days, he went

Those were the days, he went on, in spite of the historic tension between Congress and the White House, when Presi-dent Dwight Eisenhower and Speaker of the House Sam Rayburn understood that the country's interests could only be served by a foreign policy partnership between the executive, the president and the legislative branches of government. It was a partnership which

lasted through the first two post war decades when men like Dean Acheson, Averell Harriman, Robert Lovett, John McCloy, George Rennan and



Senator Rudman, left, and Senator Hamilton. Both delivered sharp rebukes to Cot North. Charles Bohlen—The Wise Contra scandal demonstrates individuals that the law pro-Men, as a recent study of their that this division still plagues vides must be notified about a lives called them—were part America. of a cohesive foreign policy "When

But, as the authors note:
"Vietnam... shattered the post
World War 2 consensus...
Vietnam forced nearly everyone, even the old guard, to
choose sides between hawk and
doze."

As Rep Henry Nyde, another taunch Republican and staunch Republican and supporter of the President, told Col North this week, the Iran/



Capitol Hill.

This President, Congressmen

"When you have a liberal democratic Congress—God bless them all, the people elected them and that's democracy and all that good stuff-and you have a Conservative Republican

Col North's defence, that the Congress could not be trusted with state secrets (even, implicitly, the eight most senior Congressional leaders,

The lack of accountability about what Rep Lee Hamilton described on Tuesday as "a policy", driven by a sories of lies to our friends and allies. lies to the Congress and lies to the American people," was what finally stuck in Congress's

went on. "an extraordinarily expansive view of presidential power. You would give the President free rein in foreign affairs... I do not see how your attitude can be reconciled with the constitution of the United States. The constitution grants foreign nolice-making powers to both the President and the Congress." and the Congress."

Secret policies, he added, cannot succeed, especially secret policies on issues such as aid to the Contra rebels which policy the contra rebels when the contra show do not command the supshow do not command the sup-port of the American people.

"The means employed were a profound threat to the demo-cratic process" in a country whose constitution was drawn up to curb the power of its president, in part because of the perceived abuse of power by anavadua; that the law provides must be notified about a covert action), that the President's power to conduct foreign policy is not as fettered as his interlocutors believed, and that Congress is too weak and indecisive, cut little are on

Already, as Senator David Boren pointed out, the Congres-sional intelligence committees and the White House are pri-vately trying to correct scane of the weaknesses in a system of pointed out, denies that he mew the details of the Contra funding. As Rep Ed Jenkins, a Georgia Democrat, remarked:
"Not a single official elected by

of America had any knowledge executive/legislative to about the use of the fund" co-ordination over covers created by the Iranian arms attents.

"We have instituted new procedures in the intelligence committee to make sure that secrets are tops. . . we don't even let members min their notes out but more. If a single meaner of our committee leaks classified information the leaks classified set a member of the committee with he dominated members.

"We site," Sen Boren added,
"working waty your hard to
re-stabilish the kind of mutual
trust that is guiss to be
necessary for us to be able to
start policies and suntain
policies and speak to the rest
of the world with a unified
rolco."

There is a history of despen-ing ideological charvages in both foreign policy and domestic policy during the past two decades. Each President has disavowed his producesnor. The circumstances harrounding the Iran/Cours arms deals, however, must make it more likely that, as turner national necessity advisor. Robert High that, as farmer betterns security advisor. Robert McFarinas warned an Tuesday: "We risk the worst and most lating lajary of all—the anger and interness of an atmosphere of unresolved and uneading constitutional conformation."

In that confrontation the Precident is not at present well placed to defend his preroga-tives.

Hard times ahead for US defence industry

BY DAYID BUCHAN, DEPENCE CORRESPONDENT IN WASHINGTON



PENTAGON INC.

THE long 1976-85 boom in the US defence industry is over-harder times are ahead for most companies faced with static or slightly declining defence budgets coupled with markedly worse contractual terms.

Yet, despite this sure transition to generally harder times, there is little sense of immediate crisis. Nor should there be. The amount which the Defence Department spends industry each year on procuresearch and develop President Raul spending has now dipped below Wall Street defence stock the \$300bn level it broke analysts are eloquent on the

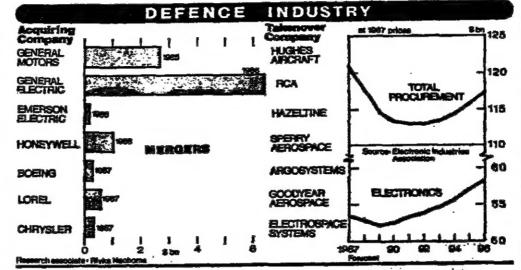
through in 1985, but is still 50 per cent above 1980.

There is, indeed, a backlog of unspent cash, the result of Congress authorising money in the early 1980s faster than industry could spend it.

Some DoD officials, but not their chief, Mr Caspar Weinberger, who has always been more mindful of how to raise defence money than how to spend it, see a need now to case some of the more arbitrary terms of doing business with There is, indeed, a backlog

terms of doing business with the DoD. But Congress, with the many defence contracting abuses it uncovered in the mid-1980s so fresh in its memory, is in no mood to rewrite its new defence contracting regulation so soon. Part of the industry's com-plaints are the exercise pains

all their collective mutterings of impending doom, few defence companies can point to serious problems of their own. Most have a backlog of orders, negotiated on old and better to discuss development of a ment is levelling off at around three years insulation from the "common market" with \$130-\$140bn. Total defence coming crunch.



ment of deferred taxes at lower rates and favourable pension oming crunch.

Wall Street defence stock fence companies' earnings into Most defence-oriented com-

panies are increasing the defence side of their business, frequently by acquistion and usually in electronics the better to position themselves for the fight for fewer, but bigger connght for rewer, but sigger con-tracts. The number of new pro-grammes is shrinking—the Advanced Tactical Fighter (ATF) will replace the heavy-weight F-15, the lightweight F-16 and the ground-attack A-10. Fewer prime contracts means fewer prime contracts
means fewer prime contractors.
LTV is no longer a "prime"
on military aircraft; nor will
be Rockwell when it finishes
the B-1 bomber next year. The
remaining aerospace "primes"
are teaming up, as on the ATP. are teaming up, as on the ATF.

A smaller number of shipyards
win more navy contracts; the
big five—Newport News, the
Electric Boat division of
General Dynamics, Ingalls (part
of Litton), Bath and Avondale
—get 80 per cent of navy work,
which is just as well because
they have no other.

which is just as well because they have no other.

For every company leaving a West coast analyst with the defence industry, like Gould, there seem to be two, like General Motors or Honey-well, coming in. New faces are appearing to take over new-style prime defence contracts. Significantly, they are electronics specialists, IBM with the Lamps helicopter and RCA with its Aegis ship defence system.

To is hardly a nicture of lem
to announce any intrine prom.

"adjustment." Mr John Simon, procurement chief who hails from Bechtel, has said some change is needed.

A result of all this is that many defence companies are becoming choosier about the price thay bid for new business specialists, IBM with the Lamps helicopter and RCA with its Aegis ship defence system.

To it hardly a nicture of lem-

It is hardly a picture of lemby ming-like flight from defence to Lo But the new cost of winning

and carrying out defence busi-ness in the US include: Progress payments reduced to 75 per cent of contract value. Contractors have to fund at least 50 per cent of special

Taxes cannot be deferred for as long as in the past—GD, the biggest defence contractor, legally paid no income tax 1975-85.

• Deliberate under-funding of (R & D) programmes, such as the ATF, requiring private industry to make up the differ-

some extent of DoD, that even if defence contractors have not gears. But just as companies now instituted in the 1960s, and ushered in a laxer era. The cycle could go around again. some extent of DoD, that even if defence contractors have not earned excess profits—the right measure of defence sector recoup their bigger up-front in profit is hotly disputed — they have not shouldered a fair share of investment, financial and technical risk. As Mr Wolfgang Demisch of First Boston Corporation points out, the Take Hughes, for example. It instituted in the above ushered in a laxer era. The ushered in a laxer era. The cycle could go around again.

This is the last of a series of articles charting the consequences of the dramatic military builders of the Reagan government. Take Hughes, for example. It appeared on July 13, 14 and 15.

are widely viewed by defence source is Raytheon, which has analysts. Northrop is in pole made it a corporate strategy position on three mega-contracts to come in as a second production of the Statistics of the fortune to be well positioned on the critical programmes."

by Northrop and the other by as a way, of course, of buying Lockheed with GD and Boeing. Each team will get \$700m from the air force, but have to find an extra \$300m, perhaps even \$1bn, out of its collective pocket. Not surprisingly, each acting the surprisingly each acting the surprisingly each acting the surprisingly. out of its collective pocket. Not surprisingly, each prime contracting team is rattling its collecting box down its chain of subcontractors for up front donations. Clearly, ATFs could not be repeated too often with the repeated to the repeated to the repeated too often with the repeated to the

not be repeated too often with-out pushing the industry into bankruptcy.

By contrast, Rockwell will finish its 100th and final B-1 bomber next year and is not joining the hunt for ATF/ATA business. For Ms Judith Comesu of Goldmach Sachs, Rockwell is a financial winner precisely because "they are getting out of the military alreraft business." Mr Don Beall, Rockwell's presi-

inevitability and severity of the approaching crunch, but admit they will sound like Cassandras for a year or so while incidental financial factors such as payment of deferred twees at lower much investment and ing Phoenix and Maverick missing Phoenix and Phoen The upshot is that new contracts are no longer seen as the DoD is bringing in a second money-spinners. Far from it, source of production for all three missiles.

The upshot is that new contracts are no longer seen as the DoD is bringing in a second money-spinners. Far from it, source of production for all three missiles.

In each case the second

worth \$150bn. It is the sole er behind a leaf developer, prime developer of the Stealth That way, it gets none of the bomber, leads McDonnell-Dougrisk and some of the profits. las in competition to design the At the same time, Raytheon has ATF for the air force, and is gone to great lengths to avoid teamed with Grumman to compete for the Navy's Advanced like Patriot, being second tractical Aircraft (ATA). But pete for the Navy's Advanced like Patriot, being second Tactical Aircraft (ATA). But, sourced by giving the Dob as Mr Kent Kresa, the company's new president and presumed successor to the veteran Mr T. V. Jones, put it, Northrop "has the fortune and miscretized to be a sourced by giving the Dob large price discounts. But it has agreed to team with a sometime of the source of th not to go solo on another Amraam), on the Advanced Air to Air Missile (AAAM).

the critical programmes."

Some of the misfortune showed when Northrop recently announced it expected to earn \$214m less than its previous estimate on developing the Stealth bomber. No further details were given on the course of this classified project, except that Northrop would not have to announce any further profit adjustment." Mr John Simon, a West coast analyst with Seidler-Amdee, believes this change is needed.

Ti is almost biblical, says Mr Demisch, "the first shall be last first." Dual sourcing of production, made possible by the new requirement that any data resulting from bod per cent DoD-owned has caused considerable industry resentment. Mr Richard Godwin, the new DoD procurement chief who hails from Bechtel, has sald some change is needed.

companies have already done so to their cost: GD into Cessna general aviation, McDonnell-Douglas into information systems, and so on. The money has gone into buying defence electronics companies, Most of the acquisitions are relatively small, but any hig corporate casualty in the coming years is likely to be a take-over target. Such a casualty could also reverse the tougher procurement practices. It was procurement practices. It was thus that Lockheed's crippling problems in the early 1970s with the C-5 transport aircraft Competition is being extended from R & D into production.

These new conditions reflect the feeling of Congress, and to compete the feeling of Congress, and to contractor for DoD for a few c

Boy wins \$95m damages from Dow subsidiary

A FEDERAL jury in Washing Chamical Company-ton yesterday awarded \$95m to an eight-year-old boy bore with deformed arms and hands after his mother took a common arti-nausea drug called Bendectin Merrell Dow had during pregnancy, Renter re-ports.

The federal district court jury The judgment, believed to be the second-largest product listing and marketing maker, Merrell Dow had been negligent in testing and marketing maker the second-largest product listing to warn the public of indangers. The hoy, Sekon Ealy, of Washbility award in US history, was ington D.C., wen 230m in compassed against Bendectin's pensatory damages and 575m in maker, Merrell Dow Pharmap punitive damages. Merrell Dow conticals Inc. of Cincinnati, immediately said it determined the eward after concluding last week that

-appointment of new representative of the Masse in place of M. Patrice COMPIN;

-the strating of powers to third sertice to certly out the recessary legal formalities;

-the strating of powers to third sertice to certly out the recessary legal formalities;

-the datermization of the place where the powers of attorney of the represented bondholders and the innuits of the meeting, as well as the attendence lest will be descalated.

No action may validly be taken by the Ordinary Meeting unless bondholders it less tooling one quarter of the aggregate principal amount of the bonds then outstanding, are present or represented at the meeting. Doublaiders must deposit their Sonds five days prior to the meeting, bondholders must pering agents where power of ettorneys are available:

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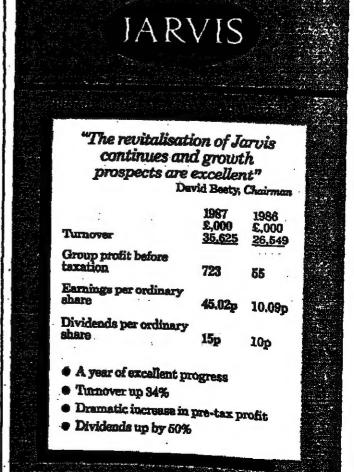
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The resolutions and report to be presented at the meeting are available for examination at the registered office of the Company.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

30 c

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS





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WORLD TRADE NEWS

Malaysia forms petrochemical joint venture

THE MALAYSIAN Governmentowned National Petroleum Corporation (Petronas) has signed an agreement with Japanese and Fin-nish companies for joint venture projects valued at \$330m, AP reports from Kuala Lumpur.

Petronas President Mr Abdullah Salleh said that a \$200m petrochemical plant to produce methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) and propylene and another plant cost-ing \$130m to produce polypropylene would be established in Kuantan. 200km east of Kuala Lumpur under

Mr Jussi Rinta, senior Vice-President of Neste Oy, the National Oil Corporation of Finland, and Mr H. Sakurai, managing director of Idemitsu Petrochemical of Japan. signed the agreements with Mr Abdullah on Tuesday. Mr Abdullah said that under the agreement Petronas would hold 60 per cent shares, Neste Oy 30 per cent and Idemitsu 10 per cent in the MTBE plant. Production is expected to be-

Petronas will own 55 per cent, Idemitsu 35 per cent and Neste Oy 10 per cent of the polypropylene plant. It was not said when this

line. Propylene, an MTBE by prod-uct, is the basic raw material for making polypropylene, used for production of plastics.

Mr Abdullah said the plants would use Malaysia's vast reserves of natural gas as feedstock.

Mr Abdullah said two-thirds of the MTBE would be used in Malay-sia while the remainder would be exported to the US, Europe and

The polypropylene would be used in Malaysia. Among products made from it are woven bags, film and Mr Abdullah said about 240,000

tons of butane and 110,000 tons of methanol would be used to produce 300,000 tons of MTBE annually. Another 100,000 tons of propan

would be used to produce 80,000 tons of propylene annually. Mr Abdullah said that becaus the global gloom enveloping the petrochemical industry was dissi-pating, Petronas might establish more petrochemical industries and was discussing with South Korean and Taiwanese companies propos-als for caprolachin and ethylene

MTBE is a fuel additive for gaso

THE world economy is close to to the edge of recession, accord-ing to the economists of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (Unctad). Defiationary forces are proving to be more powerful than the feeble attempts by the big economic powers to revive growth, they claim.

In the 272-page trade and development report, its annual analysis of the world economic situation. United pursues the theme that slack growth is obstructing adjustment in both developed and developing countries and eroding the trade and payments system. payments system. On the trade front it sees a significant escalation in tensions

significant escalation in tensions in recent months reflected in the rise in the number of trade disputes and in the use of "grey area" measures by governments to circumvent the rules of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.

Among the underlying causes Unctad pinpoints the "passing of an era in which a dominant economic power (the US) was willing to accommodate other countries' export growth." But the most important factor, in its view, is the slow economic growth which has sharpened the struggle for markets among enterprises and brought countries into conflict over trade balances.

Published this year in the middle of Unctad's seventh

A TECHNOLOGY war incinsistent with the expansion of world trade, could develop from the intensified rivalry between Japan, the US, the European Community and leading developing countries, such as Brazil and South Korea, the Unctad Trade and Development Report warms.

The controversy over the

The controversy over the Japan-US semiconductor agreement is pinpointed in an anlysis of the impact of tech-

UNCTAD TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT REPORT

... nological change on trade and the competitiveness of developing countries.

Industrial nations want to

Slow economic growth heralds 'edge of recession'

reinforce intellectual property right through Gatt's trade-liberalising Uruguay round. "Acute fensions and round. "Acute tensions and conflicts" could arise, if they link access to their markets with achieving "adequate" protection of intellectual property in developing countries, Unctad says.

counter embracing some 150. countries held every four years, the report lays out the case for "a balanced programme of balanced programme of global expansion" that would include more generous debt relief and larger financial flows to the Third World.

Its message in a nutshell. counter embracing some 150

Its message in a nutshell, according to Mr Kenneth Dadzie, Unctad's secretary-general, is that after almost a decade of inflation attention must be concentrated on accelerating world growth, which means stimulating demand in the south as well as in the

Expectations that the depre-ciation of the dollar from March 1985 and the fall in oil prices from December 1985 would Published this year in the revive growth and help elimi-middle of Unctad's seventh nate the excessive imbalances session, the north-south en-among the big economies have

BOILER

not materialised in the past 15 onths, Unctad points out.
The price declines failed to generate a major redistribution of market shares and their net impact has been contractionary: Unotad economists estimate that the pace of global expansion slowed from 3 per cent in 1985 to 2.8 per cent last year. They see a danger of further abrupt changes because of two serious

One centres on the US trade balance. If it improves so slowly that exchange markets lose patience, the US could be forced to raise interest rates sharply, Unctad suggests. This could seriously have world could seriously harm world growth, not least because prices are "extraordinarily high" in the leading stock markets and vulnerable to a deceleration or

the low growth rate projected ing both, it proposes.

The report makes the point levels. On that basis, it expects if the net capital flow to indebted countries does not ability in Western Europe has weaken and the growth in increase substantially. These countries could then start to "fill their resource gap at the expense of debt-service payments."

Stopping interest payments to commercial banks as Brazil

to commercial banks, as Brazil, the Ivory Coast and Zambia have done recently, could become a general trend, the Unctad report suggests. Rather than let the situation deterio-rate in this disorderly fashion, it argues that "a measure of debt or debt-service forgive-ness must be made part of the menu of financial techniques.

Unlike other international

economic organisations, such as the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development, Unctad emphasises the importance of relaxing the financial constraints on developing countries and expanding their demand.

Growth in third world imports from OECD countries is essential both to allow Japan, the US and West Germany to reconcile their trade imbalances and to allow developing countries to revive their own growth, Unctad argues.

It sees import contraction by developing countries, wrestling with debt problems, as a factor in both the dollar and debt decline in earnings.

A second risk is that even must be an element in resolv-

ability in Western Europe has not generated the hoped for growth. Cheaper oil and lower unit labour costs have helped to raise the share of business

growth in world output to weaken and the growth ir world trade to decelerate from 4 per cent last year to 3 per cent this year. (Gatt foresees a slackening in trade growth to

profits in national income above its pre-1973 level.

Nevertheless, the level of investment in Western Europe that "buoyant demand" is still that "buoyant demand" is still the essential ingredient for growth, the report states.

The terms of trade of developing countries will continue worsen, according to Unctad. Dollar prices of commodities will lag behind prices for manufactures. Import volumes will decline further, though more slowly than in 1986, in the oil-In forecasting economic deve- slowly than in 1986, in the oil-lopment in 1987, the Unctad exporting countries: they will report assumes that interest grow, but more slowly, in other rates, the dollar and oil prices developing countries.

ANNUAL RATES OF CHANGE IN VOLUME AND PRICES

(Perce	ntage)		
Country group	Actual	Estimated	Forecas
	1985	1986	1987
World			
Export volume	2.3	4.8	3.0
Developed market-economy countries			
Export volume 3.5	3.5	7.7	3.4
Terms of trade	1.0	9.9	0.2
Purchasing power of exports	4.5	11.8	0.2 3.6
import volume	5.4	7.7	4.0
All developing countries		• ••	
Export volume	-0.4	10.0	1.7
Terms of trade	-3.0	-23.2	-26
Purchasing power of exports	-4.0	-75.5	-0.9
Import volume	-5.8	-7.9	-2.5
		Source: UNCTAL	Secretario

Andriessen attacks **US** export policies

THE US should stop its aggressive cannot accept that Community agriassault on the European Communi-ty (EC) in world food markets and any protection to everything that create a climate for negotiation on ways of cutting subsidies and surlus production, according to EC Farm Commissioner Frans Andriessen, Reuter reports from Brus-

Mr Andriessen, who visited Washington last week, said that fierce competition for export markets with the Community was pushing up the cost of farm support for both sides.

He said the Community was pre-pared to negotiste even though it could not go along with a US plan for an end to almost all faces subsidies in the world by the year 2000.

"I ask the Americans not merely to develop grand designs for the year 2000, but to engage in concrete reforms, to create a climate of negotiation and to shandon their aggres-sive stance on the world market for agricultural products."

sive change in both the Community and the US, both of which spent around \$25bn last year on direct

Mr Andriessen said he could supwanted to take, but added: "The EC

any protection to everything that

takes place on the world market." Mr Andriessen said he felt the US was trying to force the EC to negotiate on world farm trade reforms

But he said that the US Administration had failed to appreciate the size of the reforms the Community had already undertaken to tackle the problem of world food sur-

. I tried to explain them in Washington, but I met nothing but scepticism, especially in Congress."

He said EC reforms since the beginning of the 1980s have included production quotes for milk and sugar, major restrictions of farmers rights to sell surplus beef and cereals to EC stores, and stiff cuts in cereal and oilseed prices.

 The US had also made some efforts to curb output, but had not price supports for its farmers, he said.

Mr Andriessen said the EC was quite willing to negotiate, but was port the direction Washington allow the US to push it out of export

When cotton yarn processors James Sutcliffe & Sons Ltd. were told of the massive savings they could make by switching from oil to electricity they were, frankly, sceptical.

Ian Flint, Industrial Sales Engineer at Yorkshire Electricity Board, had taken a hard look at the oil boiler - used to provide heat for steaming cotton yarn and for space and water heating in the works canteen - and predicted substantial benefits by switching to electricity.

YEB carried out detailed tests before recommending the installation of a highly efficient electrode boiler for yarn steaming, with separate electric space and water heating equipment in the canteen.

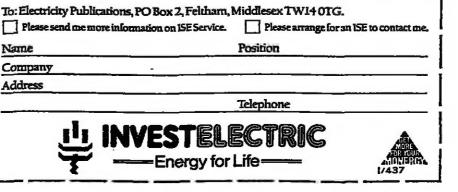
And it's no yarn that James Sutcliffe realised their investment after just 19 weeks. This was just one of several thousand projects tackled by

Electricity Board Industrial Sales Engineers during the last year. They could help your company in many ways: cutting energy and operating costs; improving product quality; boosting production; creating better working conditions. And they're

backed by the R&D facilities of the Electricity Supply Industry. There are very few companies indeed that can't benefit from the many electrical techniques available. And even at current oil price levels electricity brings substantial cost savings in many situations.

Fill in the coupon for more information or contact your Industrial Sales Engineer direct at your local Electricity Board.

"They thought I was spinning them a yarn when I predicted 90% energy cost savings."



SPD says CoCom rules harm German exports

BY OUR BONN CORRESPONDENT

THE West German opposition (CoCom) which vets the West's Social Democratic Party (SPD) exports to the East bloc to yesterday attacked East-West prevent transfer of military technology, they harmed leading export coCom has come under industries and damaged chances periodic attack from the SPD but the latest criticism comes the Soviet bloc.

the Soviet bloc.
The SPD also stepped up its claims that Bonn's signing of an agreement with the US over the Strategic Defence Initiative.

technology.

CoCom has come under periodic attack from the SPD bur the latest criticism comes at a time when some members of the Bonn government, led by Mr Martin Bangemann, the Economics Minister, have been indicating that they find some CoCum controls an unwelcome hindrance to expanding trade with the East.

The SPD claimed yesterday that the Cocom vetting system

the Strategic Defence Initiative anti-missile defence system had created further impediments to West German trade with the East.

Mr Horst Ehmke and Mr Wolfgang Roth, two deputy chairmen of the SPD's parilamentary grouping, yesterday hit out at the Paris-based Coordinating Committee for Multi-lateral: Export Controls indicating that they find some CoCum controls an unwelcome indicating that they find some CoCum controls an unwelcome with the East.

The SPD claimed yesterday that they find some CoCum controls an unwelcome with the East.

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The SPD claimed yesterday that the Cocom vetting system lengthened to at least four to five months the time taken four four months the time taken four five months the cocom vetting system lengthened to at least four to five months the time taken four five months the

S Korea set to become world-ranking car maker

BY KENNETH GOODING, MOTOR INDUSTRY CORRESPONDENT

SOUTH KOREA will almost certainly become a mid-ranking car producer in world terms, overtaking the UK and coming close to Spain.

But progress could come to an abrupt halt because it is too heavily reliant on the US as its most important market and Japan for technology, according to a report published today by the Economist Intelligence Unit.

The report points out that this year Hyundai, South Korea's main car producer, will be joined in its attack on the North American market by Daewoo and Kia, between them accounting for 150,000 to 200,000 cars, bringing the total for South Korean cars sold in the US to nearly 400,000 or about 51 per cent of South Korea's forecast output of 780,000.

However, given the \$7.3bn (54.5bn) trade surplus which South Korea has with the US.

"there is some danger that calls inght become loader and night eventually be heeded, especially in the build outer and aftermath of the 1988 presidential election."

In any event, th. South has established the required quality, reliability and durable that about 25 per cent of the value of the parts in Hyundai's seeking near-100 percent local content "but this hardly seems realistic."

The South Korea has with the US.

"there is some danger that calls in the US for protectionism might become loader and louder and might eventually be heeded, especially in the build out any event, th. South has established the required quality, reliability and durable that about 25 per cent of the value of the parts in Hyundai's seeking near-100 percent local content "but this hardly seems realistic."

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In any event, th. South has established the required quality, reliability and durable per cent of the value of the supported from Japan.

Hyundai's seeking near-100 percent local content "but this hardly seems realistic."

MANAGEMENT: Marketing and Advertising

MOST BRITISH companies lacked any coherent marketing strategy. They lacked ambition and commitment to market share, and reacted defensively to the Japanese penetration of their markets... Often their products had no competitive advantages and they were left with the lower-priced, down-market segments."

This is no mere imagining of some nightmarish future for British industry, but today's reality, as revealed by a devastating new study of marketing in Japanese, American and British companies*.

In its unearthing of wholesale marketing incompetence, even with regard to such basic tools as customer targeting and positioning (see inset), the study paints a depressing picture of a shambling British retreat from the Japanese chal-lenge. It calls for drastic remedial action in almost every aspect of marketing.

The Americans are almost as The Americans are almost as bad as the British, claim Professor Peter Doyle and his research team from the UK's University of Warwick. As evidenced by the policies and performance of US multinationals operating in the UK market, American strategies and products tend to be poorly matched to local conditions outside the US, and to suffer from inadequate market refrom inadequate market re-search, weak organisation, and

In US subsidiaries, headquarters' pressure to improve short-term profits generally short-term profits generally detracts from any local effort to remedy marketing problems, claim Doyle and co. The British, too, seek short-term profits at the expense of longer-term market position.

In shining contrast, the triumphant Japanese are motivated overwhelmingly by motivated overwhelmingry by
the dual quest for aggressive
growth and market domination.
Doyle and co report. The
Japanese have a much clearer
view of their existing and
potential customers, and of how
to reach them. They concentrate
their marketing investments on high potential customer groups, while the British and Americans tend to spread theirs thinly across the entire market. And the Japanese differentiate And the Japanese office that by superior quality and reliability much more effectively than do either the Americans or the British (many of the



In the grip of marketing myopia

BY CHRISTOPHER LORENZ

"SEGMENTATION and posi-tioning are at the heart of modern marketing," the Warwick study points out. It was therefore alarming to discover that 47 per cent of British and 40 per cent of the US companies (versus 13 per cent of the Japanese) acknowledged that they were unclear about the main types of customers in the market As the marketing director of a faltering British com-pany told the researchers, "I don't know if we segment the

tion ourselves against the competition, but I expect our in some very posh magazines."

Another typical comment, by the marketing director of a UK consumer durables company, was "we have not broken the customers down. We have always held the opinion that the market is wide ... and the product has wide appeal, therefore why break the market down at all?"

machine tools, household elec-trical goods and office equip-

The 15-company samples from each country included such well-known names as Kodak, IBM, ITT and Hewlett-Packard from the US, Amstrad, TI, Gestetner and Ferguson from the UK (the latter has just been bought by Thomson of France), as well as Canon, Sharp, Sony and National Panasonic (Matsushita) from Japan

This image of almost inexorable western decline in the face of Japanese professionalism is based on the warwick group's study of an exactly matched sample of 45 British, US and Japanese companies competing in four markets in the UK; hi-fi. "that it is necessary to invest in the latter do not even try).

Doyle and co stress that there were some excellent US and UK companies in the sample. "with imaginative managements and good prospects." But overall they accuse the British of failing to understand what they call "the basic expensions in the UK; hi-fi. "that it is necessary to invest in the latter do not even try).

Doyle and co stress that there were some excellent US and UK companies in the sample. "with imaginative managements and good prospects." But overall they accuse the British of failing to understand what they call "the basic expensions in the sample. "with imaginative managements and good prospects." But overall they accuse the British of failing to understand what they call "the basic expensions in the sample. "with imaginative managements and good prospects." But overall they accuse the British of failing to understand what they call "the basic expensions in the sample. "with imaginative managements and good prospects." But overall they accuse the British of failing to understand what they call "the basic expensions in the sample." "with imaginative managements and good prospects." But overall they accuse the British of failing to understand what they call "the basic expensions in the sample." "with imaginative managements and good prospects." But overall they accuse the British of failing to understand when they call "the basic expensions in the sample." "with imaginative managements and good prospects." But overall they accuse the British of failing to understand when they call "the basic expensions in the sample." "with imaginative managements and good prospects." But overall they accuse the British of failing to understand when the sample of the British of failing to understand when the sample o

in growth markets," and that "losses of market share not only affect sales but also reduce competitiveness. Perhaps most of all, many failed to recognise the dynamics of competition—that today's multinational competitors are much more professional and committed to aggressive market share policies "than were the rivals of yester-

market or how we really pos

The reversal of the tradi-The reversal of the traditional Japanese and western positions in certain markets, with the Japanese product now seen as the more expensive and desirable one, is not always based entirely on Japanese product quality and production efficiency, argue the researchers. In hi-fi products, for instance, "many British and

American firms also had excellent products. Their weak-ness lies more externally, a in-adequate knowledge of how the tations of buyers, and the market is segmented, the expec-requirements of successful

growth a rategies." Dovle and his colleagues attribute this long catalogue of inadequacy not necessarily to ignorance of the basics of marketing, but also to ineffective US and British organisation

Whereas the majority of the British companies in the sample still have traditional functional structures, "two-thirds of the Japanese were organised along product-divi-sion lines.

"The weakness of the British approach was that few managers felt professional commitment to the overall performance of key products. The sales or marketing director supervised sales of the whole portfolio of the company's products (eg hi-fi, TVs, computers, videos etc) but did not have the knowledge, incentive or time to champlon any individual line."

Many UK companies also lacked budgeting or information systems which showed performance at the level of an individual market or product line. "Product/market performance was often obscured, and with it the individual commitment and professional responsibility for overall product results."

Given that the deficiencies of functionally based organisations are now so widely accepted in management circles, the researchers say "it is surprising to see how prevalent they still are."

All these differences in competence and performance relate more to professional skills than to national cultures or innate advantages, say Doyle and his co-authors. "Those British and US companies that did succeed developed their own charismatic styles or were close to the Japanese in strategies and organisation."

* By Peter Doyle, J. Saunders and L. Wright. Available from Professor Doyle, School of Industrial and Business Studies, University of Warvick, Coventry, CV4 7AL. Price 25.00. Last year the nation's dogs and

UK pet foods

Barking up the right tree?

Alice Rawsthorn reports on a new entrant to a highly competitive market

TALES OF Davids trying to trounce Goliaths are always arrived by the food: Pedigree and Spellers claimed 52.5 per cent in the role of Goliath and the battlefield is a market that a multinational has dominated the period of the period of the period of the penetration of the period of the penetration of the penetratio for decades.

for decades.

In this tale the Mars Group, or rather its Pedigree Petfoods subsidiary, plays Goliath and the battlefield is the British pet food industry which Pedigree has swamped since the early 1960s. As for David, his part is played by the Baker Group, a privately-owned meat company based in the Midlands, which is bracing itself to battle against Pedigree in the dog food market with a new product dubbed Butchers Tripe Mix.

There are relatively few new product launches in the pet food industry. Its history is littered with corpses of failures.

Paws. Wagalot, Faithful and Stamina to name but a few. One by one manufacturers, both large and small, have beaten a retreat from pet food. Ranks Hovis McDougall sold out to Spillers in the 1970s; General Foods has withdrawn; and

Spillers in the 1970s; General Foods has withdrawn; and Heinz retreated earlier this

The reason for their failure is simply that the cost of entry to the market is extraordinarily high and, because of the structure of the industry, pet food production is only made profit.

US subsidiaries operating in the UK tended to suffer from lack of clear responsibility for their own actions, according to the study, with control of all or some of their marketing decisions exercised by European or international divisions, or even by subsidiaries in other European countries. As a result "noone felt they had clear responsibility for, and control of, performance in the UK market."

All these differences in competence and performance relate more to professional skills than to national cultures or innate advantages, say Doyle and his co-authors. "Those British and UK companies that did succeed the market in production is only made profit-able by exploiting economies of scale.

First both Pedigree and Spillers, a subsidiary of Dalgety and the only other major player, have invested consistently in new technology and have used these improvements in productivity to reduce the price of pet foods for the consumer. Thus the cost of dog and cat food has risen well below the retail price index and even though premium brands dominate the sector price competition is a feature of the industry, pet food the industry, pet food the production is only made profit-able by exploiting economies of scale.

First both Pedigree and Spillers, a subsidiary of Dalgety and the only other major player, have invested consistently in new technology and have used these improvements in productivity to reduce the price of the industry, pet food the industry, pet food the scale.

First both Pedigree and Spillers, a subsidiary of consistently in new technology and have used these improvements in productivity to reduce the price of the industry, pet food the industry, pet food the industry, pet food the scale.

First both Pedigree and consistently in new technology and have used these improvements in productivity to reduce the price of pet foods for the consumer. Thus the cost of the consumer.

prands dominate the sector price competition is a feature of the market place.
Second, both companies support their brands by spending heavily on advertising. Pedigree spent £31.7m on its cat and dog foods lest year, while Spillers invested £2m.

It is, therefore, not only diffi-

Yet the market is, in theory, very fertile. The customer base is growing: the number of cats in the UK has risen steadily since the 1930s to 6.2m last year, according to the Pet Food Manufactures. year, according to the Fet Food
Manufacturers
Association;
while the dog population has
risen since the late 1970s to
6.4m. In recent years larger
dogs have become more popular
—and bigger breeds, inevitably,
eat more dog food.

Moreover the trend for pet
owners to treat their dogs and
cats to more expensive food

cats to more expensive food has continued since the early 1970s, even surviving economic recession. The psychology behind this is simple. It may be socially acceptable for con-sumers to practise economy on children, or stint their spouses, but what sort of skinflint would deny their dog or cat the very

deny their dog or cat the very best?

It is this penchapt for premium products which prompted the Baker Group to develop Butchers Tripe Mix. The company has been involved with pet food production for several years through its Midland Petfood Canners subsidiary which cans own-label products. But Butchers Tripe Mix will be its first branded product to be treated to a full marketing programme.

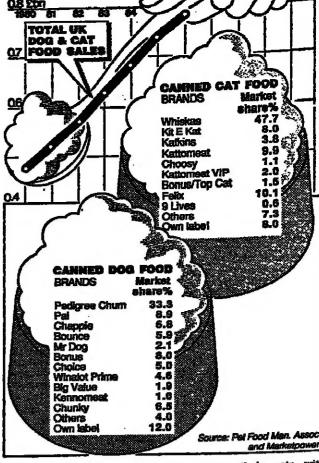
The new product is a mix of tripe — provided by Midland Meat Packers, a fellow subsidiary — and offal. Tripe is used by professional dog breeders, but is not generally available to dog owners. Baker intends to make the most of this "professional" association in the positioning of its product.

Last week the company began

a trial television advertising campaign for Butchers Tripe Mix in the Central Television region, devised by Richardson Birkett and Partners. If the trial proves successful the campaign may be extended throughout the country.

Whether it will succeed remains to be seen. Pedigree Chum has dominated the 5309m this year it introduced a new formula for Whiskas, its brand leader, just as Spillars has dominated a new for Rattomeat. It also piones a new area of the cat food market when Sheba, a new super premium product, went into test in the South East.

Sheba has been devised for the very indulgent cat owners



has proved with the launch of Winalet Prime which has won 5 per cent of the market since its introduction two years ago. Prime, which took four years to develop, is the most expensive new pet food that Spillers has ever launched. Yet most of its sales have been won from cheaper brands, as dog owners treat their pets to a more expensive product, rather than Chum.

Chum.

Meanwhile Pedigree has concentrated on cat food. Earlier this year it introduced a new formula for Whiskas, its hrand leader, just as Spillers has done for Kattomeat. It also pionered a new area of the cat food market when Sheba, a new "super premium" product, went into test in the South East.

canned dog food market since the 1970s when it snatched the laurels of market leader from Spillers' Kennoneat. Pedigree has invested heavily in Chum. Last year it spent £7m on the "Top breeders recommend it" advertising campaign, created by Ted Bates, which has run for 22 years.

But the premium dog food market is expanding, as Spillers from its neat plastic packaging, to the price — has been contrived to evoke indulgence. Spillers threatens to retaliate with a "super premium" product of its own possibly next year. While Pedigree which recently withdrew from television advertising in protest at escalating rates — promises at the street of the most expensive new pet food that Spillers has

escalating rates — promises that it will " continue to look at every possible area of develop-ment."

yet in their pursuit of innovation pet food manufacturers—whether Davids or Goliaths—should heed the cautionary tale of Springer, a product launched by Spillers in the 1970s.

In theory Springer, which came in sachets of chunky semi-moist dog food, offered everything for the modern pet owner: convenience, nutrition and novelty. Spillers supported it with an expensive campaign. The only problem was that it did not sell. Springer was withdrawn within a few years.



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FINANCIAL TIMES

Suisse Romande

The Financial Times proposes to publish a survey on the French speaking part of Switzerland on September 25th

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publication date of surveys in the Financial Times are subject to change at the discretion of the Editor



equipment for world markets

Interim Report 1987

(Unaudited)	30th_A	Six months ended		
	1967 £7090			
Historical Cost Accounts	2000	2000		
Sales	17,699	16,088		
U.K.	31,130	27,426		
· (V\$2500				
	48,829	43,514		
Profit before taxation, interest and minority				
	4,69Ò	4,088		
Character of councister CHITTHIN		(16)		
Interest expense, net of interest income	(568)	(723)		
Profit before taxation and				
minority interests	4,122	3,349		
•	(509)	(577)		
Fatimated teration - U.K	(1,259)	(804)		
Profit before minority interests	2,354	1,968		
Minority interests	(2)	(35)		
Net profit	2.352	1,933		
Interim dividend	(479)	(407)		
	1 070	1,526		
Profit retained	1,873	1,020		
Equings per share	8.6p	7.1		
Interim dividend per share	1.75p	1.50		

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Total Group sales and profits to April 30th were a record £48.8m (1986 – £43.5m) and £4.12m (1986 – Total (moup sales and profits to April 30th were a report \$48.5m (1986 – £43.5m) and £4.12m (1986 – £3.55m) respectively. These results are generally as I anticipated when I presented my 1985/66 report and a in line with my comment at that time that the second half of 1986/67 would be the stronger.

The half year has been one in which orders have increased by 20% over the corresponding previous period. There has been a recovery in the order book for larger systems in Eurotherm Corporation in the U.S.A. and T.C.S. Limited has also received a number of large orders for projects with an entended delivery schedule. At consequence, the Group order backlog has grown by some 36% in comparison with June 30th 1986, but the delivery rate has not increased by a similar amount. Shipments should improve significantly in the remaining of the year.

delivery rate has not increased by a similar amount. Shipments should improve significantly in the remaining menths of the year.

There has been some unevenuess in performance wouldwide, the U.S.A. doing particularly well with improved results from all companies. In the U.K. there has been excellent growth from T.C.S. and S.S.D.; improved results from all companies. In the U.K. there has been excellent growth from T.C.S. and S.S.D.; Eurotherm and Cheesell recovered from poor spells in late 1986 as new products gained increasing acceptance. On the Continent business has been eather flat in most companies, although Cheesell in France and Germany On the Continent business has been ather flat in most companies, although Cheesell in France and Germany CaMM Technology (inclustrial manituming) and infoCare (point of sele computerising of burs and clube), have CAMM Technology (inclustrial manituming) and infoCare (point of sele computerising of burs and clube), have not done as well as we had hoped at this stage but demand for their products is accelerating.

We amnounced recently the acquisition of Kineton Genging Systems Limited, a companies find the measurement of the thickness of plastic and paper films and absets. Its activities complainent those of our the measurement of the thickness of plastic and paper films and absets. Its activities complainent those of our Eurotherm, S.S.D. and T.C.S. companies and selegive the addition, apart from controlling directly to Eurotherm, S.S.D. and T.C.S. companies and we believe the addition, apart from controlling directly to profits, will produce overall benefits by widening the available market for our control systems generally.

Overall, I believe the last air months have seen further progress in market penetration and product improvement. There is a growing worldwide awarement our abilities as a supplier, customer approval is improvement. There is a growing worldwide awarement our abilities as a supplier, customer approval increasing and larger orders are examination of re

A/S JYSKE BANK US\$100,000,000 Subordinated Floating Rate Notes due 1995 In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the six months paried from July 13th, 1987 to Jenuary 13th, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest rets of 72% (including the margin of 42%). The Coupon amount so calculated will be US\$376,94 for denominations of US\$10,000 and US\$8,423.61 for denominations of US\$250,000.

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HILL SAMUEL GROUP PIC

UK NEWS

Treasury sees new cash dimension

BY PHILIP STEPHENS, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

THE TREASURY prides itself on the takensoure prices used on being the toughest of govern-ment departments, untainted by the populist instincts of the rest of Whitehall. It will happily put 16p on the price of a pint of beer or slash the hospital building programme if cash is needed to balance the books.

But even the toughest can be cowed; and when it comes to medding with the nature of the cash in people's pockets, the Treasury knows its limitations.

Consultation, communication, opinion polls, democracy were, therefore, the unfamiliar buzzwords in Whitehall yesterday as it unveiled its latest proposals to replace the present 10p and 5p

BY OUR POLITICAL EDITOR

in publication

make without a

policies and functions is to be re-

weekend meeting in September.

pieces with two lighter, smaller,

Mr Nigel Lawson, Chancellor of the Exchequer, was shrewd enough to delegate to Mr Peter Brooke, the paymaster general, the unbappy task of persuading a horde of sceptical journalists that it was all for the good.

Well-briefed, but clearly ner-vous, Mr Brooke insisted that the purpose of the exercise was "to give people what they want."

The furore over decimalisa-tion, the scorn which greeted the 20p coin, and the deep affection still felt by many for the former threepenny bit have clearly left

The problem, Mr Brooke ex-lained, was that the present 10p plained, was that the present up and 5p coins, the last remnants of the pre-decimal era, are too bulky and heavy. As the glossy pamphlet prepared by the Royal Mint as the basis for consultations said, heavy coins tend to make holes in pockets, inconvenience trades people and make life difficult for the banks.

After extensive polling, with special consideration paid to the needs of the unsighted, the answer seemed to be to shrink the size of the 10p coin – leaving the size and weight of the present 5p – and similarly to scale down the 5p coin to about the size of the old sixpenny coin. Of course nothing, Mr Brooke insisted, would be decided until the end of the consultation period in late September. In the meantime the Mint would be sending out free copies of its booklet, a braille version would be produced, and he would write to every MP to elicit the views of

As everyone knew, "the Gov-ernment is extremely sensitive to democratic opinion . . . we always pay attention to everything that is said to us". Could, though the Treasury really have experienced such a damascene conver-

A bright young journalist quickly spotted the catch. Had

not 59 per cent of those asked in the Treasury's initial polling re-plied that they wanted no change in the coinage?

So what would Mr Brooke do if a similar majority rejected the change during the consultation period? Ah, well, the Government was not "conducting a ref-

coins which at first had been vigorously opposed were warmly welcomed once they were introduced. The 50p piece, for example, had now "entered into the affection and loyalty of the general public," the paymaster general insisted. His officials smiled

Unions ready for fight to defend ferry jobs

BY JIMMY BURNS, LABOUR STAFF

DIVISIONS between British unions over the future of the Anglo-French Channel Tunnel look set to deepen after the decision of the National Union of Seamen (NUS) and the Transport and General Workers' Union (TGWU) to work towards joint international action in defence of members employed by ferry com-

The NUS and the TGWU have formed an umbrella grouping together with the white collar Apex, ind the National Union of Marine Aviation and Shipping Transport Officers, to pool information on the project and co-ordinate industrial action in the event of any significant job cuts being threatened.

The group called the Internation-

the Channel tunnel would force leading ferry companies such as Townsend Thoresen and Sealink to shed labour and hold wages down in order to cut costs and remain competitive.

However, its views on the Channel tunnel differ substantially from those of another group formed by the National Union of Railwaymen and the construction workers union

This group, called the Trade Union Channel Tunnel Group, has actively lobbied the British parliament in support of the project.

The project is more than a tunnel for us. It will revitalise the railway system in the UK", the NUR said yesterday.

The dissident International Channel Tunnel Ferry Trades Unions is still awaiting the endorsement of union leaders for its formal constitution. But the NUS, which claims that nearly 20,000 sea and shore jobs on both sides of the Channel are threatened by the tunnel project, indicated yesterday that the group could be used to bypass current UK legislation re-stricting supportive strike action.

al Channel Ferry Trades Unions claims to have the backing of tend, North European searching unions in France, Belgium and the unions are considering initiating a pilot scheme of international labour co-ordination ternational labour co-ordination largest Channel ferry operator.

> "Employers have for long operated on a multinational basis. Its time that unions did the same", the NUS said yesterday. The emergence of rival union lob-

bies over the Channel project follows the apparent incompatibility of interests within the International Transport Federation to which railway and seafaring unions are both affiliated.

Kinnock points way ahead for party

By Peter Riddell, Political Editor

MR NEIL KINNOCK the Labour leader, yesterday warned his MPs selling out or treachery if the party undertook a reappraisal of its attitude towards such policy areas as housing and public ownership.

He emphasised the need for a wide-ranging policy reassessment in which the party had to be candid. He underlined its radical extent by saying that policies, unlike plants, could be examined only by pulling them up at their roots.

Mr Kinnock said the party had to appeal to people's self-interest which was not the same as selfishness or self-indulgence. He was speaking at the end of an inquest by the Parliamentary Labour Party into the general election result.

The campaign itself was widely praised, although several MPs said it was not enough to make an effort for four weeks - four years was necessary. Detence was hardly mentioned and most of the discussion was on the economy.

Referring to a reassessment of the policy on public ownership, Mr Kinnock said: "I hope there will not be continued attacks on me and fellow members of the Shadow Cabinet when we carry out the reappraisals, and we will not be accused of being guilty of bad faith, a sell-off or treachery." Whatever emerged would be in line with the principles of the party, he said.

Mr Bryan Gould, Labour's trade and industry spokesman, said that any review would look at the pres entation of the party's policies for the 1990s, and he pointed to the dramatic impact of North Sea oil on British politics and the success of the Tories.

Mr Roy Hattersley, the party's deputy leader, referred to the need to campaign over a longer period, to concentrate on the leader's increased stature and an awareness that a federation of minority interests would not give a majority at a general election.

Mr Paul Bosteng, one of the par-ty's four new black MPs, said people like Mr Kinnock and him were the beneficiaries of the welfare state, but the new generation of votes were the children of Thatch-

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NOTICE TO WARRANTHOLDERS

IN accordance with the provisions of the Warnant Agreement, the Board of directors of MOET-HENNESSY SA hereby notify holders of the company bearers of warrants detached from 1% Bonds due 1997 that an Extraordinary Meeting, on August 4th 1997 at 10.15 a.m., will be held at the Company's registered office to consider the following agends:

—In accordance with the provisions of article 313, pare 3 of the law of July 26th 1986, approval of the contemplated partial business transfer to MOCME PARTICIPATIONS company, submitted to the Extraordinary Meeting of shareholders called for August 25th 1987 and, falling to attain the required quorum, postponed until September 2nd 1987

—the granting of powers to third parties to carry out the necessary legal formalities

formalities

—the determination of the piece where the powers of attorney of the represented bondholders and the minutes of the matting, as well as the attendance list, will be deposited. No action may validly be taken by the Extraordinary Meeting unless bearers at least holding one half of the aggregate principal amount of the Warranta then outstanding, are present or represented at the meeting. To be admitted to or be represented at the meeting, bearers of Warranta must deposit their Warrants five days prior to the meeting with the following paying egents where power of attorneys are available:

—BANQUE INTERNATIONALE LUXEMBOURG SA

2 buildward Royal a 2953 Livembourg

-CREDIT SUISSE
Paradeplatz 8 - 8021 Zurich, Switzerland

-DEUTSCHE BANK AG Taunusanlage 12 - 6000 Frankfurt Am Main

GENERALE BANK
I rue de la Chancellerie - B 1000 Brussels, Belgium

-LAZARD FRERES & CIE

121 boulevard Haussmann - 75008 Paris, France he resolutions and report to be presented at the meet samination at the registered office of the Company.

Fifth Professional Personal Computer Conference **Financial Times** London 27 & 28 October Conference Organisation Minster House, Arthur Str. London EC4R 9AX. Alternatively, telephone 01-621 1355

Railways make first operating surplus for three years BY KEVIN BROWN, TRANSPORT CORRESPONDENT BRITISH RAILWAYS BOARD yes- and British Rail Engineering divi- £720m from £980m in 1983. This terday announced its first operating sions. surplus after interest payments for The was £16m more than required by The board said that these provithe Government. Sir Robert Reid, the corporation's sions were designed to benefit the business in future years, and did three years, but admitted that it chairman, forecast that the busiwas not yet on course to achieve business in future years, and discovernment profit targets for its not reflect current performance.

non-subsidised businesses. The board reported an operating follows reduced losses on passenger surplus of £73.7m for the year to March, reduced to £2.4m after interest payments of £71.3m. This compares with losses after interest of operation which is being privatised. £11.5m last year and £288.1m in Railfreight, the principal goods for the remaining businesses to 1984/85.

The corporation declared a net first time since 1983. Current cost operating profit on net

The improved operating result ernment demands for a further 25 per cent cut in subsidies on its Net-work South East and Provincial ser-

vices by 1990. He gave a warning, however, that a further Government requirement

loss of £82.6m at the bottom line, The corporation also reduced its however, after extraordinary provisually requirement for passenger sions of £85m to finance restructur-ing of the loss-making Freightliner per cent reduction in grants to Backgro

assets before interest by 1989-90 was unlikely to be achieved on cur-

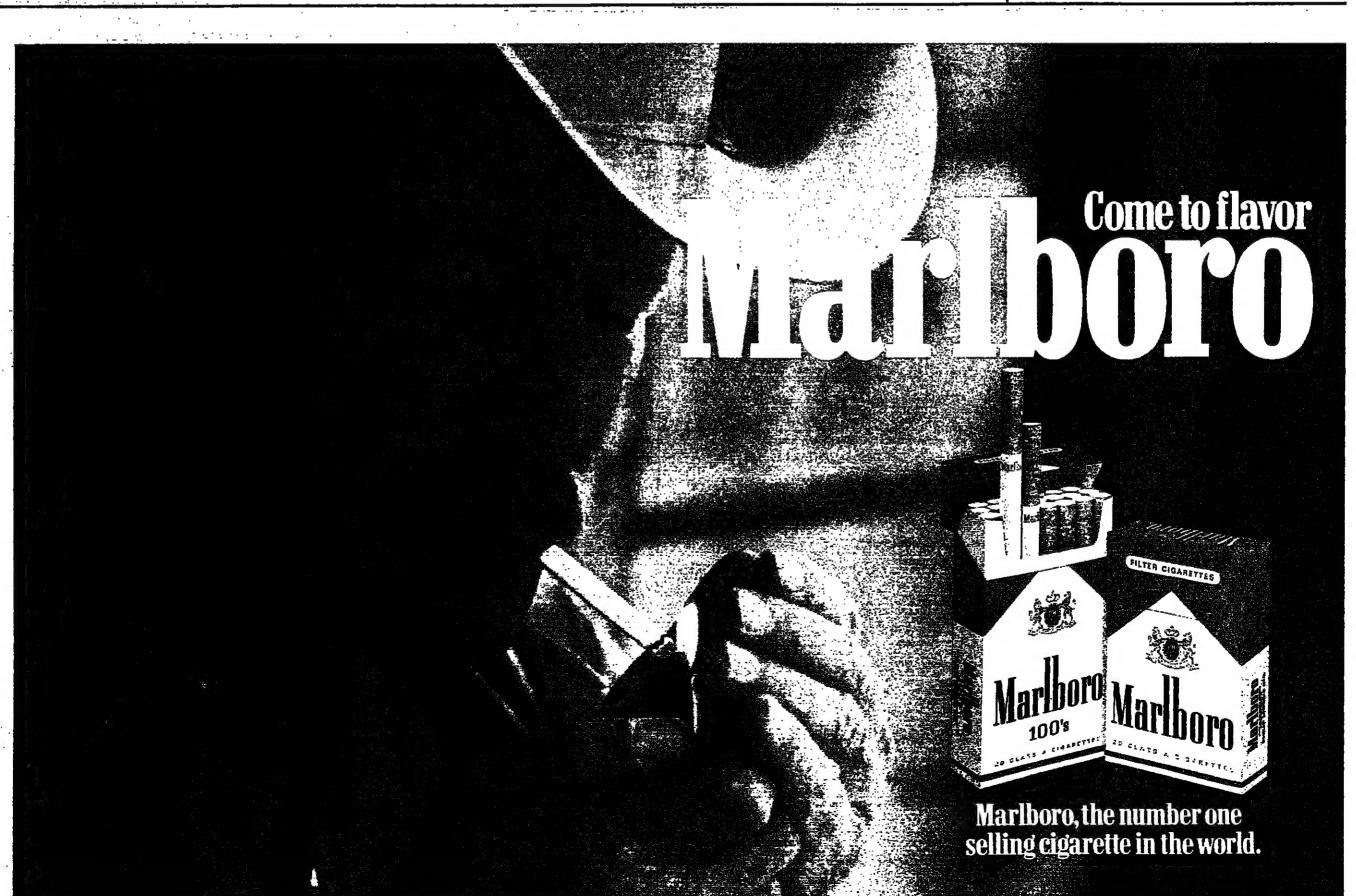
Ministers prepare radical DTI review

THE WHOLE range of the Departpost gaining impressions and meet-ment of Trade and Industry's (DTI) ing officials, he has asked ministers to consider a number of wide-rangviewed by its ministers at a special ing options, both for immediate pol-

re-examine everything the DTI and whether they are being impledoes towards his objective of mak-mented in the right way. ing it more a department of enter-prise and wealth creation.

weekend meeting in September. icy and longer term strategy. These Lord Young the Trade and Indus-will look at both whether the detry Secretary, has said be wants to partment has the right objectives After just over g month in the which will just be attended by minWhitehall.

Lord Young's desire for a fundamental reappraisal reflects the gen-eral view of senior ministers that the DTI has lost its way. This partly reflects the succession of secretaries of state, four in the life of the last parliament, and the contraction of its industrial intervention and nationalised industry responsibili-ties. This has left the department (NUR), the AEU engineering union,



Court of Appeal warns press over Wright case

BY RAYMOND HUGHES, LAW COURTS CORRESPONDENT

THE Court of Appeal yesterday warned that any publication of information from Mr Peter Wright, the former M5 officer, might be contempt of court. Sir John Donaldson, Master of the Rolls, said no decision could be made in a particular case. be made in a particular case until the newspaper concerned had had a chance to defend its action in court.

However, he said: "Interference with the course of justice is a very serious matter and publishers will no doubt wish publishers will no doubt wish to consider their duty with care before they do anything which could have this result."

Sir John referred to publication by The Sunday Times last weekend of the first of a proposed series of extracts from Mr Wright's book, Spycatcher, published in the US two days ago. Sir Patrick Meyhew, QC, Attorney-General, has issued contempt proceedings against the newspaper.

The Sunday Times claims to The Sunday Times claims to defence," he said.

The Sunday Times claims to Times and any other newspaper attributed to Mr Wright.

"We say 'could he' in contempt of court and not 'were' in contempt of court and not were' in contempt of court because they had known that temporary injuctions to contempt of court and not were' in contempt of court because they had known that they could be a court because they had known that they published in the US two days ago. Sir Patrick Meyhew, QC, Attorney-General, has issued contempt proceedings against the newspaper.

The Sunday Times claims to Times and and the London Last month the Vice Chancellor rejected the Attorney-General's contention that The been, and so could The Sunday Independent, the London Daily News and their editors were guilty of criminal contempt of court and not were in contempt of court because they had known that temporary injuctions that the production of material emanating from Mr Wright and the London Daily News and their editors were guilty of criminal contempt of court and not were in the london D

contempt proceedings against the newspaper.

The Sunday Times claims to have had legal advice that it would not be in contempt. That was because of a High Court ruling by Sir Nicholas Browne-Wilkinson, Vice-Chancellor, that three other papers that had published extracts from Mr Wright's book could not, as a matter of law, be guilty of criminal contempt. ruling by Sir Nicholas BrowneWilkinson, Vice-Chancellor, that
three other papers that had
published extracts from Mr
Wright's book could not, as a
matter of law, be guilty of
criminal contempt.
Sir John said: "We should
make it clear that if any publisher has been advised that the
lisher has been advised that the

He symphosized that in taking

better chance of sequestrating Peter Wright's US royal-ties from his book Spycatcher than it ever had in supressing the publication of the book. This appears from an analysis of the US law and practice published by Mr David Hooper, a leading defamation lawyer and author of Official Secrets, the Use and Abuse of the Act in the latest issue of the Act in th the Law Magazine. Mr

restricts former intelligence officers who wish to write their memoirs by obliging them to submit their book to the Publications Review Board but they do not try to suppress entire books; rather the board negotiates with the author with a view to eliminating passages which it considers damaging to the security of the state.

Sir John said the Court of Appeal would give detailed reasons for its decision later, make it clear that if any publisher has been advised that the judgment of the Vice-Chancellor gave them a licence to publish without committing a contempt of court, his adviser has made an elementary error of law."

Sir John, allowing an appeal by the Attorney-General against Sir Nicholas's ruling that The Independent, the London Even-

Hooper who acts as a solicitor

for Heinemann, says the US restricts former intelligence

The Attorney-General was seeking to widen the application of the criminal contempt law, Sir Nicolas said. Contempt proceedings were not the appro-priate sanction against someone against whom no court order had been made. To hold other-wise would be to subvert the basic principles of English civil The Guardian and The

Saatchi merges two US acquisitions

BY CLAY HARRIS

SAATCHI & SAATCH, the advertising worldwide, vertising and business services group, yesterday amounced the merger of two of the US agencies it bought last year, Backer as with combined billings of about & Spielvogel and the New York operation of Ted Bates Worldwide, Fitzgerald Sample for \$75m, Backer & Spielvogel for \$50m and Ted Bates for \$450m.

BSBW's client list includes with combined billings of about \$600m.

Taken together, the Saatchi Wendy's.

networks into which Saatchi has grouped most of its adver-

has grouped most of its advertising interests.

With annual billings of \$3.7bn (£2.3bn), BSBW will rank early last year. In the space of behind its aibling, Saatchi & four months, it bought Dancer

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NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS

formalibra; so powers to be piece where the powers of attorney of the represented Sandholders and the minutes of the meeting, as well as the attendance list, will be deposited. No action may validly be taken by the Extraordinary Meeting unless bond-holders at least holding one half of the aggregate principal amount of the Sands then outstanding, are present or represented at the meeting. To be admitted to or be represented at the meeting, Bondholders must deposit their Sands five days prior to the meeting with the fellowing paying agents where power of attorneys are available:

-BANQUE INTERNATIONALE LUXEMBOURG SA 2 boulevard Royal - 2953 Luxembourg

I rue de la Chancellerie - B1000 Brussels, Belgium

121 boulevard Haussmann - 75008 Paris, France

The resolutions and report to be presented at the me examination at the registered office of the Company.

-CREDIT SUISSE
Paradeplatz 8 - 802! Zwrich, Switzerland

-- DEUTSCHE BANK AG Taunusanlange 12 - 6000 Frankfort Am Main

GENERALE BANK

LAZARD FRERES & CIE

red office: 30 avenue Hoche - 75068 PARIS

stered with the registre du commerce et des sociétés

operation of Ted Bates Worldwide.

The combined New York agency will be the flagship of Backer Spielvogel Bates Worldwide, one of two international networks into which Saztchi

Avis, M Wendy's. The new agency will be headed by Mr Tom Spielvogel. There are likely to be some back-office redundancies among

Stockbroking analysts had been well briefed about the proposed changes, and Saatchi shares closed yestrday at 694p.

Thousands of groups 'breaking data laws'

AT LEAST 100,000 organi

AT LEAST 100,000 organisations in Britain are breaking the law by failing to register under the data protection laws more than a year after they came into force, and the first prosecutions might be launched

According to Mr Eric Howe According to Mr Eric Howe, the data protection registrar, about 115,000 businesses and individuals who use computers to store personal information have registered. That is little more than half of those who need to comply with the terms of the 1984 Data Protection Act.

of the 1984 Data Protection Act.

The act, the last stage of which comes fully into operation on November 11 when individuals will have the right of access to their personal files, requires everyone who holds personal data information to register, unless it is for payroll purposes only. Technically, those who fail to register are liable to fines of £2,000 by magistrates and unlimited fines by higher courts.

Mr Howe said vesterday: "We

Mr Howe said yesterday: "We are getting to the stage where we can't lean over backwards to avoid prosecutions any more." He said he had adopted a stick-end-carot approach so far. The carrot was a simplified registration procedure for small businesses, the category that formed the majority of those which had failed to register, and the stick was a sharp increase in the number of checks.

A total of 7,617 checks were made in the pest six months and 93 organisations appeared to have failed to register for no good resson. "We shall be moving to the prosecution stage in the near future," Mr Howe said.

There was no excuse for larger organisations not to have registered, but it seemed probable that a number of smaller organisations remained uncertain and confused, the report of the Data Protection Registrar 98.YS.

So far, 225 complaints have been received by the registrar but this is expected to increase sharply after November 11. About 30 per cent of the complaints concerned the receipt of unsolicited mail, and the next most significant category concerned the pro-vision of credit reference information.

Third Report of the Data Protection Registrar, HMSO, £5.60.

DBS operator lines up electronics

BRITISH SATELLITE Broadcasting, Britain's DBS operator, tomorrow meets microchip manufacturers to ensure electronics needed for satellite broadcasting are made on time. The company will try to persuade ITT, Mullard, Texas Instruments and Motorola to make the special D-MAC chips needed for reception equipment.

Mr Graham Grist, BSB finance director, vesterday said the 1989 launch of the service. The possibilities include BSB the possibilities include BSB the microchips to fund the design of the microchips in return for royalties. Nordic, a Norwegian company, is working on the lite signal for television needed for reception equipment.

The possibilities include BSB the microchips in return for the microchips in return for royalties. Nordic, a Norwegian to company, is working on the House of the meeting came as BSB, awarded the British direct-broadcasting by satellite franchise last year, amounced

Mr Graham Grist, BSB finance direct-broadcasting-by-satelites director, yesterday said the company was prepared if necestary to offer suitable incentives ing totalling £222.5m and of a to ensure vital chips were ready to place the receiving equipment in the shops for an autumn for production of two high-

Anglo-Irish talks due today BRITISH and Irish Ministers for fear of upsetting a move are to hold an Anglo-Irish con- it welcomes. are to hold an Anglo-Irian con-ference meeting in London today, two days after Unionist leaders reopened talks with the Northern Ireland office on their demands for a replace-ment of the Anglo-Irian agree-

Officials in Dublin are pleased that the British side was prepared to hold a conference meeting, the first since the Conservative Government was returned tot office, in the same week as the renewal of contacts with the Unionist camp, illustrating the continued operation of the 1985 agreement.

However, the Fianna Fail Government has deliberately refrained from comment on the return to talks by Unionists

Mr James Molynesuz, leader of the official Unionist Party, and the Rev Ian Paisley of the Democratic Unionist Party, met senior NIO officials for 20 minutes on Tuesday night, their first contact with the Government for 18 months. No details were given by either side nor were given by aither side nor was any date set for further discussions. However, those are expected to take place over the

Mr Molyneaux and Mr Paisley are demanding the suspension of the agreement as a condition for full negotiations on a political settlement in Northern Ireland. They will be angered by today's conference meeting, but have not indicated that it will jeopardise further talks.

The conference, jointly chaired by Mr Tom King, the Northern Ireland Secretary of State, and Mr Brian Lenihan, the Irish Foreign Minister, is nolikely to make any public reference to the Unionists. Cross-border security, police relations with the nationalist community, including their handling of the annual Protestant street marches, and employment discrimination against Roman Catholics are on the agenda.

The formal independent Broadcasting Authority Stan-chise contracts will be signed

ments are: Anglia Television, £11.5m; Granada Group, £85m; Pearson, publisher of the Financial Times, £80m; and,

ngenda.

Dublin will have been encouraged by statements in Westminster yesterday reaffirming Britain's commitment to enforceing fair employment policies and announcing steps to be taken as a result of an investigation into the Royal Ulster Constabulary's operating

Polmaise pit threat revived

BRITISH COAL yesterday called for the closure of polmaise colliery in Stirling-size, the uncertain fate of which helped to provoke the 1984 miners' strike.

The proposal would cost 112 jobs. Mr George McAlpine, British Coal's Scottish area director, announcing it, hinted that the survival of the entire Scottish coalfield might be at stake unless it was accepted.

Coal industry unions said they wanted to study the proposal before deciding whether to contest it. Scotland has six other underground collieries, employing nearly 5,000 men.

Mr McAlpine blamed the decision on last year's drop in prices of power-station coal

BRITISH COAL yesterday coupled with the coal industry's continuing drive to break even in 18 months.

Coupled with the coal industry's continuing drive to break even in 18 months.

Polmaise, one of Scotland's announcement of the 10-mile tunnel linking it to Longanuet. Mr McAlpine, the present director, has effectively resurrected the closure proposal with the proviso that the Polmaise on the Firth of Forth.

Mr McAlpine's announcement of the plan provoked in market conditions improve.

News of the plan provoked if market conditions improve.

News of the plan provoked a furious response from Stirling district council which is seeking ungent talks with British Coal and the Scottish Office.

A councillor predicted that Fallin, where the pit is located, would become a "ghost town." If Polmaise went, there would be no industry left.

Fiat follows Ford with

mission in a 1.1-litre version of cars in short supply until Ford its Uno hatchback, which is opens a 1,000 units-a-day plant being called the Selects. Its at Bordeaux next year to supply price of £6,280, which includes itself and Fiat.

Employers told to act on PRP

THE Government yesterday urged employers to act quickly to register profit-related pay (PRP) schemes when the legislation providing tax relief for them becomes law with the passage of the Finance Bill,

expected next week. Mr Peter Brooke, the Paymaster General, said the Inland Revenue would be producing guidance notes on the eligibility of different schemes over the next two months.

To qualify, companies would have to register before the start of their next financial year which, for many, would be

January 1988. Mr Brooke, who was speaking to a conference in London, said that, so far, 21,000 employers had expressed an initial interest in the plan. They included 120 of the top 250 companies, which he described as "most encourag-ing."

The legislation, first announced in the March Budget, provides that up to half an employee's profit-related pay will be free of income tax up to a point where the PRP is the lower of 53,000 or 20 per cent of income. Mr Brooks said that for an individual on average earnings, with 20 per cent of pay as PRP, the income tax saving

He also strongly defended the for a so stringly decended the Government's decision to phase out the exemption from National Insurance Contributions of cash contributions to employees through discretionary trusts.

uld be the equivalent to 4p

would be the equi off the basic rate.

The decision has attracted fierce criticism from some emnerce creations from some em-ployers, who argue that it will undermine longstanding profit-sharing schemes in leading com-panies such as ICI, Sainsbury and the John Lewis Partnership. The Paymaster General, however, insisted that the change was necessary because trusts were being used as avoidance schemes. The PRP income tax relief would be worth more to employees than the National Insurance

New look notes NEW VERSIONS of the £5 and tio will be issued from today, the Bank og England has said. The changes are designed to improve the security of the notes against counterfeiting. Existing 55 and £10 notes will

Van den Berghs assures **OFT** on margarine price

VAN DEN BERGES JURGENS, cropped up in the confectionery Augio-Dutch food and consumer products group, has given an assurance to the Office of Fair Trading that it will not seek to impose minimum resale prices on its margarine pro-

The assurance follows an OFT inquiry into allegations that Van den Berghs had attempted to prevent retailers from selling Flora, its market leading margarine, below a minimum price. minimum price.
Attempts by manufacturers

to impose minimum resale prices—whether directly, by threatening to withhold sup-plies, or indirectly by withdrawing discounts or bonuses— have been illegal since the early 1960s. Yet the OFT still receives complaints about the practice. The issue has recently

and spirits sectors.

The issue tends to arise because of a conflict of interest between manufacturers—which invest heavily in marketing to position their brands as premium products—and retailers that cut the prices of those brands to boost customer traffic. brands to traffic.

Such price-cuiting presents manufacturers with difficulties in that, in the long term, it can jeopardise the premium status

of their brands.

Flora is the leader in the 5350m margarine and dairy spread market, with 8 per cent of sales according to the esti-mates of the stockbrokers Henderson Crosthwaite. In the 1980s it has emerged as Van den Bergis' most successful pro-duct by leading the trend to-wards "healthier" spreads.

Welsh Office criticised

THE Welsh Office is criticised surship by the Department of in a House of Commons committee report for its arm's-length attitude to public bodies it aponsors.

In particular, the committee of public accounts describes as "complacent" the department's response to serious management difficulties at the National Museum of Wales highlighted in a report from the National Audit Office in 1984.

"We are astonished that

the Environment and the Welsh Office of nine non-departmental bodies that received grants totalling £116m in 1985-86.

The bodies include the Countryside Commission, the Sports Council and the Nature Conservancy Council and simi-lar organisations in Wales. The Department of the Environment is praised for taking an "involved positive and disciplined" approach to

its sponsorship.

But it says the Welsh Office needs to take a more assertive role to help to ensure the high standard of accountability and "We are astonished that apparently they did not press the museum on progress in resolving the acknowledged management failings even financial management.

Someonship of Non-Department from the committee says.

The report covers the spon-

Private payphone plea BY DAVID THOMAS

about film in installing about 30,000 payphones over three years. One fifth of the phones of the phones would be in public places, and the rest rented by private businesses such as hotels.

The venture has applied to the Office of Telecommunications, the industry's regulatory body, for a licence to operate payphones.

The venture has applied to the office of Telecommunications, the industry's regulatory body, for a licence to operate payphones.

A JOINT VENTURE between two small British and US tive of Integrated Information companies wants to challenge Technology, the British comparish Telecom's monopoly pany involved in the venture, said: "Oftel do not appear to said: "Oftel do not appear to have much choice about giving Payphones, would like to invest us a licence, if they are to do about £10m in installing about what they are supposed to do 30.000 payphones over three — increase competition."

Several other investors signed commitments this week. signed commitments this week. They are: Bond Corporation Holdings. £50m; Chargeurs. £24m; Invest International Holdings. £5m: London Merchant Securities, £10m; Next. £10m; Reed International. £20m; and, Trinity International

BSB plans to launch three new channels of national television in Britain—broadcasting direct from space to dish-aerials 1-ft in diameter on individual homes in a £625m project. The four funding BSB shareholders and their invest-

Science park adopts **US** style

BRISTOL and Bath universities have joined forces with Bristol Polytechnic, Chesterfield Properties, Hambro and ETL a private company, to build the largest science park in Britain alongside the M4 motorway just outside Bristol.
Emerson's Green Development Company has been set
up by the six partners to fund
a £250m project, which promises to be modelled more on

mises to be modelled more on American ideas about science parks than current British thinking.

The 35 British science parks built in the last 15 years (with another six at the preparation stage) tend to be small in size and linked with their sponsoring university.

Emerson's Green, by com-

ing university.

Emerson's Green, by comparison, will cover 500 acres and provide am sq ft of research and development space. It is expected, when completed, to provide work for 10,000 people directly and a further 4,000 indirectly off the site.

Like American research parks it will also incorporate 300 houses and 50 flats, in what the company describes as "a country-club-style setting." There will also be a 200-bed hotel-cum-conference centre, and associated shopping facilities.

Mr Christopher Turner, who

facilities.

Mr Christopher Turner, who runs ETL as an entrepreneurial vehicle and is to be chief executive of Emerson's Green, said at the launch in Bristol yesterday that the project "represents an exciting national first in co-operation between the public and private sector. It will be the largest science research park in the country and we expect it to be a major attraction to inward-investing American and Japanese companies."

panies."

The project, which will have a science research foundation incorporated into it and may also have a college of entrepreneurship, immediately drew the hlessing of the Government, Lord Young, Secretary for Trade and Industry, called it a major venture." and Mr Ken-"major venture," and Mr Kenneth Baker, Secretary for Education, described the research park as fitting in with the central theme of highereducation policy.

Indicators give unclear picture By Janet Bush

THE Government's leading indicators of turning points in economic activity continue to give an unclear picture.

The longer leading indicator, which aims to signal turning which aims to signal turning points in the economy about a year in advance, has shown a sustained increase since December but has been dominated by the built market in equities. This has made it difficult to calculate and the Central Statistical Office stight of the contral statistical of the calculate and the Central Statistical Office stight of the calculate and the Central Statistical Office stight of the calculate and the Central Statistical Office stight of the calculate and the Central Statistical Office stight of the calculate and the Central Statistical Office stight of the calculate and the Central Statistical Office stight of the calculate and the Central Statistical Office stight of the calculate and the calcula Statistical Office said the most recent values of the index may well be subject to downward

revision.

The shorter leading index. which is supposed to indicate turning points six months ahead, was little changed in May having risen in the first four months of the year. This indicator is also dominated by a single component consumer. a single component—consumer credit — which has risen strongly. The other components of the index are flat or declining slightly.

North Sea oil production falls

NORTH SEA oil production fell helow 2m barrels a day in June for the first time since March 1982, according to the latest monthly survey by the broker Wood Mackenzie. This reflects major shut-downs for summer maintenance as well as the fact that North Sea or output is now on a declining trend. on a declining trend.

The broker estimates that
June output averaged 1.92m b/d
compared with 2.66m b/d in
January and a record of 2.76
b/d in January 1986. Output
is expected to recover to some is expected to recover to 2.4m b/d by the autumn.

Cement bodies in merger

THE Cement Makers' Federa-tion and the Cement and Concrete Association are to merge their operations following the deceision earlier this year by British cement makers to end the industry's common pricing

THE CHANNEL TUNNER Meet the professionals who will provide and use

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rail freight and passenger services through the Channel Tunnel from May 1993 at

Organised by

Railway Gazette

in association with Eurotunnel, this international conference will be held on September 24-25 1987 at London's May Pair Hotel, Secretary of State for

Chairman is Lord Erra. Leading a panel of speakers from Western Europe are Jean Bouley.

Secretary-General of the International Union of Railways, and British Rail

Chairman Sir Robert Reid. Entrepreneurs from the private sector will debate with top railway managers and customers the potential for intermodal and bulk freight as well as high speed intercity trains for businessmen and tourists.

For details clip your business card to this advertisement and post to

Martin Harvell, Meon Conference Services, Meon House, Petersheld,



variable transmissions

BY JOHN GREFITHS

market fitted with continuously variable transmissions (CVT). The transmission, developed jointly by Van Doorne Transmissio of the Netherlands, Ford Transmission at the end of May. The and Fiat, is seen by some industry observers as potentially heralding the end of both manual and conventional automatic gearboxes for volume butter.

FIAT joined Ford yesterday in taxes, reflects a price premium becoming the first manufactor of £540 for the CVT compared turers to offer cars in the UK with the equivalent manual market fitted with continuously model.

family cars.

It works by a system of various sizes of pulleys connected produced at the plant belonging to variety in the produced at the plant belonging to variety in the produced at the plant belonging to variety at the plant belonging to va

engine to operate at its most engine to operate at its most efficient speeds for power or economy with the transmission the unit more than three years changing the road speed to ago but long delays arose as a result of difficulties in producing the complex steel drive belts in volume.

with an aircraft's take-on: use aircraft gathers speed only after the throttles have been likely to reach maximum production of 300 units a day soon, which is the likely to leave the CVT

Growth of DIY retailing 'destined to continue'

BY ALICE RAWSTHORN

DO-IT-YOURSELF retailing, fastest growth, increasing its one of the most dynamic areas share from 4.1 per cent to 5.2 of the retailing sector in the 1980s, is destined for continued growth into the next decade, accounted for 50 per cent of with DIY superstores continuing to increase their market share. according to a report.

The DTY retailers which sell home products such as paint, tools, timber and bricks secured sales of \$2.74bn in 1986, an increase of 19 per cent on the previous year. The market's share of retail sales increased from 2.6 per cent to 2.9 per

Given that home ownership is growing and DIV is becoming more popular, the report, from Verdict, the retail analysis, expects further expansion. The market is dominated by superstores. B & Q, the biggest of all and a subsidiary of the Woolworth retailing group, boosted its share of sales from per cent of the DIY market. By 19.7 per cent to 21.2 per cent contrast, in 1980, the superstore last year. Home Charm, part of the Ladbroke leisure busi-

1985 Home Charts Payless Do-It-All 5.7 5.2 3.9 Great Mills 3.0 Source: Verdist

share was just 18.4 per cent. Verdict forecasts that there ness, rose from 11.3 per cent will be 780 superstore units by to 12.4 per cent, as did Payless, the end of this year.

owned by Ward White, the Verdict on DIY retailers from retailing concern, from 5.5 per Verdict Research, 112 High cent to 5.7 per cent. W. H. Holborn, London WCIV 6JS Smith's Do-It-All showed the (£450).

UK NEWS

Kevin Brown reports on how Sir Robert Reid has pleased the only shareholder the railways need to worry about

Subsidies into the siding as BR takes main line to profit

SIR ROBERT REID, chairman of the British Railways Board, has pulled off something of a coup by bringing the corpora-tion back into profit while cut-ting government subsidies by

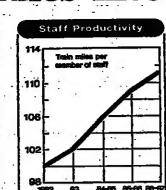
more than a quarter. True the profit after investment payments was a mere f2.4m on turnover of nearly f3.2bm — hardly enough to keep a board in the private sector safe from its share-

The word from Westminster yesterday, however, was that Sir Robert has more than pleased the only shareholder he has to worry about — the

The reduction in subsidies totals £260m over the last three years, and £110m in the last year alone. That brings down the requirement for 1986-87 to £720m, which is £16m below the government target.

Sir Robert is proud of that reduction in support from the taxpayer and dismisses claims by the railway unions that the railway is being run down through lack of financial sup-

In common with other senior managers, he says the introduc-tion of a clear government direction on subsidies in 1983 has done the corporation a power of good, after decades in which ministers kept moving



three passenger sectors subsi-dised by government grants:

InterCity, the flagship inter-urban express service, down £17m to £99.4m.

Network Southeast. the

The immediate cause of the improved results is a better performance from all the main BR divisions, with the exception of Parcels, British Rail Engineering (Brel) and Praightling. Freightliner.
Losses were reduced in all

the goalposts.

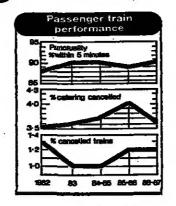
The view from Euston down from £214.4m to £162.3m caterin House, the board's newly refur
Provincial, the provider of being



bished corporate headquarters, is that the government targets have revitalised management by setting tough but achievable targets. They have forced the corporation to maximise its profit of \$224.7m after four resources. Among the other main businesses, Railfreight reported a profit of £24.7m after four years of losses, reflecting the benefits of reorganisation and closure of the loss-making Harwich-n-Zashrusgas train

> Property development and rental also produced £54.7m. It expected to continue to contribute big profits as more joint projects with the private sector proceed at Liverpool Street and Euston in London, and a number of sites in the pro-

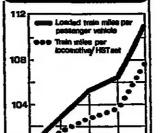
Travellers Fare, the station catering subsidiary, which is



profits as well, by 20 per cent The board has set aside £85m to finance reorganisation of two of its loss-making subsi-diares, Brel and Freightliner, of the future of both.

Brel reported a loss of £5.3m, compared with profits of £4.4m last year. The change was due mainly to losses on BR contracts for which it was forced to compete with private-sector suppliers. Brel is nevertheless believed to be a potential candidate for privatisation. date for privatisation. Freightliner lost £6.4m, in

of the controversial of eight depots in January,



of £3.4m last year. The drop loss of similar business from Mirror Group Newspapers and Emap, a big provincial

The broader strategy underlying the short-term improvement is more complex and

Productivity. British Rail already has one of the most productive workforce in Europe, bettered only by that of The Netherlands, but staff numbers, cut by 6,771 last year, are expected to fall by a further 13 000 over the part for years. 13,000 over the next five years.

The chairman has also pro-mised a renewed attack on manmised a renewed attack on management costs, including a close look at headquarters and regional staff numbers. On the operational side, negotiations with the unions on the "traincrew" concept are said to be going well. That will increase flexibility and reduce manning. • Rolling stock utilisation. The number of locomotives and carriages is being cut, leading to increases in the number of passengers on each train.

A recent House of Commons

A recent House of Commons transport committee report suggested that the reduction was leading to overcrowding, but British Rail denies that. It says passenger numbers are at toler-

This means different prices for different groups of users, and has led to a surge in commuter miles for only the third time in 20 years. Passenger receipts were up 8 per cent at £1.4hn.

Competition. In an attempt to improve procurement, the board has introduced competitive tendering for most equipment orders. That has led to savings of around 15 per cent so far — about £50m but bas also caused difficulties at Brel, which operated

profits while simultaneously cut ting subsidies is likely to prove increasingly difficult, and there are signs that the next threeyear target will prove harder to achieve.

It requires a further 25 per cent cut in government sub-sidies to £550m by 1989-90—a target the board believes is within its grasp.

within its grasp.

More difficult, however, is a demand for a return of 2.7 per cent as a current cost operating profit on net assets before interest, also by 1989-90, on a group of businesses the Government believes should compete in the transport market without subside.

passenger numbers are at tolerable levels.

• Maximising receipts through the "segmentation" of fares.

They are InterCity: Freight, including Freightliner; Parcels; and Travellers Fare: though this is being privatised.

The 1987 corporate plan, which covers the next five years, makes clear that the return on this group is likely to be only 2 per cent - some £14m short of the cash target — and that neither InterCity nor Parcels is likely to make a profit before 1991-92.

Meanwhile, Sir Robert con-cedes that there is "a long way to go" before BR is widely per-ceived to be improving its service — a view that will find many echoes among customers of the service industry Britain

BR offers cheaper newspaper delivery

BRITISH RAIL has put an offer to national newspaper pro-prietors to try to preserve the existing system of rail delivery of newspapers and stop the drift to road transport.

BR had to review the future of the operation after Mr Robert Maxwell's Mirror Group Newspapers decided to follow Mr Rupert Murdoch's News International on to road

Daily Telegraph and the Finan-cial Times are now being offered a contract 7.5 per cent cheaper than the existing one. The savings, however, come from amalgamating trains and would mean newspapers bringing forward edition times by as much as 30 minutes.

Mr John Fitzgerald, BR's manager for newspapers and magazines, said yesterday: "We want to go on with rail distribution of newspapers and I believe it can be done." lieve it can be done."

BR would continue to pack and sort newspapers on the trains and be prepared, if necessary, to pick them up from the printing plants.

The offer has the support of the BR board but the new distribution system would have to begin by October.

VAT refund operators merge

BY FEONA MEWAN

TAX-FREE: shopping for tourists in Britain looks set to believes, are unaw tourists in Britain looks set to process of reclamation the merger of two of the main value-added tax refund opera-

rs. will be operated by more than The move by the Tourist Tax 12,000 retailers throughout Free Shopping, part of Europe's largest VAT refund network, to buy UK Taxiree Shopping, operator of Britain's largest VAT refund system, might mean that the big tax sums now unclaimed by overseas visitors might be spent by them in British shops.

TTFS estimates that about £200m is left unclaimed by visitors, many of whom, it

Under the enlarged company, a uniform VAT refund system

has welcomed the merger. Mr. Dick Batchelor, BTA's marketing manager, said: "Because overseas vicitors rate shopping as one of the prime reasons for visiting the UK, it is important to have a simple and efficient VAT refund service evallable

for believes, are unaware of the was taken over this year by et to process of reclamation, which it Europe Tax Free Shopping, a with finds cumbersome.

Swedish company that sees main Under the enlarged company, Britain as Europe's main market for tax-free shopping. It operates similar systems in Sweden, Finland, Norway and

overseas tourist fills in a form on purchase of goods, which he presents on leaving the country for stamping by the customs official. The tourist then posts the forms to Tourist Tax Free Shopping for reiumbursement, either in the nationwide." relevant current Tourist Tax Free Shopping to a credit card.

Zetters reshuffles board

Indicator

for plans to spin off its bingo the Jeclus into a new company with Herts.

Mr Paul Zetter, chairman of the family-controlled company, said the appointments were intended to help the pools company to take advantage of new opportunities after the demerger, which has not officially been announced.

Mr Steven Easterman and Mr Alan Bioom were appointed joint managing directors of Zetters Pools and to the main board. Mr Eastermsn is the grandson of Alfred Cope, the pools promoter whose company was taken over by Zetters 10 years ago.

years ago.
Mr Bloom, a 25-year veteran
of Zetters although only in his
early 40s, specialises on the
printing side.

Settlements in PCW case By Nick Bunkler

MORE THAN 98 per cent of the 1,547 worst affected members of the old PCW insurance syndicates at Lloyd's of London have accepted the settlement offer aimed at helping them to meet net insurance underwriting losses of £235m.

Yesterday's news means that Lloyd's has fallen about £2.1m short of the £34m contribution it hoped to get from the PCW

it hoped to get from the PCW syndicate members.
The contribution is to be put

towards a 1134m cash fund to provide against losses over the next 20 years. The settlement takes effect tomorrow.

Jones crane site future still under examination BY NICK GARNETT

THE 600 GROUP, which was formed three announced last month that it years ago by the purchase of was effectively ending production of its Jones mobile cranes, is still examining whether it can keep some operations at the Jones site in Letchworth, have absendened manufacture of pasts into a new company with Herts.

roadgoing hydraulic cranes inseparate listing.

The 600 Group will continue clude Smiths, Hydrocon and Mr Paul Zetter, chairman of its existing contracts supplying Cosmos as well as Ransomes e family-controlled company, crane kits for Iran and India and Rapier and Ruston Bucyrus.

Inner-city awards scheme

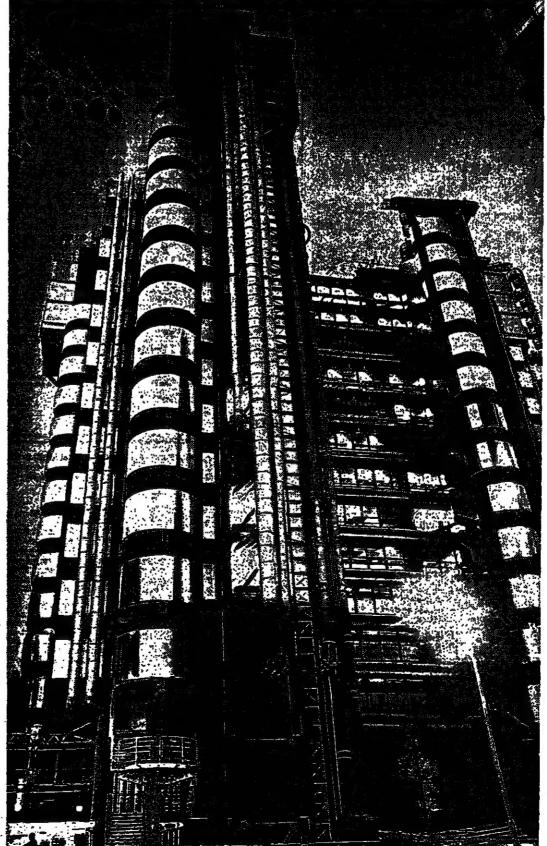
AWARDS DESIGNED to recognise and encourage the City of London business community's commitment to the difficulties of the inner city were launched yesterday by Sir David Rowellam, the Lord Mayor, at the Mansion House in London.

The Awards for Business Involvement in the Community, or the Dragon Awards—which will be small statuettes modelled on the dragons on the City coat-of-arms—are the first of their kind in the UK and will make their debut in June They will be presented annually in five categories, ranging from community work and Job creation to mrban regeneration projects.

Although the awards are open to individuals, businesses, particularly those which belong to Business in the Community 31 1988.

SIEMENS

Now at Lloyd's they're seeing the underwriting business in a new light



Awarded the contract to develop and manufacture the lighting system for the new Lloyd's building, Siemens specialists were faced with the need to find solutions as radical as the new building itself.

Sprinklers, for example, had to be incorporated into each luminaire. Special air fourtes were necessary to allow for differing air supply and extraction rates.

And glare had to be closely controlled in order to avoid reflections on the screens of computer work stations sited throughout the building.

All these problems, and more, were solved using Siemens' own advanced computer analysis and testing facilities,

Siemens is one of the world's largest and most innovative electrical and electronics companies, with a clear commitment to providing a consistently high standard of service to our customersparticularly in

Medical Engineering

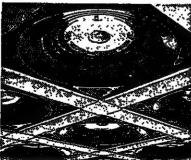
 Factory Automation Communication and Information

Systems

 Electronic Components Telecommunication Networks

in the UK alone, we employ around 3000 people in five manufacturing plants. research & development, engineering, service and other customer related

Siemens Limited, Siemens House Windmill Road, Sunbury-on-Thames Middlesex TW16 7HS Telephone: 0932 785691



Some of the Siemens luminaires installed in the Lloyd's building

Innovation Technology Quality Siemens

TELESHARE HALF PRICE LINE RENTAL ON CELLNET FOR 6 MONTHS OFFER ENDS 14th AUGUST



Strokes of genius

There was a time when the pleasures: the Tiepolos, father the greatest in the world. But inevitable advice to the would- and son; a run of Durer studies the record of the continuing their drawings to be dusted Library at Windsor.

be collector of modest means that include a bird's wing of disposal of the Continuing that include a bird's wing of disposal of the Chatsworth exquisite detail; the Hoffman any more. A burgeoning contained and the Chatsworth exquisite detail; the Hoffman any more. A burgeoning contained and the Chatsworth exquisite detail; the Hoffman any more. A burgeoning contained and the Chatsworth exquisite detail; the Hoffman any more. A burgeoning contained and the Chatsworth exquisite detail; the Hoffman any more. A burgeoning contained and the Chatsworth exquisite detail; the Hoffman any more. A burgeoning contained and the Chatsworth exquisite detail; the Hoffman any more. A burgeoning contained and the Chatsworth exquisite detail; the Hoffman any more and the Chatsworth exquisite detail; the Chatsworth exqu bave been at work over several Raphael original of which the generations—it is the turn of full off-set is in the Royal Here, too, is one of the few

Portrait of Man Wearing a Cap with a Medallion,"

by Hans Holbein the Younger, at the Royal Academy

is Drawing in England; from Hilliard to Hogarth, which takes us from Elizabethan into Hanoverian England, following the emergence of a truly English school from behind a generally expatriate, most usually a Dutch or Flemish,

example.
Throughout the 17th century, the great names were foreign, albeit absorbed and softened by English honorifics—Rubens and van Dyck, Lely and Kneller. Even so, their native contemporaries were ever distinctive. While the miniaturists such as Hillierte and Olivar were great Hilliard and Oliver were working within an unique and finally

ing within an unique and finally hermetic tradition, by degrees a more open and natural school of realism declared itself.

This free, vigorous and demotic realism caught the spirit of the age, that first age of actual parliamentary government and the infancy of the great institutions of commerce that are with us still, an age of assertive personal independent of assertive personal independence and middle-class confi dence. It was a realism that could comfortably embrace the groom and the squire, the lackey and the banker, high and low together unself-consciously and then turn to whatever next caught the eye. In Hogarth's hand it would turn to a satire.

But here for the moment the lesser names, more direct in their address, are the ones who Already, the prices are out of sight.

With the drawing we come as close as we can to the direct and immediate processes of the artist at his work, looking over his shoulder as he scrutinises his model, checks his hand, thinks again. His hand is with us upon the page, in every light stroke or brushmark, spot or rub.

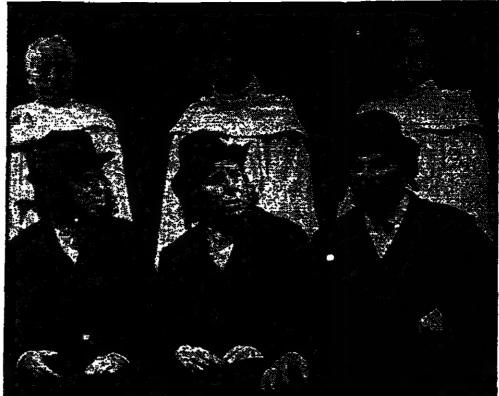
The Fine Rooms at the Royal Academy are given over to the collection of Master Drawings

Surviving pages from Vasari's extraordinary Book of Drawings, into which he stuck the works he had collected—those works he had collected—those here by Filippino Lippi and Botticelli. And commanding the entrance to the Reynolds the stroke of the works he had collected—those works he had collected—those here by Filippino Lippi and Botticelli. And commanding the entrance to the Reynolds the property of the works he had collected—those works he had collected—those here by Filippino Lippi and Botticelli. And commanding the entrance to the Reynolds the entrance to the Reynolds the property of the works he had collected—those works he had collected—those works he had collected—those here by Filippino Lippi and Botticelli. And commanding the entrance to the Reynolds the entrance to the Reynold have their turn on stage with their portrait studies, indicents and topographies: Carter the Boxer by Charles Beale; Henry Gyles in his self-portrait; Lady Twisden, Sir Thomas and Philip Woolrich, three marvellous chalk portraits of Restoration worthies by John Greenhill, who flourished briefly and died from drunken fall in Long Acre in

The exhibition continues until thought original, is in the col-lection of the British Museum That collection at the British Museum is, of course, one of by the Museum at \$14.95.



"Hare," by Hans Hoffman, at the Royal Academy



George Raistrick, Geoffrey Freshwater and Alun Armstrong

The Jew of Malta/Swan

Martin Hoyle

Marlowe's black comedy is a tered the sleeping form with macabre frolic, a grim comic bird droppings, killing the real inventories of wealth, and his strip, a boppy dance of death comedy stone-dead. A disjointed arrival in Maurice Chevalier disfor convents of keeling nuns, series of effortful episodes regular as a homicidal French strip, a boppy dance of death comedy stone-dead. A disjointed for convents of keeling nuns, series of effortful episodes retheir porridge poisoned, for sults in Alun Armstrong's greedy friars throttled and performance nobly sinking into monotony, unvaried in rhytimm counter-plot and betrayal. Throughout it all Barabas calls the tune, side-stepping retribution with more lives than a cat worry. There are no unintentional laughs, He need not worry. There are no unintentional laughs in this play.

In spite of Machiavelli's delivery of the prologue (John a sequel somewhere where the manipulator returns from these ominously glowing depths and Renaissance Reichenbach Falls.

manipulator returns from these Renaissance Reichenbach Falls. ominously glowing depths and sways on a trapeza as he intones the lines in sinister Hammer-horror accents the play is less about the Elizabethan machiavel than that favourite Marlovian figure, the over-reacher. His chosen field is "policy"—cunning duplicity—and soaring arrogance inevitably brings nemesis. The career Never was the final plous attri-bution of justice to heaven pen-ned with less conviction, one feels, than by atheistic Marlowe. Barry Kyle's production at the Swan as yet adds up to less than the sum of its parts. A solid cast works manfully, but the sheer fun is missing. An audience less bemused and blank than found in Stratford upon Avon in July might help; but so might whole-hearted faith in the play as a romp. When the apparent corpse of and soaring arrogance inevitably brings nemesis. The career of double-cross and destruction triggered off when Barabas avenges himself on the Knights of Malta for stizing his wealth, illuminates a world as obsessed by greed as that of Serious Money ("Who is honoured now but for his wealth?").

Bob Crowler's set is domi-

When the apparent corpse of Barabas, dumped outside the city walls sits up with the words "What, all alone?" we realise city walls sits up with the words
"What, all alone?" we realise
that our anti-hero has escaped
another cliff-hanger. This great
comic moment goes for nothing here, not just because the
production appears to be unaware of the humour, but because the director has spat-

musician for a Gallic George Formby number needs more sparkle. But stamina and gal-lantry carry the day.

Phil Daniels's slave crawls cramped and crouched from a crate, a Caliban to his master's perverse Prospero (and Mr Daniels will one day be a marvellous Caliban), a Bottom to the seductive Titania act of Stella Gonet's sleazy courtesan, all ragged finery and gimerack

As Abigail ("O girl! O Gold!" As Abigaii ("O girl! O Gold!" anticipates a greater Jewish cry for ducats and daughter), Janet Amsbury in sensible shoes and plain sidrt is strong, intelligent and touching; and James Fleet provided a comic gem as the Governor's son, moustached like Kitchener, not too bright a course of Builder. moustached like Kitchener, not too bright a cousin of Bulldog Drummond. Costumes are vaguely modern — the Turks look like El Fatah — except for the Jacobean puff breeches worn by the Jews with trilby hats. If Mr Kyle can refrain

Corpse!/Strand

B. A. Young

When you have identical The first assassination goes English farce, anyway. Evelyn, twins in a comedy-thriller, you off all right, but it is followed an unsuccessful actor, is played will have one of them imper-by several more. In spite of by Colin Baker as an unsuccess-sonating the other; or they will be alike to look at but not in character; or you will rely on will have one of them impersonating the other; or they will be alike to look at but not in character; or you will rely on constant misidentifications. In mouths to tell us just what they affect the author's delight in putting speares quotations when ever the can. His Rupert, on the canstant misidentifications. In mouths to tell us just what they are about to do, we are never all three, but he leads us up a false train when the first or Rupert who lies inert on the twin, Evelyn, first appears, for he is in drag, having just been shoulifting at Everynum's with stage blood, and it would

shoplifting at Fortnum's. pose he puts an advertisement in a sporting paper to attract the right kind of chap, and what he gets is Major Powell, in a shabby raincoat and bowler hat, to whom he pro-mises £10,000 out of Rupert's

Jack Watling soon sloughs off the shabby gentility of his phony rank and gives us a panicky middle-aged crook on or Rupert who lies inert on the floor, his shirt impregnated with stage blood, and it would He does not pursue this, though, for he has a more sinister plot to unfold. The other twin, Rupert, is rich and content wing Rupert, is rich and content wing Rupert. sinister plot to unfold. The other twin, Rupert, is rich and well-connected, and Evelyn reckons that he can have Rupert killed and then assume his personality. For this purpose he puts an advertisement in a sporting paper to attract the right kind of chap, and what he gets is Major Powell, in a shabby raincoat and bowler hat, to whom he probability in an English farce?

end of a rapier, and I think I moments, but is drunkenly amorous enough to justify her it was he that Evelyn was really amorous enough to justify her doing so, even to make love with the apparently dead Rupert, is played by Jean Reve. (Why does she call Evelyn was pretty her in a shabby raincoat and bowler hat, to whom he probability in an English farce?

English farce? The playing is chacteristic of Alan Tagg.

planist in her late 30s, now example, Cherkessky plays living in Europe, who plays a duo with the French planist any means to adopt the style for herself, but simply to has visited this country on analyse what the real magic of analyse what the real magic of keyboard playing is about. Her Beethoven was more closely focused, than either her Bach or Scarletti. If I had been

istening to a recording, I should have guessed that it came from snother planist entirely: for her account of the She began with Bach: a cream-cut, clear-fingered account of entirely: for her account or the the fourth Partita, well control-the fourth Partita, well control-the fourth Partita, well control-contrast elaborately romantic, super-expressive. the fourth Partita, well controlled and lucidly organised, which was at the same time in its musical effect remarkably prosaic. She continued with a quartet of Scarlatti sonatas: nervous, flighty, brilliant in impulse but inaccurate, delivered without any kind of freewheeling bravura fantasy. It would be a wonderful exercise for Mz Chen to spend some

Arts Guide

Academy are given over to the collection of Master Drawings which an American, Ian Wood-

ner, has put together over the last 30 years.

The collection (showing until

October 25) is arranged in a loose chronology that allows a natural grouping by national schools: Italian, Swiss and German, Dutch and Flemish, French, Spanish. The Italian is the layerst were strong to the layerst warms.

the largest group, some three dozen, and has the widest historical sweep, from a putative Taddeo Gadi of the first

half of the 13th century to: Giandomenico Tiepolo, son of the great Giambattista, also represented here, who was still

But the French group runs it

fairly close for, leaving aside a page of figures from the Cockereli Chronicle of the 15th

century that might be Italian, it

brings us from Poussin in the early 17th century up to late

The other schools are more

concentrated. The German-Swiss, with a couple of excep-

tions, are confined to the 16th century, the Dutch to the 17th

and the Flemish, a group of only six works extending from

the 15th to the 17th centuries, which falls into two groups,

early and late. The Spanish is not the smallest but it repre-

sents only two artists, Goya and

There is little point in re-hearsing the entire catalogue of 111 items which, incidentally, is published in association with

Weidenfeld & Nicolson at

£15.90, and shows every item in full colour, recto and perso where necessary, with a full critical exegesis. I can only

look to particular interests and

Music/Monday. Opera and Ballet/Tuesday, Theatre/ Wednesday, Exhibitions/Thursday. A selective guide to all the Arts appears each Friday.

July 10-16

Exhibitions

PARIS '

French Masters of the 19th and 20th century: From Toulouse-Lautrec's Moulin de la Galette to a rare Gauguin with a landscape of Brittany seen through a luxuriant prism of colours; from a powerful flower com-position by Nicolas de Stael to Cezanne's protrait of Madame Cezanne, from a pastel coloured Picas-so still life to the most frequently reproduced Degas dancer, the tradireproduced begas dancer, he tran-tional spring exhibition at the Schmitt Gallery can boast not only an exceptionally long list of great names of the period it covers but exceptional quality as well Galerie Schmit, 396 Rue Saint-Honore (42803838). Closed Sundays and lunch times. Ends July 18.

Medieval Art in Paris: The Abbots of Cludy built their magnificent late gothic town house in the heart of the Latin Quarter on the blackened ruins of roman baths. Now a museum, it houses medieval works of art: goldsmiths' work, carved altar ces, ivories, fabrics, with two Enn gold on red velvet. In a rotunda of its own is a set of the Lady and the Unicorn mille fleurs tapestries - an allegory of the five senses, one of the masterpieces of medieval art, Musée de Cluny, Place Paul-Pain-leve, Metro Odeon, Closed Tuesdays and lunchtimes (432 56200).

WEST GERMANY

Stattgart, Staatsgalerie: British art in The Tate Gallery. Turner in the new the 20th century organised by the Royal Academy of Arts. The work,

vering 1910-70 is not well known in Germany. The extensive display of 250 pictures and sculptures from 70 artists includes works by Henry Moore, Ben Nicholson, Francis Bacon and Anthony Caro. It should help to revise the prejudice that British art is provincial and has not been represented in the avant care. been represented in the avant gar-de. Ends Aug 9.

Kassel: Museum Fridericanum Orang erie: Documenta 8 World exhibitio of contemporary arts: paintings sculptures, theatre performances, architecture and design. The Documenta was founded in 1955 by local painter Arnold Bode with Henry Moore, Alexander Calder, Max Ernst and Joan Mire and is an important venue for modern art. This year director Manfred Schneckenyear director Mantrea Scanesas-burger presents the works of 150 artists, and for the first time open air sculptures which will be erected in Kassel's city centre. Artists exhi-biting include Ian Hamilton Finlay, Javier Mariscal, Robert Morris, Mark Tansey, Alexander Melamid, Eric Fischl, Leon Golub, Robert Longo and Joseph Beuys. There is also a separate exhibition The Ideal Museum' where 12 architects pres-ent their ideas for Museum construction. Ends Sept 20.

Baden-Baden, Kunsthalle Lichtental-er Allee 8a: Henri de Toulouse-Lautree. This exhibition displays gra-phic works from 1864 to 1901 with more than 360 posters and drawings (Ends Aug 30).

FONDON

Clore Gallery: The Turner Bequest, which amounts to nearly 300 oil

paintings, finished and unfinished, and a further 19,000 or so watercolann a nurner 18,000 or so watercol-ours and drawings, has been a source of controversy and dissen-sion ever since it came into the na-tion's hands more than 130 years ago. Turner had always wished for a gallery to himself which would show all aspects of his work. Whether he agalery to himself which would show all aspects of his work. Whether he would have approved of James Stir-ling's extension to the Tate as a suit-able setting is a nice question. The larger paintings may be hung too low for one who lived in a more os-tentations age, and the tasteful outlow for one who lived in a more os-tentations age, and the tasteful cat-meal Stirling has decreed for the principal galleries is a far cry from the rich plum he is known to have preferred. The vulgar neo-deco of the entrance hall has little to recom-mend it. But eight rooms for paint-ings and one for watercolours give room enough, and with the three re-serve galleries upstairs, every paint-ing but the few in restoration or on loan is on the wall. an is on the wall.

Burlington House, Picadilly: The Sommer Exhibition of the Royal Academy has come round again, for the 219th time. Over 1,300 works have less tuma. Over 1,300 works have been chosen, nearly 300 fewer than last year, from an open submission of over 13,000 - paintings in all media, prints, drawings, sculpture and architectural design. For all its variety and quirkishness, the exhibition is strongly professional: the amateur work which once made it noturious has been more rigorately are torious has been more rigorously excluded in recent years and is now all but gone. With their privileged entry of six works apiece, the Academicians and Associates set the standard and the tone. With so big a show as this the visitor must follow his own taste and judgment and work quite hard to see everything

bring, its own rewards, from the work of Elizabeth Blackadder, Olwyn Bowey or Gus Cummins in that of Gillian Ayres, Joe Tilson or John Bellany. (Daily until August 23).

Venice: Ala Napoleonica and Museo Correr: Matisse and Italy: over 250 works by one of most poetic of 20th century French Painters. The exhibition includes paintings, drawings, and Matisse's entire output of sculpture (75 pieces in all), lent by private and public collections in France and America and the Muse Matisse's entire Openius and the Muse Matisse's entire output of sculpture (75 pieces in all), lent by private and public collections in France and America and the Muse Matisse in America, and the Musée Matissa in Mice. Pierre Schneider, the organiz-er, has attempted to show how the works of Italian painters such as Mantegna, Pollaiolo, Giorgione and Varonese may have influenced Ma-tics. Limit October 18 tisse. Until October 18.

Rome: Galleria Nazionale d'Arte Moderna (Viale Delle Belle Arti) To Stame Della Memoria: views of interiors, portraits and conversation pieces from the Praz collection. The catalogue is almost more delectable than the exhibition itself: the delicate oils and watercolours get lost in the austere spaces of the gallery. The nostalgic title refers to a period (1776-1870) when the aristocracy of The nostalgic title refers to a period (1776-1870) when the aristocracy of Europe were united as never before or since, a period for which Mario Praz, anglophile, literary critic, and Professor of English Literature at the University of Rome, had a passion. He recreated with accuracy and affection the atmosphere at his and affection the atmosphere at his "Casa Della Vita." Palazzo Ricci in Via Giulia. Praz's passion for empie style began when still a child and he was still buying new pieces at the age of 85, a year before he died. It is sad that it proved impressible to have

lightful objects could have been seen in their proper setting. Until

Palazzo Ricci itself, so that these de-

Madrid, Cy Twombly, American artist living in Rome since 1957 exhibits his Conjuntio Oppositorium: 43 paintings on cloth, 68 on canvas and 20 aculptures dated 1952-68. Palacio de Velazquez and Palacio de Cristal at the Betiro Park. Ends July 30.

Madrid, Cubist Picasso, 1907–1920. 132 drawings and paintings inherited by Picasso's granddaughter Marina. Pi-Presso's grandaugner marina. Presso's art, believes that this show contributes to illustrate the richness and variety of artist exploring cubism and highlights his 1907 notebook with electries on Les Demoiselles d'Ariena Evadeire. d'Avignon. Fundacion Caja de Barcelona, Velazquez 63. Ends July

Madrid, Spanish Pavilion in the inter-national exhibition in Paris, 1937. national exhibition in Paris, 1937. This show reproduces the space, contents and environment of Spain's contribution to the art world during the Civil War, a means of propaganda by the republican government in search of international aid and support. Some originals, some copies or reproductions inchaits architecture of the partition by Lecase and Sert. Pleasage studies Lacasa and Sert, Picasso's studies on the Guernica and his Dama Oferente, North American Alexander Calder's Fountain of Mercury, Mi-ro's El Payes Catalan en Bevolucion' and many more on loan by pri-vate collections and museums. Cen-tro de Arte Reina Sofia, Santa Isab-

el 52. Ends Sept 15.

Kandinsky: 100 works on loss from collections at museums in Munich, Paris, Moscow and New York, Na-tional Museum of Modern Art, Kita-nomaru, near Takebashi Station, Ends Aug 9. Closed Mondays.

NEW YORK

fuseum of Modern Art: Berlinar 1961-87: An international assort ment of 55 artists who worked in Berlin over the past 25 years in-cludes David Hockney, Malcolm Moriey and Georg Baselitz, Ends

Guggenheim: The first retrospective of Joan Miro since his death in 1983 of Joan Miro since ms gegin in includes more than 150 pieces, includes more than 150 pieces, including paintings objects, collarges, ceramics and works on paper and what metalic experiments. explore the artist's experimental media, methods and primitive inspi-rations, Ends Aug 23.

CHICAGO

Art Institute: 16th century Turkish art that flourished under "The Lawgiv-er" Sultan Suleyman is displayed in 210 objects including filustrated manuscripts, inlaid woodwork, rugs and the imperial wardrobe. Ends

WASHINGTON

Ethyl Eichelberger, Jim Neu/ICA

Michael Coveney

officials?

Meanwhile, back at the ICA in the respectable but occasionally besieged Mall, New York joined LIFT in the shape of drag artist Ethyl Eichelberger and Robert Wilson acolyte Jim Neu. Their unrelated efforts constitute a fascinating sideways climpse of the sort of

efforts constitute a fascinating sideways glimpse of the sort of theatrical life in the Big Apple we know too little about. Festivals such as LIFT earn their place by bringing such work into focus.

Eichelberger is a star turn in the late lamented Charles Ludlam's Theatre of the Ridiculous, an enterprise that is virtually unknown outside of America except by reputation. King Leer and Great Women From History in fact marks Ethyl's European debut. The artist may resemble a made-up amalgam of Robert Helpmann and Bette Davis, but the performance is

Davis, but the performance is far from being another star-struck transvestite love in à la

Pettifogging officialdom has already stuck its oar into the London International Festival of Theatre, the Catalan downpour at Sadler's Wells rained off before it started on Tuesday night on the grounds that water on the pavement was a safety hazard. Well, so it is for most of the year. Who will rid us and Lucrezia Borria continue.

hazard. Well, so it is for most The Great Women are Jocasta of the year. Who will rid us and Lucrezia Borgia, costume se turbulent licensing change covered with a filmed change covered white a fame, nonsense supposed to represent Aunt Belle Eme, a sad camp travesty of the Wizard of Oz stalwart. Again, Ethyl strikes to the heart of both Sophocles and Hugo in her renditions, which are less hilarious than the paid-up coterie audience were no doubt expecting.

Jim Neu in Duet For Spies offers the alternative theatre offers the alternative theatre version of the hilarious Chevy Chase film where spies go training for loony patriotic purposes. In a spartan office, Mr Neu and David Nunemaker, today's recruit, circle each other in well-filled white shirts while the former lectures on inflitrations by looking normal France. the former lectures on infiltra-tion by looking normal. From behind, the first time we see him, Mr Neu looks discon-certingly like Lieutenant-Colonel Oliver North. And the rest of the show goes some way to explaining why this should be so.

far from being another star-struck transvestite love in a la Charles Pierce.

There is a startling drama-tourgical seriousness to Ethyl's be. Not least for the spartan capering. First, she performs a 40-minute condensed version of set—rubber plant, wall chart King Lear full of tags and patches of the Bard, suddenly flaring into parental rages and when the presence between foolish whimsy. The make-up is spangled thespian, the actor's attempted farcical de-briefing boney features and emphatic



Ethyl Eichelberger

馬克拉克

BUF

Gold

Mari Mari

THE REAL

Pi-hsien Chen/Wigmore Hall

Dominic Gill

Pi-hsien Chen is a Taiwanese time listening to how, for several occasions, although her appearances have been confined to concertos with orches-tra; Tuesday night's recital marked her solo debut in

Saleroom/Annalena McAfee Gainsborough bought in

Socheby's suffered a serious disappointment yesterday when a superb landscape by Thomas Gainsborough, expected to make about £1.5m, failed to find a buyer. The painting, "A Wooded Landscape with Cattle by a Pool and Rustics Outside a Cottage," was the property of the Hon Jonathan Guinness and had been billed as the top lot at Sotheby's sale of British paintings. It was bought in by the

had been billed as the top lot at Sotheby's sale of British paintings. It was bought in by the auction house at £940,000.

The failure of the Gainsborough to sell pushed the auction's percentage of lots unsold up to 38 per cent. But setting this aside, the sale, which made a total of £2,320,000, was a reasonably good one with two new record prices set for artists' works. George Romney's portrait of Frances Sage far exceeded its estimate of £9,000 when it was bought for £242,000, a world record for the artist, by an anonymous foreign buyer. The London dealer Legratt bidding on behalf of the National Portrait Gallery, paid £176,000 for GHbert Jackson's 17th century portrait of John. Baron Belasve, setting another new record.

The National Portrait Gallery, again bidding through Legratt Didding through Legratic Didding through Legratic Didding through Legratic Didding through Legratic

Belasve, setting another new for £10,450 by this prolific record.

The National Portrait Gallery, again bidding through Legastt. also bought for £18,700 John Boultbee's 18th century nortrait of Robert Rakewell of Dishley The sale made a total of £158,448 with 29 per cent bought in. National Gallery: 61 Italian moster drawings by Leonardo, Michelange-lo and Raphael among others travel for the first time from the Royal Collection in Windsor for this exhibit for the Laboratory of Robert Rakewell of Dishley Grange on his bay hunter. The with 29 per cent bought in.

Gencor Group



Gold mining companies' reports for the quarter ended 30 June 1987

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FINANCIAL TIMES

BRACKEN HOUSE, CANNON STREET, LONDON EC4P 4BY Telegrams: Finantimo, London PS4. Telex: 8954871 Telephone: 01-248 8000

Thursday July 16 1987

Tax harmony in the EC

across the 12-nation community. Community-wide clearing centre The plan's adoption by a 14-2 for VAT and a common system majority of the commissioners of bonded warehousing for at the second attempt yesterday excisable goods. But govern-is just one sign among many ments would still insist on some is just one sign among many of how controversial it will be. of how controversial it will be.
Lord Cockfield and his team
say they are not trying to ram
anything down ministers'
throats; they are merely presenting them with the unavoidable consequence of their able consequence of their Treaty obligation and fleshing out their commitment to "com-plete" the internal market by the year 1992.

Political vill

Member governments have have been well primed for the political pill they are now being invited to swallow. A. White Paper two years ago argued that without harmonisation of excise duties and VAT rates it would be impossible to remove the EC's internal frontiers. It said the removal of physical and technical barriers to free internal trade—a programme internal trade—a programme that is running well behind schedule despite the high political priority attached to it— would be of little avail unless

The logic may be correct and Lord Cockfield's determination is certainly not in doubt. More questionable is whether fiscal harmonisation is as central to member states' concept of what the internal market is about as the Commission thinks it should be. Even more question-able is ministers' readiness to pay—in terms of loss of fiscal sovereignty—the price quoted

yesierday. Perhaps for tactical reasons Perhaps for tactical reasons as much as anything else, the plan is being presented as a pragmatic solution to a practical problem, and only coincidentally as a step towards the European ideal of economic integration. It suggests that countries gradually align their VAT rates in two broad bands: "social goods" (food for body and mind, home heating, water and mind, home heating, water and public transport) would be taxed at between 4 and 9 per cent, the rest at between 14 and

THE European Commission had for fiscal checks. A lot of that to cough twice in order to dis-gorge its contentious proposal by moving the accounting pro-to harmonise indirect tax rates across the 12-nation community. Community-wide clearing centre ments would still hists to a some controls at the border to pre-vent companies and individuals seeking to profit, legally or illegally, from the wide dis-crepancy in tax rates. To prevent serious revenue losses (already quite appreciable at the Ultra Victor Parchilio the Ulster-Irish Republic border and Danish-West German frontier), and to keep borders truly open, tax rates must therefore be broadly aligned.

The VAT bands are there to ease the adjustment burden on member states, to give finance ministers some fiscal freedom, and to demonstrate that strict harmonisation is no longer a Commission fetish. Following the model of the US states, they are judged to be wide enough to keep borders open, but narrow enough to discourage a serious outbreak of crossborder shopping. Because VAT is charged on top of excise, the proposed excise rates are uniform to prevent the VAT bands

Hostile reaction

Although the Commission has tried to do the minimum, it all adds up to big changes for some countries. And since fiscal measures are one area in which unanimity is necessary, the hostile reaction of the worstaffected countries will matter. Denmark and Ireland, whose relative take from indirect taxes is 50 per cent above the EC average, would have to make large revenue adjustments. For others, like Britain, the effect would be broadly neutral. But Britain, along with Ireland, will be the first to demand a derogation to protect their zero-rating of "social goods," as became only too clear during the recent general election.

Lord Cockfield has done more than anyone to fix the 1992 deadline for completing the common market in the cent, the rest at between 14 and common market in the common excise duties; a much characteristically robust detertougher proposition, since rates mination to keep ministers' on petrol, wine and tobacco vary wildly from the North Sea to the Mediterranean.

The common market in the common market in the consciousness.

His "tax" proposals show a common excise duties; a much characteristically robust determination to keep ministers' on petrol, wine and tobacco vary the minister to principle. But will require all the subtlety the can muster to prevent this part of the programme become The rationale for alignment part of the programme becomis this: most of the control ing the straw that breaks the apparatus on frontiers is there camel's back.

Faults on the line

DISSATISFIED customers of customers voting with their British Telecom, who have feet.
recently been stirred to a Regrettably, most of BT's chorus of complaints about its customers are still denied any performance, are unlikely to choice. This is because the

of BT's service has not deteriorated since the company was privatised almost three years ago, but offers little firm evidence that it has got any better. While BT's figures claim a gradual improvement in the past five years, Oftel's soundings suggest that service has stayed about the same.

Whatever the statistics say, both the Government and BT have reason to be worried by the apparently widespread perception that the company is not delivering. Privatisation was, after all, sold to the public principally on the grounds that it would make state-owned industries much more efficient and responsive to the market.

In many cases, the argument has been vindicated. Companies such as British Airways and that a seven and the proporation have seen their transition to basis. That would be similar to

have seen their transition to basis. That would be similar to private ownership as an oppor-tunity to revitalise their man-states, where regulators are emtunity to revitalise their man-agement and transform their powered to revoke the licences attitudes towards customers.

At BT, this approach does not offer poor service. seem to have extended much beyond slogans and glossy pub-licity campaigns. Too often, the company appears either to ignore criticism or to take refuge in excuses about the effects of strike action, the problems of installing new tech-nology or unexpected surges in demand. Conspicuously lacking is any public commitment which might lead customers to believe that its service really will

Performance targets

Oftel's idea of requiring BT nothing concentrates the mind of BT's customers evidently quite like the sound of believe they have seen so far.

find much to placate them in the latest statement by Professor strict network competition Bryan Carsberg, the director until 1990 to a single cargeneral of the Office of Telecommunications.

He concludes that the quality serving a limited section of the

Franchise basis

The fact that the deadline is still more than two years away does not, however, mean that it cannot be used effectively to impose pressure on BT. One way would be to hold out the pos-sibility that unless the company's performance improves measurably, it will be broken up. That is precisely the threat which the Japanese government

of network operators which

Any proposals along these lines might encounter resistance from the UK Treasury, which is already eyeing the prospect of floating off the Government's remaining 49.8 per cent stake in BT. This currently has a market value of more than £8bn and may legally be offered for sale any time

from next April. However, maximising the sale proceeds should not be allowed to take precedence over getting the country's telecommunica-tions policy right. The long-term objective of a vigorous and efficient communications into disgorge more information, dustry is far more important notably its internal performance targets, and penalifunding requirements. Furthernotably its internal per-formance targets, and penali-sing it for unsatisfactory service may provide some further time to command public incentive. But as Prof Carsberg support, the Government needs concedes, such regulatory dis-ciplines are only a second-best for it are backed up by much substitute for competition: more positive results than many

Max Wilkinson on the latest puzzle in the commodities market

FTER A DECADE of glut, A which last year pushed commodity prices to their lowest real levels since the 1930s, many key metals and industrial materials are once

again in short supply.

Economic experts, who were generally baffled by the depth generally barried by the depth and the widespread nature of the collapse in commodity prices, are puzzled once again by the timing of recent sharp rises in prices. Base metals and agricultural raw materials have all been seeing all been getting more expen-sive at a time of general gloom about the prospect for growth in the industrial world and an in the industrial world and an apparently more stable trend in the US dollar — a currency whose movements are crucial for commodity prices. So the major question in the markets, among central bankers concerned with inflation, and for economists watching the fortunes of Third World exporters, is: "Has the turning point at least been reached in an extraordinarily long cycle. Or are ordinarily long cycle. Or are the factors which have kept almost all commodity prices on a downward trend since the Korean War still at work?" Although base metals prices (apart from nickel) have been a little softer in the past few days, Mr Anthony Hodges, commodities analyst at Rudolf Wilff, the London metal trader, has no doubts that the bottom has been passed. "We are looking at a new ball game with a bull market in commodities established," he says,

This view is based not only

on the arcane science of chart patterns (which he believes patterns (which he believes show important thresholds have been passed for lead, copper and aluminium), but also on what analysts call "fundamentals." These include the level of the US dollar, commodity stocks and the general outlook for supply and demand in different sectors.

But Prof Alan Budd, head of the London School's Centre for Economic Forecasting

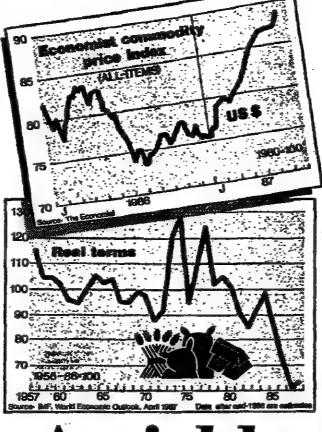
for the London School's Centre for Economic Forecasting represents the big battalions of economists when he says; "We are slightly puzzled as to what is going on out there."

Even though the business school's forecast for industrial

growth was rather more optimistic than most, it was not expecting any major surge in prices while the world continues to have excess capacity for production of all important commodities from grain to copper and oil. These doubts were strongly reflected in recent strongly reflected in recent average prices are still 11 per cent below their level in 1980, "World commodity markets are expected to remain weak in the immediate future and to improve only moderately to have early in 1984.

of the huge subsidised surpluses in the industrial countries, notably the European Community, However, food prices are unlikely to remain depressed. By white at the same time enabling industrial consumers to economise on their use.

First, the dollar. Economists have long predicted that a decline in the value of the dollar unlikely to remain depressed.



A sickly recovery

in recent years over the cost of subsidies.

Since the turn of the year, the Economist Commodities In-dex for industrial materials has risen by 26 per cent in dollar terms. Even the all-items index

in the immediate future early in 1984.

and to improve only moderately in the medium term." The is now happening to commodity prices it is necessary to unprecedure of world commodity prices.

But since the end of January, the price of aluminium on the 1985; the aberter term influtional medium and the exempts, copper has risen by mining industry and the exempts. terms), copper has risen by more than 17 per cent and nickel is up by 24 per cent, the medium term outlook for silver bullion is up by 30 per cent. Rubber prices have risen by a more modest 5 per cent and cocos by 61 per cent the period. World food prices that supplies of most commoditive suffered under the shadow of the huge subsidised surpluses in the industrial countries, economise on their use.

One European central banker cause commodity prices to rise argues that agricultural in dollar terms. The amount surpluses will decline rather and timing of the rise is much than increase as the result of more uncertain, however. A the increased political concern World Bank study last year suggested a 10 per cent fall in the dollar might lead to a rise in commodity prices of roughly the same amount, other things

being equal. However, this prediction seemed hopelessly wrong last year when average commodity prices (in dollars) fell 7 per cent from January to December, even though a feeble recovery might be discerned from the middle of August.

The reasons why a fall in the dollar could be expected to boost commodity prices depends on a series of complicated leak-ages throughout the world ecoages throughout the world eco-nomy. In simple terms, since most commodities are priced in dollars, a fall in the dollar makes them chesper for all non-dollar countries. This could be expected to encourage demand and so help ush up prices. Another effect is that a declining dollar is widely seen as increasing the risk of US inas increasing the risk of US in-flation, so that companies will be more inclined to use their movey to rebuild commodity

helped to sustain the upward But what started it? Mr

speculators who have

Michael Wooler, economist at Lloyds Bank International, believes the fact that commodity stocks had been run down to their lowest levels for a decade created an instability which allowed a few specific pressures to send companies quickly on a baying spree and create tem-porary shortages.

This seems indeed to have heen triggered by strikes at Cominco's Trail and Kimberley

Cominco's Trail and Kimberley plants in British Columbia, which produce lead and zinc, and several threatened strikes in the US, affecting lead, zinc and aluminium. There have also been local supply difficulties in the copper trade.

Proponents of this view believe the underlying upward pressure from the dollar, low stocks, and supply difficulties came together with increased speculation and a weakening bond market to create a bandwaggon effect.

bond market to create a band-waggon effect.
But will it last? Dullish prices so far this week are beginning to prompt the question whether the pattern of early 1984 will be repeated— efter a brief burst of buying enthusiasm, the long dull trend will resume.

This trend has been remarkably persistent. If one ignores the fuctuations during and after the two oil crises, non-oil commodity prices have fallen by about 40 per cent in the last 30 years after adjusting for infa-tion. That represents a real decline of more than 1 per cent

As the IMF says, a persistent fall of this magnitude is difficult to explain. Improved crop yields, better mining machinery and exploration techniques constant to also their part, as does tinue to play their part, as does pervasive substitution of for example, glass and plastics for metal, lighter construction, and a general shift from heavy

a general shift from heavy industry towards computer technology and service activities.

Though these trends presumably cannot go on for ever, the depressing effect on prices is likely to be persistent, if only because the long period of depression has led to a frantic search for more efficient low cost production.

cost production.

Thus although substantial new aluminium production capacity is scheduled to come on stream in the US, Australia. Canada, India, Venezuela and Brazil, it is all low cost. Similarly copper mining pro-jects now nearing completion are all the result of fierce cost-

cutting exercises.

The cost of bringing in marginal extra supplies to meet an increase in demand will be therefore lower than the indus-try's average costs for a long time to come. Solvent extraction techniques can produce copper-for example, at about half the average cost of smelting, though volumes are relatively small. New mines in Chile and Australia will both produce in the future.

be more inclined to use their money to rebuild commodity stocks especially if the alternative is to invest in a falling bond market.

It may be, therefore, that the "dollar effect" has been the richer nations and for delayed a year by the general inertia in commodity markets which are used to depressed conditions. Certainly Mr Hodges and other analysts say that the revival of the markets run up huse debts, the outlook must remain bleak.



of Finance By George Sorce Simon & Schuster

times almost reminiscent of Keynes.

The first is that economics must drop all pretensions to scientific objectivity. The right analogue for economics is not science, but alchemy. Like alchemy, economics involves, participants who are not content simply to discover and test natural laws, but "try to impose their will on the subject. Keynes. matter." Alchemy failed to turn base metals into gold because "the behaviour of metals is governed by laws of universal validity which cannot be modified by any statements, incenta-tions or rituals."

Economics, on the other hand, involves thinking participants, not base metals. These are "easily influenced by theories and therefore highly susceptible to the methods of alchemy." Thus, while alchemy

The Alchemy

MOST THOUGHTFUL firm-MOST THOUGHTFUL financiers share at least one virtue: they are self-conscious enough to hold their own activities in very low esteem. Few financiers are more thoughtful or self-conscious than George Soros, the philosophically inclined Hungarian-born investment manager who has become one of the legendary figures of Wall Street. In multiplying the value of his celebrated Quantum Fund from \$4m\$ at its inception in 1969 to over \$2m\$ today—with only one downtoday—with only one down-year in its 18-year history— Soros has accumulated the most extravagant accolades from the investment community, as well

as an enormous fortune.

He has also developed a profound scepticism about financial markets. The markets, he has concluded, are "always wrong"—wrong not i nthe glib sense of conventional contrarians, but in a philosophical sense which Soros has tried to turn into a general theory of macroeconomics and finance. For Soros, there ar two keys to For Soros, there ar two keys to

For Soros, there ar two keys to this ambitious quest: the concepts of "reflexivity" and "bias."

Bias refers to the gap that glways exists between reality and people's initial perceptions. Reflexivity describes the fact that all economic events involve thinking participants whose views about reality will inevitably affect this reality itself. Changing reality, in turn, affects the way that people affects the way that people think. Thus changing percepthink. Thus changing perceptions and realities constantly interweave with one another, giving rise to self-sustaining waves of bias—resulting in a "shoelace" theory of history, somewhat skin to Marx's dialectic. These abstract observations lead Soros to three practical conclusions—none wholly original, but all presented with a mixture of sophistication, passion and humour which is at times almost reminiscent of

failed as a science, sconomics CAD succeed as michemy." An obvious example can be found in Britain. Thereberium has not "proved" that more-

has not "proved that manatarism of privatization are
likelier than socialist policies
to generate low inflation of
healthy growth. Rather, Mrn
Thatcher's policies have
changed the whole nature of
British society—and not surprisingly, the new sociaty is
generating different economic
results from the old.

Soros' second conclusion is
that free financial markets
inevitably generate beom-bust
cycles, with a bias that
increases as sentiment swings
between manic depressive
extremes. This is why classical
economics, which postulates a

extremes. This is why classical economics, which postulates a gradual emergence towards equilibrium as markets gather information about an unchanging "economic reality," is powerless to explain macroeconomic and financial market phenomena.

The third implication concerns the nature of the investment game. Since all economic perceptions are inherently flawed, accurate predictions of economic reality are neither

perceptions are imperently flawed, accurate predictions of economic reality are neither necessary nor sufficient for successful investment. The key lies in understanding the process by which the market tests perceptions against a reality which these perceptions themselves help to determine.

This market process. Some believes, is akin to the way that scientific hypotheses are tested by experiments, but the market's testing is alchemical not scientific. It is alchemical not scientific. It is alchemical because the "reality" being totted is affected not only by the test process itself, as in quantum physics, but even by the theory being tested. Whether the markets are dominated by the hypothesis that a falling dollar will cause recession or lead to inflation can affect the outcome itself.

The first part of the Soros

outcome itself.

The first part of the Soros book examines some spectacular examples of markets feeding reflexively on their own perceptions: the conglomerate boom of the 1960s, the mergermania of the 1960s, the Latin American lending fremy and the period of dollar overvaluation which Soros has called Reagan's Imperial Circle.

The second part is less satisfactory. In this, Soros examines the usefulness of his theories by applying them to his own trading. In a detailed diary which stretches from August 1985 to November 1986, Soros tries to explain the way that his concepts of reflexivity motivated his own trading decisions. He tests a series of familiar hypotheses revolving around the risks of the dollar "crash landing" as against the hopes of a Golden Age of Capitalism.

In several cases Soros raches the wrong conclusions, but this does not invalidate his theories. For he claims thet his advantage over other invastors lies not in the validity of his theories. For he claims that his advantage over other investors lies not in the validity of his hypotheses but in his understanding effective testing procedure itself. Unfortunately even this claim is hard to judge, since it is often difficult to understand how his hypotheses have led him to particular investment decisions. The finance

vestment decisions. The financial results, however, are clear enough. At the beginning of Soros' diary, the Quantum Fund was worth \$647m. By the end of the "experiment" 15 of the "experiment" 15 months later, its value had more than doubled to \$1.46bn. If that is financial alchemy, it certainly beats boiling up mercury with egg yolks.

Anatole Kaletsky

ali:

Brown to lead the audit

The appointment of Colin Brown, aged 53, a partner in accountants Price Waterhouse, as the firm's first director of as the firm's first director or audit and accounting services, will be seen in the profession as an indication of the growing attention now being paid once again to this bread-and-butter side of accountancy.

The European Community's
"Eighth Directive" on these
matters is now proceeding
down the road towards becoming standard community practice. Accountants expect that monitoring units will have to be set up to ensure that auditors are doing the job they are supposed to be.

Brown is already a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales practice regulation directorate. The primary task of that body is to monitor the quality of public practice by institute members.

The auditing watch-dog is expected to be a unit set up by all three of the British accountancy institutes.

Brown, who has been with Price Waterhouse for 29 years, and is also a partner in Price Waterhouse and partners, the international financial advisers, talks about the fast-changing perceptions of the role of com-

pany auditors. The new pressures upon auditors coincide with an explosion in demand for this hitherto rather humdum side of accountancy.

Price Waterhouse was used Price Waterhouse was used to demand for auditing and accounting services growing at under 3 per cent a year. But during the last two years, says Brown, growth has been at three times that rate — fuelled by such factors as industrial recovery, growing confidence recovery, growing confidence in the UK economy, the City's Big Bang, and privatisation of industrial assets.

Brown, who will have overall

Men and Matters

City co-op

A major complaint one hears levelled at the hig London consultancies is that the client is introduced to an Impressive Personality when he signs up. But thereafter the IP is rarely if area aligned again as the

But thereafter the IP is rarely if ever glimpsed again as the work is passed out among junior staff.

The newly-formed Pall Mall Partnership is an attempt to do better. It is, in effect, a co-operative of half a dozen small firms, averaging 10 employees aplece.

They believe that by acting collectively they can provide quality services in advertising, marketing, public relations, and the whole range of business communications, without losing the personal touch offered by a small business.

the personal touch offered by a small business.

Malcolm McIntyre, managing director, is the PR man who thought the whole idea up. He has spent more than a year bringing the participating consultancies together. Pall Mall is now open for business with a client list of 73 compunies and a turnover of some £3m—which is, in fact, sufficient to place it within the top 10 of which is, in fact, sufficient to place it within the top 10 of British publicity consultants.

The partners are ABGH advertising and Recruitment Services, Murray Evans Associates, Malcolm McIntyre and Partners, Panad Publicity Services, Westminster Communications, and Interaction Associates. A design and type-setting company may also join shortly.

Gibraltar we recover Centwo enclave two enclaves the design are applied to the constant of the

shortly.
"We are all small agencies responsibility for the quality and development of the anditing and accountancy services offered by the firm's nearly 2,000 accountants engaged on this work in the UK, estimates

"We are all small agencies offering tailor-made services" says Dennis Young of Panad, "But our clients can now take offered by the firm's nearly this work in the UK, estimates the partnership."

that it now accounts for 55 per cent of Price Waterhouse fee Powerful words The cream of the world's professional golfers teeing off at Muirfield, Scotland, this morn-ing in the British Open would be well advised to take a leaf

out of June Miller's book. Miller is an insurance inspector aged 50, who lives at Headley. Hampshire, and who selects her golf equipment with the greatest care.

Competing in the Teignmouth golf festival she scored two holes-in-one — at the 7th which measures 197 yards, and at the 17th which measures 283 yards. The Guinness Book of Records is immensely impressed and says her feat is

surely a record. Both holes-in-one were achieved with a Dunlop Maxiii DDH 500 ball, coloured red and emblaroned with a legend which would sort the men from the boys up at Muirfield —
"Financial Times: Europe's
Business Newspaper."

Royal fun?

"If Britain would make the gracious gesture of returning Gibraltar we might be able to recover Ceuta and Melilla (the two enclaves which Spain lias held on Morocco's northern coast since the 15th century), King Hassan of Morocco told Margaret Thatcher when they lunched at Downing Street

yesteroay,
Everyone present roared with
laughter, assuming that the
Royal tengue was firmly in the
Royal cheek. But was it simple
fun. Or was he speaking with
a purpose. The Moroccans are
closely following progress on
the status of Gibraltar because
they assume that it might he they assume that it might be paralleled by Spanish concesions on the two enclaves.

Before the lunch Mrs That cher was surprised and deligh-ted to be served mint tea by the monarch's personal valet who had been brought along.

This traditional form of greeting, served in gold inlaid glasses, was a change, her aides agreed, from the customary mid-morning instant coffee. The tea was also a reminder of the close links between the two countries in the late 19th century when British tradesmen introduced tea into a kingdom which, in those days was as closed to foreigners as Tibet.

Pigeons needed

The Government-backed Alvey conference on information technology this week at the University of Manchester Institute of Science and Technology, the a showcase of is supposed to be a showcase of how British industry, academia, and government are co-operating to usher in the brave new world of instant communi-cations, cashless transactions, paperiess offices and the rest

So it was a little strange that the facilities laid on at the conference were just about enter-ing the twentieth century. Was there a telex? the conference organisers were asked. Not How about a fax machine

"No. But you might be able to use the University fax machine. Just once, as a special favour." In the press room, the journalists were emplying out their pockets in an increasingly desperate search for loose change. For the phones pro-vided would not accept phone-cards, creditcards, or even out-going reverse charge calls.

What visiting foreigners would have made of these arrangements is uncertain. But the message is fairly clear. Next time you think of going to a conference on information technology organised by the Department of Trade Industry, make sure you take a sack of 10p coins, or a car-

Observer



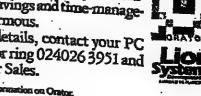
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NEARLY EVERYONE is fami-liar with discussions of national output and income—that is the annual flow of newly produced goods and services and the claims on them.

But nobody should be put off by the terminology. For many purposes wealth or capital is just as important as income. The purchase and sale of exist-ing houses or farms or second-head cars or financial assets occupies nearly as much time for increasing numbers of people as their work or their current consumption.

There is also the more virtuous point that a regular check on national wealth may provide some assurance that current consumption is not being maintained by eating into the seed corn. In other words national wealth estimates can be used to see if the capital stock is growing sufficiently over the years to generate rising incomes in the future.

Indeed, the first estimate of English national wealth was made as long ago as 1086 for William the Conqueror in the Domesday Book. He wanted to know who held the land, who lived on it, how many oxen sheep, pigs and mills there were, what these were all worth in 1086, and what they had been worth 20 years before that.

That statistical progress was not however sustained. Daly now, after a gap of many years, has the Central Statistical Office come round to publishing com-prehensive balance sheets of the national wealth (Economic Trends, May 1987).

An effort is needed to move beyond gaping at the colossal orders of magnitude. Total national wealth at the end of 1985 is estimated at £1,630hn; a sum that puts in the shade the Senator who remarked: "You take a billion here and a billion there, and soon you are talking about real money."

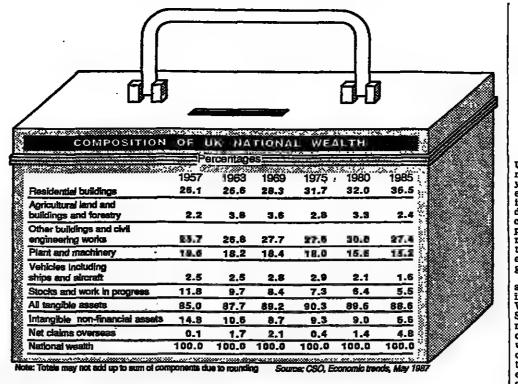
Over 71 per cent of this wealth was owned by "persons," who have a large stake in the corporate sector via the financial claims they hold.

The public sector owned 13.6 per cent of actional wealth in nation—as the unintended out-1985 compared with 18.1 per come of numerous individual cent in 1980. But before you actions—prudently and thriftily put this trend entirely down to accumulated a lot of seed corn? cent in 1990. But before you actions—prudently and thriftily put this trend entirely down to privatisation, you might notice that in 1957—the heyday of the way: that the productivity of post-war consensus—the public sector shars of the national wealth was minus 11 per cent.

Alas, neither interpretation

Much less attention is paid to the movement of national wealth, which is the same thing as the nation's net domestic capital stock plus its net over-As usual the statisticians have many different names for the same total. One other is national net worth. Its composition is set out in a "national balance sheet." the national wealth

By Samuel Brittan



The reason is that the public is borne out by the CSO figures, sector's liabilities, consisting The main reason for the rise of mainly of the national debt, the wealth to income ratio is then far exceeded its assets. The public sector balance sheet has since been built up partly at least by inflation, which reduced the real value of giltinflation.

The composition of national wealth is more straightforward. weath is more straightoward, Few will be surprised that the largest single component is residential buildings, which rose from 26 per cent of the total in 1957 to nearly 37 per cent in 1965.

The other big change was in net overseas investments, which rose in the most recent 10 years from almost nothing to some £30bn, or nearly 5 per cent of national wealth.

These sums do represent the investment of North Sea oil surpluses, although magnified several times by the rise of Wall Street and other security markets.

The most subtle question

encerns the relation of national wealth to national income. In 1957 national wealth was 3.7 times national income. By 1985 it was 6.0 times as high. Does this mean that the

The main reason for the rise of the wealth to income ratio is that asset values, especially the price of homes, increased much faster than the general rate of

reduced the real value of gittedged securities relative to strated by the dramatically public sector assets.

The composition of national different results from two different ways of allowing for the composition of the com price increases. If the market value of the assets forming the national wealth are adjusted by a general price index, they still

relative to the objects of current consumption. These valuation difficulties

are a formidable obstacle to one potentially very exciting use of national wealth statistics The use I have in mind is in relation to an apparently very different topic: the debate on international economic co-ordi-nation, IMF indicators and so QΠ.

Recent IMF thinking suggests that the current balance of

In 1957 national wealth was 3.7 times national income. By 1985 it was 6.0 times as high

appear to have risen by 200 per cent between 1957 and 1985. But if they are adjusted by an index of asset prices—to give what is in effect an index of physical volume—the increase is only 86 per cent. Neither method is perfect.

The straightforward deflation by a general price index can give a falsely reassuring piegive a raisely reassuring pie-ture of increasing national wealth during a Stock Ex-change, or land and housing, boom. On the other hand the volume indices are too puri-turical, as they overlook even very long-term increases in the

payments should be the focus of mutual surveillance and summit and finance ministers' meetings. The suggestion seems fine at present when a bunch of robots could recite the need to cut the US payments deficit and also the Japanese and German surpluses.

But will not incompatible objectives rear their ugly head if and when some progress has been made in reducing the gross imbalances? Most countries want surpluses and few want dedicts, apart from the developing countries who have found it difficult to raise net new since the debt crisis.

And to make matters worse, there is the black hole of \$50bn to \$100bn (£31bn to £62bn) per annum in the world economy representing the excess of recorded payments deficits over recorded surpluses for approximately the second surpluses to the second surpluse to the second

for all countries taken together. Prof James Meade, the Nobel prize-winning Cambridge econo-mist, has shown that if governments pursue a net wealth objective — in which overseas

assets count equally with domestic ones — instead of a balance of payments target, there is no need for inter-Each country can pursue its own wealth objective indepen-dently. At the same time the wealth objective achieves more effectively what the balance of payments target attempts to do

very crudely: namely it provides a safeguard against the country a safeguard against the country enjoying a high level of consumption and even price stability by living on tick and storing up trouble for the future. (Papers by Meade and others on such topics, were presented at a recent conference held by the Centre for Economic Policy Research, 6, Duke of York Street, London SWIY 61A). SWIY 61A).

valued dollar and the well known explosion of debt and

But then one wonders. The real value of overseas claims on the US, especially Japanese holdings of US bonds, has fallen so much with the decline of the dollar that US net wealth might not have suffered nearly as much as is normally

Meade's own response to these valuation problems is to go back to a simpler objective such as a balanced budget (not the British PSBR) or a stable national debt-to-income ratio This would make it less likely that governments will themselves contribute to a weaken-ing of the nation's capital stock or to eating of the seed corn.

Such budgetary rules are quite compatible with a fairly active year to year use of fiscal policy to manage demand. If however over a period of several years red ink accumulates, other instruments-whether interest rates, exchange rates, labour markets or other supply side policies should take over more of the policy burden so that the budget can be put back on course.

All these matters can be analysed with daunting complexity but I would draw myself a fairly simple moral: look after the budget, forget the At first sight it seems that a malysed with daunting complexity but I would draw myself vented the first Resgan Administration from pursuing a mixture of tight money and budget balance of payments and keep deficits, which punctured a weather eye on some modern inflation and prompted growth,

JOE ROGALY

The flowering of business

UNDERPINNING THE global markets is something nobody is yet qualified to comprehend: an emerging global philosophy. It is easy to see the main ingredient, which is a spreading compulsion to judge every political/economic act by its relevance to the market. Will this or that decision mean more efficient production? Will it give greater consumer choice?

The questions are being

greater consumer choice?

The questions are being asked, with varying degrees of intensity, everywhere from Washington to Peking, from San Francisco to Moscow, Business-thought has begun to colonise the globe. Those of us who perceive the merits of capitalism must applaud — but the trouble is that there is no ethical underpinning, no conethical underpinning, no con-comitant spread of a set of values that proclaims why it is desirable that that most neutral of abstractions, the market, should become the centrepiece of so much late 20th-century thinking Socialism may be in terminal decline, but we are none the wiser about what is replacing it.

A small sample of what I mean is to be found in a short study, Bias Against Business, published earlier this week. Its author, David Marsland, is Professor at the Department of Sociology and Social Anthrop-ology at Brunel University ology at Brunel University—but of greater interest is the Advisory Council that assists the publishers, the Educational Research Trusts*. There we have, straight away, Professor Brian Griffiths, head of the Policy Unit at No 10 Downing Street, and Lord Harris, the grand old man of the Institute of Economic Affairs, and Professor Frederick Havek him-Professor Frederick Hayek him-self. The list goes on, but the

point is made. So, in spades, is Professor Marsland's point. He argues that the free market, the pur-suit of profit, and the value of competition are either neglected or denigrated in current sociological teaching. Marxism is apparently rempant in secondary school and university set books. The value of state intervention is taken for granted; the perniclousness of advertising is regarded as patently obvious. One textbook remarks that "exploitation is the essence of the capitalist mode of production." Another says, "in the pursuit of profits,

that were obviously harmful to others." A third invites "O" level students to "Collect level students to "Collect examples of advertisements which you think are trying to sell products by appealing to (a) vanity, (b) fear, (c) sexual appetite, (d) envy, either overtly or by implication." I have taken some of the more lurid examples and they no doubt read differently when in context but the overall condoubt read differently when in context, but the overall con-clusion remains. There is a

bias against business.

Many of us knew that already. It has also been apparent for some time that the bias ent for some time that the bias is being overcome, not least by the ideas of Professor Hayek and his apostles. Three elections in Britain and two in the US have produced governments that are biased in farour of business. The intellectual boundaries of transatlantic thought have been shifted a thousand miles to the right. thought have been shirted a thousand miles to the right. Much of the rest of the world is following. Even in the universities, where it is certainly true that business and its methods have been regarded by many with contempt, the language of cost-cutting, revenue-raising, profitability, and good management is now and good management is now better understood. Professor Marsland's hope is that marsiand's nope is that "as a result of enquiry and discussion the teaching literature of sociology can be improved . ."

If that is the only methodology, fine. There is, however, a dis-tinct danger that some of the more enthusiastic high priests

of business-thought will try to use their influence over curriculs and textbook-buying, contracts, examinations.

Any improvement would be slight indeed if all we got was a mere corrective to anticapitalism. We still need answers to the simple question, "why?" Why do we want the price mechanism? Because it is good in itself? So that we price mechanism? Because it is good in itself? So that we can give to the less fortunate&. So that we can accumulate even more ourselves? In the absence of an ethical foundation we will have a philosophy as soulless as the forms of Marxism it is replacing. With no religion to fill the vacuum. no religion to fill the vacuum, that would make the planet a drear and dangerous place indeed.

*2 Melbury Road, Harrow, Middlesex HAS 9RA.

$(a_{i,j}^{(k)}, \frac{1}{2} a_{i,j} a_{i,j}^{(k)}, a_$ Trade wars and Japan

From Mr R. Rendall Nottingham Sir,—In your June 28 issue, Mr Yoshio Takeuchi, president port Authority, restated the equal national treatment policy of his authority (one of Japan's major public works projects), and went on to criticise rather severely foreign firms for not being sufficiently prepared, from a regulatory sa well as an operational viewpoint, effec-tively to compete with Japanese firms on a foreign participation

on the project.
The facts are different. Let me provide a case in point. My company, AIU Insurance, has a fully licensed branch office in Japan with over 2,000 employees, 70 offices, 40 years' experience in the country, and is a member company of American International Group, the world's largest international insurance company. When the Kansai project was announced and equity participation offered to the majorita metra. All the to the private sector, AIU sub-scribed. We were rejected. All Japanese national companies were granted a participation. No foreign companies were.

Now the insurance on the contract works phase one is being purchased. AIU has repeatedly requested a participa-tion on the schedule of insurers. at the same time as the Japan-ese insurance companies. None foreign companies. None to

In a recent meeting I had with Mr Takeuchi and his key exe-cutive staff in Osaki, it was carefully explained to me that none of this was the result of national discrimination, and that AIU's interest in future phases of the construction would be given every considera-

I hope other friends of Japan and Japanese internationalists will join with mo in trying to persuade distinguished Japan-ese public officials like Mr Takeuchi that rationales such as his of June 23 will not wash, and that the continued practice of trade discrimination, under whatever guise, can only be damaging to Japan's long-term interests. R. Kendall Nottingham. Chief executive officer,

The case for an

American International

Underwriters. 70, Pine Street, New York.

Alliance Party

From F. T. Pattinson Sir,—Mr F. S. Law's letter (July 10) "Disappointed by the SDP" should not pass unchal-

lenged.
As a founder member of the
Social Democratic Party I would say, in answer to Mr Law, it is impossible to overlook the fact that the electorate have turned paying wages in cash.

their backs on the SDP Liberal On January 31 1964 and

Letters to the Editor

structed, In the June 11 1987 election they, the electors, gave a very clear message to both parties. We do not like the two-headed, two-party approach to politics — united under one leader with one set of policies, then, we will give you our support. In view of this clear message,

it is my opinion, that it is imperative that the SIP and the Liberal Party merge into one. Incidentally, I would favour the name Alliance Party

F. T. Pattinson.

244, Barandon Walk, Kensington W11 1RU.

Tunnel vision.

From Mr L. D. Bennett

Sir,—I note with interest that the £4.6bn Eurotumnel when completed will hurtle traffic from England to France at up to 180 kilometres per hour—a total journey time of 20 minutes?

No! Recent publications expect 75 minutes between British motorway and French autoroute.

British motorway and French autoroute.

Therefore, do the British public realise that a wait of almost one hour is anticipated and that, in all likelihood, breakdowns and peak summertime demands will no doubt see an extension to this.

Why has a Ro-Ro train system been selected as an alternative to an expressway which native to an expressway which would allow similar speeds without, one would assume, the extensive delays? Furthermore, how is the £4on justified when, if my memory serves me correctly, it saves little if any time on existing routes across the Channel? L. D. Bennett. 7 Prince St,

Mosman, NSW. Australia

The wages of crime

From Mr M. E. Simons Sir,—The recent attempted south-east London wages robbery (one of many) and the terrible consequences calls for urgent preventive action to eliminate the stupid practice of naving wages in cash.

presently con- | again in January 1966 you pubin two general lished letters from me on this topic. "Instead of spending much effort and money on security, endangering the lives of those engaged in transporting cash, employees, employers and the banks should be doing more to eliminate the movements of large sums of money by encouraging was navneurs. by encouraging wage payments through banks."

Other points made were that gavings would also accrue be-cause banks would no longer have to marshal large amounts of one (itself a security visit) favour the name Alliance Party for such a merged party.

The consequences of a failure to reach agreement to form a new party from the SDP and Liberal parties are, I believe, perpetual Conservative / Tory governments, each one more obnoxious than its predecessor. Is this what the objectors to a merger want?

I would have to marshal large amounts of cash (itself a security risk) in anticipation of honouring wages departments' cheques; and that the disappearance of cash payments would eliminate one artificial difference between "staff" and "payroll."

It is ludicrous that with the prohieration of cash dispensers and a six-day service by building sheinting. proliferation of cash dispensers and a six-day service by build-ing societies and by a growing number of bank branches, that

police time is wasted providing protection for wages in transit to prevent avoidable crime at the expense of fighting violence against people, burglary, theft

Directors, administrators and union leaders must ensure urgently that employees are paid in a sensible manner which would incidentally cut costs. Shareholders should ressure themselves assure themselves on this matter, and insurance companies should impose swingeing premiums on wages cash in

Let us hope that there will be no need for you to publish yet again a letter on this topic 28 years hence.

Martin E. Simons 24 Granard Avenue, 5W15 6HJ

Fun that is not harmless

From Mr J. Claret Sir,—Carlcatures of engineers and accountants (Michael Dixon, July 1, and R. W. Mellor's letter, July 7) provide a great deal of amusement. I wish I could say "harmless" amusement but anything that lessens the trust that these two disciplines have for one another must be harmful. In an age where information

In an age where information technology and advanced manufacturing technology are answers to intense global competition, successful strategies, justification and implementation of change, management and monitoring of its effectiveness require all the management disciplines to work together.

together, Management know that they cannot afford Angus Hanton.
to present themselves as Giont Games Centre,
"abominable snowman." They 131 Roilton Road, SE24 OLT.

have to understand the technology, take part in strategy formation, communicate financial constraints and find ways

to remove them.

Members of this institute are in the thick of change in all kinds of organisation, particularly in modern manufactur-ing businesses where they work extremely closely with engineers and specialists of all

J. Claret The Chartered Institute of Management Accountants, 63, Portland Place, WIN 4AB.

Better off under the poll tax

From Mr A. B. Howkins Sir,—Here are some more figures for Joe Rogaly (July 11) to ponder over.

A two-adult household (this one) with a rateable value of £258.00 paying rates of £699.95. A community charge (estimated and allowing for the savagely vindictive rating policy of the local county council) of, perhaps, £300 each. A gain to this household of £39,95.

Although ours is an exceptional case, nevertheless it is tional case, nevertheless it is probably far from being unique. There must be a large number of similar households who will be better off under the proposed new system (though I should prefer total funding by central government) and something wrong with all the statistical tables. The fact is that arguments from averages are quite futile. intile.

A. B. Hawkins. 8 Caernarjon Close, Swannick, Derby.

On a very crossed line From Mr A. Hanton

Sir,—There is a tremendous wave of criticism building up in the country of British Telecom's service, or lack of it. Many small businesses are being strangled by BT's appalling service. It seems iniquitous to many users that BT makes vast profits around the clock while only providing a scant maintenance service until about 3 pm and almost never at weekends.

and almost never at weekends. But the real tragedy is that Telecom's watchdog is ineffective.

The BT monster appears to be strangling its own keeper, Oftel, the watchdog body. My experience was that on asking directory enquiries for the Oftel phone number I was told they had "never heard of it" Finding the number from another source, I dialled Oftel only to find it continually engaged. Does BT ration Oftel's lines? Finally I got through to Oftel at 4.45 pm but receive no reply. Quis custodiet ipsos custodes? Angus Hanton.

JULY ISSUE-TOP 500 -



If only they'd read The Banker, they'd have known which bank to approach

rangling with the wrong bank and who's run into trouble. can cost you more than a little interest. As the Dalton gang found out.

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Alan Friedman profiles the youthful technocrat chosen as premier-designate of Italy

Compromise candidate keeps cool in a crisis

HE STANDS a very good chance of becoming Italy's next prime minister. He is 43 years old (and would thus be the country's youngest ever premier), a self-deprecating Christian Demo-crat who comes from the Piedmontese town of Asti (best known for its spumantel. Since December 1982 he has been a prominent architect of Italian economic policy as Treasury Minister.

His name is Giovanni Goria, and until Monday evening, when he was unexpectedly sum-moned back to Rome by President Francesco Cossiga (from a holiday in Parma), no one would have said that this youthful and bearded "technocrat" with the movie star looks was about to be asked to form a government.
As recently as a week ago Mr

Goria is said to have confided to a friend that while his name was occasionally mentioned as a future prime minister, he boped that no one is thinking seriously about the idea." In-deed, the entire Italian politi-cal world was convinced up to the last minute that President Cossiga would ignore a pre-emptive veto from Socialist

seemed to be in a state of shock on Monday evening when he emerged from the president's office and told a throng of television reporters of the "high honour" which President Cossiga had bestowed upon him. Looking absolutely stunned he sighed heavily when asked if he had thought this honour likely. "No." replied the low-profile compromise candidate selected by President Cossiga to break the Impasse between Socialists and Christian Democrate and Christian Democrate (leader has been sounding dis-



Yesterday, the Socialists were

tinctly sour since President sending positive signals in the Cossiga decided to disregard direction of the handsome, but his own claim to the job and serather unexciting Mr Goria. lect Mr Goria. This is not the This evening the premier-desig-government we wanted, Mr De nate will complete his first Mita said, while other Christian round of consultations and, if Democrats spoke of a weak coemptive veto from Socialist round of consultations and, it Democrats spoke of a weak colleader Mr Bettino Craxi and ask all has gone well, he plans to alition emerging. The only consultation government before returning next Friday to be seemed to be in a state of shock Quirinals Palace with a list of as Mr Giulio Andreotti, named

> Mr Craxi, meanwhile, by all accounts reckons he has a tri-umph on his hands. The Craxi strategy now appears to be to enter into a coalition with Mr Goria's Christian Democrats and probably the three smaller parties of the collapsed coali-tion (Republicans, Social Demo-Although the prime ministerdesignate is a protege of Mr De
> Mita's, the Christian Democrat
> leader has been sounding dis-

GIOVANNI GORIA (left), Italy's prime minister-designate, who yesterday received conditional backing from the Socialist Party of Mr Bettino Craxi. In a speech to the party's national assembly, Mr Claudio Martelli, the deputy party secretary, who generally articulates Mr Craxi's views, said: The Socialists will not place any obstacles before Mr Goria. On the contrary, we are prepared to join a government coalition if the conditions are right'. Mr Martelli said that chief among these conditions would be a programme which included institutional reforms such as the abolition of the secret ballot in parliament and a high-profile economic policy. Despite these encouraging words, however, the Socialists are expected to insist on referendums about nuclear power and judicial reform.

aside, however, it seems that Mr Craxi sees plenty of potential for toppling the Goria govern-ment in the course of the next year, whether it be on the issue of referendings on nuclear pow-

government would have much

longevity.
Mr Goria entered parliament Mr Goria entered parliament in 1976 after a career in local politics in Asti and a stint as managing director of the local savings bank. He is an economics graduate, but self-effacingly calls himself "just an accountant who has become a politician".

Giovanni Goria has none of the bombast of a Craxi and none of the Machiavellian style of an

of the Machiavellian style of an of the machiavellian style of an Andreotti. Above all, he is an honest, hard-working team player with a reputation for keeping his calm in moments of crisis. his calm in moments of crisis.

Married, with two children, he has a modest flat in Asti and an equally modest villa in the country which he shares with his brother-in-law. He is described by friends as a connoisseur of wines and a fervent player of billiards.

player of billiards.

In Mr Goria's favour, aside from his youth, is his experience, gained in 4½ years as Treasury Minister, of economic, banking and international financial matters. He speaks little English and at meetings with the US Treasury Secretary Mr James Baker and other counternaris be sometimes answers in er and judicial reform or other parts he sometimes answers in

Mr Rino Formica, a leading
Socialist, whose brusque sarcasm often reflects the party's
real thinking, has commented
that Italy needs a solid government programme, a strong coalition and strong leadership.
With a Goria government he
foresaw "a weak programme, an
even weaker coalition and on
the subject of leadership I will
not pronounce".

French.

He has spoken often of the
need to cut Italy's runaway public budget deficit, but the Bank
of Italy is evidently not satisfied
that enough has been done by
that enough has continued to harangue anyone who will listen
on the need for cutting the defition the signs of encouragement from Mr Craxi are

even weaker coalition and on the subject of leadership I will not pronounce".

As for Mr Goria, he has said somewhat sheepishly that he hopes his government will not have a fixed expiry date. This is at odds with the view of most Italians who doubt that a Goria cit net of interest payments. Now, if the signs of encouragement from Mr Craxi are borne out by the Socialist leaders's actions, Mr Goria will have the chance to try and lead the cabinet for the first time. This stoods with the view of most Italians who doubt that a Goria

Honecker

The Securities and Investments Board's proposals for position risk capital requirements are supposed to be roughly in line with the current practices of large, sophisticated international securities houses. Its plans may look complicated, but the argument is that a simpler system would actually be more onerous. London Stock Exchange member firms could even find they need less capital to support equity trading, thanks to the diversification allowances proposed by SIB, However, it remains to be seen whether some of the secondline Eurobond houses will be so happy, especially in relation to happy, especially in relation to underwriting. And SIB did not appear to know yesterday whether the overall impact would be to increases capital requirements or not.

interest in the auction for MFL.
Stripping out excellent results from Dixons' financial and property divisions reveals that the main retail business man-aged a profits increase of only 20 per cent. based on volume gains of about 8 per cent. There appears to have been no im-provement in margins at all, but The position risk capital requirements are said to repre-sent a red rather than an amber sent a red rather than an amberlight; that is, a breach will require immediate correction,
and will not merely be the basis
for lengthy negotiation. Only
practical experience will show
exactly how tough the new regulators will prove but the majorprocessinties we late to the corthen the existing net margins of 8 per cent were in any case im-pressive. Dixons has several quite good reasons for not turn-ing in more retail growth; the ing in more retail growth; the previous year's profits contained the bulge of World Cup television sales, and the group had held back its own store development programme while it still had hopes for success in its bid for Woolworth.

This early in the year, the market is aiready pencilling in £150m as a realisable target for Dixons' next set of annual profuncertainties relate to the con-cept of lead monitor and the

THE LEX COLUMN

SIB sets out its

risk formula

prospect of regulatory muddle when the Bank of England and when the Bank of England and another body (usually the Securities Association) share responsibility for supervising mixed banking and securities groupings. Such a joint arrangement carries obvious risks of buck-passing should trouble develop. Nor does the three-monthly reporting requirement suggest the right degree of argency given that if problems develop they are likely to intensify very quickly. Dixons' next set of annual profits. That puts the shares on a multiple of just 15, a lower rating than dear old Boots, and no better than Harris Queensway, immured in the depressed furniture sector. Solid reliability seems to be the flavour in the retailing sector, while the erstability seems to be the flavour in the retailing sector, while the erstability sectors are the sectors and the sectors are the sectors and the sectors are the sectors and the sectors are the secto

Dixons Group

retailing sector, while the erri-while entrepreneurial favour-ities such as the Burton Group are now persona non grata. But in the case of Dixons this ostra-cism seems excessive. A dis-count rating for a sn ungeared company with above average earnings growth borders on the perverse. The bears have got Dixons
Group by the throat, and seem
disinclined to relax their grip.
While the stores sector itself
has been comprehensively derated-losing its premium to the
market for the first time since
the 1960s - Dixons has underperformed even its unfashionable rivals by over 12 per cent
over the past three months. Yesterday's announcement of a 31

while entrepreneurial fit
ites such as the Burton (
are now persona non gratic came seems excessive. A
count rating for a an unge
company with above ave
earnings growth borders of
perverse.

Small Companies
Small company share to

All-Share Index very closely, but it is now trailing the broader index by a remarkable 7.2 per cent over 3½ years. Technical factors like the different treatment of privatisation issues have explained some of the divergence, but underperformance by the big stocks is probably the main reason, certainly **Dixons Group** bly the main reason, certainly recently; the Footsie has dropped 1.84 per cent against the All-Share Index, with its 720-odd constituents, in 61/2 months since the turn of the

This trend has also been an embarrassment to some of the fund management groups using short-cut sampling techniques to run index funds. There is, it Dixons' blurting confession of seems no safe alternative to buying all the constituents. But buying all the constituents. But one fund manager's problem is another's opportunity. Phillips & Drew Fund Management has successfully launched a small company passive fund, pulling in £92m from pension funds to invest in an exempt unit trust covering nearly 400 stocks which comprise the bottom 6 per cent, by market capitalisation, of the All-Share Index.

This is not quite the same as investing in the very smallest companies, but PDFM evidently feels that its clients are more comfortable with All-Share constituents. If those clients had concentrated on a broad range of small companies since the beginning of the year they would have done spectacularly well. The Hoare Govett Small Companies Index achieved a total return of 56 per cent in the January-June half-year, which is 16 points better than recorded by the All-Share index. This is based on companies representing 10 per cent-of the UK equity market by capitalisation, say £40bn, PDFM is investing in the upper stratum of this group, worth around £24bn at present.

Finan

Finan

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Academic studies have shown that small company stocks consistently perform better in the long term. Over the past 30 years the HGSC Index would have outperformed by an average of 6 percentage points a year. Small companies, it seems, are more dynamic and get taken over more often than big companies; they go bust oncompanies, it companies, it is prices prices prices prices and the shares shed in the continuing rather embaring underperformance of the figures were hit between the eyes by phenomenance of the figures were hit between the eyes by an are more dynamic and get taken over more often than old companies; they go bust only slightly more frequently. Even so, the recent relative strength has been exceptional a sign, presumably, of the big money now chasing small companies. So details a sign, presumably, of the big money now chasing small companies.

Midland rejects offer for Greenwell

By David Lascelles, Banking Editor, in London

MIDLAND BANK last night re-jected an unsolicited offer for Greenwell Montagu, its institu-tional equities business. It did not identify the would-be buyer, which was widely believed to be Morgan Stanley, the Wall Street controversial

Morgan said that it did not comment on market rumours as a matter of policy.

a matter of policy.

In a message to the staff of Greenwell after the failure of the talks yesterday, Midland pledged its commitment to a Bank requirements on the major continuing interest in the equities market and implied that this lay behind its re-jection of the offer. A spokes-men said that price and Midland's wish to remain in the equities business had contributed to the decision.

It believed Greenwell could fit in with Midland's other equity operations around the world, on the Continent and in the Far East.
The bank last night also an-

nounced the appointment of Mr Rodolfo Bogni as executive deputy chairman of Greenwell Montagu. Mr Rogni is chief operat ing officer of Midland Montagu. the group's investment banking arm, and his appointment is clearly intended to instil a greater sense of strategic direction into the firm. He will be available 24 hours a day to assist Greenwell. the spokesman

However, the collapse of the deal was considered in the City last night to place a major question mark over Greenwell's fu ture. Members of the firm bad made no secret of their enthusiasm for a change of ownership that would have put them in a major US group with global aspirations, rather than part of a clearing bank whose commit-ment to the securities business

was being questioned.
It was thought likely that Midland would have to seek another buyer of comparable stature quite soon, or risk defections. But Midland said it is not actively looking for a purchaser. Greenwell, which employs about 230 people, was acquired by Midland Bank last year for the Big Bang deregulation.

UK securities firms expected to oppose capital adequacy rules

BRITISH regulatory bodies are to share the responsibility for monitoring the securities mar-kets activities of banks under an agreement announced yes-terday between the Bank of England and the Securities and Investments Board.

The SIB, announcing the accord, also published planned

ties firms, expected to prove controversial particularly among previously unregulated houses operating in the Lon-don-based international capital

amount of capital needed as a cushion against holdings of bonds, foreign currency and money market instruments. The Bank is due to publish its pro-posals at the end of next week. Several months of often heat-ed discussions between the Bank, the SIB, which has been designated as the umbrells investment regulatory authority,

of a new regulatory framework for London securities markets was prescribed in the 1986 Fi-nancial Services Act designed to protect investors. Although the SIB and the Se-

regulatory organisation for se-curities markets, have prime responsibility for policing securities trading firms, their roles clearly overlap with the Bank of England's supervision of banks.

Under the agreement, the se-curities bodies will be responsible for securities operations of banks if these are carried out by separately capitalised subsid-But the Bank will continue to

oversee all the operations of banks which carry out invest-ment business without having separate subsidiaries. The Bank will provide quarterly bills of health on such banks to the securities regulators.

Under the agreement, the Bank of England would be responsible for seeking further information from a bank if its and representatives of the large securities houses, have failed to quarterly reports gave concern. Worries about the financial po-

business equipment offset by gains in defence and space equipment production and ma-terials.

Private economists expect Gross National Product for the

second quarter, due out later this month, will show sluggish expansion of around 2.0 per

There are signs that con-sumption is sluggish and offi-cials have said that it could not be expected to provide much

forward momentum. Janet Bush writes from Lon-

don: The dollar ended sharply

lower in Europe yesterday as selling was triggered both by

the trade figures, which were regarded as disappointing, and by Admiral Poindexter's testi-

mony to Congress on the Iran affair.

Bank and the SIB and joint ac-

sank and the SIB and joint action could be agreed.

The SIB said its capital rules, when finalised, would not be flexible guidelines but will represent "a red light which must not be passed." The penalties will range from a ticking off to an order to suspend trading, at least in the offending area.

SIB officials said securities firms which take advantage of

firms which take advantage of nuclear disarmament moves, the more sophisticated methods seems likely to open a new for determining their capital re-chapter in ties between the two quirements will generally find that they face a lighter burden than under the present Stock Exchange rules which have long been in operation for UK equi-

tets.

There are expected to be strong protests from Eurobond trading firms, which are already operating amid intense competition, both about the day-to-day securities holdings and about the additional requirement for underwriting of new issues.

Superpowers' arms talks.

Clear approval of his travel plans by the Soviet leadership looks likely to herald a renewed effort by Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet leaders, to convince the West of the genuine nature of his reforms. Moscow thwarted an earlier plan by Mr Honeker to travel to West Germany. Announcement of the date, which follows closely the

to visit Bonn in September

German state. The impact on international It comes after several years of firms, however, will be much greater since they have never faced any capital constraints on their activities in the Eurobond and International equity markets.

date, which follows closely the official trip to the Soviet Union last week by Mr Richard von Weizsaecker, the West German president, underlines that Moscow now sees a clear advantage in footering in more distributed. tage in fostering improved links between the two halves of Ger-

many. In first reaction last night, his sister, Mrs Gertrud Hoppstaed-ter, who still lives in the house where she was brought up with her brother in the small Saar town of Wiebelskirchen, said the news was "good".

Leslie Colitt writes from Berlin:

Leslie Colitt writes from Berlin:
The visit was originally to have
been in September 1984 but was
called off by Mr Honecker under Soviet pressure. Moscow
did not want him to "reward" the
Bonn government after West
German approval for the deployment of US medium-range
missiles on its territory.
Officials in East Barlin sold

Officials in East Berlin said privately that the Soviet Union approved the visit because of the prospect of an agreement between Washington and Moscow to remove the medium range missiles stationed in East and West Germany and Cze-

resolve these differences. The latest proposals are key elements in the establishment sition of a bank would prompt close consultation between the **US trade deficit widens** by more than \$1bn

Continued from Page 1

Part of the deterioration was the result of higher oil im-ports, measured in both vol-ume and price terms, but manufactured imports were also higher in May compared with April and with the average for the first four months of the

Exports at \$20.4bn were also up in May compared with April
by 1.5 per cent - and when
compared with the first four
months of the year - by 6.8 per

Separately yesterday the Federal Reserve Board report-ed that industrial production rose only 0.2 per cent in June after rising 0.5 per cent in May. The report reflected output of șeveral major categories încluding consumer goods and

North Sea oil \$20 a barrel

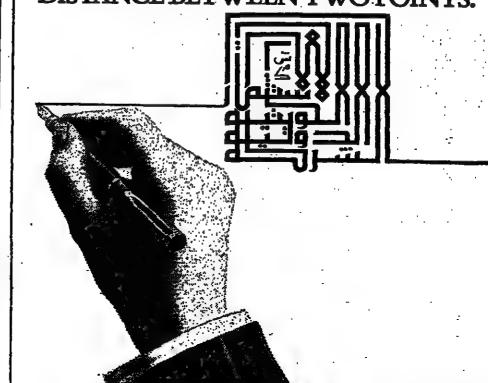
Tony Walker writes from Cairo: The US is further strengthening its naval deployment in the Indian Ocean as its warships pre-pare to begin escorting Kuwaiti tankers in the Gulf.

Four US naval vessels with 1,800 marines on board passed

Continued from Page 1 tankers under their flags. The subject was discussed at a meeting on Tuesday between Britain's ambassedor to Kuwait, Mr Peter Hincheliffe, and Kuwait's Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, Mr Saud Moham-mad al-Osaimi.

through the Suez Canal yesterday bound for the Indian Ocean. The task force was led by the helicopter carrier ship, USS Guadalcanal US officials are saying the ships will be involved in naval exercises in the

IN INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT, THIS IS OFTEN THE SHORTEST DISTANCE BETWEEN TWO POINTS.



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US may join Airbus project

EUROPEAN GOVERNMENTS craft powered by a revolution-backing the Airbus airliner ary prop-fan engine, he told the manufacturer will discuss in German newsagency DPA.

Britain and Spain - would meet in Munich in September, Mr Riedl said. September the possibility of McDonnell Douglas has alco-operation with McDonnell ready held talks with European
Douglas of the US, according to
the Bonn Economics Ministry.

Mr Erich Riedl, state secredriven aircraft for the 1990s. tary at the ministry, confirmed that "intensive" discussions the MD-91 and MD-92, are alwere under way between Airmed planned to enter service bus Industrie and McDonnell at the beginning of the 1990s, Douglas over possibly joining with industrial co-operation forces to build a "stretched" version of the parrow-body 150.sea. sion of the narrow-body 150-sea- Brazil.

ter A-320 Airbus.

Another possibility was joint bus from the governments conwork on building a smaller aircerned - France, West Germany.

in Munich in September, Mr

Mr Riedl was appointed in March as government 'co-ordi-nator' of West Germany's aerospace efforts at the request of Mr Franz Josef Strauss, chair man of the Bavarian Christian Social Union (CSU) and head of the supervisory board at Airbus Industrie.

Mr Riedl said Airbus Indus trie would probably need more money from the Bonn Govern-ment in 1988 because its sales were unprofitable on account of



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Prospects for career development within other of the bank's business areas are excellent. For further details, please contact Jon Michel or Philippa Dilley on 01-583 0073 (who can be reached outside office hours on 01-874 3891).

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INTERNATIONAL APPOINTMENTS

Career switch by leading executive of AMD

A CAREER SWITCH by Mr George Scalise, senior vice president at Advanced Micro Devices (AMD), the major US will deprive the US semiconductor industry of one of its most able political lobbyists at a time when critical industry issues are under consideration in Congress.

Mr Scalise, who announced last week that he was resigning his position at AMD to become president and chief executive of Maxtor, a California based maker of high capacity computer disk drives, has for the past two years devoted most of his time to championing the IIS. time to championing the US chipmakers cause in Washington. With his move to Maxtor, Mr Scalise will be forced to resign his Government relations activities on behalf of the semiconductor industry.

As chairman of the Public As chairman of the Public Policy Committee of the Semi-conductor Industry Association, Mr Scalise was heavily involved in representing the US chipmakers' views during the negotiation that led up to the signing of the US-Japanese semiconductor trade agreement last weer Recentiv he has last year. Recently, he has worked to raise Government funding for "Sematech," a pro-posed semiconductor industry co-operative manufacturing ven-



move which deprives the US semi-conductor industry of one of its most able political lobbyists

US chipmakers are seeking \$750m in Government funds for Sematech, a six-year project aimed at recapturing the lead in semiconductor manufactur-ing technology from Japanese competitors.

The US industry began its formal efforts to raise Sema-tech funding in May, and several bills containing funding proposals are currently under consideration in Congress.

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Tessa Taylor

A veteran of the semi-conductor industry, Mr Scalise had been with AMD for 14 nad oven with AMD for 12 years, most recently as senior vice-president of government and industry affairs. For the past six months, Mr Scalise has also been an outside director of Maxtor, a growing disk drive

At Maxtor, Mr Scalise will At Maxtor, Mr Scalise will take over responsibility for day-to-day operations from Mr James McCoy, the company founder, who is to remain chairman of the company. According to Mr McCoy, Mr Scalise's move was in part motivated by a desire to take up a post in operations.

Semiconductor industry analysts note, however, that AMD is about to acquire Mono-lithic Memories, a smaller US chip manufacturer. The acquisi-tion will result in duplication of several management positions,

MORGAN STANLEY Group, the US banking house, has announced that Mr Mario Malt has joined the firm to head its Japanese equity sales operations in the UK and Europe. He has been appointed an executive director of Morgan Stanley International.

Mr Malt previously served with Jardine Fleming as a man-ager and director of its Tokyo office. He transferred to Jardine Fleming in Tokyo in 1983.

Sikorsky in light helicopter job change

UNITED TECHNOLOGIES of Hartford, Ct, and the Boeing Company of the US, have announced that Mr Robert Zincone, president of Sikorsky Aircraft has been elected president of the Boeing Sikorsky LHX (light helicopter experimental) joint venture. United Technologies has also announced that Mr Eugene Buckley, currently executive vice president of Sikorsky, has become Sikorsky president, become Sikorsky president succeeding Mr Zincone The change is associated with the US Army's LHX pro-gramme.

Technology step at Rohr

ROHR INDUSTRIES, the Californian aircraft concern, has appointed Mr John W. Sandford appointed ar John W. Sandrott (53), senior vice president, pro-grammes and technology. He is to take responsibility for em-gineering, technology develop-ment, customer suppport, busi-ness development, and pro-gramme and contract manage-

ment. He is to join Rohr on Monday.

Mr Sandford succeeds Mr G.

(Don) Sim, who last month became vice chairman of the Rohr board, with primary responsibility for the second street or the second street. ity for the company's external

Long-awaited move at top of AWA

AMALGAMATED WIRELESS Australasia (AWA), the broadcasting, electronics and communications company which recently discovered foreign exchange losses of up to A\$30m (US\$21m), has announced the long-awaited appointment of a new managing director.

The job is to be taken by Dr Peter Crawford, aged 47, who for the past four years has been managing director of the Metropolitan Water Sewerage and Drainage Board in Sydney. He starts work at the end of August.

June.

At the time it published its December profits the company indicated that about one-third of the pre-tax figure was due to foreign exchange gains and that it had developed a profit centre ment.

The failure by the company and its auditors to discover sooner that there had also been convertible there had also been convertible to the foreign exchange management.

According to Mr John Hooke, chairman and chief executive, the appointment follows a 12month search and is part of a new business development strategy worked out with the help of McKinsey, the US-based business consultants.

This will concentrate AWA's activities in the areas where it excels. "These are primarily high technology entrepreneurial sectors, and it is our objective to become world leaders in selected markets," Mr Hooke

AWA is going through a criti-cal phase following its embar-rassing announcement earlier this month that its pre-tax pro-fit of A\$30m for the six months to last December may have been overstated.

The overstatement arose, the company says, out of losses on foreign exchange transactions

ment.
The failure by the company and its auditors to discover sooner that there had also been speculative losses in the currency markets has inevitably aroused criticism.

A full sudit is now under way, but AWA has already said the losses should not avoid the losses should not avoid.

the losses should not exceed A\$30m.

Mr Francois B. Larsen has been appointed general manager and managing director of Chemical New York Capital Market Corporation, the securities subsidiary of the New York banking house in Geneva,

Mr Larsen succeeds the in-terim general manager and managing director. Mr Janharm Musters, who is to return to his post as chief operating officer for Chemical Bank Interna-

tional Ltd in London.

Mr Larsen was directeuredjoint of Chemical New York
Capital Market Corporation
from 1984 until 1987 when he
resigned.

Accountancy Appointments

Financial Controller

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High Tech Electronics

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first class. J.A. Thomas, Hoggett Bowers plc, 7 Lisbon Square, LKEDS, LS1 4LZ, 0522 448691. Ref: L13029/FT

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profile expansionist plc. A rare and exciting opportunity has arisen for an profile expansionist pic. A rare and exciting opportunity has arisen for an experienced, well qualified, commercially aware accountant who, reporting to the Managing Director, will take full responsibility for all accounting matters with specific involvement for overseeing the successful implementation of a new computerised accounting administration system. Agad around 40, candidates will probably have a background in retail, wholesale, mail order or brokerage with a successful track record in a multi-product organisation being essential. Regular travel to the Company's regional depots with limited overseas travel is envisaged. Salary will not be a limiting factor for high calibre applicants.

calibre applicants. K. Millar, Hoggett Bowers plc, 7 Lisbon Square, LEEDS, LS1 4LZ, 2532 445661. Raf: L16006/FT

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Partnership Secretary/ Financial Controller

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provision of management information for the partners * system
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opportunities for the practice to entry, thus creating both organic and dynamic growth.

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As a result of promotion for the present post holder we wish to appoint a newly qualified accountant with taxation experience who wishes to make a significant career move.

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SENIOR MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTANT/ MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTANT

£ negotiable + car + petrol

Applicants should be of degree level and at least part qualified with a minimum of 3 years' management accounting experience. Computerised accounting, Wizard, PC spreadsheet modelling will be called for. Familiarity with American accounting standards and knowledge of budgeting and forecasts would be an advantage.

We offer high negotiable salaries enhanced by an attractive benefits package as one would expect from a major international company,

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Our client, the subsidiary of an American independent oil and gas company, is active in the exploration and development of energy reserves both in the North Sea and in international locations.

As a result of reorganisation at the UK Head Office, the need has arisen to appoint a Financial Accountant within the Controller's department. This is an important post within a small department and responsibilities will include preparation of financial information and contributing to systems development.

Suitable applicants will be recently qualified Accountants, preferably Chartered, with experience of accounts preparation. Post qualification experience outside the profession is also desirable, as is familiarity with PC's.

Candidates should possess strong communications skills and man management potential, be self motivated and able to demonstrate a flexible and innovative approach to their work. Written applications, enclosing an up-to-date CV should be submitted to Eric Sutton or Pippa Curtis, Douglas Llambias Associates Limited, 410 Strand, London WC2R ONS, quoting reference number 7812.

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for this position.

construction industry and

its construction division.

developing property group is seeking a financial controller for



The ideal candidate will be an

individual aged 28-40, hold a recognised accountancy

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Career prospects are excellent

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also in the overall group context.

Relocation expenses will be

paid, where applicable, to the

Group's Headquarters in the

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& Associates, Phoenix House,

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M2 4JF, quoting Reference FT/4002.

Northern Home Counties.

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construction industry.

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Against this background, we are seeking a qualified accountant whose abilities extend far beyond the traditional accounting functions - although these will form part of the job. More importantly, there will be a degree of flexibility which is still rare in most large organisations and for the right candidate this will provide positive advantages of autonomy, variety and exposure to all parts of the business from Operator to Board level.

Your skills will need to be equally flexible in order to tackle both financial and management accounting disciplines, an important treasury function and the appraisal and presentation of the financial aspects of departmental and corporate business plans - again at every level. All systems are fully computerised.

This is currently a number two position to the Divisional Head of Finance and will therefore appeal to a young man or woman whose ambitions lie in international manufacturing industry. Some travel will be involved, including the U.S. The position is based in the Welsh M4 comidor with easy access to Cardiff and surrounding

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Financial Controller FINANCIAL CONTROLLER A new role in Financial Services Construction and Building Industry

Birmingham

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and management reporting and control but also the key aspects of the management of clients funds, optimising short-term investment opportunities and ensuring statutory compliance. In a business where the service is itself about money management, you will additionally be expected to play a significant part in the development and on-going management of the operational systems of the company.

We are seeking qualified accountants (preferably ACA's) now in their thirties who, in

addition to their technical capabilities can show an ability to develop the function in a high growth environment. The person we are keen to attract will be able to contribute fully to the business decision making process whilst at the same time providing firm control over all finance administration and money matters.

A background in financial services is not essential although undoubtedly helpful.

The very attractive employment terms include a strong financial incentive in addition to salary. Career prospects are excellent with the potential to move to more corporate roles as the group adds other financial services elements to the initial business.



Reporting to the Chief Executive, you will be responsible for the development and implementation of all the systems and controls that will underpin the financial management of the business. This will include not only the classic elements of financial

Applicants of either sex should apply in confidence to Michael Johnson on (0962) 53319 (24-hour service) or write to Johnson Wilson & Partners, Clarendon House, Hyde Street, Winchester, Hampshire SO23 7DX quoting ref. 766.

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Chartered Accountants

Management Consultancy Division

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FINANCE DIRECTOR

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Salary and benefits, will be by regotiation, but the package will be of the position.

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Financial Times Thursday July 16 1987

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Lafferty Publications is looking for a senior specialist in accounting information to provide editorial direction and management for its group of accounting publications—The Accountant, Inter-national Accounting Bulletin and Bank Accounting

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Peter Sabine — Publisher LAFFERTY FURLICATIONS LIMITED 2 Pear Tree Court, London EC1R 0DS 01-251 5545

Financial controller

Property developments London



Our client, a leading property company, listed on the Stock Exchange, is one of the most dynamic and entrepreneurial in its field and has experienced rapid growth in its business and in the size and scope of its projects, which include some of the largest in the UK and Europe.

This expansion is such that a Financial Controller is now required to handle all the financial control and management information for the group.

Candidates are fixely to be in their 30s, qualified accountants with broad experience. A period in the property sector would be an advantage. Essential are strong team management skills developed in a fast moving and entrepreneurial environment. Familiarity with up-to-date information Technology developments would be an

Remuneration is negotiable depending on experience but is unlikely to be a bar to the right candidate and reflects the crucial importance the company attaches to

Résumés, including a daytime telephone number, to Daphne Silvester, quoting

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Young Chief Accountant

c.£20,000 + bonus + carCentral London

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personnel both inside and outside of the company,

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FINANCE DIRECTOR

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Please reply In confidence giving concise career, personal and salary details and quoting ref: L252, to Heather Male, Slade Consulting Group (UK) Ltd., 58 St. James's Street, London SW1A 1LD. Tel:

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Mr. F. Howard, Group Personnel Manager,

BBA Group PLC, PO Box 20, Whitechapel Road, Cleckheaton, West Yorkshire BD196HP.

PLC

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The remuneration package will be in the range of £17,500 to £25,000 but tailored to the skills and experience of the successful candidates. Please telephone Ken Taylor on 01-831 2345 or write

to him enclosing your career details. Moores & Rowland, Chartered Accountants,

Clifford's Inn, Fetter Lane, London EC4A IAS. MOORES ROWLAND

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verification of control features in relation to new and amended computer systems

review of integrity controls relating to the D.P. functions development of computer interrogation techniques.

pplicants should ideally already be working in a D.P. or computer audit environment. Familiantly with DEC.
BM systems would be an added advantage. Good communication skills, enthusiasm and the ability to get
1 with people are essential.

This position will meet the career aspirations of a skilled professional and will offer invaluable experience of the financial services industry. The remuneration package is excellent and, in addition to a competitive salary, includes company car, mortgage subsidy and comprehensive relocation assistance if appropriate, Applicants who believe they have the ability to meet our requirements are invited to write to the address below with brief

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Salary is negotiable up to circa £20,000 plus benefits including relocation where appropriate.

Please send a comprehensive career résumé, including daytime telephone number, quoting reference 2809/KM to Richard Bulgin, Executive Selection Division, or telephone for an application form. .

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Finance Director

West London

c£25,000 + bonus + car

Our client is a highly profitable service and manufacturing company, turnover effim, that has recently been acquired by a rapidly expanding and substantial plc. The company is now going through a period of significant modernisation. and the newly appointed Chief Executive seeks to strengthen financial and general management controls

A Finance Director is now sought to effect these changes which will have a major emphasis on the total automation/ computerisation of management information across all disciplines of the business. The role will require the individual to be part of the senior management team in implementing future strategy and expansion of the

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Hasponsible to the Trustees for the administration of three pension funds, with total assets in excess of \$200m. The Manager will be able to recommend benefit design and new policies to the Trustees and to implement them as appropriate. There will be regular contact with advisers, actuaries, members and pensioners. A relevant PMI qualification and several years experience in a similar role are essential requirements.

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c. £25,000

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Please write or telephone enclosing full resumé quoting ref: 138 to:-Philip Cartwright FCMA, 97 Jermyn Street, London SW1Y 6JE

Cartwright

FINANCIAL SELECTION AND SEARCH

Company Secretary

(designate)

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Insurance Company: W.C.2 c£17,000/Car/Assisted Mortgage

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Kensington

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Reporting to the Group Financial Controller, the successful candidate will be responsible for the total management accounting function including budgeting, forecasting, future planning and a wide range of ad hoc projects.

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All applications will be forwarded direct to our client. Please indicate in a covering letter any firms to whom you do not wish to apply.

Please send a comprehensive career résumé, including salary history and day-time telephone number, quoting ref: 2808 to Mrs M Shaw, Executive Selection Division.

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£23,000 + 2.5 litre car

of costing systems is required.

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Financial

Controller

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The Chairman, Stonefield, Knight Road, Strood, Rochester, Kent ME2 2AT.

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Please write, enclosing full curriculum vitae, to:
G. R. Silver, The Autex Group Limited
Autex Hense, Milton Avenue, Creydon, Surrey CES 2RP

Financial Controller (FINANCIAL DIRECTOR DESIGNATE)

LONDON

Kent

Earnings c. £25,000+car

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Reporting to the Managing Director, the Financial Controller will be expected to provide prompt financial and management accounts, exercise tight but tactful credit control, develop existing computerised information systems and make a significant contribution to management decisions. Candidates should be profit orientated accountants aged 27-32 with experience of managing an accounts department in a firm serving large number of demanding customers. They must be welf disciplined, practical, hands-on professionals with the determination, enthusiasm and commitment

The remuneration package includes basic salary, profit sharing, car, pension, private medical insurance and a staff purchase scheme.

Please send a comprehensive or including salary history and daytime telephone number to:

R. A. Hartk CHARLES HAMMOND LTD 2a Betterma Park Road, London SW8 581

Financial Controller/ **Company Secretary**

Formed in 1965, my client services the chemical petroleum and liquefied gas industries on Teesside, at the heart of the North East's vast petrochemical region. The Company is highly successful, dedicated to maintaining its position as a leader in the chemical storage industry.

The successful candidate will undertake Financial and Administrative

The successful candidate will undertake Financial and Administrative control as well as Company Secretarial duties. The Company is highly computerised, and there will be considerable involvement in the further development of such in conjunction with the DP Manager.

Applicants should be Cost and Management Accountants, probably aged 35 +. Experience in a smaller industrial or commercial environment which has encouraged broader involvement in company operations would be useful. A strong interest in and knowledge of DP operations is essential, and the Company place a high priority on dynamism, creativity and professionalism. Remuneration will be commensurate with the importance of this key role. Relocation assistance will be available if appropriate.

Please send CV to fill Mcintyre, Management Selection, PER, Centro House, Cloth Market, Newcastle upon Tyne, NET 3EE.

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PER Management Selection

Group Personal Tax Adviser **GIBRALTAR**

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The group wishes to recruit a senior, experienced Personal Tax Adviser who has had hands on experience in a major financial institution, a public accountacy practice or a financial services organisation on the tax planning side. The Adviser will have a thorough understanding of the UK tax system, especially the treatment of non-resident but still UK domiciled individuals. This should cover both a knowledge of the law and practical aspects of dealing with the Revenue. Other key elements of the role will be to:

- Liaise with the company's Spanish compliance offices;
- Develop a working knowledge of the Spanish tax
- Develop and maintain contact with associate tax advisers in other countries for specialist local advice to non-British expatriates;
- Advise the Board on the timing of establishment of local compliance offices in other European countries; Keep abreast of developments in personal tax systems throughout the world and alert the board team to all new tax-orientated marketing opportunities.

The successful candidate will be qualified ACA or ATLI, or possibly a Barrister from tax chambers, aged between 30 and 35. The remuneration package will be attractive and reflect the inportance of the position. Some fluency, preferably in Spanish or one other European language, would be an advantage.

Please send a detailed c.u. or telephone in confidence to:

Roger Meldrum JSP SELECTION CONSULTANTS 10 Haymarket, London SWIY 4BP Telephone: 01-930 3901

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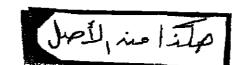
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In addition to your salary and your company car, you will be in an excellent position to benefit from the anticipated growth of the company. So, if you have the professional and personal skills to control a complete accounting function, send your C.V. to: ritan's Largest Executive Recruitment Consultancy



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This is a critical role which involves working closely with the senior management of the Bank so that complex accounting requirements can be translated into effective

The rewards reflect the level of responsibility - an excellent salary, car, results driven bonus and a complete range of financial sector benefits.

To apply, please write with your full C.V. quoting ref. 105 to Stephen Garlick, Michael Page Partnership, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 51.H.

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Your background should also include

This is a rare opportunity for an experienced business/ financial analyst to play an influential role in the continued development of successful engineering companies in Great Britain with over 30 associate companies throughout the

world and its Headquarters in Vienna.

This newly created position includes responsibility for cost and financial analysis, planning, and management accounting. The introduction and establishment of efficient cost control and financial analysis systems is a key task, together with the development of routine reporting systems. Essential qualifications are a good degree in

Economics and Business Management with a sound grasp of accountancy procedures gained in manufacturing industries. The ideal age is mid

Birmingham

30's and business experience must have been gained in thoroughly analysing project and business costs from basic contact at shop floor level to ultimately reporting at Board level. This position will appeal to enthusiastic, imaginative candidates who can demonstrate their commitment to

implementing new systems and procedures, and who possess the understanding and commercial sense to advise on and participate in the basic decisions of the business. Prospects for short term advancement to a Board position are excellent.

and in addition to a negotiable salary, assistance with relocation costs will be provided, where appropriate.

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Phillips & Drew is a major force in the international securities market. With offices in London, New York and Tokyo, the company, a subsidiary of the Union Bank of Switzerland group, is highly regarded and is growing rapidly throughout its operations.

The company now wishes to strengthen its financial function through the recruitment of several young accountants. Based in London each will be given the opportunity to make a considerable contribution - through the interpretation and analysis of information, the development of systems and procedures, and the determination of product and service profitability.

The exposure within the organisation and the continuing growth will provide excellent opportunities for career development in the finance function or other areas of the company.

In their mid 20s, applicants should be newly/recently qualified accountants (ACA/ACMA), ideally with a knowledge of the finance sector.

Please write, quoting reference H/626/JF, enclosing a career/salary history and daytime telephone number, to David Hogg FCA at

> Lloyd Management, 125 High Holborn, Landon WC1V 6QA

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Treasury Dealer/Administrator

c£15,000

Our client is a substantial UK-based industrial group with over 70 subsidiaries worldwide. Following a major re-structuring of its activities, the Group is ideally placed to sustain rapid growth in all market

London

An exciting opportunity exists for a Dealer/Administrator to join the Group's Corporate Treasury team. You will assume responsibility for all day to day dealing in sterling and foreign exchange together with the associated administration and related accounting records.

You will be expected to design and introduce cash forecasting procedures and assist with treasury systems selection and implementation.

If you are in your mid 20's and already have relevant dealing experience, but are keen to develop a career in corporate treasury, please write to Barry A. Ollier ACA, enclosing a comprehensive C.V. and daytime telephone number at 39-41 Parker Street, London

WC2B 5LH, quoting ref no 432.

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accountant with broad business horizons: secure your future with a Fortune 500 corporation as: Luropean

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Internal Auditor to c£23.000 + car UK-based

Reporting to the European Audit Manager (whose office is in Holland) your role will be to guide and assist your colleagues in business, financial, manufacturing, marketing and sales management throughout Europe to achieve efficiencies and longterm business success through the maintenance of a corporate culture which is dedicated to growing the

- participating in the planning of the European audit strategy.
- performing operational (c 70% of time) and financial (c 30%) audits
- identifying and reporting on opportunities to leverage profitability/meet perceived threats to operating effectiveness.

Probably 28-plus; ICMA or perhaps ACCA or equivalent and maybe with a business studies qualification; 5-10 years' experience - mostly of wholly gained in leading-edge manufacturing . companies; with a domestic base which enables you to travel extensively in the UK and elsewhere in Europe - you'll relish new challenges and thrive in this high profile role. Write now with succinct relevant career summary and salary statement, or telephone Roger Stephens/Ann Judge for a brief initial discussion. Ref. 8736.

Roger Stephens & Associates

Management - Search - Selection Chequers Hoose, 1-3 Park Street, Old Hatfield, Herrs AL9 5AT. Telephone: 07072 75361/2.

N. LONDON

A major service organisation with a highly visible nationwide network of operation, having reached a particularly interesting stage in its development, has identified the need for a suitable qualified accountant (aged up to 50 years). The initial brief is to optimise financial control and the underlying systems of recording

Incurrent oner is to optimise imancial control and the underlying systems of recording accounting and management data within a developing computerised environment. Thus, detailed knowledge of statutory requirements gained in a high profile organisation is called for. Additionally, experience should cover computer systems and you must be able to demonstrate successful man-management skills plus the personality to deal with both internal and external contacts at the highest level. The position offers substantial challenge now and planned expansion will ensure continued interest in the longer term. Benefits are attractive and appropriate relocation expenses will be met.

Please write with full CV and daytime telephone number to Patrick Donnelly, quoting reference FT/010. PD Consultants, 314/316 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London SW1V 1AA. Tel: 01-828 2275.

Financial Director

(Designate)

This leading and rapidly expanding group of companies provides a wide range of professional construction industry related services to clients in the UK and abroad. Based on their unequalled reputation for a professional and personal service, the group has established a highly presideous client portfolio and is now poised for even greater of the professional and personal service.

has established a highly presugious client portion and is now possed for even greater success.

Central to their plans is the appointment of a Financial Director (Designate) who, reporting to the Chairman, will be responsible for all financial matters. You must be a Chartered Accountant with previous experience in a similar capacity either in a professional firm or with a company in the construction industry. You will have a pleasant and tactful manner and will be expected to be committed to and make a positive contribution towards the continuing expansion of the group. The importance of this position is reflected in the remuneration package on offer, including a salary circa £30,000. Company car and other benefits.

On the satisfactory completion of a probationary period, a main board Directorship will be offered.

ne omerea. To apply send full CV to: Richard Zaborski, Recruitment Manager, PER, Rex House, 4-12 Regent Street, London SW1Y 4PP.

GROUP FINANCE MANAGER

London

c£30.000 + Car

Our client is a major international leisure group which is now seeking to strengthen its central finance function.

Responsibilities, encompassing both financial and management accounting, will include period and statutory reporting, budgets and forecasts, systems development and commercial guidance and will also involve a close liaison with the international tax and treasury

Candidates will be qualified accountants aged around 30 with considerable post qualification experience at the centre of a substantial group. They will also possess strong analytical, communication and commercial skills.

Please reply in confidence with a comprehensive curriculum vitae including details of current remuneration and a daytime telephone number to D. E. SHRIBMAN.

THE COMPLETE FINANCIAL SELECTION SERVICE Vernon House, Sicilian Avenue, London WC1A 2QH. Tel: 01-831 2323



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to c£23,000 package

One of the mose successful Oil and Gas corporations (UK 8. Worldwide) with virtually continuous expansion over many years is now proceeding with a new £100m+ long term development which necessitates the recruitment of a number of qualified (ACA, CACA, CIMA) accountants for their Central London H/O.

Specific responsibilities differ with each position but all are geared to Financial and Management Accountants with a proven track record of success and who seek varied, stimulating, career positions with good training facilities and first

Highly actractive benefits include non-contrib, pension, private in diral plan, share scheme, relocation, and free lunches. For Tull details of these challenging positions pieces phone or write to KIERAN BEST or NICK KEEN

01-734 4836 Grafton House, 2-3 Golden Square, London WIR 3AD

COMMERCIAL DIRECTOR

TO THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

PER Management Selection'

Central London

Circa £30,000

Our client, a subeldiary of a substantial and growing market leader, turns over a profitable £15M in fineg. We seek a Commercial Director, reporting to the Managing Director, to administer the company and to take a major part in madeting and business development.

a ne successful candidate will have a background in trading of possibly in the leisure industry. He or she will probably be an accountant and will certainly have commercial and managerial experience outside the purely financial function. Some sales experience would be a bonus. Computer thator, see seential, as are excellent communication skills and entrepreneurial flair—backed by a systematic approach to problem-solving.

Age indicator 35-45. The successful candidate will have a background in trading or

3i Consultants Ltd Human Resources Division Salary negotiable to £30K. Caz. Pension. Life and medical Insurance. Profits-related

Central London

For further information and an application form please telephone Windsor (6753) 867175 (24 hrs) or write with full details to David Mackintosh, Director – Hurran Resources Division, 31 Consultants Ltd, 8 High Street, Windsor, Berks SL4 1LD. Please quote ref DM/690.



INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT CHIEF ACCOUNTANT FUNDS

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Guinness Flight Global Asset Management Limited is a new company formed as part of the reorganisation of the investment activities of Guinness Mahon & Co. Limited. The company has an acknowledged reputation in several areas of global asset management and is particularly well known for its Managed Currency Funds, handling over 40% of that market sector. The new organisation also includes Guinness Mahon Fund Managers (Guernsey) Limited with over 50 employees.

We are looking for a Chief Accountant Funds for the Guernsey companies to be responsible for the accounting and valuation functions for offshore funds valued in excess of \$500 million.

You should be fully qualified, aged between 25-35 with the relevant stamina, enthusiasm and financial skills to handle a job which is demanding because of the rapid pace of expansion currently being enjoyed by the business. Experience of the unit trust or offshore mutual fund industry would be desirable.

Moderately priced housing is available, and Guernsey Income Tax is 20%. We would be particularly interested to hear from candidates with Guernsey residential status.

Please reply in writing with a full C.V. to:

Veronica Burwood, Personnel Manager, Guinness Filght Global Asset Management Limited, 32 St. Mary at Hill, London EC3P 3AJ.

Financial Controller

West Yorkshire

to £23,000 + Car

Our client is a £40 million turnover autonomous subsidiary of a highly successful multinational, engaged in the design, manufacture and worldwide distribution of high quality engineered products for the aerospace and related industrial markets.

They seek to recruit a Financial Controller who, reporting to the Managing Director, will be totally responsible for the management and further development of the finance and data processing functions. In addition the individual will be expected to make a significant contribution. to the overall commercial management of the

The successful candidate, aged 35+, will be a qualified accountant (ACA, CACA, CIMA) with in-depth experience of financial management gained in a similar computerised manufacturing environment. Applicants must be able to demonstrate a high degree of commercial awareness in addition to the ability to thrive in a role requiring a direct "hands on" approach. Prospects within the group are excellent.

Interested applicants should write to Paul Kinsey, quoting ref. L8348, at Michael Page Partnership, Leigh House, 28-32 St. Paul's Street, Leeds LS1 2PX. (Tel: 0532 450212).

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International Role For Ambitious Young CA/CCA/CMA

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Thames Valley & some w'wide travel

Package c. £26,000

Our client is one of the world's leading consumer goods groups. Their success in the International market place is based on innovative product development, aggressive marketing, and a highly professional management approach in which the finance function plays a central pro-active role.

Based at their International headquarters, you will be a key member of a small specialist team reporting to the Finance Director. Your wide-ranging brief will include conducting business, financial and operational reviews, acquisitions and profitability studies, as well as involvement in a variety of problem-solving projects. This will involve working alongside Senior Management of operating subsidiaries, and you may expect to spend 15-20% of your time out of the U.K. visiting overseas

companies. You will also be responsible for the accurate reporting, analysis and interpretation of financial performance, and the preparation of forecasts, budgets and

For this challenging financial management role, which offers early responsibility, genuine involvement in business decision making, and excellent career prospects, we are seeking a young accountant (25-29) currently working either in commerce or the profession, who, in addition to excellent personal qualities, can offer some relevant investigative, commercial or analytical experience.

For a detailed confidential discussion, call Neil Wax on 01-387 5400 (out of hours on 0923 243033) or write with full c.v. to:—

DRAYTON HOUSE, GORDON STREET, BLOOMSBURY, LONDON WC1H OAN TELEPHONE: 01-387 5400

FINANCE DIRECTOR

Well established manufacturing based company

Up to £25,000 + car

South Wales

Our client company, flagship of a successful multi-million pound group, manufactures and markets a broad range of specialised products which have led their own particular field for over a century. The company's successful history combines with enormous enthusiasm about the product to create a highly motivated working environment. Ideal candidates for the vacant Finance Director position will be qualified Accountants (probably ACMA), in their thirties, currently working within a group that operates highly structured centralised financial reporting systems. Nevertheless, they will have a clear understanding of their structured centralised financial reporting systems. Nevertheless, they will have a clear understanding of their role as financial advisor to an autonomous Managing Director. Strong financial systems orientation is a must, standard costing experience—and the shop floor awareness it creates—is highly desirable and previous exposure to MoD contract/tender work would be an added bonus. Our requirement for the full gamut of experience does not disguise the fact that we are looking for a distinct personality—strong enough to take full responsibility for the financial function with a dotted nice to the centre but always aware that prime responsibility is to the local management team. Set in the midst of an attractive rural area, the unit is well placed to allow city or country lifestyle. The group's reputation for internal promotion across its subsidiary companies offers positive career potential. Please send full career details to Terry Ward, quoting reference LI 7151.

13/14 Hanover Street, London W1R 9HG. Telephone 01-493 5788.

Link International Search & Selection Ltd. --1 0 B B C 10 C5 7

Financial Controller

Newport, Gwent to £30K + car

Operating in a truly international business, INMOS is a world leader in the microelectronics industry. With state-of-the-art products and innovative designs, worldwide revenues are projected to exceed \$100m this year, with significant growth in the future.

We now seek a Financial Controller to assume overall responsibility for the finance function of the UK operations which include the group's principal manufacturing operations.

group's principal manufacturing operations, Microcomputer Design Centre and European and Japanese sales offices.

In addition to maintaining all financial records, you will be responsible for providing all the financial information required to manage the

business in a dynamic and highly competitive *environment*.

(51)()m

Allen's

You must be a qualified accountant (ACA or ACMA) with good post qualification experience in industry, preferably in a fast-moving manufacturing environment.

Salary is negotiable within the region of £25k to £30k and is supported by a generous range of benefits including relocation.

If you believe you have the right degree of commitment and flexibility to thrive in this constantly developing market please send your

constantly developing market, please send your full cv to: Jacqui Porter, Personnel Manager, INMOS Limited, 1000 Aztec West, Almondsbury, Bristol BS12 4SQ. Tel: (0454) 616616.



FINANCIAL CONTROLLER TO \$25,000 + CAR

Sustained growth and demand for the services of a successful national multi-branch PLC has resulted in the creation of new opportunities within the Group. To meet their expansion plans, the company now seeks an ambitious qualified Accountant with three years' experience and record of achievement (preferably

The primary purpose of this position is to direct and control the financial, management accounting, treasury and payments function.

in the service sector).

The position offers the prospect to play a vital and decisive role in the future of

Contact, in confidence, Beverley Blanchard on 01-549 0031. Reed Accountancy, 22 Thames Street, Kingston, Surrey.

YOUNG QUALIFIED

WITH A HANDS-ON COMMERCIAL APPROACH c£20,000 + Bonus + Benefits + Car

Our client is a profitable subsidiary of an internationally owned but UK based industrial holding company, it is a short haut operator providing shipping services from Europe to mainland UK. Although relatively small (I/O several million), its intention now is to diversity and extend operations - creating an exciting new phase of development opportunities. To meet this requirement the need has arisen for a highly motivated, business oriented, qualified

accountant.

Reporting to the Managing Director, your brief will be to recommend and implement a new computerised accounting system and produce a management reporting package as well as controlling the day to day accounting in offices in both the UK and Europe. In addition to this, you will participate in developing a strategic business plan and setting out new targets for commercial objectives. This is a broadly based hands-on' commercial accounting role with considerable potential for the right candidate.

You should be in your late 20's - early 30's, and have previous line management experience. This role requires strength of character and a dedicated personality to oversee the restructuring of the company's financial base, good communication skills are vital.

restructuring of the company's financial base; good communication skills are vital. The salary package reflects the callbre of candidate that the company seeks to appoint. Additionally, considerable potential for career progression exists within the holding company

nstair. Relocation expenses will be paid where neccesary. All interviews will be held in London. Please contact Lawrence Barnett or Sharon Rowland at our Manchester office quote the ref. no. B129.

Trident House, 31-33 Dale Street, Liverpool L2 2HF Tel: 051-236 9373 ASB RECRUITMENT LID

Eagle Buildings, 64 Cross Street, Manchester M2 4JQ Tel: 061-834 0618

Computer Systems Senior

We are a well-established, medium-sized City firm of Chartered Accountants offering the full range of audit, accountancy, taxation and consultancy services to our

We are seeking to recruit a new member of staff to assist the Computer Services Manager in the development and implementation of the firm's computer systems, to develop the use of computer auditing techniques and to provide systems consultancy to clients.

Applicants should preferably be qualified ACAs with at least one year of post-qualification experience. They will have had experience of systems audit work and the audit approach to computers and of IBM-compatible micro-computer.

An attractive remuneration package will be offered to the right candidate.

Please apply in writing with full details to: Box A0615, Financial Times 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER circa £17,500 + car FINANCE MANAGER up to £15,000 + car

The Finance Directors of two of our manufacturing client companies need managers for their FINANCIAL CONTROLLER CROYDON Reporting to the Finance Director and with special responsibility for the implementation of a revised management accounting and costing system of an £8m turnover division, Salary circa £17,500 plus car (Ref CP40)

FINANCE MANAGER Responsible for the management of the finance department and in particularly for the quality and timeliness of the outputs. Essential that candidates are experienced in managing in a changing and demanding environment. Salary up to £15,000 plus car (Ref CP50)

Clough & Partners

Management Consultants

Please reply with full CV and salary details quoting reference to: The Senior Partner 5 Glasshouse Walk, London SE11 SES or telephone 0737 352465

C H

At Conran Roche we undertake two types of work. The first is consultancy in architectural design, planning and economic development, and the second is property development. The combination of these activities has led to rapid growth, and as a result we need to appoint a Financial Controller.

He (or she) should be able to demonstrate the flair necessary to initiate management information systems, together with the strength and diplomacy to work effectively with a high powered team of creative specialists. He should also be able to communicate complex financial information to Directors, to whom he will be accountable.

Applicants will be qualified accountants with post-qualification experience, ideally gained in a related sector. They will be energetic and enterprising people, who will be happy with a high profile role within the company and look for both increasing rewards and responsibilities. Remuneration c.£25,000 plus benefits.

Applicants should write, including full career history, to: B. E. Chantler, Conran Roche, 7 Fitzroy Square, London W1P 5AH.

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For further information, call: Daniel Berry Ext. 3456 Tessa Taylor Ext. 3351

Chief

Key position for career progression **WEST END**

c.£20,000 + excellent benefits

Our client is a large rapidly growing organisation which provides professional indemnity insurance. With customers throughout the world, it's turnover is in excess of £35 million and has a substantial investment portfolio. A Chief Accountant is now required to lead and direct the accounting team.

Reporting to the Financial Controller who is the Chief Financial Officer, the Chief Accountant will supervise a department of ten staff and ensure that systems and procedures are in place in order to produce an accurate nominal ledger monthly from a computer based accounting system.

The need is for a young, determined and capable ACA/ACCA with good man-management skills and the ability to Ilaise with the Management Accountant and other departments. Aptitude for problem-solving in a high volume environment is an absolute requirement.

Career prospects are excellent. If you believe you are up to this challenge, send a concise CV with salary history to Steve McBride.

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Chartered Accountants

Management Consultancy Division 186, City Road, London, ECTV 2NU.

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INVESTMENT MANAGER

Candidate should have 5 to 7 years experience in portfolio management and should have experience in European and Far Fastern markets. The candidate will be based in London or Geneva and will be responsible for the selection of outside fund management institutions and the tracking of their investment performance. About 30 per cent travel.

Please send your curriculum vitae to: Cipher CL-1075 TRISERVICE S.A. Case postale 1219 Chatelaine-Geneva/Switzerland

who will transmit All replies will be treated confidentially



SECTION II – COMPANIES AND MARKETS

FINANCIAL TIMES

Thursday July 16 1987



The Professional Computer Services Company 0923 771111

ITT surges ahead 65% on insurance upturn

BY ANATOLE KALETSKY IN NEW YORK

ITT, the New York financial, travel and industrial conglomerate, has boosted its quarterly earnings by 65 per cent to \$264m or \$1.73 a share. In the second quarter of 1986, ITT made net profits of \$160m or \$1.05 a share. The results were slightly ahead of market expectations and ITT's shares rose \$1% to \$62% in New York morning trading. In the first quarter ITT had announced a profits' jump of 54 per cent. ITT indicated that the biggest factor in the sharp improvement was the continuing turnround in US insurance business, which is now ITTs most important activity.

Hartford Insurence, the company's largest subsidiary, enjoyed continued improvement, particularly in its casualty business, said Mr Rand Araskog, ITT chairman.

Hartford's results were also aided by \$49m tax benefit in the first six months of the year, \$23m of which came in the second quarter. ITT's total revenues increased to \$55n in the quarter, 14 per cent higher than the restated \$4.4hm the year before.

view of the disposal of ITT's European telecommunications business last year. Insurance and finance

Apart from insurance, other ITI divisions which enjoyed gains in op erating earnings and revenues in-cluded the Sheraton hotel chain and the Rayonier forest products

At the six-month stage, net proits were \$427m or \$2.80 a share, against \$266m or \$1.75, while reve

performances" while defence tech

Sales jumped from \$390.Lm to \$640.6m, reflecting acquisitions, while the second-quarter contri-bution was \$358.8m (\$215.6m). Mr

Avia, which had sales increases of 39 per cent and 109 per cent, respectively, over their second quarters of last year."

fact that the new companies have not yet attained the profitability seen elsewhere in the group.

issue in May, which reduced Pentland's stake from 37 per cent, will also reduce debt.

Conrail hits \$145m with

north-eastern US freight rail group which went public in March, yesterday reported net income of \$72m or \$1.04 a share for the second quarter to June on revenues of \$819m.

ever stockmarket debut, said the

rupt railroads taken over by the Federal government, reported net income of \$145m or \$2.21 a the second quarter of 1986. However, last year the group enjoyed a number of public-sector benef-

Sharp Reebok

By Our Financial Staff

growing US sporting footwear maker in which Pentland Industries, a UK industrial holding ary sharp rise in quarterly earnone stock split.

Paul Fireman, chairman, described the second quarter as ex-cellent, and said footwear division sales had increased 32 per cent compared with a strong second quarter this year.

indicating a strong performance for the rest of 1987," he said.

Although profits in the latest

traffic growth By Our New York Staff

the second quarter after providing \$500m for possible loan losses in end of June 1987, it still had the losses in the second quarter, includright to transfer a further \$203m of Excluding this \$500m provision, the bank said it would have earned ing the \$500m for Third World credassets to the FDIC. its. This compared with provisions The net loss for the first six \$23.1m. which compares with a net of \$35m a year ago. months was \$433.8m, or \$4.22 a share, against a profit of \$79.8m, or 29 cents, a year earlier. Total assets were up from \$28bn to \$33bn at end-

BY OUR NEW YORK STAFF

income of \$40.5m, or 15 cents a share, in the second quarter of 1986. The decline in underlying income

BY JAMES BUCHAN IN NEW YORK

UNITED TECHNOLOGIES, the US

aerospace and industrial group, yesterday reported a strong recov-

ery in earnings with net income in the quarter ended June more than

twice the depressed level of a year

ago.
United Tech said that second-

75 cents a share charge against con-tract losses at its Norden defence

electronics subsidiary.

surface net income was \$150m or as chairman this year, said that the \$1.19 a share springs \$0.45m or second quarter performance was \$1.19 a share springs \$0.45m or supporting of our conviction that cents in the second quarter of 1985, when the company took a \$1.55m or results for the full year 1987."

cents a share as against \$52.1m or craft that will use the latest anti-de-\$1.34; a share, was apparently tection technology to penetrate en-caused by higher costs on its masemy radar. Under the terms of the

sive contract to develop the Stealth contract, which is believed to have

CONTINENTAL Illinois, the trou-bled Chicago bank operating under penses, partly offset by smaller pro-the indirect control of the Federal visions for loan losses outside the

Continental Illinois hit by

\$500m loan loss provision

banking authorities, lost \$476.9m in Third World. Continental Blinois provided a to-tal of \$501.1m for possible loan

Net charge offs were 51m, com-pared with 518.6m the year before. The bank also transferred \$161m of

tion (FDIC) in the second quarter, bringing to \$1.3bn the total of assets transferred to the FDIC.

Six-month earnings came to its high-technology business \$254.2m or \$1.95 a share, against nounced that Hamilton Standard, \$192.5m or \$1.37. Revenues rose its controls subsidiary, had moved

from \$7.42bn to \$8.22bn, and in the into profit in the second quarter. Mr

June quarter rose 8 per cent to Daniell said that Hamilton is "mak-

The group, which has been work- iary which booked a number of ing hard to stem losses in some of large contracts in the quarter.

ing solid progress towards resum

ing its strong contributions to the corporation's earnings."

Mr Daniell said there were also

good performances by Otis eleva-tors, industrial systems and Pratt &

Whitney, the aircraft engine subsid-

Strong recovery for United Tech

Mr Robert Daniell, who took over as chairmen this year, said that the

results for the full year 1987."

Northrop \$15m loss in quarter

ponents also had "solid operating

nnes rose from \$8.4hn to \$9.5hn.

earnings jump for

company, has a 32.2 per cent stake, has continued its custom-

Second-quarter net earnings immped from \$32.8m, or 62 cents a share, to \$42.6m, or 77 cents, taking six-month earnings to \$81.3m, or \$1.49 a share, from \$57.8m, or \$1.15.

"We are especially excited about the progress in our two newest divisions, Rockport and

Equally encouraging was "a significantly higher backlog of customer orders in all divisions,

quarter were up 30 per cent, net margins were down from previ-ous quarters, reflecting goodwill and interest charges connected with the acquisitions, and the

But Pentland indicated yester day that these factors should be ironed out as the year pro-gressed. Reebok's \$136m share

CONSOLIDATED RAIL, the

The group, whose \$1.6bn flota-tion was Wall Street's biggest group enjoyed second-quarter traffic growth of 5.7 per cent but suffered from competitive pres-

sure on prices. Courail, a collection of bankits, including state and federal tax relief, which distorts compar-

Contail said that on a pro-forma basis, last year's secondquarter earnings were \$75m or \$1.09 a share. Conrail stock, which was offered at \$28, was unchanged at \$33 in early trading

yesterday.
Mr Stanley Crane, Conrail chairman, said: "While Conrail continued to exhibit traffic growth in the second quarter of 1987, there was also intense com-

Hospital Corporation declines 11% HOSPITAL Corporation of American, the largest private hospital operator in the US, yesterday reported an 11 per cent decline in net in Revenues at the company, which is in the process of cutting back its curred in the first quarter of 1987.

bomber for the US Air Force.

had a total value of \$37bn in 1981

NORTHROP, the US defence aerospace contractor, reported a net loss
of \$15.4m in the second quarter to
June, as against net income of
\$23.1m or 49 cents a share in the
same period of last year. Sales revenues increased modestly from
\$1.40bn to \$1.42bn.

The loss, which reduced net income in the first half to \$25.2m or 54
cents a share as against \$62.1m or

quarter to June.

The company, whose earnings executive, pointed out that the company divested 13 hospitals and tunder pressure from tighter Federal health spending and tougher leath insurance into a joint ventures for private medical insurance into a joint venture company with Equitable Life.

Adjusted for these divestitures, second quarter was \$61.34m or 74

for digital switching systems and other areas. The German company

curred in the first quarter of 1987 ed an 11 per cent decune in that in-come and weak sales growth in the operations, rose 4 per cent to counter to June. \$1.29bn. But Mr Thomas Frist, chief

and the smallest since the first half of last year. HCA stock, which has risen over

a quarter since Mr Frist announced a dramatic \$1.8bn plan to sell more than 100 low-margin hospitals to employees and management, slid back \$% to \$47% in early trading

sures for the F-15 fighter aircraft. The company's order backlog also slipped from \$4.53hn in June 1986 to \$3.86bn.

Siemens proposes links with Telit in Italy

BY ALAN FRIEDMAN DI MILAN

SIEMENS, the West German electrolling 48 per cent of Telit, with Fitronics concern, has proposed a at owning a further 48 per cent partnership with Telit, the Italian stake in Mediobanca, the Milan merchant bank which is to result shortly from the material. telecommunications maker which is to result shortly from the merger of the state-owned Italiel and Fiat's Telettra subsidiary.

The Wilder Complete State of the State of the State owned Italiel and Fiat's per cent. Fiat is expected to make a payment to IRI Stet in order to achieve shareholdig parity. This is

In Milan, a spokesman for Sle-mens' Italian division said the group was interested in negotiating a series of joint ventures with Teht which could eventually result in an alliance that would give the Italo-German partnership 18 per cent of the European market for telecommunications products (Siemens claims 11.6 per cent, while Italtel's current share is 6.4 per cent). . .

The board of IRI, Italy's state holding company, in May gave its approval to the merger of Italiel and Telettra. This would see IRI to-

returns to head agency BY WILLIAM HALL IN NEW YORK

earth both arithment, a former executive of J. Walter Thompson, the
world's fourth largest advertising
agency, is returning to head the
123-year-old agency which has been
racked by management upheavals
over the last couple of years.

Mr Martin Sorrell, chief execu-tive of WPP Group, the small but because Italitel's turnover, at L1,300bn (\$970m), is more than aggressive UK group which com-pleted its \$566m acquisition of the JWT Group earlier this week, dis-closed yesterday that Mr Manning aged 56, would become chief execudouble the size of Telettra (L555bn). Siemens said yesterday in Milan that it would be willing to sell to Tellt 50 per cent of its holding in the Italian operations of GTE, which Siemens acquired last year. Siemens also spoke of possible accords in the area of technology, software for digital switching systems and

MR BURT MANNING, a former ex- Mr Joe O'Donnall.

Former JWT chief

tive of J. Walter Thompson, the main operating subsidiary of the

However, Mr O'Donnell was sacked in January after he tried to bring about a boardroom coup, and Mr Don Johnston, the chief execu-tive of the JWT Group, resumed the role of chief executive of J. Walter Thompson in addition to his group Several other senior officials at J. Walter Thompson have resigned over the last couple of years, and the management upheavals had led to a loss of confidence in the group

on Wall Street which Mr Sorrell had originally in-JWT Group.

Mr Manning, who as vice chairman of J. Walter Thompson is creduced from the creative met with fierce opposition from Mr and other JWT officials tended to bring back Mr Jack Peother areas. The German company added it was willing to invite representatives from Telit onto its own telecommunications strategy committee.

In other areas. The German company ited with engineering the creative met with fierce opposition from Mr turnround at the group's US adversentatives from Telit onto its own telecommunications strategy committee.

In other areas. The German company ited with engineering the creative met with fierce opposition from Mr turnround at the group's US adversentatives from Telit onto its own telecommunications strategy committee.

William Hall reports on Coca-Cola's jump in second-quarter profits

Ishtar fails to take fizz out of Coke

despite taking a \$25m provision to September.

It is first six weeks but it refused to the group's earnings per stare cover losses on Ishtar, a big-budget. Mr Warren Beatty, star of box-of-confirm estimates that the film had rose by 20.7 per cent to 70 cents per musical comedy which has been fice successes ranging from Reds to cost more than \$50m, or almost share in the latest quarter. Six-one of the biggest and most expension and Clyde, proposed the twice its original budget, to make.

Analysts believe Ishtar is one of \$1.19 a share, against \$388.7m or \$1 tory of the US film-making indus-columbia, and along with his co-the biggest recent film flops and a year earlier.

Star, Mr Dustin Hoffman, is said to they have compared it to the debators of the group's earnings per stare to rose by 20.7 per cent to 70 cents per in the latest quarter. Six-one of the biggest in make.

Analysts believe Ishtar is one of \$1.19 a share, against \$388.7m or \$1 tory of the US film-making indus-columbia, and along with his co-they have compared it to the debators.

The group's earnings per stare to rose by 20.7 per cent to 70 cents per in the latest quarter. Six-one of the biggest recent film flops and a year earlier.

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The group's earnings per stare to 70 cents per in the latest quarter. Six-one of the biggest recent film had rose by 20.7 per cent to 70 cents per in the latest quarter. Six-one of the biggest recent film had rose by 20.7 per cent to 70 cents per in the latest quarter. Six-one of the biggest recent film had rose by 20.7 per cent to 70 cents per in the latest quarter. Six-one of the biggest recent film had rose by 20.7 per cent to 70 cents per in the latest quarter. Six-one of the biggest recent film had rose by 20.7 per cent to 70 cents per the second per in the latest quarter. Six-one of the biggest recent film had rose by 20.7 per cent to 70 cents per in the lat

more to make than expected and its erable control over the film and one nately, Coca-Cola can afford the year remains "bright indeed." troubled production history is said New York newspaper described it costs because of the continuing The group's operating income to have been one of the factors be- as "a half-baked comedy that some- strong demand for its famous soft benefited from a 17 per cent decline hind Coca-Cola's decision to bring how turned into a runaway ego drink.
in Mr David Putmam, the British trip".

COCA-COLA, the US soft drinks film producer, to be chairman and coca-Cola Entertainment said volume increased 6 per cent in the giant, increased its second-quarter chief executive of its Columbia Picnet income by 18 per cent to \$266m tures film-making operations last more than \$14m at the box-office in cent in the year to date. Its first six weeks but it refused to the group's earnings per share.

Ishtar, which is about two bed have been paid \$5.5m apiece.

Ishtar, which is about two bed have been paid \$5.5m apiece.

Ishtar, which is about two bed have been paid \$5.5m apiece.

In the two actors were given considifice disaster seven years ago. Fortu-outlook for the second half of the seable control over the film and one nately. Coca-Cola can afford the year remains "bright indeed."

It says that worldwide soft drink cies.

Slower growth at US forest product groups takes to takeover trail

BY RODERICK ORAM IN NEW YORK

Boise Cascade, two leading US for- at \$936m. est products companies, have First-half net was \$75.4m, or \$2.47 turned in smaller-than-forecast in share, compared with \$56.3m, or creases in second-quarter earnings. \$1.90, a year earlier on unchanged They expect, however, further prof- sales of \$1.8bn. it growth for the rest of this year thanks to favourable market condi-

N4m on the sale of an investment, despite a higher tax rate and plant against \$70m a year earlier. Per start-up costs. Worldwide demand share profits were 80 cents, comfor pulp and containerboard was pared with analysts forecasts of strong and inventories low. Coated

year ago. First-half net profits tofalled First-half net profits to alled The company forecasts further \$170m, or \$1.62, against \$90m, or \$4 growth in markets and profits at cents, on sales of \$3.74bn compared home and abroad, assuming exwith \$2.87hn.

year earlier but down from \$1.31 in and uncoated paper prices and the the first quarter. Analysts had fore-planned rebuilding of part of a Loucast profits of around \$1.65 a share isiana plunt.

NEW ISSUE

INTERNATIONAL PAPER and in the latest period. Sales were flat

Both companies expressed satisfaction with the recent performance and optimism for the second half. International Paper reported net International Paper said the sec-profits of \$85m including a gain of ond-quarter improvement came around 85 cents and with 73 cents a papers are improving and uncoated papers have stabilised.

rith \$2.67bm. change rates remain stable. Boise Cascade's second-quarter Boise Cascade said the decline in

net profits were \$35.2m, or \$1.16 a profits from first to second quarters share, up from \$31.3m, or \$1.07, a was due mainly to weaker coated

Audio/Video Affiliates

BY ANDREW BAXTER IN LONDON

growing US consumer electronics and net income of \$7.5m. retailer, is on the lookout for acquiof the UK for Cyclops, the Pittsburgh-based consumer electronics Slbn in sales by 1990. and steelmaking group.

Mr Stuart Rose, the former investment banker who heads A/V A. said in London that the company had \$200m available to spend on acquisitions. "I can't imagine we won't do anything" over the next few years, he said in an interview. Mr Rose started the company se-

ven years ago with four stores in Dayton, Ohio, and has expanded to 110 deep-discount outlets, concentrating on small and medium-sized towns such as Tallahassee, Florida

and Hottlesburg, Mississippi. By borrowing against the stores'

AUDIO/VIDEO Affiliates, the fast- grown to sales last year of \$228.8m

Acquiring Cyclops, sitions after losing last year's would have virtually doubled the \$400m bid battle with Dixons Group of the UK for Cyclops, the Pitts- helped Mr Rose reach his target of

Dixons has since announced a further acquisition in the US, the 24-store Tipton Centres electrical retailers, and Mr Rose said there were probably 100 similar chains which could be potential targets for A/V A. Over the next year, all the company's expansion would be in states where it is already trading.

Mr Rose, on his first trip to Europe to woo potential shareholders. has a reputation within the industry for keeping costs to a minimum. The company's headquarters are attached to its Dayton warehouse, and Mr Rose saw no need to hire an investment bank for the Cyclops stocks, raising more than \$100m in bid. With no fees to pay, the compa-public offerings, and keeping a tight ny made \$3m from the takeover atrein on costs, the company has tempt despite losing.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

15th July, 1987

NIPPON OIL & FATS CO.,LTD.

(Nippon Yushi Kabushiki Kaisha)

U.S.\$70,000,000

1% per cent. Guaranteed Notes 1992

Warrants

to subscribe for shares of common stock of Nippon Oil & Fats Co., Ltd. unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by

> The Fuji Bank, Limited Issue Price 100 per cent.

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

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Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V.

(Incorporated with lineited liability in The Netherlands)

£50,000,000

91/8 per cent. Notes 1992 Issue price 101½ per cent.

The following base agreed to subscribe or procest subscribers for the Notes:

Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited

EBC Amro Bank Limited

Bank Brussel Lambert N.V.

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Generale Bank

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Kuwait Foreign Trading Contracting & Investment Co. (S.A.K.)

The National Commercial Bank (Saudi Arabia)

J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited

Swiss Volksbank

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

Application has been made to the Council of The International Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland Limited ("The Stock Exchange") for the Notes to be admitted to the Official List.

The Notes will bear interest as from 28th July, 1987 at the sate of 914 per cent per annum, psyable annually in amena on 28th July, the first such payment to be made on 28th July, 1988.

I Isting particulars relating to the Notes and Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V. are available in The Extel Statistical Service and copies may be obtained during usual business hours up to and including 20th July, 1987 from the Company Amsouncements Office of The Stock Exchange and, up to and including 30th July, from the addresses shown below:

Greenwell Montagu Securities, ** Bow Bells House, Bread Street. London EC4M 9EL

S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd., 1 Finsbury Avenue, London EC2M 2PA

16th July 1987

All these securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.



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Cosmo Securities (Europe) Limited

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Yasuda Trust Europe Limited

July, 1987

INTL. COMPANIES and FINANCE

Grundig tops forecast at DM109m

management control, the com- a further 20 per cent to about ment.

Blaumunkt, a subsidiary of the pany lost DM 286m.

DM250m in the current year.

Turnover last year rose by

The company has rationalised ments had helped some Far to capacity utilisation.

GRUNDIG, the West German electronics company, which was beset with heavy losses three years ago, has returned to "satisfactory" earnings. Mr Hermanus Koning, the chief executive, said yesterday.

Earnings in the year which ended on March 1987 reached DM 109.5m (\$59.2m), more than DM 100.5m (\$59.2m), more than double the DM 50m forecast in November and a sharp recovery from losses of DM 49m in 1985-86. In 1983-84, before Philips of the Netherlands took management control, the com-

Springer was planning to extend its traditional newspaper

extend its traditional newspaper and magazine interests, said Mr Tamm, and it would now be taking "cautious steps" to establish itself more strongly abroad. Links between printed and electronic media would also be further developed. A fierce boardroom fend between Mr Tamm and Mr Guenter Prinz, the then deputy chairman, over

a co-operative agreement with Blaupunkt, a subsidiary of the

Axel Springer sharply ahead IMI rises 35% and plans two BY OUR FRANKFURT STAFF flotations AXEL SPRINGER, West Gerthe chairman, and the trend springer now seems likely to many's biggest newspaper publishing group, raised net profits throughout the year. Capital electronic media interests. The to DM 94.5m (\$51m) for 1986— investment in 1986 rose by group has a fledgling cable its first full year as a public DM 48m to almost DM 180m.

By Alan Friedman in Milan
ISTITUTO MOBILIARE
Italiano (IMI), the Italian
state-controlled investment
banking, financial services and corporate lending group, yesterday moveiled a 35 per cent rise in its consolidated net income for the 1986-87 financial year, to L524.6hm (\$393.4m).

(\$393.4m).
Mr Luigi Arcuti, chairman of IMI, said in Rome that he plans to partly privatise two of IMI's most attractive subsidiaries—SIGE, the invest-ment banking arm, and Fideuram Vitz, the life insur-ance division—on the Milan bourse.

Mr Arcuti, who said both subsidiaries would make their debut on the Milan stock-market before next March, also spoke of possibly selling shares in Fideuram itself, the retail distribution network which sells financial services products and whose 3,560 agents make it Italy's largest. In US dollar terms, the IMI group had outstanding loans of \$21.96bn as at March 31

Alsthom takes control of pump manufacturer ALSTHOM, the French heavy engineering group, has sequired Bergeron, the indus-trial pump maker, reports Reuter from Paris. Alsthom has cooperated with Bergeron since 1963 on pumps for both thermal and nuclear power plants. Bergeron, which employs 89 people, had a 1986 turnever of FFr 100m (\$16.2m).

ference called yesterday by
Vereinigte Edelstahlwerke
Altiengesellschaft (VEW), Austria's state-owned special steels
company.

The company amounced that
turnover for 1986 had fallen to
Sch 3 Shn from Sch 10bn and

job since 1984—is in doubt. Mr Hugo Michael Sekyrs, s

ceded that major personnel changes and restructuring plans would take place in September. The McKinsey consultancy group has been called in mainly for restructuring, which is expected to mean the

In the meanime, convision surrounds the future of the management as well as the group's restructuring plans. Mr Friedrich Schmollgruber, VEW's chairman, was not present at yesterday's meeting. He was said to be on holiday until factors have

However, the Springer group has had more than its fair share of problems this year.

Apart from boardroom battles, competition in the mass newspaper market has become fierce, while the group's innova-tive magazine "JA," which hit the then deputy chairman, over tive magazin how this should be done led to the news str the latter's resignation in May. been closed. the news stands in March, has

mitted to developing its par-ticipation in satellite TV and in

Germany's embryonic private television and radio stations.

VEW calls in US consultancy

its first full year as a public company—against DM 61m in 1985.

1985.

Turnover invreased by 7.5 percent to DM 2.7hn, with newspapers accounting for 65.5 percent and magazines 24.2 percent of the total. Springer's best known newspapers are the popular "Bild Zeitung" and the quality daily "Die Welt."

The group maintained its unward course in the first half

upward course in the first half of 1987, with turnover up 4.5 per cent, said Mr Peter Tamm,

HEAVY LOSSES and uncer-HEAVY LOSSES and uncertainty about possible management changes and a group restructuring were the issues which dominated a press conference called yesterday by Vereingte Edelstahlwerke Altiengesellschaft (VEW), Austria's state-owned special steels company.

Sch 8.8bn from Sch 10bn and sen 3.50n from sen 100n and
that as a result of mounting
losses it planned to seek assitance from McKinsey, the US
management consultancy
group. Group losses last year
totalled Sch 1.6bn (\$76.6m), up
from Sch 1.6bn in 1985.

For the moment, VEW says it September.

Alpine can absorb its losses as a result it is clear, however, that Mr owned of state subsidies, which for Schmollgruber's future as comgroup.

1987 will total Sch 2.4bn. The pany chairman—he has held the state will continue to subsidise job since 1994—is in doubt. VEW until 1990 with plans to pump a further Sch 5.4bn into the group.

Mr Hugo Michael Sakyrs, a member of the VEW board as the group. well as director general of Oing, the holding company for Austria's state industries, con-

In the meantime, confusion

Alpine, Austria's largest state owned steel and engineering

This advertisement appears as a matter of record only

loss of about 2,000 jobs over the next few years, from a workforce of 19,000.

VEW is an affiliate of Voest-

EUROFIM

European Company for the Financing of Railroad Rolling Stock Basle, Switzerland

DM 100,000,000 51/2% Bonds 1987/1993 with Currency Warrants

Issue Price: Interest: Repayment:

51/296 p.a., payable annually on July 15

Warrant rights:

July 15, 1993 at par Each bond in the denomination of DM 5,000 has 12 warrants attached to

purchase a total of US-Dollars 6,000, each warrant entitling the holder to purchase US-Dollars 500, from August 3, 1987 through and including June 30. 1988 at the exchange rate of DM 183 for each US-Dollar. Düsseldorf and Frankfurt am Main (Bonds and Warrants)

Listing:

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Industriebank von Japan (Deutschland)

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Westdeutsche Genossenschafts-Zentralbank eG

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DSL Bank Deutsche Siedlungs-und Landesrentenbank

Société Générale . Elsässische Bank & Co.

AIBD BOND INDICES WEEKLY EUROBOND GUIDE JULY 10, 1987

8.440 13.330 9.372 5.804 8.219 5.218 9.443 US Dollar Australian Dollar Canadian Dollar Euro Currency Unit Seerling



Weekly net asset value

Tokyo Pacific Holdings (Seaboard) N.V. on 13.7.87 U.S. \$134.23

Listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange Information: Pierson, Heidring & Pierson N.V., Herengracht 214, 1016 BS Amst

NEW ISSUE

July 1987

Cdn. \$517,500,000



Gulf Canada Resources Limited

23,000,000 Ordinary Shares

8,970,000 Ordinary Shares

The above shares were underwritten by the following group of Canadian Underwriters.

Merrill Lynch Canada Inc.

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Brown, Baldwin, Nisker Limited Davidson Partners Limited

Deacon Morgan McEwen Easson Limited Geoffrion, Leclerc Inc.

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The above shares were underwritten by the following group of U.S. Underwriters.

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets Goldman, Sachs & Co.

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Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc. Alex. Brown & Sons Dillon, Read & Co. Inc. Burns Fry and Timmins Inc. **Dominion Securities Corporation** Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette E. F. Hutton & Company Inc. Hambrecht & Quist Kidder, Peabody & Co. Lazard Frères & Co. Montgomery Securities McLeod Young Weir Incorporated Prudential-Bache Capital Funding L. F. Rothschild & Co. Robertson, Colman & Stephens Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co. Wertheim Schroder & Co. Dean Witter Reynolds Inc. Wood Gundy Corp. Allen & Company A. G. Edwards & Sons, Inc. Arnhold and S. Bleichroeder, Inc. Oppenheimer & Co., Inc. Robert W. Baird & Co. Sanford C. Bernstein & Co., Inc. Cowen & Co. Dain Bosworth Eberstadt Fleming Inc. Eppler, Guerin & Turner, Inc. First of Michigan Corporation Janney Montgomery Scott Inc. Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co. Inc. Cyrus J. Lawrence Legg Meson Wood Walker McDonald & Company Moseley Securities Corporation Neuberger & Berman Piper, Jaffray & Hopwood Prescott, Ball & Turben, Inc. Rauscher Pierce Refsnes, Inc. The Robinson-Humphrey Company, Inc. Rotan Mosle Inc. Stephens Inc. Tucker, Anthony & R. L. Day, Inc. Wheat, First Securities, Inc. Brean Murray, Foster Securities Inc. The Chicago Corporation Crowell, Weedon & Co. Doft & Co., Inc. Fahnestock & Co. Inc. First Albany Corporation First Menhattan Co. First Southwest Company J. J. B. Hilliard, W. L. Lyons, Inc. Gabelli & Company, Inc. Jesup & Lamont Securities Co., Inc. Johnson, Lane, Space, Smith & Co., Inc. Johnston, Lemon & Co. The Ohio Company Seidler Amdec Securities Inc. Raymond James & Associates, Inc. D. A. Davidson & Co. Branch, Cabell and Company Hamershiag, Kempner & Co. Homans, McGraw, Trull, Valeo & Co., Inc. Investment Corporation of Virginia Laidlaw Adams & Peck Inc. McKinley Allsopp, Inc. Needham & Company, Inc.

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James Capel & Co. Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft

Compagnie de Banque et d'Investissements, CBI

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Perstorp AB

£25,000,000

Sterling Commercial Paper Programme

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Kleinwort Benson Limited

June 1987

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COMINCO RESOURCES







G. TIKKANEN

G. HARDEN

Cominco Resources International Limited of Vancouver, Canada, announces the appointment of George Tikkanen as President and Geoffrey Harden as Vice President, Jon Collins has been appointed Manager, Europe, He will be based in Brussels. Cominco Resources is a new international exploration, development and mining company whose activities are primarily directed to gold. It is continuing and expanding exploration and mine development of a number of properties acquired from Cominco Ltd, which holds a 58 per cent interest in the company.

We are pleased to announce the opening of our

Tokyo Representative Office

Bear, Steams & Co. Inc. Mori Building 33 3-8-21 Toranomon Minato-ku, Tokyo, 105 Japan Tei. (03) 432 3511 Fax. (03) 432 2960

Representative:

Dennis A. Baum Managing Director

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INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES and FINANCE

CSR accepts defeat in Monier bid

AUSTRALIA'S CSR group has "for joint development of virtually accepted defeat in its A5593m (US\$417m) bid for Monier, the building materials activities of Monier, the building materials activities of Monier, the building materials and the annual meeting of the guar independent of what resources group yesterday Mr Keith Steel, the chairman, also indicated that it would be difficult this year for the company to match its 1986-87 profit that offer would be unsuccessful. CSR would, however, be exploring opportunites with Redland entrepreneur, offered of the UK, Monier's major shareholder with 49.9 per cent, a profit projection for 1987-88 to the default of the Monier takes over, but said the group faced of Pioneer Sugar Mills, amajor task" to repeat last year's performance.

The 1988-87 figure of and to embark on a rationally sorily the outstanding shares and to embark on a rationally sorily the outstanding shares the performance.

The 1988-87 figure of and to embark on a rationally sorily the outstanding shares the une of A851m by the sale of CSR's Delhi oil and gas interests to Exxon. "We are working hard not merely to replace the Delhi profit but to coper Basin oil texto over production operatorship of the unrease total profit." Mr Steel acknowledged that CSR was now unlikely to find abuyer for its share of Leming-location in that state. Santos would continue exploration in that state. Santos would reduce its interest in two other mines.

Mr Steel was unable to make a profit projection for 1987-88 the also confirmed that the details were given.

18.59 2.46 13.04 3.88 18.82 2.93 0.09 14.33 1.82 12.64 1.52 30.69

29.09 2.38 12.24 2.64 20.66 2.58 (0.44) 18.22 7.94 12.12 1.85 29.45

the mining industry's susceptibility to production disruptions. Buffelsfontein was the exception to the rule as its unit costs fell to R130.56/tonne from the March quarter's R136.68/tonne.

march quarter's R136.58/fonne.
In contrast, the quarter-onquarter increase in the cost of
mining and processing each
tonne of ore at Unisel was 10.5
per cent. Unisel's mill throughput dropped to 301,000 tonnes
from 326,000 tonnes and R5 unit-

costs rose to R81.47/tonne.

enjoyed a 54.9 per cent lump in consolidated net profits to Y15.62bn (\$103.4m), which it revenues at its overseas subsidiaries and profit from pro-

sidiaries and profit from pro-perty sales.

Pre-tax profits, however, fell 15.6 per cent to Y24.11bn, on turnover of Y710.65bn, down 9.7 per cent.

Sales were hampered by a singgish domestic market for textiles and a drop in revenue

Contrasting

fibre groups

of progress in group results for the year to March. Toray and its 53 subsidiaries

ASAHI CHEMICAL Toray, two of Japan's leading synthetic fibre makers, yester-day reported contrasting rates

results for

Japanese

from exports.

For the current year Toray expects a first to lower outcome, with consolidated net profits of Y15on on turnover.

Asahi Chemical and its 25 ronsolidated subsidiaries re-ported a more modest 7.7 per cent rise in net profits to \$20.9hn, on turnover of \$204.54bn, down 11.5 per

Sales of construction materials were up more than 16 per cent. Consolidated pre-tax profits were down 7.4 per cent at

Y41.02bn.

The group believes domestic textile prices have already hit bottom, and in the current year is projecting consolidated net profits at Y21bn, up 10 par cent, on turnover of Y930bn, a rise of 2 per cent.

CHI.

Gencor mines increase gold production

RECOVERY from earlier despite management's warning troubles allowed the 12 gold mines managed by the Gencor group to increase their overall gold production in the quarter ended June, even though several mines were affected by lower recovery grades.

Kinross, which is recovering from the effects of last September's fire, Beatrix, whose production was cut by lebour disruptions in January, and St Helena, where geological problems started to affect production last year, have all returned to normal.

On the other hand Buffelsfonteln, the largest of the Gencor group's mines, is becomshortages of ore reserves. Buffelsfontein's mill throughput increased to 678,000 tonnes in the June quarter from 615,000 tonnes in the previous quarter

A\$212m rights and options issue by GPT

By Our Sydney Correspondent
GENERAL PROPERTY Trust
(GPT), the pioneer of listed
porperty trusts in Australia, is
to make its second combined
rights and options issue in the
space of nine months.
According to yesterday's
announcement, GPT will raise
A\$212m (US\$149m) through a
one-for-10 issue next month.

one-for-10 issue next mouth.
The proceeds will be used for purchases of prime commercial buildings and to update regional retail centres.

A total of 38m units will be issued at A\$2.80 to raise A\$106m. Each unit will carry a free option to subscribe for an additional unit at the end of March 1988. Yesterday's closing price was A53.35.

GPT became Australia's first billion dollar trust in May, when both market capitalisation and assets exceeded Asion.

The trust is menaged by a subsidiary of Lend Lease Corporation, a major property which set up the trust in 1971. By the end of last year it had 25,000 unit holders.

GPT made a similar one-for-10 combined visible and corporations.

combined rights and options issue last November at A\$2.35. In February unitholders approved the A\$377.5m purchase of the 60-storey MLC Cantre in Sydney, and part of the proceeds of the latest issue will approved the store of the stor go towards this. About three-quarters of the proceeds will be used on regional retail centres.

SAB to pay R88m for Lion control

By Our Johannesb Correspondent

SOUTH AFRICAN Breweries (SAB), the country's largest diversified consumer products group, is to acquire Wilkinson Sword's 63.8 per cent interest in Lion Match for R88.5m Lion Ma (\$43.1m).

The acquisition is a direct result of the recent acquisition of Wilkinson Sword by Swedish Match, which is complying with Swedish government bans on investment in South Africa.

vestment in South Africa.

The purchase of the 5.62m shares owned by Swedish Match will be financed by the issue of 4.7m SAB shares at R19 each, but these will be sold to other investors as Swedish Match wants to be paid cash.

It will receive about \$26.7m for its interest calculated at the

for its interest calculated at the current financial rand exchange rate. In addition Swedish Match and other Lion shareholders will receive a special dividend of 175 cents a share which can be externalised by the Swedes at the commercial rand rate.

Last year Lion earned a pre-tax profit of R15.6m on a turn-over of R147.3m. SAB's turn-over was R7.08bn in its year to March and its consolidated pretax profit was R436.7m.

> The Bank of Nova Scotia U.S. \$200,000,000 Floating Rate Debentures

due July 1994 For the six month period 14th July, 1987 to 14th January, 1988 the Debentures will bear an interest rate of 71/18/8 per annum with a coupon am of U.S. \$376.94 payable 14th January, 1988.

kers Trust

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16th July, 1987

National Australia 🕊 Bank Limited

(Incorporated with limited liability in the State of Victoria, Australia)

A\$50,000,000 ·· 14 per cent. Notes Due 1992

Issue Price 101%%

The following have agreed to subscribe or procure subscribers for the above Notes:

Orion Royal Bank Limited

Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.

Baring Brothers & Co., Limited

Fay, Richwhite (U.K.) Limited

Goldman Sachs International Corp.

The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd.

Security Pacific House Govett Limited

Dresdner Bank Aktiengeselischaft

Wood Gundy Inc.

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. ANZ Merchant Bank Limited

Banque Internationale à Luxembourg S.A.

Citicorp Investment Bank Limited Girozentrale und Bank der österreichischen

Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft

Morgan Stanley International

Salomon Brothers International Limited

Shearson Lehman Brothers International

5.G. Warburg Securities

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange in London for Notes in the denominations of A\$1,000 and A\$10,000 constituting the above issue to be admitted to the Official List subject to the issue of the temporary Global Note.

Interest is payable annually in arrear on 29th July, in each year, the first such payment being made

Particulars of the Notes and the Issuer are available in the Extel Statistical Service. Copies of the listing particulars relating to the Notes may be obtained during normal business hours up to and including 20th July, 1987 from the Company Announcements Office of The Stock Exchange and up to and including 31st July, 1987 from:

Orion Royal Bank Limited, 1 London Wall, London EC2Y 5JX

Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited Tokai International Limited

Bankers Trust Company, Dashwood House, 69 Old Broad Street, London ECZP 2EE

Rowe & Pitman Ltd., 1 Finsbury Avenue London EC2M 2PA

Issue of up to £250,000,000 Floating Rate Notes 2000



of which £150,000,000 is being issued as the Initial Tranche Issue Price of the Initial Tranche: 100 per cent.

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the interest period from 15 July, 1987 to 15 October, 1987, the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 91/4% per annum. The Interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, 15 October, 1987 against Coupon No. 7 will

16 July, 1987 By The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., London, Agent Bank



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INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS and COMPANIES

New market

By Stephen Fidler, Euromarkets

WHILE THE primary market

Brothers and Barclays de Zoete Wedd—bringing the

Securities. Last month, one

Securities. Last month, one house, Kleinwort Benson, withdrew as a market maker. Heavy new issue activity and a flagging Tokyo stock market have led to severe difficulties in the primary market and a poor reception for many new issues.

Three Japanese securities firms, led by Nomura International, attempted to solve

national, attempted to solve the problem in late June by

calling an informal morator-ium on new issues. Nikko,

however, continued to bring

issues to market, taking the

position that if priced right, they could still succeed. The other three have now been forced to follow suit— Nomura brought its first issue

for more than two weeks on

cheap source of funds. Swapped back into year, the bonds have at times produced negative interest rates for

DOLLGMALE"

day - under pressure from Japanese borrowers, for which the market is still a

makers in

Japanese

warrants

More Australian dollar deals but demand muted

BY CLARE PEARSON

itrasting

alts for

the market was becoming over-loaded with the paper. WestLE The flow of issues this week has reflected attractive swap A\$50m.

opportunities for borrowers rather than strong investor demand, which has been muted since the onset of the holiday season. Eurobond prices this week

have remained largely un-moved by the weekend general election victory of Australia's fees, and Kredietbank's issue at Labor party and yesterday's news of a slightly better than expected June current account deficit of A\$886m.

The largest of yesterday's Australian dollar offerings was a A\$250m deal for IBJ Australia Bank, led by IBJ International, though, unlike the other issues, this was targeted mainly at specific Far Eastern

temand.

The five-year, par-priced issue pays 60 basis points over three-mouth Australian bank bill rate, and may be put at par on the third coupon date and every year thereafter. Yesterday it was quoted at 99.96 bid. against 10 basis points' fees.

ITT Financial Corporation
made a return to the Eurobond
market after an absence of
some years with a A\$75m threeyear issue led by Goldman Sachs International, Dealers

16.7 per cent stake in First

Capital Corporation (FCCL), a

local investment holding com-

Reuter reports from Singapore.

led

4:1

AUSTRALIAN DOLLAR bonds continued to flood into the Eurobond new issues market yesterday, despite concern that the market was becoming overloaded with the paper.

The flow of issues this week has reflected attractive swap of the process of the paper.

The flow of issues this week has reflected attractive swap of the paper.

WestLB's bond was quoted at less 1% bid, against 2 per cent

BONDS less 13 bid, compared with 12

INTERNATIONAL

per cent fees.

In a still sickly preary
market for Japanese equity
warrants bonds, Nomura International was believed to be having difficulty assembling the underwriting group for the \$200m issue for Sumitomo Chemical with which it ended its two-week leave of absence from the sector on Tuesday. By the end of the afternoon, Nomura had still not completed syndication, which dealers said was unusual. Nomura declined

was unusual. Nomura declined to comment. The bond was quoted at less 4½ bid.

Meanwhile, Yamaichi International set the coupons on two recent equity warrants deals for Odakyu Electric Railway and Mitsubishi Rayon at their indicated 2½ per cent levels. Both bonds were quoted at less 4½ bid.

Swiss Bank Corporation led a SFr 100m seven-year bond for African Development Bank, the first floating-rate note in the Swiss foreign bond market since November 1986.

Credit Suisse and Union Bank of Switzerland declined to join the management group. The lead-manager commented that seemed to find good demand

sachs International, peaking thought the bonds' terms—a 14 But LTCB International per cent coupon and 101; issue, seemed to find good demand price—a little tight. It was for its \$200m convertible for Long-Term Credit Bank. The Long-Term Credit Bank. The Res. Redictionk Luxembourge in March 2002 and pays an interbank offee expected to find a warmer was—quoted at less 4 bid, par. It comes response with issues led respected with 21 per cent fees. of SF: 50,000.

Standard Chartered sells FCCL stake

island's Hyatt Regency Hotel late last year. Standard

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

Listed are the latest international bonds for which there is an adequate secondary market.

Bank in Singapore has sold its
16.7 per cent stake in First
Capital Corporation (FCCL), a
local invasiment holding com-

local investment holding com-which changed its name to pany, for \$\$62.7m (US\$29.6m), FCCL after it sold off the

The shares were placed with late last year.

CHARTERED G K Goh Securities and James Chartered seized the shares

The weakness in the dollar, The weakness in the dollar, triggered by disappointing US trade deficit figures showing a \$14.4bn shortfall in May, had only limited impact amid low turnover in the Eurodollar market, though dealers did mark down prices by up to one point in the 10-year area. The shorter end of the market was fairly stable how.

one point in the 10-year area.

The shorter end of the market was fairly stable, however, and UBS (Securities) announced a \$100m three-year 8½ per cent issue for Household Finance, the US retail finance corporation, priced at 101½.

Dealers said the terms looked reasonable but they expected onable but they expected

sales to be slow. In Switzerland, equity-related in Switzerland, equity-related issues were in strong demand while fixed-rate issues developed a slightly firmer undertone, but in lo wvolume.

Credit Suisse found good demand for a SFr 100m five-year convertible for Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan, paying an indicated a per cent coupon.

credit Bank of Japan, paying an indicated # per cent coupon. This was quoted at less # bid in the grey market, while a recent issue for Mitsubishi Trust and Banking was quoted at around less # bid.

Swiss Bank Corporation led a Second

the management group. The lead-manager commented that this might have been because the bond is subordinated.
The par-priced issue pays point over six-mouth London interbank offered rate, and is callable after the first year at par... It comes in denominations

after a loan default.

In January, the bank sold an earlier parcel of Sealion shares for \$\$22.7m or just 71 cents a

share. Standard Chartered declined to say if it had now fully recovered its outstanding

Coupons on the bonds have now started to rise from the lows reached about a month ago, however, in an attempt to reduce the effective premium of the warrants. These problems have not swamped the secondary market in the warrants, but have not completely by-passed it either. Clearly, investor demand is lower because of the Tokyo market's lacklustre parformance. performance.

In some issues, the market has also suffered a lack of liquidity. This is partly because of the plethors of new names, but also because many Japanese firms are reluctant to sell issues in the secondary market and book the large losses that would

imply. valued at 35 in our primary book, and as soon as it goes into the secondary market, there's a bid of 201 and an offer of 22," said one Japan-ese trader.

There seems a fairly ready market for the bonds, stripped of their warrants. But the Japanese firms thus often prefer to keep many of the warrants on their books in warrants on their books in the hope of a recovery in the Tokyo Stock Exchange some time in the next few months.

At a meeting on Wednesday called at the offices of Robert Fleming, all 11 market makers met to lay down some informal guidelines for the London market. They agreed to open for trading at 8.30 am and close at 12 noon, reopening for the at 12 noon, reopening for the afternoon session at 2.15pm until 3.30pm, except on Friday which they will take off so that back offices catch up.

TSE cuts bond futures commissions By Yoko Shibata in Tokyo

THE Tokyo Stock Exchange decided at a meeting of its members yesterday to cut commissions for block trading in government bond futures to a quarter of the current rate. The TSE's decision was triggered by Ciricorp's offer of highly competitive commis-sion rates on Japanese government bond futures on the London International Financial Futures Exchange, which began trading on Monday. The TSE is known to be keen to stay competitive with Liffe by offering similarly low commissions to institutional investors which deal through Tokyo. After formal approval at a

hard of governors' meeting next Tuesday, the TSE plans to cut commissions to Y0.0050 from the present Y0.02 per Y100 of face value on an order of between Y10n order of between Yibn (\$6.64m) and Y5bn (\$33.2m), and to Y0.0025 from Y0.01 for and to Y0.0025 from Y0.01 for orders of more than Y550n. For transactions between Y500m (\$3.35m) and Y15n, the TSE is seeking a rate of Y0.0100, and Y0.0150 for Y500m or less. At present, the TSE adopts a single commission rate of Y0.03 for trades of under Y15n.

The TSE decided on this substantial cut in commission substantial cut in commission rates on the grounds that the

bond futures market has been expanding much faster than was expected at the time of its inception in October 1985. None the less, the securities houses — which had expected the TSE to seek at most a 50 per cent cut—are most a 50 per cent cut—are vehemently opposed to the plan, and say the drastic cuts in commission are totally unacceptable to them.

The TSE hopes to enforce

the commission cuts

Barry Riley looks at the second biggest US mutual fund company

Private status keeps Fidelity flexible

giant, Boston-based mutual fund group, which invests over \$30bn of clients \$30bn of clients money in listed equities, is privately owned and is likely to stay that

in Japanese equity warrant Eurobonds suffers turmoil, securities firms are still jump-ing on board to trade the "We really don't see much advantage in being a public company," says Edward "Ned" Johnson, Fidelity's chairman. "In fact, we can see an awful lot of disadvantages." warrants in the secondary Yesterday, two more houses began to make markets in the issues—Shearson Lehman

Mr Johnson is turning down the opportunity to put a huge rate opportunity to put a nuge value on his personal fortune. He owns a majority of the equity in Fidelity, as well as in Fidelity International, the Bermuda-based sister company which, among other things, takes in the substantial London Zoete Wedd—bringing the total to 10.

Next menth, County () enrities joints the fray with the team it peached from Nikko Samuities Last month, one takes in the substantial London

operations. How much Fidelity would be worth on the stock market is a matter for guesswork, but another Boston mutual fund group, Dreyfus Corporation, Is currently capitalised at some £1.4bm, and Fidelity is significantly bigger,

Moreover Fidelity is riding Moreover Fidelity is riding high. At the end of April it claimed a 9.2 per cent market share of the US mutual fund industry, with some 872.5bn invested in its huge range of well over 100 funds, ranging from money market and bond funds to high risk equity webbles.

This placed it second in the industry behind only Merrill Lonch with \$76bn, but Fidelity is selling funds at a much greater rate and aims to hit the number one spot before the end

Although Ned Johnson has control, a large number of executives within Fidelity hold stock, which is used as the basis for an incentive scheme. Valued for the purposes of the scheme

them. A condition is that the stock is sold back when execu-tives leave for another job or retire. It has proved a profitable arrangement. And it is easy to pany.'
transfer to a new generation
of senior employees.

Mr
unusu

All the same, some Fidelity men naturally hanker after the once-and-for-all profit that would be made on a flotation. But so long as Ned Johnson is around they are unlikely to get their hands on the windfall. He still seems full on en-thusiasm at 56. "Being in an investment atmosphere is what I like," he emphasises.

Private status. Mr Johnson ggests, gives flexibility. don't have to worry about short-term earnings at all." he says. With the company in the throes of a big expansion and com-puterisation programme, that has been important. "We spend money if we think that in the long term it's in the best interests of the company."

Negative cash flow

"The only justification, really, for being public is if you need to be a very large organisation the capital," says Ned Johnson. —a trend underlined by ts

Mr Johnson defends the unusual structure of the group, which divides the US and international businesses into quite developed computer software different companies. "A lot of people wonder why we ever the same stake in wht you do," pulled them apart," he says. "We have what we call contrary opinion. We do some things would differently from the same stake in wht you do," be insists.

Benevolent tyranny very differently from everybody else."

The investment business, he emphasises, is different from country to country. "If you are selling cans of soup you can sell them in ten countries on more or less the same principles." But in investment "every country is very, very pany's computers, different and I think the em-

the capital," says Ned Johnson.
And it is true that the business has become a lot more capital intensive in the past couple of years—so much so that in the past two years Fidelity has run "at a negative cash flow for the first time in the history of the emmany."

A crucial business reorientation was the decision in the late 1970s to stop seed and though intermediaries but to move to direct marketing on a "no load" or "low load" hasis, that is, with front end hasis, that is, with front end through intermediaries but to move to direct marketing on a "no load" or "low load" hasis, that is, with front end that as a privately owned group Fidelity can concentrate on a basic goal of the maximisation of long-term profit, with no concern about quarterly earnings.

Earnings are, nevertheless, important over a period of vears. As Ned Johnson puts

and prosperity.

But they can't take it with them. A condition is that the took is sold back when executives leave for another job or etire. It has proved a profitable transgement. And it has extended the self-sufficiency principle to much of its advertising requirements, as well as to printing, where it handles 20-30 per cent of its something I would want to do it. But I think we'll have to do it. But I think it's a better alternative to being a public company."

Mr. Interval Fidelity sufficiency principle to much of its advertising requirements, as well as to printing, where it handles 20-30 per cent of its advertising requirements, as well as to printing, where it handles 20-30 per cent of its advertising requirements, as well as to printing, where it handles 20-30 per cent of its advertising requirements, as well as to printing, where it handles 20-30 per cent of its advertising requirements, as well as to printing, where it handles 20-30 per cent of its advertising requirements, as well as to printing, where it handles 20-30 per cent of its advertising requirements, as well as to printing. Where it handles 20-30 per cent of its advertising requirements, as well as to printing. Where it handles 20-30 per cent of its advertising requirements, as well as to printing. Where it handles 20-30 per cent of its advertising requirements, as well as to printing. Where it handles 20-30 per cent of its advertising requirements, as well as to printing. Where it handles 20-30 per cent of its advertising requirements, as well as to printing. IF OTHER companies behaved at net worth, the stock has Johnson would rather Fidelity And it has extended the self-like Fidelity Investments, it appreciated fast in recent years, borrowed the money itself. sufficiency principle to much of would not have a business. The reflecting the group's growth Nevertheless, financing the its advertising requirements, as

where Fidelity has a very large in-house team. Mr Johnson is a great believer in internally developed computer software. "An outsider just doesn't have

Benevolent tyranny

On an average day, Fidelity calls, and another 100,000 tele phone instructions sent direct to the computers. Those calls generate something like 3m separate transactions to be handled overnight by the com-

Ned Johnson's closest phasis ought to be more on clate, vice chairman William companies that are part of a Byrnes, describes the company particular country than on the sa "benevolent tyranny." At idea that you can have one the individual level, it concentrates on recruiting and retain-how oozes all over the globe." Within the US, however, flair, with a heavy emphasis on Fidelity has certainly expanded Harvard MBAs for crucial positions

But Fidelity believes it can basis, that is, with front end cope with what should only be loads much lower than the incorporary spending hump. It is temporary spending hump. It is the conventionally charged on mutual funds marketed through the computer spending burden on to the balance sheets of the mutual funds themselves. Ned

Five-year facility for North Indiana utility

MERRILL LYNCH Capital Markets said yesterday it had stanted syndication of a \$100m, five-year revolving underwriting facility for Northern Indiana Public Services, the gas and electricity utility, reports our Euromarkets staff. The facility allows for the issuesce of notes of up to sixmonth maturity with interest cant.

Capped at 0.3 per cent over Banque Generale du Luxembourg and Caisse d'Epargne de l'Etat has granted a LFr 2bn loan to the Republic of Ireland prime rate, with a maturity of three business days to provide same-day availability of funds and a bridging facility, priced at one-week Libor plus 0.2 per cent over Banque Generale du Luxembourg and Caisse d'Epargne de l'Etat has granted a LFr 2bn loan to the Republic of Ireland country's economy still faces serious imbalances, including the US debt rating agency, has and a bridging facility, priced at one-week Libor plus 0.2 per cent spayable.

There is also a so-called loan to the Republic of Ireland the formation of three business days to provide same-day availability of funds and a bridging facility, priced at one-week Libor plus 0.2 per cent spayable.

There is also a so-called loan to the Republic of Ireland the fundamental prime rate, with a total bourg and Caisse d'Epargne de Luxembourg and Caisse d'Epargne de Luxembourg and Caisse d'Epargne de Luxembourg and Caisse d'Epargne de l'Etat has granted a LFr 2bn loan to the Republic of Ireland the fundamental prime rate, with a total value of \$712bn.

This is the first time Moody's has rated Irish debt. It said the country's economy still faces serious imbalances, including the US debt rating agency, has assigned a rating of Aa3 to debt of \$20bn and an unemploy-dependent of three business days to provide the US debt rating agency, has a so-called the fundamental prime rate, with a total value of \$712bn.

The facility for Northern indiana Public Services, the first fundamental prime rate, with a total value of \$712bn.

The facility for Northern indiana Public Services, the first fundamental prime rate,

These securities have been sold outside the United States of America and Japan. This announcemen

appears as a matter of record only.

NEW ISSUE

15th July, 1987



SANRAKU INCORPORATED (Sanraku Kabushiki Kaisha)

U.S.\$100,000,000

2½ per cent. Guaranteed Bonds 1992 unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by

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The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd. Yamatane Securities (Europe) Ltd.

Mitsubishi Trust International Limited

Crédit Lyonnais

Fuji International Finance Limited **Merrill Lynch Capital Markets**

Mitsubishi Finance International Limited

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All of these securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

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28,000,000 Shares

E-II Holdings Inc.

Common Stock

This portion of the offering was offered in the United States by the undersigned.

23,000,000 Shares

Price \$15 Per Share

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Drexel Burnham Lambert

The First Boston Corporation

Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc.

Alex. Brown & Sons

Dillon, Read & Co. Inc.

Hambrecht & Quist

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S. G. Warburg Securities

Peter Marsh explains how the use of satellite information has brought a harvest of increased efficiency

FARMERS are generally more at home with information from year, Lamb plans to get a far metals deposits, are generally seed catalogues than from sately quicker description of what is

shareholder of Eastern Oregon Farming Company, which derives its annual income of about \$13m mainly from potatoes, alfalfa and cereals. While the offices of most metres, compared with the farmers contain nothing more minimum feature size of 30 technically sophisticated than a calculator, Lamb's is adorned by a \$30,000 image processing system, based on an IBM

personal computer.
Since 1984, Lamb has used this system to process satellite pictures telling him the condi-tion both of his own crops and of his rivals in adjoining farms. This information has helped, he says, in management decisions such as when to harvest specific crops and take them to market. In the next few months: Lamb's use of satellite data will move into a new stage. At the moment, he receives a picture, from the US's Landsat remota-sensing satellites, roughly once

FARMERS are generally more at home with information from seed catalogues than from satellites. An exception is Frank lamb, who for the past three years has used photographs from space to maximise the return from his 10,000 acres of agricultural land near Hermiston, Oregon.

Lamb is president and main shareholder of Eastern Oregon

An added home is that the

An added bonus is that the Spot images are higher resolution than the Landsat pictures, providing detail about objects of dimensions as small as 10 metres available from Landsat. Both Spot Image and Eosat, the US company which sells Landsat pictures, believe that making space data available

quickly to customers will play an essential role in increasing demand for this kind of demand for this kind of irrigation system, "As we gain information. Worldwide sales of experience, we hope to be able pictures from Spot and Landsat to react to problems quickly, satellites add up to no more such as by applying chemicals than about \$20m a year.

Both companies think the the use of fertilisers."

The victories of war to year.

market could be considerably
expanded. At present, customers often have to wait the Spot satellite, which zooms
months to obtain from the satelover the Earth at a height of

The opposite is true, however, for shipping companies or concerns in charge of oil rigs which need to know quickly about, say, sea or weather conditions which can affect their operations.

Lamb, the Oregon farmer, highlights the importance of more timely access to information. "When you are dealing to "When you are dealing to "When you are dealing"

more timely access to informa-tion. "When you are dealing with living crops, knowing about a problem two weeks after it occurs does not help you very much," he says. With the Spot data, Lamb plans to monitor virtually con-tinuously the health of his crops particularly notetoes.

tinuously the heath we may crops, particularly potatoes.

The information from space will alert him early on to crop diseases or failures in his farm's irrigation system. "As we gain the shadow of the system of the shadow of the same
lite companies a picture of a 830 km.
specific part of the world.

Photographs of Oregon, coded.

Image's US offices in Reston, Virginia.

Spot Image sends

farm pictures to Oregon by courier

Oregon

From here, the pictures will be sent as computer tapes by air courier 5,000 km across America to Lamb's office This recourse to old-fashloned transportation techniques for the final leg of the journey may

telephone lines. Satellite photographs do not come cheap. Each Landsat picture, containing information about an area 180 km square,

8

costs \$650, compared with \$1,600 for the higher-resolution Spot pictures, each of which re-lates to an area 60 km square.

supply of Spot data. During the first two years of the experiment, Spot Image has offered Lamb a cut-price rate for the information. Lamb is reluctant, however, to divulge how much he will be paying.

Spot Image

receive,sort

and process

HQ.Reston,

Virginia,

Satellite takes pictures of Oregon farmland

He says that in the past he has saved money through gaining access to the information provided by Landsat. As to the likely impact of his use of Spot data, Lamb believes "the payoff could be considerable."

plastic honeycomb

honeycomb-structured plates used in the building and

Finns move closer to inch-thick wall TV

FLAT, inch-thick television sets that can hang on a wall, still elude the display specialists. But development con-stantly edges forward. Finnish company Lohja claims to be the first in Europe with a flat TV, albeit in a monochrome amber colour. The prototype has a 7-inch diagonal and is a little over three-quarters of an inch thick. The company does not, however, plan to put the set into production for the moment, because there are

two problems: price and colour. Work continues with Helsinki Technical College to try to get clear, three-colour images at prices that will not create too much of a premium over the conventional colour tube.

Meanwhile, in Britain,
Phosphor Products of Poole,

Phosphor Products of Poole, Dorset, has made the first production models of an inch-thick display with a touch-sensitive screen the size of an A4 sheet of paper. Aimed at the financial services, military and telecoms markets, the display can put a series of "keyboards" on screen, which the user can selectively touch to operate a system.

Both Finnish and British systems use a display tech-nology called electrolumin-escence (EL), in which a layer of phosphor chemicals is sandwiched between a horizontal (X) and a vertical (Y) grid of very fine wires. When any X and Y pair are energised, the voltage of the cross-over point makes the chemical glow. The energisation tion of a rapid series of points produces a picture, "put together" by the eye by means of persistence of

EL is now in serious com-petition with various kinds of flat cathode ray tube and with LCD (liquid crystal displays). There are several Japanese small-screen LCD TVs un the

Big savings in the

A FRENCH professor of engineering in Paris, Jean-Pierre Trotignon, has devised a better way of making—at a fraction of the cost—the

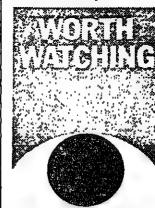




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vehicle industries. Such plates are usually made from either aluminium or thermosetting plastics, but Trotignon's honeycomb can be produced by extrusion of thermoplastic materials like polypropylene and poly-corbonate. The new process is claimed to be seven times

The use of extrusion means plates of any length can be made and no joining is required to make larger ones. The size of the honeycomb cells can be easily altered and



dited by Geoffrey Charlish

the plate can be scaled with a plastic skin during manu-facture. Extrusion also allows more complex cell shapes, to improve strength. In addition there is a prospect of reinforcing the plates with other materials to give a composite of special properties.

Computervision link with Toshiba

JAPANESE company Toshiba has purchased a 33.5 per cent interest in Computervision Japan. Computervision, a major US computer-aided design systems company, says that the move will give it a strengthened presence in Japan, in particular by expanded sales and marketing coverage through Toshiba's 200 Japanese sales outlets.

Phosphor Products: UK, 0272 284063. Lohja Corporation: Finland, 21 518411. Jean-Pierre Trotignon: France, 1 3951 5782. Computernation: UK offices, 0256 58133.

sensing satellites, roughly once when the features described in the photograph are essentiphotograph relating to events on the ground a week to 10 days on the ground a week to 10 days interested in satellite photograph. The world. Photographs of Oregon, coded transportation techniques for the final leg of the journey may the Why newsmen should treat a little heavenly help with care

NEWSPAPERS and TV organi-sations are emerging as grow-Barker believes such satellite sations are emerging as growing users of satellite photosations are emerging as growing users of satellite photographs, according to Bob Barker, director of commercial operations at the US subsidiary of Spot Image. The French-owned company is one of two groups which operate remotesensing satellites on a commercial basis, the other being In recent years, pictures taken from outer space of events difficult or impossible to obtain in any other way have

In recent years, pictures taken from outer space of events difficult or impossible to obtain in any other way have figured in a number of articles or TV programmes. Such events included last year's explosion at the Chernobyl nuclear plant in the USSE trans measurements. in the USSR, troop movements

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F LATE

the satellite company has to obtain the picture from the Spot or Fosat receiving station in the relevant country, a pro-cedure that can be extremely bureaucratic.

In some instances, however, in the Iran-Iraq war, and In some instances, however, developments related to mili- Barker says that the satellite

companies " can pull out all the stops " and obtain the information within 48 hours, normally charging a higher fee. Such urgency applied to the Chernobyl explosion when news groups all around the world were anxious for the pictures. Some observers believe the interest shown by news organi-sations in satellite pictures could ultimately lead to clashes

over state secrecy.

A recent report* from the Office of Technology Assess ment, a research arm of the

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in an obscure part of the world, "thereby depriving US troops of the critical elements of sur-

Another possibility is that a news organisation could, per-haps unwittingly, provide valuable intelligence to countries lacking their own reconnaissance satellites.

The dangers involved in "satellite snooping," according to some commentators, will grow more acute as the capa-bilities of civilian observation satellites increase. Spot Image's satellites increase. US Congress, says media use of satellites, launched last year, report, is that, in the US at such photographs "could complicate US national security and foreign policy." A possible example could be publication, during a war, of satellites pictures showing US military operations satellites, which Eosat operates, and not that far away from the sanger American lives. A siminary operation of a few metres or lar degree of co-operation could

less obtained from military satellites. expected in According to Barker of Spot

Satellite sends picture

receiving station, Prince Albert,

Image, the fears are "largely a non-issue." He points out that the free publication of satellite photographs may "lower global paranola" in making visible what would otherwise be covert

The Office of Technology Assessment report concludes that the possible problems involving intringements of state secrecy "will likely be manageable." A crucial point, says the report, is that, in the US at least, news organisations have

photography.
Whatever the problems about

the sensitivity of the information, newspapers and TV groups should exercise care when using satellite pictures, according to Nigel Press, managing director of Nigel Press Associates, a company in Edenbridge, Kent. which distributes Spot photographs in the UK.

He says that, through lack of skills in interpreting space images, newspapers have printed satellite pictures showing completely different scenes to the ones they were supposed to be illustrating.

* Commercial Newsgathering

from Space, Office of Technology Assessment, Washington DC

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Company Notices

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Copies of the audited accounts of Lloyds Eurofinance N.V. for the year ended 31st December, 1986, are now available from:-

> THE SECRETARY, LLOYDS BANK PLC. 71 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON ECOP 356

Dixons disappoints with 31% rise

retailer, yesterday reported a 31.4 per cent jump in pre-tax profits to £102.6m in the 53 weeks to May 2 1987, compared to a 52 week period ending April 26 1986. Sales rose 18.7 per cent to £1.11bn.

The results were at the lower end of expectations, and the shares closed 10p lower at 363p. Below the line figures were boosted by an extraordinary credit of £5.6m, being the net profit on the sale of shares in Woolworth Holdings, compared to a £12.8m debit the previous financial financi year. Earnings per share rose 38.3 per cent to 19.5p, with a full year dividend amounting to

4.9p, up from 11.0p. Mr Stanley Kalms, chairman, said US sales in the present year were up strongly, while UK sales were gathering momentum after a slow start. "I would, as usual, expect to announce another set of excellent figures at the end of our

year," he said. nearly one million policies
The bulk of the increased annually, and says the financial

Midway fall at Union

Discount

Reporting for the interim stage, the directors of Union Discount Company of London said trading profits for the first half of 1987 were down on the comparable period previously, but were satisfactory. They recalled that last year they were able to report an

excellent trading performance mainly because of the worldwide fall in interest rates.

During the first half of the current year, sterling rates had fallen but there was little movement in interest rates in the other major currencies, and in other major currencies, and in particular the US bond market provided few profitable trading opportunities, they explained. For 1986 the group made a net taxed profit of £10.8m—half yearly figures were not given.

As promised the interim dividend is lifted from 11p to 17p net par share to reduce disnet per share to reduce dis-parity with the final—29p last

ARMITAGE BROTHERS have sold their UK heavyweight cat litter business to Laporte Industries, who are the producers and packers, for £800,000. The sale will enable the company to concentrate on the lightweight cat litter business and other profitable product ranges.

Dixons Group, electrical profit came from a 20.4 per cent services division is a major profit came from a 20.4 per cent improvement in retailing profits to 581.6m. This was led by the Dixons chain where sales increased to 5422m. Dixons said its strategy of opening stores in smaller towns was successful, and that 37 new branches would the opened in the present year. While retailing dominated the business the fastest rate of Recent months have seen a

> Dixons has a joint venture with Club 24, a subsidiary of Next, and growth in the extended warranty insurance of products sold in Dixons retail business. Dixons is selling extended warranty insurance at a rate of

business, the fastest rate of growth in pre-tax profits came in financial services and proerty. the third largest specialty While retailing dominated the retailer of electrical goods and business, the fastest rate of appliances in the US. Last week growth in pre-tax profits came in Dixons announced a tender financial services and property. offer for Tipton Centers, a Financial services profits in chain of 24 electrical retailing Financial services profits in-creased from 53.8 to 59.2m, re-flecting expanding activity in the credit card business, where been pledged.

Mr Egon von Greyers, vice-chairman, said the US was a market of important growth market of important growth potential for Dixons, and that further acquisitions would likely follow. Europe was also sidentified as a second on in the next year or second on the next year. identified as an area of so." potential expansion,



Bulmer beats flat cider trade

BY HIKK! TAIT

LOWER INTEREST charges and sharply increased results from general drinks and pectin have just offset a further charge for redundancy payments and flat performance by the main cider business at H. P. Bulmer, the Hereford-based group. In the 12 months to April 24, Bulmer reported a 6 per cent increase in pre-tax profit to

£12.5m, against £11.8m a year ago. Sales overall were up from £170.7m to £183.4m and earnings per share rose by a fifth to 12.97p.
However, although the mar-

ket was not expecting rapid profits improvement, the figures were still at the lower end of expectations and the shares fell At the trading level profits were almost £2m higher at £18.1m. That was entirely due to the higher contribution on

wines, spirits and other drinks (£3.3m against £1.93m) and pectin (£2.11m against £1.18m). Yesterday, finance director Mr Richard Hollis said the former was largely thanks to a 50 per cent volume improvement on the distribution of Perrier and Red Stripe lager. However, the company warned that the Pectin side would consolidate in 1987-88 as further invest-ment takes place.

The core cider business, meanwhile, saw sales flat at £54.5m and trading profit unchanged at £11.6m. And with another 100 jobs going in this division, a £1.31m exceptional cost was also incurred—leaving group profits pre-interest unchanged at £16.8m.

The current year got off to a

The current year got off to a good start in May, says Mr to 5.774p with a final of 3.431p. Hollis, but that had been more than eliminated by the damp June. Redundancies in 1987-88, he added, are unlikely to exceed half of last work.

credit (£2.41m charge) and a revaluation of group properties added £2.5m to reserves. With the directors forecasting that improved results from cider and

Cider's problems, in the wake of the 1983 and 1984 excise duty hikes, are well-known and half of last year's figure.

Meanwhile, the overseas duty hikes, are well-known and signs of any fizz returning are drinks side — which takes in still tentative. Butter can do cider and fruit juice operations in Australia and the Red Cheek apply juice business — showed spend — £2m more last year "disappointing" figures, with trading profit down from £1.66m — coupled with the likes low-alcohol cider will revive its trading profit down from £1.66m
to £1.08m.

Mr Hollis said the company
had received a number of approaches and proposals for wave of manning reductions, these companies, and was curthese companies. rently considering its options on this front.

The pre-tax improvement, then, was due entirely to a news. All in all, expectations reduced interest charge—down run at around £1.5m £1.5.5m pre-from £4.43m to £3.69m—with year-end gearing cut from 38 would put the shares — 55 per to 19 per cent and helped by cent in safe family hands — on lower interest rates. The tax a p/e of around 14. Not pricey charge was £3.81m (£4.5m). —but nothing to get excited about either.

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Lifecare set for stockmarket return

By Nikki Tajt

Lifecare, the nursing homes group which went into receivership a year ago and which is currently part of a Department of Trade and Industry inquiry, could be back on the stock market by the end of the year.

Mr John Little, one of two new directors who were appointed last January and appointed last January and given the task of resurrecting the company, told share-holders at yesterday's annual meeting, that the company had received "numerous" approaches from companies interested in preparation into interested in reversing into Lifecare — now a shell with net assets, mainly cash, of £1.5m.

"We are now down to a short-list of six or seven," he continued, adding that "in-terviewing" would probably start in the next three or four

start in the next three or four weeks.

Stock Exchange requirements, he suggested, would recommend Lifecare to stay in the nursing homes field, and he indicated that end-1987 could see a quote restored if all went well.

"The professional advisors

"The professional advisors are very bullish," he said. Lifecare's history has been extremely tangled over the past three years. In 1983, Mr Nick Morris and Dr Richard Petty took the reins at a small Weish building group, Edward Jones, and set about turning it into a nursing homes group.

turning it into a nursing homes group.

But just under a year age, one unjor creditor, Citibank, called in the receivers and in December, Dr Petty and another director, Mr Lentou, resigned after Mr Morris had been removed from office.

On taking over, the new directors found that "the financial position unclear, the records in a mess" and there were major claims which had to be addressed suickly. The to be addressed quickly. The books and records, they say, did not comply with Com-

Barclays Bank admitted yes—as a result of trading under the terday that it had miscounted incorrect information. Barclays acceptances in the hid by Smith would acquire and make availness Court, the securities able sufficient shares to make dealer, for New Court Trust, up any shortfall. panies Act requirements.

A report to shareholders catalogues relationships beeatalogues relationships between companies or trusts
owned privately by Dr Petry
and Mr Morris and their
families and Lifecare. In particular, it estimates that
Lifecare is owed \$700,000 by
Anglo-Dutch, a licensed
deposit-taker believed to be
owned by trusts set up by the
two men's families.

Yesterday, Hr Little said
that he believed Mr Morris
was in the UK at present,
but that the company was still
considering the position over
potential lagal action. the investment trust. As a result, Smith New Court shareholders who had applied to take up any excess redeemable preference shares will receive fewer than they had been told last week. Barcleys said yesterday that iliquid it would indemnify any appli-which cant who could identify a loss child.

United Scientific sells

Delta disappointed

at bid rejection Delta Group, the electrical petra Group, the electrical and engineering company, yesterday expressed dis-suppointment at the rejection by the board of electrical angineering group George H. Scholes of its £70m bid. Delta said that prior to the pena said that prior to the announcement of the bid, it had had positive discussions with the Beholes chairman and managing director and its financial advisers. As these covered both the commercial and financial merits of the proposition it is supof the proposition, it is sur-prised by the grounds given for rejecting the offer. Scholes said the terms failed to reflect its performance and potential. An offer document will be produced shortly.

T & N to review S. African holdings

TURNER & NEWALL, the mining and engineering group, is to review its South African holdings. It will consider ways of rationalising their operations and reducing

overheads.

It holds 51 per cent of Turner & Newall Holdings, an engineering, motor components and industrial materials company, and 78 per cent of Associated Engineering (SA), which makes cylinders and bearings.

The latter was acquired The latter was acquired with the AE group late last year. Both subsidiaries have Johannesburg listings.

Fleming Overseas Investment Trust is cutting its dividend to 2.25p for year ended June 30 1987 (2.75p) with final 1.25p. Earnings 2.27p (2.29p). Gross revenue £6.18m (£6.2m) less management expenses £1.65m ment expenses FL55m (£1.15m). Pre-tax revenue £4.6m (£4.89m). Net asset value at June 30 was 242.2p (193.1p).

IRELAND U.S.\$50,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due

July 1992 In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the six months interest period from 16th July, 1987 to 19th January, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 71 per cent per annum. The relevant st Payment Date will be Interest regulers Date with the 19th January, 1988 and the Coupon Amount per \$500,000 will be \$19,154.51.

Bank of Tokyo
International Limited
Defendance Apont

Reference Agent

GPG continues to expand in US with £23m acquisition

Guinness Peat, the merchant built it up since 1978, that gross banking group, is making a revenues will total at least £17.2m placing of new shares to help finance a £22.7m take-over of a US company operations in North American program. ing in North America's growing executive benefits consultancy

market.

Mr Alastair Morton, Guinness Peat's executive chairman, said the purchase of Oregon-based Management Compensation.

Group (MCG) was part of a strategy of expanding the Guinness Peat's North American asset management and can asset management and benefits funding operations. Guinness Peat's shares closed down 1p at 107p.

The British group has bought since 1984 two US fund managers, New York-based Forstmann-Leff and Houston-based Eagle Management and MCG specialises in servicing MCG specialises in servicing US companies and individuals by designing supplementary pension, life insurance and salary schemes for high-carners. It will complement Forstmann-Leff's existing business of managing pension funds for US

corporations including Lock-heed Guinness Peat said. MCG's owners £17.2m cash raised by the issue of 17.5m shares at 98.5p each. It is making up the rest of the \$36.75m consideration with 5.6m.

The deal is structured around a guarantee from MCG's owners, the management team which has

Significantly, the new acquisition is backed by Guinness Peat's biggest shareholder Capitalcorp, a Hong Kong-based subsidiary of Equitions, a New Yorkend investment company Zealand investment company.
Capitalcorp has built up a 28.2
per cent stake in Guinness Peat,
after buying a 24 per cent holding from Friend's Provident,
the life assurance company, this

spring.
In June, Guinness Peat gave Equiticorp two seats on its board after a two-month long dispute over whether the New Zealand group should have board representation.
Guinness Peat has already placed with Capitalcorp 28.2 per cent of the new share issue,

placed with Capitalcorp 28.2 Per cent of the new share issue, which is underwritten by Morgan Grenfell, the merchant bank. Capitalcorp could raise its stake to 29.2 per cent if it applies for the maximum new shares allowable.

MCG has raised its gross revenues from \$4m in 1983 to \$8.5m in the year ending last February 28.
Guinness Peat said MCG was expected to benefit in the next 12 months from the 1986 US 12 months from the 1985 US
Tax Reform Act. Recent tax
changes in the US have led to
stricter limitations on taxdeductible benefits for
employees, resulting in extra
demand for so-called "nononalified" benefit plant, a product line in which MCG
specialises.

would acquire and make avail-able sufficient shares to make up any shortfall.

The correct allocation is 21.465 per cent of the prefer-ence shares applied for, com-pared with 22.98 per cent announced last week.

announced last week.

Smith New Court, an associate of N. M. Rothschild, the

merchant bank, is buyir, and

liquidating the investment trust, which is managed by Roths-

Guinness Peat shares which MCG's owners have agreed to keep for at least two years.

Barclays miscounted

New Court acceptances

loss-making subsidiary

Shares in United Scientific
Heldings, the defence contractor, yesterday rose 17p to 314p after it announced the disposal of its loss-making photographic subsidiary.

USH is selling Rollei Fototechnic to Mr Heinrich Manderman, the proprietor of Schnalder Onlies for a naminal short this still accounted for only

man, the proprietor of Schneider Optics, for a nominal sum.

Bought in 1982 for DM 6.7m, Rollei has only once made a profit since, and is believed to have lost in excess of £500,000 in USH's last financial year.

USH's total write off on the disposal will be approximately £6.8m, and will be approximately £6.8m, and will be treated as an extraordinary item in the company's accounts for the year to September 30.

"Rollei's history and culture defence electro-optics markets, but this still accounted for only 20 per cent of sales.

Some £3m of debt will be eliminated from USH's balance abiet, leaving the group's net debt at less than £15m.

The disposal follows USH's £4.3m acquisition of Invertron, an extraordinary item in the company's accounts for the year to September 30.

"Rollei's history and culture Exchange in February.

BY DAVID WALLER

disposal of its loss-making photographic subsidiary.

USH is selling Rollel Foto-technic to Mr Heinrich Manderman, the proprietor of Schnelder Optics, for a nominal sum.

Sears to pay £34m for Horne **Brothers**

Sears, the UK retail given, is expending its men's wear division through the 134m acquisition of Horne Brothers, the specialty men't warr retailer with 35 stores mainly in London and the South

Of the fish total, F29.5m is payable in cash with the balances in unsecured 8 per cent lost motes. cent loss notes.

At the end of August 1986, Horne, which has side by had Ell.7m in net assets, of which £7.5m were properties list valued in September, 1984. Sears said that a current value would be enbetantially higher.

value would be emberantially higher.
Horse's profits to the end of August 1987 were expected in he shoul \$2.7% on a larnuver of \$4500.
The new stores will supplement the approximately 550 retail outlets in Sears' Foster Brothers division. The Hornes stores concentrate on quality clothing for men in the 25.44 ciothing for men in the 25-14 year age bracket, and would be combined with Sears' recently formed Esquire oper-

recently formed Esquire operation which is targeted at the same market.

Mr Geoffrey Mailland Smith, chairman, said yesterday that the experiment with Esquire had been a success, and that the acquirities of Horne would accelerate the stratesy of moving up market

Horne would accelerate the strategy of moving up market into inore highly focused fashion areas, while bringing on board a shilled management team.

Zy stores would complement Sears Jargon fashions aimed at men in the 18-25 year aga bracket, About 73 year aga bracket, About 73 year aga bracket, About 75 year aga the own a half years.

Hampe's Worth Valley subsidiary is the UK Reensee formal wear, and Mr Bauth indicated wear, and Mr Betth indicated this would be exploited in Sears main steres, such as Selfridges.

Northern Foods' US subsidiary sale falls By Steven Butler

The collapse of EEE Best, US curpet cleaning company, has led to a termination of Northern Foods' contract to sell its Flagship Cleaning Services subsidiary.

Northern Foods in April reached agreement to sell Flagship Cleaning to ZZZZ Bost for \$24.6m (£15.1m) cash Flagship holds the Sears Roebuck franchise for domestic carpet and upholstery cleaning throughout the US.

Narthern Foods pesterday that other parties had expressed interest in purchasing the company and that discousions would follow.

Lonrho raises

£53m in Tokyo Lonrho, the international trading group, has raised £52.5m after expenses with the issue of 20m new shares on the Takyo Stock Exchange.

The issue, representing about 5.5 per cent of Lonrho's expanded share capital, was fully subscribed. Trading is due to start next Thursday. Lonrho shires added 64p to 2904p in London yesterday, compared with a Tokyo offer price equivalent to 280.4p.

Issued and fully paid

This advertisement is issued in compliance with the Regulations of the Council of The Stock Exchange. Listing Particulars relating to James Crosby Group PLC ("the Company") have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies in England and Wales. Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the whole of the issued and ellotted ordinary share capital of the Company to be admitted to the Official List. It is expected that Listing of the ordinary shares will become effective on 23rd July, 1987 and that dealings will commence on the same day.



JAMES CROSBY GROUP PLC

(Incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act 1985 with No. 2009006)

Placing by

Panmure Gordon & Co. Limited

3,963,415 ordinary shares of 10p each at 82p per share

The Company is a regional housebuilder operating in the North West of England building a broad range of properties in most sectors of the private new housing market. Share Capital

Authorised £1,225,000

in ordinary shares of 10p each

The ordinary shares how being placed will rank part passu in all respects with the ordinary shares of the Company in issue upon Listing and will thereafter have the right to receive all dividends and other distributions declared, paid or made on the ordinary shares of the Company.

In accordance with the Rules and Regulations of the Council of Tae Stock Exchange, Pannuare Gordon & Co. Limited and Henry Cooke Lumsden Limited are placing 2,972,561 and 990,854 ordinary shares in the capital of the Company respectively.

Listing Particulars relating to James Crosby Group PLC are available in the statistical service of Extel Statistical Services Limited. Copies of the Listing Particulars may be obtained during normal business hours (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) for collection only, from the Company Amouncements Office, The Stock Exchange, Throgmorton Street, London ECSP 2JX up to and including 30th July, 1987 and up to and including 31st July, 1987 from the Company's registered office, Buckwood House, 14, Old Market Place, Altincham, Cheshire WA14 4DF and from:

Panmure Gordon & Co. Limited 9 Moorfields Highwalk London EC2Y 9DS

16th July, 1987

of entity

31 £34m



Awalk around the Weekend

When do you start the Weekend? Is it after you've read the business news and features at the front of the Saturday FT? Or do you jump into the Weekend the moment you open the paper?

Or perhaps you don't see the Saturday paper at all and miss the Weekend altogether. If that's the case, do you know what you're missing?

The Weekend FT comes to you with the rest of the FT on a Saturday morning, so that your weekend starts earlier and lasts longer.

Money, money, money!

The front page is where FT writers have the time and space to take a Weekend look at something that's happening in the world. But once you turn over, the tone changes, and you're straight into the family's fortunes. Finance and the Family is where the FT experts talk about your money—pensions, insurance, unit trusts, mortgages, etc.

How's your Eden?

Gardens are either a pain in the back, or solace for the soul. Whether you find them a chore or a creation, you'll have the advice of two of Britain's finest gardening writers, Arthur Hellyer and Robin Lane Fox, to help you.

What about a stately home?

If that's what you want, you can see it in colour in the Weekend FT. On the other hand, if

you're looking for something more manageable, you can read John Brennan on where to move to, when and why.

Have you read that, seen this?

The FT has always given more space to the Arts than any other daily paper, and in the Weekend FT its famous critics have the elbow room to wax lyrical or vitriolic on the important books, exhibitions, festivals, etc. that are out, or on.

Brrrm-Brrrm!

First of all Stuart Marshall in his Motoring column will tell you which car to get into, then a whole team of travel writers will talk about some of the unusual places you can drive it to.

If it's burning a hole in your pocket...

...Lucia van der Post will tell you what to buy and what to wear with it in her own witty way. Edmund Penning-Rowsell will sort out the Chateau Latours from the Mouton-Rothschilds and Peter Fort will recommend what to eat with them and where to dine.

Birdwatching? Chess? Collecting?

The list goes on. Is the Weekend too much for the weekend? What have we left out? Sport (now how could we forget that!), Bridge, Cookery, Records, Chess, Birdwatching...help!

The Saturday FT...so many comments for the price of one.

MS International

profits plummet

US\$100,000,000

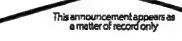
MARINE MIDLAND BANKS, INC

FLOATING RATE SUBORDINATED CAPITAL NOTES due 1999



For the three months 16th July 1987 to 15th October 1987 the Note will carry an Interest Rate of 71 per cent per annum with a Coupon amount of US\$185.28 per US\$10,000. Interest payment date 16th October

> JAMES CAPEL BANKERS LIMITED INTEREST DETERMINATION AGENT



Frederick Cooper p.l.c.

has completed the acquisition of the Lamson Group of companies from Crest Nicholson PLC

> The undersigned initiated this transaction and advised Frederick Cooper p.l.c.

CHARTERHOUSE BANK LIMITED



2	2	JNSOKED SE	C	JΚ	IT.	LE,	5
					Gross	Yield	
High	LOW	Company	Price C	hange	div.(p)	1%	P/2
191	133	Ass. Brit. Ind. Ordinary	181	+1	7.3	3.8	11,7
176	145	Ase. Brit. Ind. CULS	175	+3	10.0	5.7	-
38	34	Armitage and Rhodes	38	_	4.2	11.1	5.3
135	67	BBB Design Group (USM)	110	+5	2,1	1.9	17.5
317	215	Berdon Hill Group	317xd	+2	5.3	1.7	27.1
176	96	Brey Technologies	175	-	4.7	2.7	14.0
215	130	CCL Group Ordinary	215	+3	11.8	5.3	6.5
126	99	CCL Group 11pc Conv. Pref	126	\rightarrow	16.7	12.5	_
151	136	Carborundum Ordinary	151	-	5,4	3.5	13.1
94	91	Carborundum 7.5pc Prof	93xd	-	10.7	21,6	_
108	87	George Blair	108	_	3.7	3.4	2.8
143	119	fais Group	120	_	$\overline{}$	_	_
69	59	Jackson Group	68*		3.4	4.9	7.8
430	321	James Burrough	430xd	_	18.2	4.2	9.8
97	86	James Burrough Spe Pref	87	_	12.9	13.3	_
780	510	Multihouse NV (AmetSE)	510	_	_	-	20.2
480	351	Record Ridgway Ordinary	480	+7	1.4	_	8.7
36	82	Record Ridgwey 10pc Pref	82xd	_	14,1	17.2	_
91	80	Robert Jenkins .,	80	_		_	3.5
120	42	Scruttons	120	_	_	_	_
193	141	Torday and Carilele	193	_	5.6	3.4	8.4
420	321	Trevian Holdings	420	_	7.9	1,8	2.7
108	73	Unilack Holdings (82)	108xd	_	2.8	2.5	19,9
168	115	Walter Alexander	188		5.9	3.1	13.9
198	190	W. S. Youles	196xd		17,4	8.8	19.5
145	95	West Yorks, Ind. Hosp. (USM)	145	$\overline{}$	5.5	3.8	15.4
		* Scrip lesue					

Granville & Company Limited 8 Lovar Lane, London ECJR 88P Telephone 01-621 1212

Oranville Davies Coleman Limited 27 Lovae Lane, London EC3R 80T Telephone 01-621 1212



£250,000,000 Floating Rate Notes Due 1996

Interest Rate Interest Period

9.2875% per annom 15th July, 1987 to 15th October, 1987

Interest Amount per £5,000 Note due 15th October, 1987 Interest Amount per

£117.03

£1170.48

£50,000 Note due 15th October, 1987

Baring Brothers & Co., Limited

Agent Bank

Rowlinson

Mr P. J. Rowlinson Chairman, reports on the year ended 31st March 1987

- * Profit up 35% to £1.111m * Dividend increased by 10%
- Annual rent roll now £1.25m
- Increased activity in property development

 Profits expected to show a further increase in the current year Accounts available from the Secretary

ROWLINSON SECURITIES PLC

London House, London Road South, Poynton, Stockport SK12 1YP

UK COMPANY NEWS

Eurotherm sees return to growth pattern

(7.1p) and the interim dividend

(7.1p) and the interim dividend is raised to 1.75p (1.5p).

Profit growth slowed to under 4 per cent to £9.36m in 1985-88. The past half year had seen orders increase by 20 per cent compared with 1986. There had been a recovery in orders for larger systems in Eurotherm Corporation in the US and 700

fund purchase

via share issue

Ossory Estates' consideration

for the purchase of a portfolio

of 29 properties from the imperial Life Assurance Com-pany of Canada is to be satis-

an option on a further lan shares exercisable within two

years at 45.5p. In addition a

further 1,318,681 ordinary

shares are to be issued to meet the expenses of the acquisition.

PK English Trust, in con-

junction with Quilter have con-

ditionally placed the 30,769,230 new ordinary shares with institutional investors at 45.5p. Of the shares placed, 23,741,540 will be the subject of an open offer to existing shareholders and lower rote holders.

The offer will be made on the basis of one new ordinary at 45.5p for every seven existing

at 30.0p for every seven existing ordinary held or, in the case of the loan note holders, deemed to be held. The new ordinary will be allocated on a pro-rate basis and any new ordinary not applied for will be taken up by the placees.

Mezzanine sells US holding for £2.1m

Mezzanine Capital Corpora-tion, specialist in financing

leveraged buy-outs, is to sell its 6 per cent stake in Stanley

Interiors, a US furniture makes and importer, for more than five times the acquisition cost.

Case buys 30%

of TSL Comms.

Olivetti owns 40 per cent of the company, with the balance of shares held by management.

Salvesen acquisition

Christian Salvesen's US sub-

sidiary, Aggreko USA, has acquired Mobileair, a Houston-

based refrigeration and heating equipment supplier, for slightly

over \$3m (£1.9m) satisfied partly in cash and partly by assumption of debt.

Salvesen is also acquire for

cash, 75 per cent of Agro GmbH, Hamburg, West Ger-many, which provides a range of

services, including the distribu-tion of frozen food products. In

addition the company announced that it had started construction of a major new regional distribution centre at Neasden, north London, to serve local Marks and Spencer stores.

TOP ESTATES (property in-

TOP ESTATES (property investment): Pre-tax profits for year to March 31 1987 were £310,000 (£119,000). Earnings per 25p share 2.05p (0.55p) and dividend 0.95p (adjusted 0.475p). A one-for-one scrip issue is also proposed. Net assets £24.75m (££16.25m) which increased to £31.8m since year end following £7m pre-

year end following 57m pre-mium arising from issue of fur-

ther tranche of loan stock in

By Steven Betler

and loan note holders.

Ossory to

Robocom, Camm Technology and Inforare, have not done as well as hoped at this stage, but demand for products was accelerating.

accelerating.

The midway profit was helped by a cut in interest charges from £723,000 to £568,000. Tax came to £1.77m (£1.38m) and minorities to £2,000 (£35,000).

facturer Eurotherm Inter- the year. the first half of 1985-86 is national believes the current There was some unevenness added back (and a £119,000 year will show a resumption of its earlier growth following turber progress in market penetration and product improvement in the opening six was excellent growth from TCS than the now abandoned divergence of the penetration and product improvement in the opening six was excellent growth from TCS than the now abandoned divergence of the penetration and product improvement in the opening six was excellent growth from TCS than the now abandoned divergence of the penetration and product improvement in the opening six was excellent growth from TCS than the now abandoned divergence of the penetration and product improvement in the opening six was excellent growth from TCS than the now abandoned divergence of the penetration and product improvement in the opening six was excellent growth from TCS than the now abandoned divergence of the penetration and product improved results from all companies. and SSD, and Eurotherm and sification into computer print-For that period, to April 30

Chessell recovered from poor ers, the blane for this situation in the computer panel 1967, group sales rose 12 per spells in late 1966 as new protion appears to be: the slow cent to £48.83m (£43.5m) but ducts gained increasing acceptance with which new ventures are turning into profit centres; 23 per cent, from £3.35m to On the Continent business and the increasing lumpiness of £4.12m. Earnings came to 8.6p was rather flat, although orders in the core businesses (7.1n) and the interior dividend. Chessell in France and as customers demand an interior of the continent business. On the Continent business and the increasing lumpiness of was rather flat, although chessell in France and Germany were exceptions.

The newer product ventures, trols. The most optimistic features are through mits profit tentres; and the increasing lumpiness of orders in the core businesses as customers demand an integrated approach to process controls. The most optimistic features of the approach to process controls. grated approach to process con-trols. The most optimistic fea-ture of the annual statement was the reference to full order books and hopefully the lag effect of the larger contracts will have worked itself through been a recovery in orders for larger systems in Eurotherm Corporation in the US and TCS

also received larger orders for projects with an extended delivery schedule.

Consequently, the order back-log grew by some 36 per cent in comparison with June 1986, but delivery rate had not increased by a similar amount. Shipments should improve ahead and once the £800,000

accelerating.

The midway profit was helped the system by now. On full year foreasts of £11 m, the shares at 479p are trading on a minorities to £2,000 (£35,000).

Comment

It is hard to avoid the concinion to a rut—the last full year's profits were only marginally ahead and once the £800,000 medium-sized well.

Edinburgh Financial 20% holding changes hands

once a small investment trust but now being transformed into a financial services group by two former directors of mer-chant bank Noble Grossart, has been placed with institutional fied by the issue of 29,450,459 new ordinary and the grant of

However, Mr Hamish Grossart, a director of EFT, said he understood this had now been placed; Fleming Mercantile Investment Trust has declared a 8.97 per cent interest in EFT as a result and a major Scottish

Rohan receives approach BY HUGH CARNEGY IN DUBLIN

Lee Valley raising £4m BY MICHARD TOMKING

Lee Valley Water Company is raising 54m through an offer for sale by tender of 7½ redeemable preference stock 1997-98 at a minimum tender price of £100½ per £100 worth of stock. Broker to the issue is Ssymour Pierce.

Mezzanine will receive \$3.43m (£2.13m) for a holding which cost \$635,325 in June 1984. Its simultaneous investment of \$8.86m in subordinated debt was repaid last September. The shares are being bought by Nortek, which is acquiring a total of 36 per cent of Stanley. The company supplies water to about Im people in parts of Bedfordshire, Essex and Hertfordshire and parts of the London boroughs of Barnet, Enfield and Haringey under an arrangement with the Thames Water Authority.

The money being raised will Lee Valley offer from £100 to be used to redeem a previous £100.

PPS buys Welsh estate agent

BY ANTHONY MORETON

Case Group, the data and communications networks supplier, has paid £250,000 for a 30 per cent stake in TSL Commu nications, a manufacturer of packet switching products. Case has agreed to supply £300,000 of additional funding to the

TSL Communications, which is unrelated to the TSL Group, completed its first full year of trading in 1986. It has an annual turnover of about £2m and supplies OEM equipment to Case.

Reindeer Rubber Subsidiary make primary and secondary seals for floating roof storage tanks.

Hollis will pay £572,450 in cash and issue 1,165,230 new ordinary shares and 208,704 ordinary shares and 209,704 new units of 252 per cent convertible loan stock. The purchase price will be reduced if PSS's pre-tax profit for the eight months to May 31 was less than £177,000 or if its net assets at that date fell short of £490,000.

IEP cuts holding

quired a 29.9 per cent holding in OT&T during the course of a hostile, unsuccessful bid last autumn. This was reduced to 29.4 per cent by March, when OT&T reported pre-tax profits of £37.2m for 1986.

A 20 per cent stake . in had its own plans for the trust's

Edinburgh Financial Trust, future.

The stake was previously owned by a consortium of investors, headed by Mr Bruce Judge, the New Zealand entrepreneur, which at one stage institution is also believed to hold around 5 per cent. Mr Grossart added that the interest was now in what it preneur, which at one stage

Rehan Group, the Irish only came to the market in property company with quality industrial park investments in the south-east of England, said yesterday it was subject to an approach which might lead to an offer.

The company declined to give further details, advising shareholders to take no action until a further a shouncement was made.

Brokers in Dublin said the one only name linked to Rohan recently was Green Properties, a Dublin-besed company which of 250p.

issue of 24m-worth of 91 per

the domestic market and high-tech industrial sites in the US. The share price shaded down yesterday from Tuesday's level

cent redeemable preference stock 1987 on October 31. The issue is Seymour Pierce's third water issue so far this month, following soon after the tender offers by Wrexham and East Denbighshire Water Company and the Sunderland and South Shields Water Company.

Both the earlier issues proved popular: Sunderland's was nearly twice subscribed at an average price of £1013. It is against this background that Seymour Pierce has raised the

Prudential Property Services, property arm of the Prudential insurance company, has bought Lucas and Madley, a leading Welsh agency, in a further con-solidation of its estate-agency Since it moved into the sector

in 1985, with the purchase of a Huntingdon concern, PPS has become the largest estate agency in the country with 519 branches. Lucas and Madley

Hollis acquisition

Hollis, the engineering and services group controlled by Mr Robert Maxwell, is to pay up to £2.06m for Petroleum Seals and Systems. The Oldham-based company and its

vehicle of Mr Ron Brierley, the New Zealand entrepreneur, has reduced its holding in Ocean Transport & Trading to 31.58m shares, or 27.5 per cent of the equity. Mr Briefley's company ac-

contributes seven to this total. Mr Joe Bradley, managing director of PPS, said yesterday that the group was putting some £200m into the expansion of its estate agency business and had already committed three-quarters of that sum.
The Cardiff-based Lucas and Madley is primarily residential, though it has some commercial

work as well as an auctioneering side. **DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED**

last year 5.77 5.29 H. P. Buhner Dixons 2.8

Eurotherm int 1.75

Gralg Shipping 10

March Group 11.68

John Michael 11. 15 1.2 - 0.5 - 0.06 - 0.48° Sept 2 11 Sept 29 1.5 1.5 2 0.06 3 0.48 0.95 Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated. *Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. † On capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. ‡ USM stock. § Unquoted stock. ¶ Third market. ¶ To reduce disparity.

Public Works Loan Board rates

	-2020	Acres	2472 74			
	Queta) Joan s	repaid .	Note - start	loges	А° гара
Years 1	바타	Aŧ	and miles	by EIP†	A‡	at Maturit
			91	=-		92
Over 1 up to 2	9 }	91	9	10]	101	9 <u>1</u>
Over 2 up to 3	9	9	9	10	10	94
Over 3 mp to 4	9	9	g	10	10	āì
Over 4 up to 5	ğ	9	ē	10	10	94 94 94 94
Over 5 up to 6	9	9	9	91	91	91
Over 6 mp to 7	9	9	91	9 <u>}</u>	91	. 9
Over 7 up to 8	9	9	9¥	91	91	91
Over 3 am to 9	9	9	91	91	91	gi
Over 9 up to 10	9	9	91	91	ši	ěi
Over 10 ap to 15	91	91	91	91	9 <u>1</u> 91 91	31
Over 15 up to 25	91	9	91	91	91	94
Over 25	94	91	91	91	91	9† 9† 9† 9†
				-	-	

Non-quota loans B are 1 per cent higher in each case than non-quota loans A. † Equal instalments of principal, ‡ Repayment by half-yearly annuity (fixed equal half-yearly payments to include principal and interest). § With half-yearly payments of interest only.

City expects queues for **BAA** share applications

LONG QUEUES of list-minute applicants for shares in the BAA dotation are expected to bring severe disruption to the City in the run-up to the closa of the offer at 10 am this morn-

The flotation appears to be attracting a strong response from the public. Late yesterday County NatWest, the merchant bank sponsoring the offer for sale, acknowledged that the number of applications already received had passed the lm mark. Since the bulk of the applications will probably not be counted till this morning. the eventual total will be far higher.

higher.

With only 260m shares available to the public in the fixed price part of the offer, this means that a ballot may well become inevitable.

The "grey" market price being quotied by I.G. Index, the financial bookmakers, moved up yesterday to 140p/146p for the 100p partly-paid shares, representing a price of 285p/291p on a fully-paid basis. I.G. Index said volume was equivalent to 50.000 shares.

50.000 shares. Most stockbrokers' analysts. however, have recommended their clients to bid up to a level of about 270p in the tender part of the offer.

Consolidated Tern to get £3m injection

DEALINGS IN the shares of Consolidated Tern Investments, the construction and property development group, are due to resume on the USM this morn-

resume on the Usak this motiving after a three-month period of suspension at 80p.

The resumption follows a restructuring of the company and a proposed offering to raise \$3.13m. Shareholders will be

23.13m, Shareholders will be offered three shares at 20p each for every one held.

A new management team is stepping in, comprising Mr Itames Butterfield as chairman, Mr Peter Collins as finance director and Mr David Hindle as

director and Mr David Hindle as a director and chief executive of the building division. The new board plans to set up a property services division.

The share offering is underwritten by Mr Michael Allen, a Guernsey-based property investor, together with Mr Butterfield and Mr Collins. Mr Allen controls Nationwide Estate Agents, which has more than 35 outlets, and he has been supporting Tern with loans and guarantees over the last three months.

Tern also announced pre-tax losses of £2.3m (profit £317,000) for the year to September 1986 and pre-tax losses of £750,000 (loss £1.3m) for the six months

to March 1987. The company said the share offering would inject £1.63m into the company and provide for the conversion of existing ioans from Mr Alien totalling £1.5m.

Taylor Woodrow in £31m property deal

Taylor Woodrow, is paying 881m to acquire an investment £81m to acquire an investment property portfolio from the United Property Unit Trust.

The portfolio comprises 18 freehold and two leasehold properties located mainly in London and the Home Counties. The properties are a mixture of retail, offices and industrial and currently yield a net annual income of about £2m.

income of about 22m.

Consideration is to be met by the issue of 6.04m new ordinary shares in Taylor, which are to be placed at 520p each on behalf of the trust by Hambros Bank to give net proceeds, after expenses, of £31m.

Hoare Govett is the broker to the placing. Completion is

to the placing. Completion is expected to take place tomorrow.

and electrical engineering group, saw pre-tax profits tumble from £3m to £1.06m on advance while the Indian market was proving to be highly satisfactory. turnover down from £65.09m at £46.92m in the year to May

Profits in continuing activities fell from £3.59m to £2.02m on turnover up from £40.74m to £43.41m and discontinued activities incurred higher losses at £986,000 (£693,000) on turn-over of £3.52m (£22.35m). The group's operating profit totalled £2.71m (£5.13m): continuing activities contributed £3.39m (£4.42m) while discontinued activities incurred losses of

2 1987

E886,000 (profit £706,000).

The directors propose an unchanged final dividend of 1.5p, making a total of 2p (2p) Lop, making a total of 2p (2p)
for the year. Earnings per
share fell from 10.7p to 2.8p.
Extraordinary items amounted
to a debit of £5.22m (£134,000)
which consisted mainly of losses
on the sale of businesses and
the closure of business
segments.
The directors said that the

group was now in a better financial position to enable its exist-ing businesses to prosper. Since the year end, proceeds totalling £1.45m from the sale

from £3m to £1m MS International, mechanical ment continued to expand. They reported that business in the US should continue to

> Tax charges totalled £498,000 (£587,000) and minorities amounted to £103,000 (£146,000). Transfer from capital reserve arising on consolidation was £3.71m (nil). Attributable losses totalled £851,000 (£2.43m profit).

MS International's pre-tax profits were below expectations but the shares did not get the pummelling they received at the interim stage, rising lip to 97p. There is a twofold explanation for this sanguine murket reaction. First, there was strong recovery in the second half: pre-tax profits on continuing businesses were \$1.43m against a first-half loss of £370,000. Furthermore the prospects for the current year long good. MS is likely to be a prime beneficiary of British Coal's plans to replace its ageing stock of armoured conveyors, and this month it delivers the first two of 25 gunmounts to the Royal Navy. It MS International's pre-tax of company property in Norwich have been received and other surplus properties have been sold subject to contract to the value of £800,000.

There were positive indications that British Coal was intensifying its drive towards intensifying its drive towards and subsequent demand for the company's purpose designed company's purpose for this delivers the first two of 25 gunmounts to the Royal Navy. It mounts to the Royal Navy. It may secure often for a further way secure of a further way should be a further way shoul

Lorlin calls for £1.6m to boost automation plans

Lerlin Electronics, USMquoted switch and connector
group, is to raise £1.6m through
a rights issue. It is issuing
970.818 new ordinary shares on
a basis of two for every 11 held.
The proceeds would enable
the directors to accelerate the
implementation of the first
phase of their programme of
sutomation and to embark on
further phases at an earlier
siage than would otherwise be
practicable, though the programme will still take up to 18
months to complete.

Expansion, including the introduction of new products. The
announced that subject to a
sutisfactory increase in profit,
they intend to recommend total
dividends per share for 1987 on
the enlarged capital of not less
than 3.45p—15 per cent higher
than the total for 1986.

They said that unaudited
figures for the six months to
June 30 showed turnover up
from £2.56m to almost £3m.

They said that unaudited figures for the six months to June 30 showed turnover up from £2.58m to almost £3m. months to complete. The last to some £2.56m to almost £3m.

The cash will size be used to like 1986 Lordin lifted its prereduce bank debt and provide tax profits by 17 per cent from
additional working capital to £928,000 to £1.09m on turnover
finance the group's continued up from £4.42m at £5.11m.

EPH sells stake in B. Elliott

A subsidiary of Eastern Pro-duce (Holdings), the plantation and trading group, has sold its 10.15 per cent stake in B. Elliott,

10.15 per cent stake in B. Elliott, the machine tool and engineering company.

All Tom Brown, Elliott's chief to close at 113p. The stock has accurive, said yesterday that he believed the shares had been splk up smong a number of lastitutional investors. Elliott's chief to close at 113p. The stock has subsequently been traded heavily, with a peak closing price of 133p last Friday. The shares lost 3p yesterday to close at 125p. contacts with Bordure, the close at 125p.

> Notice of Redemption. U.S. \$150,000,000 Guaranteed

Sanwa International Finance Limited Guaranteed as to payment of Principal and Interest by

The Sanwa Bank, Limited NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to Condition 5(b) of the Notes Service is restricted. Given that purposes to Concern >(b) of the Notes Samua International Finance Limited has elected to redeem on August 19, 1987 (the "Redemption Date") all of its outstanding Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes Due 1992 (the "Notes") at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof plus interest accrued to the Redemption Date. On and after the Redemption Date, interest on the Notes will case to accrue.

The Notes should be operanted and surrandened on the purious sections. The Notes should be presented and surrendered to the paying agents as shown on the Notes on the Redemption Date with all interest coupons maturing subsequent to said date.

Coupons due August 19, 1987 should be detached and presented for payment.

July H., 1987 By Cidlank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.) London, Fiscal Agent

CARPS Limited U.S. \$100,000,000

Secured Floating Rate Notes due 1992 For the period 14th July, 1987 to 16th November, 1987 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 71/4% per annum with a coupon amount of U.S. \$2,517.36 per U.S. \$100,000 Note payable on 16th November, 1987.

Bankers Trust Company, London

Agent Bank



Creditanstalt-Bankverein

U.S. \$125,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes 1994 For the six months 14th July, 1987 to 14th January, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 71/6% per annum and coupon amount of U.S. \$186.88 payable on 14th January, 1988.

Bankers Trust Company, London

Agent Bank

£2M RIGHTS TO CLEAR WAY FOR CASH ACQUISITIONS

Parkfield profits jump to £8m

ional

neid ir

3. Hint

Teamdale, Tiompson Industries and the photographic distribu-tion business of Spectrum were vious years figures have been adjusted.

March profit

little changed

March Group, the racing car manufacturer which joined the

USM earlier this year, reported a static first half with pre-tax

profits marginally lower at

time. Tyrnozer for the period ended April 80 was unchanged

Oxforoshire - based - March

after sir years. In recent years, the company's cars have domi-

throughout that year.

The company aid it was con-

in first half

All of the acquisitions except
Teamdale, Thompson Industries and the photographic distribution business of Spectrum were accounted for on merger principles and as a result, the previous years figures have been An industrial dispute at RM

widen its investment profile. Shares should begin trading on the main market as soon as practicable after the publication of the annual report

• comment Parkfield is quitting its role

Pre-tax profits for the year ment of the workforce production, yesterday announced a flutto of activity with a £29m doubled to £8.14m (£3.89m) on "a more efficient operation."

A one-for-fow rights issue at the interest of the main market.

A one-for-fow rights issue at the interest of the main market of the main market.

A one-for-fow rights issue at the interest of the main market of £2.35m (£1.39m), fully distent except of bank borrowings and to fund future acquisitions. Just of £3.6 m on rectangle is underwriting the issue.

Parkfield made nine acquisitions and the rights will enable the group to find future deals in costs and about £4m on additional works and the rights will enable the group to find future deals in cash, rather than make a further series of vendor placing.

All of the acquisitions except resembles. Therefore of the company, and the rights will enable the cash, rather than make a further series of vendor placing.

All of the acquisitions except resembles to recorded to 12.6 more formed its budget by flate to the prospect of the main market so it seems find a find the company.

All of the provisitions except resembles for add one of the sorting to the company.

All of the provisitions except resembles for add one of the sorting to the company.

All of the provisitions except resembles for add one of the sorting to the company of the main market so it seems find a fair the year and one of the sorting to the company.

All of the provisitions except resembles for add one of the sorting to the company of the main market of the main market so it seems failed a new full and the merger of the interest of the interest of the main market so it seems failed a new full and the merger of the interest of t below market expectations but they still represented earnings per share growth of over 100 per cent and the prospect of the rights issue failed to discourage the market, which pushed the shares up 3p to 410p. Roger Felber is determined to use the rights proceeds for add on acquisitions rather than risking being weighed down by one big buy and with plenty of rationali-sation benefits to come. the

when it joints the full list

Airtours growing but losses up

said.

passengers home without load factors and additional having outbound passengers to capacity contracted.

travel division.

Airtours, whose 10p shares were the subject of a placing in March, produced an increased loss from £360,000 to £2,99m March, produced an increased fly to resorts.

March, produced an increased fly to resorts.

Turnover in the period rose from £380,000 to £2.99m

Tour operators flying to from £11.6m to £15.5m. After pre-tax, for the six months resorts in Europe were a tax credit of £1.05m (£125,000). The directors said, however, remained unsold, the directors said.

The directors said, however, remained unsold, the directors said.

The directors said, however, remained unsold, the directors said.

The directors said, however, said. pre-tax, for the six months ended March 31 1987. A loss had been expected because of the seasonal nature of the

holiday business. that the increased loss was attributable to the growth in the company's business in 1986 and 1987 with a resultant increase in over-head and empty that the increased loss was said.

The company was fortunate the capacity should be company's business in 1986 and 1987 with a resultant increase in over-head and empty the decision to expand the profit of £3.25m for the year leg costs. The latter arise in operations to the October and November when Caribbean had resulted in an the company brings summer excellent response with high dividend of 2.7p.

came to the market in April; a time which also marked its return o Formula One racing nated he Indianapolis 500 and other Grand Prinstyle races in the US—its cars having won the last five Indi 500s in a row. Wyko profits slip to £1.8m

Yesterday, the company announced its first interim dividend of 1.68p: In its prospectus, March said it would have made payments totalling 4.2p for the year to October 31, 1986 had it been publicly held industrial bearings, fell slightly there was no significant change trating on areas of higher profitfrom £1.88m to £1.78m on turnin the group's gearing despite ability and the impact of development costs in the coming year would be minimised.

April 4 1987.

In the distribution division First-half earnings per 5p share were giver as 4.73p. Tax charge was £290000 (£297,000) and minorities took £16,000

The directors propose an unchanged final dividend of 1.5p to give an unchanged total for the year of 2.6p. Earnings per share fell from 6.4p to 3.7p. They reported that general prospects for the group remained sound.

The company aid it was continuing to expand its engineering resources and would take delivery of a new computer aided design system.

A number if opportunities for expansion in the area of engineering consultancy and special projects for the automotive industry were currently being investigated. The company said it would announce shortly the appointment of a The group had suffered its sethesis in profits because of a loss of volume in manufacturing; high costs of product pany said it would announce development; the costs of new ing activities.

Shortly the appointment of a computer procedures intronew senior executive - duced into the distribution encouraging outlook for the year

facturing division and was asso-ciated with the development costs of producing process plant equipment. The shortfall in the division reflected a year of diffi-cuit trading markets coinciding with continuing produced development expenditure. product

Under use of capacity was coupled with the need to in-erease selling costs to develop oversess markets on heavy gear-

AFTER a difficult and frustrat- division; and increased export ahead. The division's order ing year, pre-tax profits at selling costs. However, cash book now had a healthier con-Wyke Group, USM-quoted dis- flow had been kept under strict tent, both by product and by tributor, and manufacturer of control with the result that added value. It was concen-

In the distribution division sales advanced from £12.8m to £13.6m and the division con-tinued its policy of investing in new branches. Margins came under some pressure and com-bined with difficulties in the computer development pro-gramme caused overheads to rise. However, remedial action was being taken, the Arectors

The division's outlook for the current year was one of cautious optimism: it was holding on to its market share and expected to improve its opera-

All areas of the international division made a contribution to the results and the current year's outlook was for the growth of the company's international business to continue through new products and Tax charges fell from 2767,000 to £509,000.

Cost of contracts hits John Michael

A string of unsuccessful pitches for retail contracts saw John Michael Design, the retail shop design company, report a 38 per cent fall in year-end pre-tax profits to £310,083.

JMD joined the USM in 1985 and comfortably exceeded its profits forecast for 1986. This year's first half showed a £83,000 increase to £253,000 but during the second half the company's spending on pitches exceeded its budget.

Mr David Calleett, chair-man, said that each pitch cost fourfold the inital payment received by the company, and that unless JMD won one in three contracts it was out of

Management had taken action to strengthen the accounts department and improve internal reporting pro-

Mr Calleott said that in the first three months of the cur-rent year, JMD had won several new clients, including Ladbroke. Sketchley, First Letsure and Lewis's chain of department stores. He was confident of a strong recov-

Turnover for the year to March 31 rose from £1.32m to £2.3m. Earnings per share fell from 4.14p to 2.35p. There will be no final dividend, leaving the total for the year at the interim level of 0.5p.

JMD had been restructured into limited companies to give middle management more scope and responsibility, said Mr Calleott. It had set up a leisure division and a project management section and planned expansion into other areas of design.

Graig Shipping falls to £0.7m

Increased depreciation and interest charges, together with losses from its shares in related companies, have left pre-tax profits at Graig Shipping almost halved at £701,000 for the year to end-March 1987, against £1.36m previously.

The directors of this Cardiff-based group which is principally engaged in the world-wide bulk cargo trade, are recommending an unthe recommend of 10p to maintain the total at 15p per share. Net earnings per \$1 share felf from \$5.1p to

than doubled to £11.49m (£5.05m) but trading profits were little changed at £923.000 (£929,000). Interest received and income from investments fell slightly to £2.76m (£2.87m) while interest and similar charges rose to £1.36m (£1.19m).

Control Securities in link up with Heron

Control Securities, the pro- will be financed by a vendor perty investment and dealing placing with the institutions.

perty investment and dealing group, has agreed to purchase from Heron Cerporation a portfollo of 23 freehold commercial properties for £27.5m to be satisfied by Control shares to be issued at 65p each.

The deal is subject to the approval of Control share-holders. Heron will take 8m Controls shares (4.97 per cent of the enlarged equity following the transaction). The balance of the purchase price

BOARD MEETINGS

The following companies have notified dates of board meetings to the Stock	Finals: Atlentic Assets Trest, son Industries, Independent
Exchange. Such meetings are usually	ment, Jack L. larael, Jones Str
held for the purpose of considering dividence. Official indications are not	FUTURE DATES
evallable as to whether the dividends	Green Property
divisions shown before are based mainly on last year's himstable.	Romney Trust
TODAY Interfered: Describered, Jersey Electricity.	Yeomen Investment Trust
A. Karshaw, Rank Organisation, River	Black Artow Astronomy

The Union Discount Company of London, p.l.c.

At a meeting of the Board of the Company held unday the directors declared an interim dividend of 17p per £1 umt of stock on account of the year ending 31st December, 1987 (1986-11p). This interim dividend will be paid on 2nd September, 1987 to stockholders whose names are on the register at the close of business on 10th August, 1987. The Company amounced in the Chairman's statement for 1986 its interniors of reducing the disparity between the interim and final dividends. The interested interim dividend now being paid reflects the adoption of this welf-re-

At this time last year we were able to report an excident trading performance due mainly to the world-wide full in interest rates. During the first half of this year starting rates have fallen but there has been little movement in interest rates in the other major currencies and in particular the U.S. bound market has provided few profitable trading opportunities. Consequently the Company's trading profits in the first, half of 1967 are down on the company to the period in 1986, but are assistances.



The Union Discount Company of London, p.Lc.

Landon: 38 Carabill, Lendon: BC3V 5NU. Tel; 18-628 1020 burgh: 13 Charlene Square, Edinburgh EH2 4DJ. Tel: 030-226 3335 may: Lazard House, 1 St. Julian's Avenue, St. Peter Port, Guerone Channel Islands: Tel: 0431 711261.

TSB asset finance head

TSB ENGLAND AND WALES has appointed Mr Tony Jukes as head of asset finance with responsibility for leasing and ancillary activities. He was with Manufacturers Hanover Leasing of National Westminster and the general manager of the great and Africa region. He was less and Africa region. He was been succeed to his retirement in October 1986. also managing director of Manu-facturers Hanover Finance.

Br Andrew J. Higgins has been appointed director of the ANIMAL HEALTH TRUST. He will succeed the present director, Mr W. Brian Singleton, who will retire on January 31 1988.

ASNA (AMALGAMATED SOFTWARE OF NORTH AMERICA) has appointed Mr Derek Cooper as managing director of ASNA Ltd.

Newly-formed charter sirline
AIR UK (LEISURE), which
begins operations from Stansted
Airport in spring 1988, has
formed its board of directors. Mr
Nell Forster and Mr Stephen
Hanscombe, respectively chairman and managing director of
Air UK, hold similar positions
with the new airline. Another
principle board appointment is
that of Mr Chris Parker, chairman of Viking International
which, with British & Commonwealth Holdings and Air UK, is
a shareholder in Air UK
(Leisure). Day-to-day operational
management of the new airline
will rest with Mr Jeremy Dhron,
general manager, and Captain
David Henry, chief pilot, both
of whom are also on the Air UK of whom are also on the Air UK (Leisure) board.

Mr Philip Payze has been appointed chief executive of VOLVO CONCESSIONAIRES

At the THORBOURNE GROUP Mr J, R. Howland has become financial director. He joins from John Mowlem and Co where he was company secretary and group

wiation

or late of the succeeded by Mr R W. Fleiding, chairman

of C. E. Heath.

Aviation

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Artistish operation.

Artist operation.

appointed director of finance of NORFOLK CAPITAL GROUP. He was group financial director and company secretary of Munro

Sir Kenneth James has been appointed director general of CANNING HOUSE (the Hispanic and Luso Brazilian Council) from July 19 in succession to Mr John Heath who is retiring.

Mr Philip Payze has been appointed chief executive of Volvo Concessionaries

LTD (British importer for Volvo cars and a subsidiary of Lex Service). For the past 12 have both been appointed managing director of Sel months, as managing directors. Mr Neil Mr Payze has been responsible for the day-to-day management, while Mr Peter Turnbull, joint chairman, retained responsibility for overall direction and long-term strategy. Mr Turnbull, who retains joint chairmanship, was recently appointed managing director of Tullett & Tokyo (Sterling). Mr Tokyo (Eurocurrencies & Formotive Group.

Mr Philip A. Girle has been (Currency Deposits). Mr David SHRE BANK to succeed Sir managing director of Tullett & to the board. Mr Michael Everett has been

Mr Paul Lynham, co-founder of AGRA EUROPE (LONDON), retired on July 1 from his position as managing director. He will remain in a consultative capacity. He has been succeeded by Mr John Hosking, chief executive, who joined Agra Europe from farming and the UK agricultural supply industry 14 years ago. 14 years ago.

DALOON FOODS (UK) has appointed Mr Geoffrey Burgess as markering director of its British operation.

At LEGAL AND GENERAL, Mr Alan Bland, head of group planning, has assumed the additional responsibility of group compliance officer.

Mr Eric Butterworth has been appointed managing director of AUTOMATED PACKAG-ING SYSTEMS (UK) succeeding Mr Stephen Ellis who has held the position since the formation of the company in 1984.

SEARS has appointed Mr Timothy Daniels as managing director of Selfridges, Mr Eric Greenhalgh, managing director of Greenhalgh, managing director of Selfridges, is resigning his appointment to become chair-man and chief executive of Owen Owen. Mr Daniels has been merchandise director at Selmerchandise director at Sel-fridges since 1981 and has acted in the capacity of deputy managing director since August

BERRY WILSON ASSO-CIATES has appointed Mr Peter Trott and Mr Robert Kimbell

May 1987

This announcement appears as a matter of record only



ICL - Israel Chemicals Ltd.

U.S. \$15,000,000 Medium-Term Credit Facility

The undersigned as Arranger syndicated this transaction among a group of international banks.



BANQUE DE L'UNION EUROPEENNE

All these Bonds have been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only

JUNE 1987



BANQUE DE L'UNION EUROPEENNE

FRENCH FRANCS 1,000,000,000 FLOATING RATE BONDS interest rate indexed on the French Money Market

These Bonds are listed on the Paris Stock Exchange

These Bonds have been registered with the French Commission des Opérations de Bourse (visa nr 87-245 june 18th 1987)

BAXI HEATING. ANNUAL RESULTS.

We've just completed our most successful trading year since Baxi was founded 121 years ago. Highest ever sales figures of £60.5 million. Profit before profit sharing of £12 million, an increase of 34% on the previous year. But what makes the figures even more satisfying is the fact that we're Britain's largest employee owned manufacturing partnership.

R	E	SULT	S	
:		1986/87 £m	1965/86 £m	96 încreese
		60.5	49.3	22.7
		12.00	8.98	39,6
		2.45	1.68	· 28.7 ·
		9.58 .	7.10	34.9
		6,30	4.31	462
•	R	RE	1986/67 £m 60.5 12.00 2.45 9.58	£m £m 60.5 49.3 12.00 8.98 2.45 1.68 9.58 7.10

LOOKING FOR NEW BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

We're looking to broaden our business horizons in 1987/88 by acquiring similar or engineering related companies - public or private. The attractions for such companies to join the Baxi Partnership are many, not least of which is the benefit their employees stand to gain from sharing in the success of the company (Baxi shares, incidentally, have increased 114% since they were issued 3 years ago). -

For a copy of our Annual Report and Accounts call Susan Sevage,

BAXI PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

Trading as Baxi heating, Brownedge Road, Bamber Bridge, Preston, Lancs. Tel: 0772 36201

GOLD 100 tray of \$/DOX #

482.1

PLATINUM 50 troy tz, S/troy oz

SILVER 5,000 troy oz. cints/troy oz

907.8 818.2 828.6

SUGAR WORLD " 11" 112,000 lb, cents/fb

to the Community totalled about \$131m.

requires that no wood be used in knives, fences, structural beams, or platforms in meat

processing plants. Separate rooms must be used for various

meat slaughter and processing operations and for storage of

to be brought up to Community specifications. According to the farm groups' complaint, only seven US plants out of 400 inspected by European veterinarians since 1984 have been given Community approval. Another 59 have received temporary clearance with the proviso that they must meet EC standards by the end of the year.

of existing stocks.

Prices of both commodities

have already slipped as a result of the transformed crop outlook. The Chicago Board of Trade's December maize futures

contract has been trading recently at around 183c a bushel—down from a lifetime high of 216c, November soya-

heans, meanwhile, have slipped to about 550c a bushel, compared with a contract high of 6344c.

Most analysts currently anti-cipate further losses, unless the weather takes a decided turn for the worse. Mr Loewy for one is projecting that December maize may skid to as

In 1985 Indonesia exported around 3,200 tonnes of

around

Germany.

quality crop is shipped still in include bousehold cooking its shell, a practice favoured by pharmaceutical manufacture

grinding purpose

around 3,200 tonnes of unshelled nutmeg, earning \$1.1m. Most of it is used for

The remainder of the Indo-

nesian output — more than
2,800 tonnes in 1985 — is
delivered shelled to buyers in
Singapore, the US, UK, the
Netherlands and West

siderably with stocks tight and renewed demand especially in North America Current annual

world consumption is estimated

One US official estimated the cost of renovating meat plents at \$300,000-\$400,000 if they are to be brought up to Community

Under its rules, the EC

Minpeco contract rights set for reform

By Doreen Gillespie in Lima

PERUS National Mining Society is expecting the government to revoke the rights given to Minpeco, the state minerals marketing company, to take over any new mining sales

Mr Reynaldo Gubbins, head of the society, said that talks with government officials indicated that new regulations should be published shortly in the official gazette. Miners are anxious to see Minpeco rights revoked before the new mining negotiating season begins in

ate effect. Three months after President Garcia's announce-ment no shipments of silver— either concentrates or refined had been affected by the ban,

The measures seem to have affected only about 2m ounces of uncommitted refined silver In any case this volume could be easily absorbed by the rising demand by Peruvian companies for refined silver.

Local industrial demand for refined silver in 1987 is estimated at 7m ounces, compared with 3m ounces bought in with 3m ounces bought in 1986. The main reason for the facture of silver solder, which is exported as a non-traditional product with a preferential ex-change rate and other export incentives.

Some metal traders are look-ing for Peruvian silver solder and paying for the silver con-tent at market prices with a refining discount of 5 per cent. Peru expects to produce a record 65m fine ounces of creases in production by Centromin, the state mining company and the privately-owned Arcata and Arcopampa

Indian tea output up 11% By P., C. Mahanti in Calcutta

INDIAN TEA production has risen by 11 per cent in the first five months of this year to 148.5m kilograms, against 134.2m kg for the same period last year, according to the Indian Tea Board.

Good weather in the north, which accounts for two-thirds of the country's total output, has helped to lift production there to 93.7m kg from 73.4m kg

In the south, however, produc-tion is down, although the monsoons have now ended a drought in the growing area. The increased output for the first five months of this year developed countries want to US through its export enhance. He said, as increasing yields does not, however, measure up to the 1985 level of 167.7m kg. developing countries—short of to phase out subsidies over 10 reduction in acreage.

the Rotterdam-based trading

An agreement struck

Jakarta earlier this month with the Indonesian Nutmeg Asso-

ciation gives Katz effective con-trol of the \$18m-a-year (£11.2m) trade. The move is reminiscent of the Dutch and Portuguese monopolies of over 300 years

ago, when the East Indies spice islands first attracted world

Indonesian officials say the

contract provides for monthly

delivery of between 300 tonnes and 500 tonnes, at an initial price of \$6,000 a tonne. It

BY JOHN MURRAY BROWN IN JAKARTA

the Rotterdam-based trading Under the agreement, house, currently the main dealer Indonesia was this year to sell

EC 'uses health rules to keep out American meat'

BY NANCY DUNNE

FIVE US farm groups have filed a complaint with the US Government, charging the EC with using health regulations to block American meat exports from the Community's markets.

This latest in the long running series of agriculture disputes between the US and the Community was discussed between top officials from the two sides last week but no progress was made towards a resolution.

Mr Clayton Yeutter, the US Trade Representative, now has August.

Meanwhile the government ban on silver exports does not appear to have had any immediate of the first Three mouths often.

He is likely to take a tough stand. The Administration's handling of trade disputes is under close scrutiny at a time when Congress is debating

BY DAVID OWEN IN CHICAGO

likely — in spite of a reduction in acreages planted in response to government incentives to

BY DAVID BLACKWELL

ANOTHER large US malze and soyabean harvest is now linereasingly widely anticipated by domestic analysts after a month of "picture perfect" growing conditions in the Midwest of America.

The favourable late June and early July weather has dispelled fears of significant crop damage prompted by record high temperatures and a dearth of rainfall earlier in 57.6m acres of soyabeans," Mr Richard Loewy, a New York-based grain and oilseed analyst with Prudential-Bache Securities says "We expect record yields, although the overall crop will be down because of the acreage reductions," adds Mr Ted Mac, of Shearson Lehman Brothers. Taking the US Department of Agriculture's July estimate that 59.6m acres of soyabeans, "Mr Richard Loewy, a New York-based grain and oilseed analyst with Prudential-Bache Securities says with the overall crop will be down because of the acreage of Shearson Lehman Brothers. Taking the US Department of Agriculture's July estimate that 59.6m acres of soyabeans will the year.

dispelled fears of significant crop damage prompted by record high temperatures and a dearth of rainfall earlier in the year. Any substantial drawdown of the huge stockpiles and 3 per cent respectively accumulated in recent years now appears increasingly unlikely — in spite of a reduction overall crop of about 7.77bn buchels of majos and 199bn

take land out of production.

"I am looking for record represent a reduction from last yields of 122 bushels per acre year's harvest of 8.2bn and of maize and 34.5 bushels per 2bn bushels respectively, but

Indonesia sells nutmeg crop to Dutch trader

INDONESIA, the world's lead-cartel with Grenads, the other ing nutmeg producer, is to sell big producer, to set prices and most of this year's crop to Katz. Output quotas.

Traditionally been in the hands of the hands of their own grading, wolcanic islands of the Moluccas on the Moluccas on the Moluccas of the Molucc

agreement,

its best quality nutmeg for between \$6,800 and \$7,000 a

tonne. The agreement was also to cover mace, the pungent red lacy membrane which surrounds

the nut. While not technically breach of that accord, traders

in Jakarta say the contract with Katz is "hardly in the spirit of the cartel." Katz has in past years been the main buyer of Indonesia's exportable

crop, which this year is officially estimated at 6,500 tonnes. This is about 75 per cent of the world market, with

Grenada providing 23 per cent and the rest coming from small

legislation which would force the President to act on sime given more latitude and can take foreign policy considerations into his decisions.

Joining the industry com-plaint was the American Meat Institute, which was once headed by Mr Richard Lyng, the agriculture secretary; the National Cattelmen's Association, the US Meat Export Federation, the National Pork Producers Council and the American Farm Bureau Federation.

The groups say that EC rules hold meat exporters to standards which are not scientifically justified and con-tend that they represent a blatant attempt to limit meat

Last year US meat exports year.

Big US maize/soya crops seen

ANOTHER large US maize and acre of soyabeans," Mr Richard they would be too high to soyabean harvest is now Loewy, a New York-based grain induce a significant drawdown

bushels of maize and 1,99bn bushels of soyabeans.

World wheat outlook bleak

LONDON MARKETS

NICKEL prices continued their bull trend on the London Metal Exchange, with the three-month contract touching an 18-month high of £3,000 in morning trading West German merchant buying and Japanese consumer offtake fuelled the price

Unseasonally high demand

Unseasonally high demand from the steel industry and generally tight supplies saw the discount for eash metal narrow to £2.50 from £20 on Tuesday and £27.50 on Monday. In contrast, prices for copper, zinc and lead declined as sterling firmed against the dollar. The strength of sterling also pushed down London prices for both coffee and cocoa. But for both coffee and cocoa. But the full for coose was checked both by continuing concern over dry weather in west African growing areas and by signs that the International Cocoa Organisation is un-likely to cut buffer stock support prices. News of a smaller than expected rise in the UK second quarter cocoa grind—4.29 per cent— generally ignored,

ALUMINIUM

99,7% (Unofficial purity (close p.m s per t	
Cash 3 months 1610-20 Official closing (arthree months 1,5 settlement — (-),1,510-20. Ring turns	m): Cash — (—), 88-95 (1,600-10), Final Kerb close:
99.5% & per purity tonne	1 1

Official closing (am): Cash 1,037-9 (1,010-11), three months 839.5-40 (942-3), settlement 1,039 (1,011). Final Kerb close: 929-31. Ring turnover: 34,076 turnover.

Grade A	Unoffic') close & per to	`— IHI	gh/Low
Cash 5 months	1004-5 992-3	_34,5 101 _55,25 10	18/1004,5 13/991
Official old (1,035.8), (1,021-2), a Final Kerb cl	three r	1,013	1,006-7
Standard Cash 5 months	1002-3 986-6	-86.5 -31	Ξ
Official cio (1,033-5), th 16), settlem producer pr pound, Total	res mont lent 1,01 ices 78.	he 997-9 9 (1,03 5/83 ca	(1,014- 5). US nus per

LEAD THE world wheat trade is going through a period of transition,—were still struggling to meet through a period of transition,—were still struggling to meet their grain requirements. The parotte, executive director of the International Wheat to the International Wheat to the imbalance between supply and demand, he believes. While producers in developed countries want to the international was supply and demand, he believes. While producers in developed countries want to the imbalance between supply and demand, he believes. While producers in developed countries want to the imbalance between supply and demand, he believes. While producers in developed countries want to the imbalance between supply and demand, he believes. While producers in their grain requirements. "It would be politically difficult for the world's farmers to accept a situation where they really difficult for the world's farmers to accept a situation where they really difficult for the world's farmers to accept a situation where they really difficult for the world's farmers to accept a situation where they really difficult for the world's farmers to accept a situation where they really difficult for the world's farmers to accept a situation where they really difficult for the world's farmers to accept a situation where they really difficult for the world's farmers to accept a situation where they really difficult for the world's farmers to accept a situation where they really difficult for the world's farmers to accept a situation where they the world's farmers to accept a situation where they really difficult for the world's farmers to accept a situation where they really difficult for the world's farmers to accept a situation where they really difficult for the world's farmers to accept a situation where they really difficult for the world's farmers to accept a situation where they really difficult for the world's farmers to accept a situation where they really difficult for the world's farmers to accept a situation where they really difficult

	Unofficial close (p.) E per	+ or	High/Low
Cash	587-9	-22	395/394
5 months	570-1	-19,25	384/370
(406-7), t	t 396 <i>(4</i> 07	hs 375-5.5	(385-5.5),
gettlemen		'). Finel	Kerb closs;
366-70, R		war: 17.2	OO tonnes.
NICK	EΠ		

Official closing (am): Cash 2,865-2,000 (2,923-7), three months 2,980-1 (2,938-40), settlement 3,000 (2,927). Final Kerb close: 2,940-50. Ring turnover: 1,000 turnover:

ZINC	- / (10)	
ligh grade	Unofficial + or close (p.m.) - £ per tonne	High/Lov
esh months	508-10 -19 -18,75	509/491
(528-30), (4.5), sett	closing (am): Cas three months 498.1 lement 515 (530). P 4-5. Ring turnovi 5 Prime Western; pound.	9 (513.5- Inai Kerb

LONDON METAL EXCHANGE TRADED OPTIONS

world consumption is estimated at 8,000 tonnes. Nutmeg uses include household cooking.		Price	Calis	Puts
pharmaceutical manufacture and food flavouring in soft drinks like coca cola.	Alumin- lum 99.7%	\$/tonne	Nov.	Nev.
n sugar	Alumin- lum 99,5%	1,500	5ept. Nov. 731 ₂ 591 ₂ 58 49 441 ₂ 40	
part of the negotiated guaran-	(Grade A)	1,600 1,625 1,650	514 61	42 591 541 ₂ 821 55 951
teed price." The group is basing its argument on the contention that although the intervention and	(Grade A)	1.000	40 46 25 324	16½ 311 26 431 40 58

Kuela Lumpur Tin Market Close 16.04 (16.25) ringgit per kg. Down 0.21 naggit per kg.

GOLD BULLION (fine ounce) July 15 Close \$4824,453 (£2774-2774)
Opening... \$4484,4494 (£27814-3784)
Minis fix \$448,25 (£77,709)
Affrin fix \$452,70 £277,526)
Day's high \$453.46314
Day's low \$447.44712

COLD AND INJUNES COME Am Eagle,\$475-470 (£285-28814)
Mapialest \$466-469 (£285-28714)
Krig:rind.,\$45114-45414 (£276-1-276-1)
Ik Krig... \$2341-28514 (£1276-1-276-1)
Ik Krig... \$118-119 (£724-73)
Angel... \$4651-46514 (£272-1-73)
New 97v... \$105-107 (£284-1-286)
Nobie Prat.,\$679-589 (£356-36114

RUBBER

PHYSICALS — The London market opened unchanged, met some setting throughout the day and closed easter, reports Liwis and Peet. Closing prices (buyers); Spot 68.25p (68.00p), Aug 67.50p (68.25p). Sept 67.50p (68.25p). The Kusis Lumpur fob price Malaysis/Singapore cents per kg; RSS No 1 was 268 (easte); and for SMR 20 221

REUTERS Juy 14 July 13 M'th ago Yearage 1640.0 1641.8 - -DOW JONES

INDICES

Dow July July Mith Year Jones 14 13 ago ago Spot 127,12127,92 - 128,55 Fut 125,91126,29, - 114,12 (Bate: December 31 1874=100)

MAIN PRICE CHANGES

S. S. Sand	(∤ July 1 1987	+ or	Month ago
METALS			•-
Aluminium Free Market	\$1675/695	+20	\$1600/821
5 months	21004.5 £992.5	-13,25	2956.5
Gold 7 roy 02 Lead Cash 5 months	£588	-88	\$459.76 2377 2560.5
Free Mkt	219/238c \$141.25		904/224c
Platinum oz	8572.5 8240,250	+7.0	\$576.00 \$258/280 457,80p
3 months	484,50p	-2,75	467,75p
Tungeten Wolfram 22.0ib	656,21 848/65	N	\$58,16 \$48/55
3 months	2493.5	-18,76	2636.78
OILS	****		

OTHERS

COCOD Pt. Sept 21859.5 -5.0 21934.5

COffee Pt. Sept 2128.5 - 3.5 221318.5

Cottom A Ind. 83.85c - 3.5 221318.5

Cas Off Aug. 8172.00 +2.75 215.6

Sugar (raw) 50.25p -0.75.53.75p 30.25p 30.2

SILVER

Silver v delivery o yesterday, velents of 764.5a, do down 4.95 5.45a, an 6.40a. The (768-769a) (777-780a)	n the Lar et 473.6 the fixing or 6.1c; to d 12-mo metal (nden 5p. g great tkree- tonth ath a opene	US cent lis work; month 777 790.95c, 1 19.85c, 1 1 at 475	arket equi- apot .85c, down down 477p
SILVER per troy oz	Bullion Fixing price	+ <u>o</u> r	L.M.E. p.m. Unoffic	+ 01

COFFEE

A weater dollar and a lack of follow through gradually anded levels today as desiers preferred to remain side-lined. Tuesdays scholical buying completed, Robustas struggled to meintain lavels and a rapidty declining dollar did not snoourage any further buying. The day closed some \$28 lower. Proports Durant Surphans Lam-

1196-1280 — 83.5 1216-1196 1236-1287 — 25.0 1255-1232 1258-1285 — 24.0 1260-1255 1287-1288 — 17.0 1301-1285

Sales: 2489 (2707) lots of 5 tonnes. ICO indicator prices (US cents per pound) for July 14 Comp. delly 1979 97.61 (96.67); 15-day average 98.74

COCOA Futures traded actively in a granket aminated by sharp gurrancy movedominated by sharp currency move-ments and a disappointing UK Cocces grind and closed near the lows. Physicals falled to excite alther pro-ducers or consumers at present levels and only light second hand business was seen, reports GH and Duffus.

. 1384-1387 -17.6 1588-1885 1369-1870 -9.0 INNELISE 1391-1392 -16.0 1491-188 1403-1405 -12.6 1491-188 1419-1494 -12.0 1451-148 1435-1442 -10.0 1442-141 1435-1443 -13.0 1480-148 Sales: 4319 (4041) lots of 10 tonnes. HLCO indicator prices (SDRs per tonne). Dally price for July 14 1709.26 (1712.25): 10-day average for July 15 1659.91 (1660.81).

FREIGHT FUTURES

-	Futures remained steady througho the day with higher rates for both of the day with higher rates for both day of the day with the day of the da
-	Close High/Low Prev.
-	Dry Cemo

July 925/927 926/909
Oct. 1006/1010 1006/980
Jun, 1006/1018 1016/1008
Apr. 1006/1018 1016/1008
Apr. 1000 950
July 875/925 900
Oct. Jan. 1000 950
April 1060/1100 950
BFL. 925.5 · 921,5 238 (53).

GRAINS New and old crops both firmed on lack of farm selling with additional shipper short covering keeping values steady, reports T. G. Roddick.

BARLEY 99,30 101,70 104,60 107,30 109,85 112,00

Business done — Wheet: Sept 99.309.15, Nov 101.60-1.46, Jan 104.60-4.35,
Mar 107.10-6.95, May 109.85-9.80, Sales:
213 lots of 100 tonnes. Barley: Sept
96.50-6.20, Nov 99.95-9.55, Jan 102.752.56, Mar 105.10-4.96, May 106.70 cely.
Sales: 149 lots of 100 tonnest.
LONDON GRAINS—Wheet US Dark
Northern Spring No 2. 14 per cent: July
94.50, Aug 93.25, Sept 93.50, US No 2
Soft Rad Winter: July 86.50, Aug 87.25,
Sept 88.76. French 11½-12 per cent:
July 118.75, Aug 118.00. English faed,
feb: Sept 100.75-101.00, Oct/Dec
104.25-105.00, Jan/March 108.76-109.25
buyer/sellers. Melze: US No 3 Yellow/
French, transhipment East Coast: July
160.80. Berley: English faed: Aug 88.60.
Sept 99.00, Jan/March 107.00 buyers.
Rest unquoted.
ADD GRAINS—P22
HGCA — Locational ex-farm spot
prices: Feed Wheat: Esstern 120.00;
E. Midlands 120.00; N. East 122.80.
The UK monetary coefficient for the
week beginning Monday July 20, is
expected to change to 1.186,

US MARKETS WITH THE US dollar weak-

ening in response to the release of worse than expected US trade figures, precious metals reacted on the upside as trade, commis-sion house and local buying and short-covering held prices steady throughout the prices steady throughout the session, reports Drexel Burnham Lambert. The raily was only briefly interrupted by profit-taking. In copper, continued liquidation and profit-taking. taking, as well as switching from near contracts, kept the market under pressure. Crude oil futures continued very firm on a combination of concern over the situation in the Gulf and API statistics

in the Gulf and API statistics which were interpreted as builish. Good fresh buying across the board coupled with short-covering held prices firm. Cocoa rallied on commission house buying in the face of trade scale-up selling, coffee was dominated by local activity, sugar eased as commission house stops were hit, but recovered on trade buying. Cotton railied on commission house buying despite trade selling. Corn and soyabean futures eased as rains moved into growing areas prompting technical and commission house selling, especially in the new crop contracts. Old crop contracts held firm as a result of steady cash premiums. Cattle featured spread trading as hedges were lifted in the August contract, new short positions being established in

positions being established in forward months. Pork bellies and hogs both reacted to recent weakness as a feeling pervaded the markets that cash prices, which had col-lapsed over the past few days, **NEW YORK**

> July Augus Sept Oct Dec Jen March May July WHEAT 8,000 bu min, cents/60-b bushel

Page 474

GAN WYER

or bank

- 1

HEATING OIL
SLOOD US gellome, perca/US gellom Close Prev High Close Prev High 281.9 281.4 282.4 282.4 282.4 282.4 282.4 282.4 282.4 282.2 287.4 282.0 283.

POTATOES

Letest Prev 56,56 56,36 57,70 56,36 57,77 58,36 57,51 58,76 58,76 59,96 59,73 57,38 57,00 56,28 56,90 55,28

Follow through buying saw London open £2.50 up, trade very briefly almost another £2.00 higher before being smartly knocked back to unchanged by lunchtime. Mixed weather reports with some talk of rain dispersing and another high approaching together with rumours of reduced Dutch potential, caused London to recover in the efternoon to close mid-range. £2.00 up on day, reports Coley and Harper.

2 per tonne Hov 100.50 99.30 100.50.99.00 Feb. 109.00 108.00 109.00 Apr. 145.20 145.20 147.00-142.50 May 157.50 155.50 Sales: 1236 (1520) Jots of 40 toppes.

OIL Latest + Of -Arab Light.

CRUDE OIL-FOB (8 per barrel) August PRODUCTS-North West Eur Prompt delivery cif (3 per tonne) Premium gasoline... Heavy fuel OiL.....

SOYABEAN MEAL

SUGAR LONDON DAILY PRICE — New Sugar \$170,00 (£105.60), down \$2.00 (down \$1.20) a tonne for July! August delivery. White auger \$182,60 down \$1.80.

PARIT — (FFr per tonns): Aug 1120/
1129; Oct 1130/1132; Dec 1157/1165; Mer 1200/1212; Mey 1230/1248; Aug 1270/1289.
Seles: 3412 (1020) lots of 50 tonnes. Tere & Lyle delivery pice for granulated basis sugar was £210.50 (£211.00) a tonne for export. International Sugar Agreement — (US cents per pound foh and stowed Caribbean ports). Prices for July 14. Daily price 6.41 (6.53; 15-day average 6.43 (same).

GAS OIL FUTURES

Yestard'ys - or Busines USB

Turnover: 5025 (2498) lots

MEAT MEAT COMMISSION — Average fatatock prices at representative markets: GB — Catrle 96.27p per kg lw (-1.12); GB — Shaop 170.86p par kg est dow (-43.00); GB — Pigs 72.96p per kg lw (+1.31), Average all pigs price — 99.63p per kg dw.

ACP seeks a better deal on sugar

comes just weeks after Indo- producers like Sri Lanka. Chinese merchants in Singa- and food flavouring in soft nesia agreed to form a nutmeg Indonesian production has pore, who, in spite of the extra drinks like coca cola.

teed price they receive.

the ACP sugar exporters began at the beginning of this month without agreement on the price the exporters will receive for to about 13m tonnes, while con-the 1.3m tonnes they will ship sumption stands at 10m over the next 12 months under tonnes." the sugar protocol of the Lomé

Mr Edwin Carrington, secre-tary general of the ACP group. said an agreement on a guaranteed price had been delayed by the group's rejection of proposals from the EC for a reduction in the acress of the group's rejection.

by the hard-pressed Caribbean intervention price—and consequently the guaranteed price to accept that the intervention price—and consequently the guaranteed price to accept that the intervention price—and consequently the guaranteed price to accept that the guaranteed price to accept that the intervention price—and consequently the guaranteed price to accept that the guaranteed price to accept that the intervention price—and consequently the guaranteed price to accept that the guaranteed price to accept the guaranteed price to accept the guaranteed price to accept the guaranteed tion in the existing guaranteed price, which he said is about

sugar industry is facing are of cine even though we have not the community's own making, got the disease," Mr Carring vant economic factors must be and are the result of European ton said.

"The protocol says all relevant economic factors must be taken into account when the attempts to deal with overspending and oversupply under
spending and oversupply under
was considered in St Lucia at are one of these," suggested reduce the price it pays us, the

eed price they receive. ment, our quota has not moved The 1987 delivery period for from 1.3m tonnes per year," argues Mr Carrington. "But the Community has pushed its production from about 8m tonnes sumption stands at 10m

The ACP argument is based The ACP argument is based attending the summit, however, on a feeling, reported to be have expressed doubts, and strongly supported particularly by the hard-pressed Caribbean

tion in the existing guaranteed price, which he said is about although we were never ments for a freight rebate for minister of Jamaica, complained in the EC's proposal is unfair, as the European the European the European the European being made to take the medition.

The protocol says all relevant seven though we have not "The protocol says all relevant seven though we have not "The protocol says all relevant seven though we have not "The protocol says all relevant seven though we have not "The protocol says all relevant seven though we have not "The protocol says all relevant seven though we have not "The protocol says all relevant seven though we have not "The protocol says all relevant seven though we have not provided in the carried to pursue their against the protocol says all relevant seven though we were never ments for a freight rebate for minister of Jamaica, complained which, according to Mr Carried the instability in the Carried the sugar protocol of the Lome of the instability in the Carried the sugar protocol of the Lome of the instability in the Carried the sugar protocol of the Lome of the instability in the Carried the sugar protocol of the Lome of the instability in the Carried the sugar protocol of the Lome of the instability in the Carried the sugar protocol of the Lome of the instability in the Carried the sugar protocol of the Lome of the instability in the Carried the sugar protocol of the Lome of the instability in the Carried the sugar protocol of the Lome of the instability in the Carried the sugar protocol of the Lome of the instability in the Carried the sugar protocol of the Lome of the lom

SUGAR EXPORTERS in the by the Community to its African, Caribbean and Pacific domestic producers. The ACP particularly concerned that teed price."

The ACP particularly concerned that teed price. The particularly concerned that teed price. The group is basing its arguments of shipping sugar to the domestic producers as inevitably meaning a reduction in earnings of the 40 per cent reduction in their access to the US the same, the net earnings of the European producers are part of the measurement of the domestic producers are part of the end price. The group is basing its argument of the European on the contention that they are now counting the cost of the 40 per cent reduction in their access to the US the European producers are part of the earlings.

and North Sulawesi. Private enterprise is the basis for pro-

duction and trading, with the nutmeg grower often selling his

crop to a dealer while it is still on the tree. The dealer then assumes responsibility for pick-

ing, drying, shelling and grading the fruit.

The inferior grades—sound shrivelled and the bwp (broken,

wormy and punky) types—are normally used for oil extraction. Grenada produces a similer de-fectives grade which is con-sidered of higher quality to the Indonesian burn

Indonesian bwp.
The bulk of Indonesia's better

many appear to accept that the Europe

The cane sugar producers industries could be in trouble."

ntend to pursue their argu. Mr Edward Seaga, the prime "What is implied is that intend to pursue their argu-

in their access to the US market.

Mr Carrington said the ACP producers were hoping the European beet sugar lobby could successfully prevail on the EC not to implement the 2 per cent price reduction in the intervention price to domestic producers.

Government representatives attending the summit, however, have expressed doubts, and the European ports which are far from the sugar is shipped from Pacific and Caribbare expressed doubts, and signal the net earnings of the European producers are plained that European beet producers get a farmgate price, and the European producers are plained that European beet while that given to the ACP producers.

"We have to bear the cost of freight when the sugar is shipped from Pacific and Caribbare producers are plained that European beet producers get a farmgate price, insurance and freight to European producers are plained that European beet producers get a farmgate price, insurance and freight to European beet producers get a farmgate price, insurance and freight to European beet producers get a farmgate price, insurance and freight to European beet producers get a farmgate price, insurance and freight when the sugar is shipped from Pacific and Caribbare producers get a farmgate price, insurance and freight when the sugar is shipped from Pacific and freight when the sugar is shipped from Pacific and freight when the sugar is shipped from Pacific and freight when the sugar is shipped from Pacific and freight when the sugar is shipped from Pacific and freight when the sugar is shipped from Pacific and freight when the sugar is shipped from Pacific and freight when the sugar is shipped from Pacific and freight when the sugar is shipped from Pacific and freight when the sugar is shipped from Pacific and freight when the sugar is shipped from Pacific and freight when the sugar is shipped from Pacific and freight when the sugar is shipped from Pacific and freight when the sugar is shipped from Pacific and freight when the sugar is shipped from Pacific and freight when the sugar i

bean ports which are far from

"The only markets which are left are the European Com-munity which, although it offers Except for two years, the beginning of the month by the ACP secretary general. US, which is very uncertain, price paid to ACP producers. Caribbean community at their sort of freight supplement offers depressed prices," Mr has been pegged to that paid annual meetings. The paid to us, but which is not Seaga said.

مِلَذَا مِنْ الأَصِلَ

CHICAGO LIVE CATTLE 40,000 lb, gent/lb Glose 173.3 164.6 163.5 163.5 163.5 164.0 164.0 COTTON 60,000 th, canta/it High Low Dec 181.5 189.0 182.0 18 78.45 74.08 Dec 182.1 181.1 183.5 18 78.45 74.08 Jan 183.2 181.5 183.5 18 78.45 78.00 Merch 184.4 184.5 185.5 18 78.60 78.15 May 184.2 184.2 184.0 18 78.10 78.80 August 184.2 184.1 184.0 18 78.70 67.70 67.70 80.00 68.80 67.70 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 80.00 80.80 67.70 80.8 CRIJOE OIL (LIGHT) 42,000 US gations, 3/berrele

CURRENCIES, MONEY& CAPITAL MARKETS

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Trade figures hit dollar

increased to \$14.4bn from \$13.3bn in April.

Forecasts for the deficit ranged from about \$12.5bn to over \$15bn, with the median at \$13.2bn, according to a survey by Money Market Services, but on Tuesday rumours had circulated that the deficit would be as low as \$11bn.

Forecasts for the deficit had been revised down recently, encouraged by the shrinking of the Japanese trade surplus.

The dollar immediately fell to DM 1.8350 from DM 1.8450 on the news, and to Y149.50 from around drift down a little against the Japanese yen.
Underlying sentiment was good, because of higher oil prices, with North Sea crude rising above \$20 a barrel. The pound rose 2.15 cents to \$1.6315-1.6325, the highest level for nearly a month. It also climbed to DM 2.9850 from DM 2.9800; to FFr 9.9425 from FFr 9.9125; and to SFr 2.4850 from SFr 2.4800, but fell to Y242.50 from Y243.25.

The state of the s

news, and to Y149.50 from around Y151,00.

There was no sign of interven-tion in the market by central banks, in spite of rumours about dollar buying as the US currency

The trade figures overshadowed other news, but this also contained little comfort for the

dollar, June US industrial production rose only 0.2 per cent, compared with 0.5 per cent in May, while the destinony before congress of Admiral John Poindexter, former US National Security Adviser, appeared harmful to the dollar, when he said President Reagan formally authorised a swap of US ETM for hostages

arms for hostages.

The dollar fell to DM 1.8295 from PEr 6.1550; to SFr 1.5220 from SFr 1.5405; and to Yi48.55 from Y151.05. On Bank of England figures the dollar's index declined to 1026 from 103.2

STERLING—Trading range against the deliar in 1987 is 1.6385 to 1.4710. June average 1.6282. £ IN NEW YORK

July 15	Latest	Previous Close
£ Spot 1 months 3 months 12 months	1.6335-1.6345 0.32-0.31 pm 0.85-0.82 pm 2.67-2.57 pm	1.6100-1.6110 0.31-0.30 pm 0.86-0.84 pm 2.85-2.77 pm
Forward pren U.S. dollar,	niums and discou	nts apply to ti
STERLIN	A INDEX	

STERLING INDEX						
		July 15	Previous			
8.30	11 mm	. 73.0	73.0			
10.00	(4)	330	73.0			
11.00 , Noos	ATT	73.1	73.0			
1.00	pm	73.1	73.0			
3.00	(PR)		73.0			
4.00	pm	73.3	73.0			

CURRENCY RATES

Storling		0.696352
U.S. Dellar 5.5	3.2579	1.1225
Canadan S 7.90	- 6	1.48265
Austriae Sch. 4	36.4790	34.6040
Belgian Franc . 74	. N/A	43.0907
Denish Krone _ 7	*	7.88544
Doutsche Mark. 3.0	23444	2.07767
Neth, Golder _ 45	N/A	2.33843
French Franc. 92	7,8059	6.91304
أشللا بسرونيا مباندا	. N/A	1502.77
Japanese Ym . 24		169,060
Rigrway Kirone . 8	NGA I	7.58543
Sportsh Poscia	4	142.616
Swedish Kross . 73		7.23464
Seiss France 1.5		1.73036
Greek Drack, LT 20Po	12 19 mm 1 g	156,227
Irish Plant		0.775320
M. Albert		W. 100-0
SCHOOL SECTION IN	de 14: 1 4339	

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS

deliteritet.							
Joly 15	Bank of England Index	Morgan Successity Changes %					
Sterling U.S. Delice Canadias Delite Assistan Schilling Bestun Franc Dessis Krone Dessis Krone Bestin Mark Swiss Franc Guilder French Franc Leva	73-3 102-6 78-5 137-8 99-9 92-3 146-9 172-3 135-0 71-7 47-2 215-0	-20.3 -4.7 -10.0 +20.2 -4.4 +2.5 +22.5 +22.5 +22.5 +22.5 -12.8 -18.8 +60.1					

OTHER	CURRENCE	ES .
July 15	£	
Argentina Australia	3.0740-3.0875 2.2975-2.3005	1.8830-1.8900 1.4085-1.4095
Brazil Firland	72,7835-73,1670 7,2395-7,2600	44.5840-44.807
Greece	222.25-226.15 12.7340-12.7500	137.90-140.20 7.8090-7.8100
France (1994)	117,10*	72.00°

MONEY MARKETS UK rates steady

changed on the London money market yesterday. Three-month interbank was quoted at 9%-9% the per cent, compared with 9%-9% cent.

per cent, compared with 94.9% per cent on Tuesday.
Plans were announced by the Bank of England to prevent sharp distortions in the flow of liquidity in the money market arising from the privatisation of the British Airports Authority.
In addition to normal operations in the market, the Bank will also lend to receiving banks at a rate equal to the lowest rate for

UK clearing bank base lending rate 3 per cent since May 8

the purchase of band 1 bills, at present 8% per cent. The move is necessary because The move is necessary because all proceeds from the sale of wholly or parily successful applicants will be transferred to the Bank, while in previous flotations only an amount equal to the proceeds of the sale was transferred. BAA is valued at about £1.2bm, but the offer is expected to be substantially oversubscribed.

The flow of funds is expected to start tomorrow and continue into next week.

next week.
The Bank of England initially The Bank of England Initially forecast a money market shortage of £1,500m, but revised this to £1,650m at noon, and to £1,550m in the afternoon. Total help of £1,412m was provided.

An early round of assistance was offered, and at that time the

In Frankfurt call money rose to 3.65 per cent from 3.60 per cent, on growing speculation that above target West German money supply growth will lead to a tightening of the Bundesbank's monetary

THE DOLLAR came under selling pressure when it was announced the US trade deficit for May had increased to \$14.4bn from \$13.3bn in April.

Forecasts for the deficit ranged from about \$12.5bn to over \$15bn, with the median at \$13.2bn, according to a survey by Money Market

Exchange rate index rose \$3 to 73.3, compared with \$8.3 six menths ago.

Sterling rose against the dollar from DM 1.8435 at the indicate on disappointing US trade figures, and also improved against Confinental currencies but tended to drift down a little against the 1.8350, before closing at DM 1.8315, compared with DM 1.8475 on Tuesday.

JAPANESE YEN—Trading range against the dollar in 1987 is 159.45 to 158.25. June average 144.52. Exchange rate index 215.0 against 209.3 six months ago. Trading was subdued in Tokyo

climbed to DM 29850 from DM 29800; to FFr 9.9425 from FFr 9.9125; and to SFr 2.4850 from FFr 9.9125; and to SFr 2.4850 from FFr 2.4800, but fell to Y242.50 from Y243.25.

D.MARK.—Trading range against the dollar in 1987 is 1.9305 to 1.7698. June average L8186. Exchange rate index 145.9 against 148.2 six months ago.

The D-Mark gained ground against the dollar in Frankfurt, after the May US trade deficit widened to \$14.450, from \$13.35n in April. Rumours of a sharp decline in the trade deficit kept widened from the trade deficit kept hamaket quiet ahead of the trade figure announcement, but encouraged a rise by the US currency to a four-month high at the Frankfurt fixing.

Trading was subdued in Tokyo as trader swaited the release of US trade figures were the trade figures were likely to play the leading role in determining the dollar's short term direction. Consequently most investors were content to cover their positions and wait.

The dollar closed at Y151.25, unchanged from its close in New York and up from Y150.80 in Tokyo on Tuesday.

Most analysts in Tokyo were predicting a trade deficit of around \$13bn, little changed from April's \$13.3bn deficit while estimates elsewhere ranged from \$11bn to \$14bn.

Mis el	JROPEAN	CURRENCY	UNIT	RATE

	Eco central rates	Currency amounts against Ecu July 15	% change from central rate	% Change adjusted for divergence	Divergence limit. %
Belgian Franc Danish Krone German D-Mark French Franc Dutch Guilder Irish Punt Italian Lira	42.4582	43.0907	+1.49	+0.83	± 1.5344
	7.85212	7.88346	+0.40	-0.26	± 2.6404
	2.05853	2.07767	+0.93	+0.27	= 1.0981
	6.90403	6.91304	+0.13	-0.53	± 1.3674
	2.31943	2.33843	+0.82	+0.16	± 1.5012
	0.768411	0.775328	+0.90	+0.24	± 1.6684
	1483.58	1502.77	+1.29	+1.19	± 4.0752

July 15	Day's spread.	Close	One month	9.0. D.B.	Three months	% p.a.
	1.6100-1.6355	1.6315-1.6325	0.32-0.30c pre	2.28	0.88-0.83 pm	2,10
	2 1278-2 1634	2,1595-2,1605	0,10-0,02c pm		0.24-0.12 pm	0.33
therlands .	3.31-3.40ኒ		Marke pen		33-3 pm	3,79
given	61.80-62.05	61.95-62.05	17-12c pre	2.81	45-36 pm	261
mark	11.294-11.364	11.3212-11.3312	1-1 are dis	-0.73	24-24 da	-0.88
and	1.1099-1.1173	1.1140 1.1150	0.03-0.04s dia	-0.05	0.11-0.11 die	_
Germany	2934-299	2.98-2.99	Il-Ilur per	5.53	47a-3% pm	5.28
tuggi	232.45-234.73	233.75-234.65				-5.91
ir	204.72-205.82	205.50-205.80	146-227c dis	-10.88	392-506 dis	-8.72
Y	2154-21654	21604-21614	Par-3 like dis	-0.83	3-10 ds	-1.20
WW		10.914-10.924	412-5% one dis		135-143, da	-5.13
BC8	9.79%-9.96%	9.934-9.94%	The late part		3-2% pm	1.18
rden	10.3712-10.4414		2 DOI-14 OFF DOI		5 ₀₋ 3 ₀ D01	8.14
20	242-244	242-243			34-3 pm	515
uria	20.93-21.03	21.00-21.03	Sie Sie gro pos		271-241, pm	4,94
tzerlend	2.474-2.49	2.48-2.49	lie I c po	5.43	31 ₂ -31 ₂ pre	5.33
		0,10,00.1	2000		- No d bra	
elan rate is for convertible francs. Financial franc 62.20-62.30. Six-ments forward dollar 1.50- 5 c pm. 12-monts 2.63-2.55c pm.						

DOLLAR SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR

1.6110-1.6355	14315-14325	0.32-0.30c am	2.28	0.88-0.83 pm	2.10
14475-14660	1.4650-1.4660				2.5
1.3204-1.3240	1,3230-1,3240	0.19-0.22e dis	-1.86		-1.77
2.0550-2.0830	2.0500-2.0510	0.28-0.25c pm	1.43		0.78
37.90-38.40	37.95-38.05	2.50-0.50c am	0.47		0.43
6.934-7.024	6.94-6.943				-2.99
1.8240-1.8530	1.R290-1.8300				3.08
1423-1441	143-1434				-817
125.75-127.00	125,90-126,00				-10.54
1321-1339	13234-13244	2.80-3.80Hze dis			-3.44
8.684-6.764	6.69-6.69%	4.00-4.50ore dis			-7.40
6.084-6.16	6.09-6.09%	0.48-0.55c ds			-1.17
6.38-6.45	6.335-6.39	0.85-1.15ore dis	-1.86		-199
145.20-151:35	148.50-148.60				2.98
12 841-13.01	12.864-12.87	3.18-2.70gro on	2.68		219
15170-15025	1.5215-1:5225	0.43-0.39c pm	3.19		3.18
7					
nd arra guiotesi (n. U	S CHTHICY, Forws	ri Premiuna 🗯 d	mir si	#1 (0 (Ne US 004	
ai curreccji. Gelg	ian rabe is for co	nvertible franci. F	mandal f	ne: 3111-3820	
	L475-L460 1.3204-1.3200 2.0560-2.030 37,90-38,40 6,93-7.024 1.8240-1.830 1.824-1.840 1.824-1.840 4.844-1.840 1.844-1.301 1.844-1.301 1.844-1.301 1.844-1.301	L475-L4660 L3204-L3240 2.0950-2.0830 37.90-38.40 6.937.022 1.8240-1.8330 1424-1444 1227-5-127.00 1231-1339 1.8340-1.8350 1.8340-1.8350 1.8340-1.8350 1.8340-1.8350 1.8340-1.8350 1.8340-1.8350 1.8340-1.8350 1.8340-1.8350 1.8350 1.8350-1.835	L475-1.4660 1.4650.1.4660 0.28-0.25c pm 1.3290-1.3240 0.19-0.25c do 1.93-0.28c do 1.93-0.38c do 1.93-0.705-38.05 6.73-7.705 1.93-0.18290-1.8390 1.428-1.429 1.8290-1.8390 1.428-1.429 1.8290-1.8390 1.428-1.429 1.8290-1.8390 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.321-1.339 1.331-1.339 1.331-1.3310 1.3310-1.3	L4475-14560 1450-14560 628-023c pm 1330-1320-13200 019-022c dis -1.86 028-023c pm 153 37.90-38.40 37.95-38.09 250-0.50c pm 153 37.90-38.40 1329-13300 250-0.50c pm 147.40-1329-1329-1329-1329-13200 110-150c dis -7.89 1257-127.00 125.90-126.00 110-150c dis -7.89 1257-127.00 125.90-126.00 110-150c dis -7.89 1257-127.00 1259-1329-1329-1329-1329-1329-1329-1329-132	1.4475-1.4560

. July 25	Short.	7'Days	Dan	Three	Shr	One
EURO-CUI						
the individual	corresquite beig	ian rate is for	convertible fr	arcs. Financial	frier 34.10-3	900

· July 15	Short. Write	7'Days notice	Dee Monts	Three Morths	Sh: Months	One Year
Sharting U.S. Dollar Ger, Dollar Ger, Dollar Ger, Collar Ger, Franc Gerschwurk Tr, Frant Gallen Live L. Fr. (Flo.) Fr. (Flo.) Ger, Gen. Mgan \$33tg	年4年3年3月1日 44年3月1日 14年3日 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	84-84 84-84 5-24 3-3-14 7-3-7-12 64-64 84-3-14 WA	*** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** **	9 4 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 5 6 5 6 6 6 6	94-74 84-74 84-74 84-74 84-74 84-74 84-74 84-74 104-74 104-74	94-92 74-74 94-94 94-94 94-44 84-94 11-11- 7-74 94-4 94-10- 4-44
Long-term Ex to cent; five year acc others, term	us-8&-8H pe	er deal mountain	god comes area d. Short-term	ii years 8-8% races are call i	per cent, four ler (JE Dollars	yetes 84-84 and Japanese

Per cent; f Yes; ather EXCEL	ive years rs," two 'd	S&-SH Mail maki	per deat i	ontal.	Sport ten					
July 15	£.		DM	YEN	P Fr.	S Fr.	H FL	Line	C 3	8 Fr.
, ' <u>¢</u>	נוגם	2.632 L	2.985 1.836	242.5 248.6	9.943 6-093	2.485 1.522	3.363 2.061	2161. 1324.	2.160 2.324	62.00 38.00
DM	0.335	0.547	1	83.24	3.331	0.832	1.126	723.9 9910	0.724 8 907	20.77

July 15	٤.	3	DM	YEN	P Fr.	S Fr.	H FL	Ure	C 3	B Fr.
' <u>C</u>	1,	2.632	2.985	242.5	9.943	2.485	3.363	2161.	2160	62.00
	0,613	L	1.836	246.6	6.093	1.522	2.061	1324.	2.324	38.00
YEN	0.335	0.547	1231	83.24	3.331	0.832	1.126	723.9	0.724	20.77
DLI	4.124	6.730		1000.	41.00	10.25	13.87	8910.	8.907	255.7
F Fr.	1.006	1.641 0.657	3.002 1.201	243.9 97.59	10. 4.001	2.499 1.	3.382 1.353	2173. 869.5	2.172 0.869	62.36 24.95
H FL	0,297	0.485	0.888	72.12	2.957	0.739	1.556	642.6	0.642	18.44
Life	0.463	12.755	1.581	112.2	4.601	1.150		1000.	1.000	28.69
C \$	0.463	0.756	1382	1123 391.1	4,603 16,04	1150	1.557 5.423	1000. 3485.	3.484	28.70 100.

						Manuel	1.6100	4 /3/6	7 0016	4 E00
01	2.499 1.	3.382 1.353	2173. 869.5	2.172 0.869	62.36 24.95	Mar. June	_	1.6160 1.6125		1.592 1.588
						LIFTE-	STERLINE	£25,000	5 per E	
57 01	0.734	1.536	642.6 1000.	0.642 1.000	18.44 28.69	Sept.	Clase 1.6250	High 2.6250	Low 1,6075	Prev 1.507
03 04	1.150 4.008	1.557 5.423	1000. 3485.	3.484	28.70 100.	Dec. Mar.	1.6175 1.6110 1 volume 6	=	=	1.599
0: 1	Selgian i	Fr per 1	00.			Previous	day's open	int 843	(848)	_
FT	LONG	ON I	NTER	BANK	FIXIN	igi.				
	(11 00 a	m. July 1	151 3 mo	aths U.S.	dollars		& moor	b 2U s	oliars	

The fixing rates are the a offered rates for SLOm goo The barks are National W Paris and Morgan Gistrat MONEY RATES	ted by the market to the estminster Bank, Bank	e reference basid at 1	T DO T'UL ESCU MOUND) OZY.
NEW YORK (Lunchtime)	One month	5.31 For	e year	7.64 7.87 7.99

	IN DEDG T MI OAR DEL CENT WUG TOOM					_		
	bank bills in band 2 at 8% per cent. Another £175m bills were bought outright before lunch, through £35m bank bills in band I at 8% per cent, and £149m bank bills in band 2 at 8% per cent.	NEW YORK (Lunchtime) Prime rate Profer loss cate Red. track Ped hards at intervention	874 Te 875 St	e stooth		5.31 Form; 5.73 Fine; 5.81 Sever 6.53 10 ye	Bonda year	
	In the afternoon £709m bills were purchased, by way of £1m	July 15	Overnight	One Mostà	Two Months	Tivee Months	Six Mostis	Lombard Intervertion
r	local authority bills in band 1 at 8% per cent; £185m bank bills in band 1 at 8% per cent; £24m Treasury bills in band 2 at 8% per cent; £68m local authority bills in band 2 at 8% per cent; £363m bank bills in band 2 at 8% per cent; and £37m bank bills in band 3 at 8% per cent.	Frankfort Paris Zurich Assistation Totyo Millian Bressels Dublin LONDON MONE	3.60-3.70 71-73 3-116 47-5 3.09375 104-104 4.50 N/A	3.65-3.75 772-73, 372-34, 572-54, 55-512-5 104-107, 64-642 94-92	3.65-3.75	3.65-3.80 712-772 35-372 5-2-5.2 5-2-5.2 3.71875 102-1174 50-652 91-472	3.75-3.90 8&-84 	5.0 7½
	Late assistance of around £385m was also provided.	July 15	Over- night	7 days	Month	Three Months	Six Months	One Year
	Bills maturing in official hands, repayment of late assistance and a take-up of Treasury bills drained £649m, with Exchequer transactions absorbing £730m; a rise in the note circulation £120m; and bank balances below target £5m. In Paris the Bank of France left the money market intervention	Interbuik Spelling CDs. Local Authfrity Deps Local Authfrity Bends D lycount MRT Dreps. Company Deposits Figunce House Deposits Treasury Bills (Buy) Bank Bills (Buy) Bills (Buy)	1077-6 94	94-88 9 9-2-2-1	9181 9181 81 91. 81 91. 91. 81 91.	912-912 912-912 912-912 912-912- 912-912- 912-912- 912-912-	94.94 94.94 94.94 94.94 94.94 94.94	912.94 913.94 913.94 913.4 914.4 914.4

Late assistance o		July 15	Over- night	7 days notice	Month	Three Months	Six Months	One Year
Bills maturing in repayment of late a take-up of Treasur 1849m, with Exchitions absorbing 17 the note circulations bank balances believe money marks money marks at 7½ per ceibank bought privated.	ssistance and a y bills drained equer transac- 30m; a rise in on £120m; and ow target £5m, t of France left t intervention of The central the paper and	lear-bank Suerline CDs. Local Anthrity Deps. Local Anthrity Bonds Discount Bist Deps. Company Deposits Fingunce House Deposits Treasure Bists (Bay) Bank Bills (Bay) Fine Trade Bills (Bay) Dollar CDs SOR Listed Deposits ECU Linteed Teposits	101-6 94 107-6 94	94 - 68 9 - 95 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	보면 무무료성상 성수 교육 등 선기 수 나는 10 % 중요 등 등 한 10 % 나는 10 % 중요 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등	**************************************	## 9 - ## - ## - ## - ## - ## - ## - ##	94-94 94-96 92 94- 94- 94- 725-7-20 54-94- 74-7
fixed rate Treasury day's tender. In Frankfurt call 3.65 per cent from 3. growing speculation target West German growth will lead to	money rose to 60 per cent, on in that above money supply a tightening of	Treasery Bills (sell); month 815 per cent; three 8,7974 p.c. ECSD Pines 1 for period 14th 25 to Augurate for period 15 pe	e months Bi Rate Sterlin st 25, 1987, is June 30, others save ates for sai in £100,000	of per cent; g Export Fir Scheme 1: 1 1987, Sche m days' fixed ms at Seven and outs be	Treasury Bi mace, Make 0,47 p.c., So the IV: 8.94 I. Finance He days' notice Id under one	ils; Average up day June themes II & i IO p.c. Local bases Base R 3-31 ₂ per c month 8 per	tender rate 30, 1987. A 111: 10.17 p.c 1 Authority i base 9 per ce cent. Certific r cent; one-ti	or discount Agreed rates c. Reference and Finance ent from July cates of Tax bree mouths

FINANCIAL FUTURES

US Treasury bonds fall

that the deficit would be only \$11bn.

September bonds opened firm at 92-96, and rose to a peak of 92-11 just before announcement of the US trade figures. There was an immediate fall to 91-18, before recovering to 91-25, on unsubstantiated rumours of intervention by the Federal Reserve. The contract again retreated, falling to a low of 91-04, as a disappointing rise of only 0.2 per cent in June US

National Security Adviser. had little impact, but recent signs of an easing of Federal Reserve monetary policy helped sentiment.

Yesterday's draining of reserves through overnight matched sales suggested reaction to the US trade figures was disappointing, and as US bonds fell there was little sign of switching into gilts. The market volume in Japanese Government.

Volume in Japanese Government of the monetary policy helped sentiment.

Yesterday's draining of reserves through overnight matched sales suggested reaction to the US trade figures was disappointing, and as US bonds fell there was little sign of switching into gilts. The market volume in Japanese Government.

LIFFE LONG GILT FUTURES OPTIONS

Close High Law Pre-109.72 109.90 108.85 109.0 108.83 108.1

Volume 6,030 (3,854) bay's open lat. 481 (532)

Close High Low 90.83 90.85 90.76 90.82 90.82 90.76 90.77 90.73 90.72 90.63 90.63 90.63 90.63 90.63 90.63 ented Volume 4,571 (2,108) ess day's open inc. 13,528 (13,306)

Close High Low 92.90 92.91 92.76 92.50 92.64 92.48 92.25 92.41 92.73

CURRENCY FUTURES

POUND-S (FOREIGN EXCHANGE)

Spot 1-rath 3-mth 6-mth 12-mth. 14320 14289 14235 14173 14060

US TREASURY bond futures fell on news the US trade deficit in with 0.5 per cent in May, combined the figures to depress the contract moved in the opposite direction to US bonds, open-directly on a forecast from Goldman Sachs that the deficit would be only \$11bn.

September bonds opened firm at 92-06, and rose to a peak of 92-11 monetary policy helped senti-

Strike	Cal			Puts-	Last	Surl	Le .	CallsL	367		نــاــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	e+	Strike		alls -Las	~	Pers-L	
Price	Sept	De	e :	Sept	Dec	Pri			Dec	Se		Dec	Price	لول	- CE		July Party	Aug.
116	8.23	8.	40 (Sept D.Ol	0.28		82		8.46	OT		1.18	22750	17.			0.00	0 44
118	6.25	6.	58 (0.03	0.46		84		663	0.0		35	23000	14.			0.01	0.70
120	4.33	5.	24 (2.11	1.12		86	5.34	5.26	O.		162	23250				0.03	1.76
122	2.52	4.	03 (1.30	1.55		86 88		4,02	0.2		1.38	23500	9.			0.10	1.00
120 122 124	1.34		57	1.12	245		90		257	0.5		29	23750	7.3			0.28	1.30
126	0.44	2	04 2	2.22	3.56		92		1.63	1.4		35	24000				83.0	1.06 1.56 2.21 3.03
138	0.16		25 3	1.58	5,13		94		1.20	3.0		56	24250					2002
130	0.06			5.48	6.45		96		0.53	4.4		25	24500				1.39	4.04
	volume		alk 21	77 Pers				lume total,	0.33	195 5	4	-0	Callagar			1.85	250	5.25
evious d	law's now	n int- C	Jan 76.1	aco Desi	17,256	Dennie	da	S ODER INC	Call	100 1	D 6	40	Estimate	-d vulumi	र क्रांख,	Lais bo	PUB 3/	
						recom	and mak	a ohed lift	Lauc	\$ 1.366	Purs e	44	Previous	Day's D	pen ent.	Calls 11	6 PUS 1	136
FFF ()	S OPTIO	INS.							77	ONDON	SE EX	OPTIO	100					_
	Cents p											per £1)	M-SI					
									_		fectors	POT LLI						
Strike		Calls-		_		Puts-				Strike		Calls-	-Last			Pats	-Lasi	
Price	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Dec.	Abg.	Sept	Oct.	Dec		Price	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Dec.	Aug.	Sept.	Det	Dec
1.45		18,05	_	18.05		0.03	_	0.13		1.45	100	12,70	_	12.90	-	1.50		2.70
1.50	13.05	13.05	13.05	13.05	0.02	0.07	0.15	0.48		1.50	11,40	11.40	11.40	11.40	0.20	0.25	0.55	100
1.45 1.50 1.55	8.05	8.05	8.05	8,10	0 <u>.27</u>	0.43	0.59	1.35		1,55	8.30	6.40	6.70	7.10	0.30	0.70	1.30	2.20
1.66	3.51	3.85	415	4.80	0.76	1.35	1.94	3.05		1.60	2.25	2.80	3.45	4.15	125	2.20	330	411
1.65 1.70	0.91	1.67	1.80	2.55	3.16	417	4.59	5.80		1.65	1.10	1.55	1.55	2.20	4.60	5.30	6.25	7.20
1.70	0.12	0.50	0.60	118	7.37	8.00	8.39	9.43		1.70	0.20	0.40	0.70	110	9.30	9.60	1035	10.9
1.75	0.01	0.11	-	0.47	12.26	12.61		13.72		1.75	0.35	0.50		1.20	24.80	15.30		16.50
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JAPANESE VEN (INIA) Y12.5rs \$ per Y109 Pren. Close High Low 2-15 Sept. 0.6748 0.6780 0.6641 1.14 Dec. 0.6830 0.6685 0.16 Mar. 0.6830 0.6833 0.6688 9-20 June BEUTSCHE MARK (IMM) DHUZ5,000 \$ per DM Close High Low 5-21 Close High Low 5-21 Close High Low 5-21 Close High 0.5426 4-31 Mar. 0.5579 0.5580 0.5545 THREE-MONTH EURODOLLAR (IMM) SIm points of 100%	0.6641 0.66 0.6688 0.66 0.6753 0.65 0.66 0.66 0.54 0.5426 0.56 0.5468 0.56 0.5545 0.56
2-15 Sept. 0.6748 0.6780 0.6641 1.14 Dec. 0.6790 0.6833 0.6683 0.15 Mar. 0.6890 0.6833 0.6693 2-20 Deutysche Mark (IMM) 0M125,000 S per DM 0-01 Sept. 0.5894 0.5506 0.5425 0-15 Dec. 0.5528 0.5506 0.5426 0.18 Mar. 0.5579 0.5580 0.5545 THREE-MONTH EURODOLLAR (IMM) Sim points of 100%	0.6641 0.66 0.6688 0.66 0.6753 0.65 0.66 0.66 0.54 0.5426 0.56 0.5468 0.56 0.5545 0.56
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9-20 June 9-26 BEUTSCHE MARK (IMM) 9-02 9-02 9-02 9-02 9-02 9-02 9-02 9-02	Low Pro 0.5426 0.5- 0.5468 0.5- 0.5545 0.5
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7-11 Close High Low 5-21 Sept. 0.5484 0.5506 0.5426 5-15 Dec. 0.5528 0.5544 0.5468 4-31 Mar. 0.5579 0.5580 0.5544 7HREE-MONTH EURODOLLAR (IMM) Slm points of 100%	0.5426 0.54 0.5468 0.54 0.5545 0.5
5-21 Close Nigh Low 5-21 0.5484 0.5506 0.5426 5-13 Dec. 0.5528 0.5544 0.5485 4-31 Mar. 0.5579 0.5580 0.5545 THREE-MONTH EURODOLLAR (IMM) Sim points of 100%	0.5426 0.54 0.5468 0.54 0.5545 0.5
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3.19 Dec. 91.64 91.71 91.62 2.99 Mar. 91.44 91.51 91.44	92.46 92 92.24 92 92.02 92 91.81 91 91.62 91
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0.6730 0.6736 0.6695 0.6629 Mar. 0.6780 0.6780 — 0.6684 June

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Company Notice

BANQUE INDOSUEZ

US\$150,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 1990 In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the six month period from July 15 1987 to January 15 1988 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 7 3%. The coupon amount so calculated will be US\$188.47 BANQUE GENERALE DU LUXEMBOURG Societe Anonyme

OF ACCIDION ADVEDTICEMENT DATES

Agent Bank

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NEW ISSUE This announcement appears as a matter of record only.



KAJIMA CORPORATION

U.S.\$200,000,000

1% per cent. Bonds 1992

with

Warrants

to subscribe for shares of common stock of Kajima Corporation

ISSUE PRICE 100 PER CENT.

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Morgan Stanley International Sumitomo Finance International

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WORLD MARKETS

FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Jointly compiled by the Financial Times, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and Wood Mackenzie & Co. Ltd., in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS	WEDNESDAY JULY 15 1987					TUESDAY JULY 14 1987			DOLLAR HIDEX		
Figures in parentheses show number of stocks per grouping	US Dollar Index	Day's Change %	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	Gross Div. Yield	US Dollar index	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	1987 High	1987 Law	Year ago (approx
Australia (94)	144.99	+0.9	131.72	135.88	2.88	143.76	132.35	135.59	146.86	99,92	75.68
Austria (16)	89.22	+18	81.05	84.77	2.42	87.67	80.70	83.90	101.62	85.53	87.0
Selgium (48)	125.50	+1.1	114.01	118.07	4.03	124.15	114.29	118.03	126.49	96.19	80.8
anada (132)	137 58	+0.0	125.07	131.95	213	137.65	126.72	131.33	137.68	100.00	96.2
Jenmark (39)	115.86	+1.1	105.26	139.40	2.51	114.58	105.48	109.40	124.10	96.38	91.6
rance (121)	110.49	+0.9	100.38	105.59	265	109.50	100.81	105.72	121.82	98.39	86 AI
Nest Germany (92)	99,94	+2.6	90.79	95.06	1.97	97.37	89.64	93.65	100.33	84,00	79.6
long Kong (45)	130.23	+0.2	118.30	130.57	2.77	129.97	119.65	130.32	130.23	96.89	70.7
reland (14)	145.41	+1.5	132.09	139.80	3.17	143.32	131.94	139.32	145.41	99.50	90.0
taly (76)	95.00	+1.6	86.30	93.93	1.91	93.47	86.05	93.43	112.11	93.A7	90.2
Japan (458)	134.69	+1.5	122.36	126.47	0.53	132.73	122 19	125.73	161.28	100.00	85.34
Malaysia (36)	186.48	+1.4	169.41	182.06	2.06	183.98	169.37	179.78	186.48	98.24	79.8
Mexico (14)	285.58	+0.6	259.43	430.89	0.69	283.95	261.40	427.80	285.58	99.72	51.2
letherland (38)	126.56	+0.8	114.98	119.03	3.67	125.61	115.63	119.36	126.69	99.65	90.3
New Zealand (26)	105.32	+1.8	95.68	92.95	3.01	103.41	95.20	91.70	105.38	83.93	71.4
Vorway (24)	149.01	+13	135.37	135.36	200	147.13	135.45	134.90	149.01	100.00	96.9
Singapore (27)	159.77	+25	145.14	155.91	1.58	155.84	143.46 -	152.11	159.77	99,29	78.1
South Africa (61)	174.97	+1.4	158.95	127.51	3.26	172.55	158.85	124.71	186.74	300.00	73.4
Spain (43)	126.09	+0.2	114.55	120.31	3.29	125.83	115.84	120.97	126.09	100.00	82.44
Sweden (33)	120.48	+1.6	109.45	113.93	2.02	11861	109.19	113.12	124.68	90.85	91.17
Switzerland (531	100.18	÷2.6	91.01	94.53	1.73	97.67	89.91	93.28	304.06	92.0	82.5
United Kingdom (336)	161.45	+21	146.67	146.67	2.93	158.14	145.58	145.58	161.45	99.65	97.40
USA (591)	126.73	-0.1	115 12	126.73	2.86	126.89	116.81	126.89	125.89	100.00	98.37
urope (933)	127.89	+1.9	116.18	119.39	269	125.54	115.57	118.61	127.89	99.78	88,45
acific Basın (686)	134.91	+1.4	122.56	126.87	0.70	133.01	122.45	127.07	158.77	100.00	84.45
into-Pacific (1519)	132.15	+1.6	120.05	123.88	1.47	130.06	119.74	123.68	143.65	100,00	86.06
forth America (723)	127.32	-0.1	135.66	127.04	281	127.47	117.34	127.16	127.A7	130.00	98.26
urope Ex. UK (597)	107.04	+1.7	97.24	102.26	2.46	105.30	96.94	101.67	107.75	98.02	83.06
acific Ex. Japan (226)	137.63	+0.8	125.03	131.59	275	136.50	125.66	130.99	137.78	99.92	73.86
Vorid Ex. US (1826)	132.91	+1.5	120.74	124.42	1.52	130.90	120.51	124.17	143.38	100.00	86.25
Vorld Ex. UK (2081)	127.44	+0.8	115.77	123.27	1.91	126.48	116.44	123.27	133.61	100.00	90.39
Vorid Ex. Sp. Af. (2356)	130.18	+0.9	118.26	125.38	201	129.02	118.78	125.31	135.02	100.00	91.09
Vorld Ex. Japan (1959)	129.48	+0.6	116.71	124 91	277	127.70	117.55	124.64	128.48	100.00	93.69
he World Index (2417)	130 46	+0.9	118.52	125.43	2.02	129.30	119.03	125.34	135.15	100.00	90.96

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ANZ Barking Group

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BASE LENDING RATES

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Company Notices

Barings B.V.

US\$ 150,000,000

Guaranteed Floating Rate Capital Notes due 2001

Payment of principal and interest guaranteed by

Barings plc

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes. notice is hereby given that for the interest period from July 15, 1987 to January 15, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 71/4% p.a.

The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, January 15, 1986 against coupon n° 4 will be US\$370.56 per Note of US\$10,000.

NZI CAPITAL CORPORATION

YEN 10,000,000,000 Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due 1992

In accordance with the description of the Notes,

The interest payable on December 29, 1987

against coupon no 1 will be YEN 215,589 per Note of YEN 10,000,000.

The Agent Bank

KREDIETBANK S A LUXEMBOURGEOISE

Northern Rook Ltd.... PKFrans led i180 ___ 92

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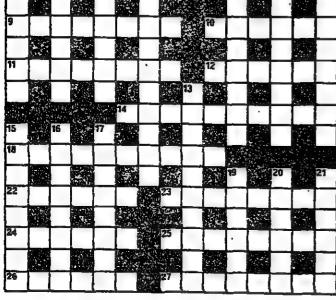
1091 433 578 483 629 108 217 225 7356 119 466 24 52 37°0 107 3 2 9.9 2 4.80 52 35 839 2.308 135 20.50 13 11.50 14 6.20 63 10 22 6.30 FL72.70 fL55 FI.282.50 FI.106.80 F1_140 TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTS: 104,180 A=Adr B=EM C = Cali

4.50 4.60 11 5 6.40 3.508 6.50

FI.167 FI.47.10 FI.53.70

គ.142

FT CROSSWORD PUZZLE NO. 6,379



- I Damned scared maybe—grabbing copper (8)

 5 She'll give one information about the doctor (6)

 9 Confidential hint (8) 10 Reasons an article urgen
- reform (6) 11 Statesmanlike? (8) 12 Substitute having some effect (6)
- 18 Making real cuts or adjustments in a metropolitan
- 22 Give the underworld boss a month and there's consternation! (6)
 23 Many in a conservative union may appear menacing
- 24 A guy soldiers sent back home (6)
- 25 No rating could be so unenlightened (8) 26 Weil before the warmest
- weather (6)
 27 An illustration demonstrating the popular attitude (8)
- DOWN 1 To strike in a recession is
- beastly! (6)
 2 The person making econo-
- mies needs a certain craft (6) 3 Don't leave airmen in a mess
- (6) 4 The strain of dental treat-

- A fabulous bird in deep water? That's material (8)
 Silver backing suited way-out characters, being most showy (8)
- 8 A small number for example going inside comes out with flowers (8) 13 Running, and so causing
- commotion (8.2) 14 Few in tune send up a music-man (10)

 18 Making real cuts or adjust-for (8)
 - 16 A restrained individual (8) 17 He'il kill animals in the end
 - 19 Arrange to invest (3.3) 20 Uproar about nothing-a

Solution to Puzzle No 6.378



notice is hereby given that, for the interest period June 29, 1987 to December 29, 1987, the Notes will carry an interest rate at 4.3% p.a.

THE TAIYO KOBE BANK LIMITED

CREDIT FONCIER

DE FRANCE

Ecu 200,000,000

Floating Rate Notes due 1996

university man's province (6) 21 Try climbing in tree raised as a shrub (6)

For the period July 16 1987 to October 16 1987 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 6.8% per annum with an interest amount of Ecu 173.78 per Ecu 10.000 Note and of Ecu 1,737.78 per Ecu 100.000 Note

100,000 Note. The relevant interest payment dai will be October 16 1987. BANQUE PARIBAS (Luxembourg) S.A. Agent Bank

Legal Notice

RED GARAGES (NORTH WALES) LIMITED

EEG GAKAGE (LLANDUDAG)

LIMITED CAERNANFON MOTORS LIMITED

Adrian Richard Stammay and John Frederick Powell of Cork Gully, 43 Tempte Row, Birmingham, 82 SJT were appointed receivers of RED GARAGES (NORTH WALES) LIMITED, RED GARAGE (LLANDUDHO) LIMITED and CAERNARFON MOTORS LIMITED (Registered Numbers 92105, 999373 and

A. R. STANWAY,

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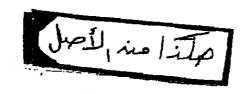
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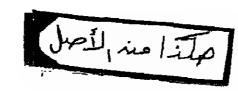
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10.5 17.4 19.7 13.5	22 24	prospectus or other official estimates for 1987-88. L Estimated immunisted dividend, cover and pie based on latest amount enrings. M Dividend and yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1987-89. L Estimates for 1987-89. The Plagures based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1987-99. Plagures based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1987-99. Plagures based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1987-99. Plagures based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1987-99. Plagures based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1987-99. Plagures based on prospectus or other official estimates. T Plagures assumed. W Pro forms figures. 2 Deviated total to data. Abbrevialcloss: all estimates for the official estimates. T Plagures assumed. W Pro forms figures. 2 Deviated total to data. Abbrevialcloss: all estimates for 1987-99. Plagures assumed. W Pro forms figures. 2 Deviated total to data. **REGIONAL & IRISH STOCKS** The following is a selection of Regional and Irish supeks, the latter beauty quoted in Irish currency. Alaxy im 20a 99. In 1835-97/102. Stills. Selection of Regional and Irish supeks, the latter beauty quoted in Irish currency. Alaxy im 20a 99. In 1835-97/102. Stills. Selection of Regional and Irish supeks, the latter beauty quoted in Irish currency. Alaxy im 20a 99. In 1835-97/102. Stills. Selection of Regional and Irish supeks, the latter beauty quoted in Irish currency. Alaxy im 20a 99. In 1835-97/102. Stills. Selection of Regional and Irish supeks, the latter beauty quoted in Irish currency. Alaxy im 20a 99. In 1835-97/102. Stills. Selection of Regional and Irish supeks, the latter beauty quoted in Irish currency. Alaxy im 20a 99. In 1835-97/102. Stills. Selection of Regional and Irish supeks, the latter beauty quoted in Irish currency.
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Account Dealing Dates

First Declara- Last Account
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The UK stock markets bounced sharply higher late yesterday, closing at new peaks after a setback in the US dollar brought gains in the pound and in British Government bonds. Earlier, the market had moved erratically, surging ahead at first, only to give back much of its early gain after news of a US trade deficit for May of \$14.4bn, well above the latest

The closing picture was very firm, with Government bonds 1/2 point higher, and the FT-SE 100 index a net 16.2 points up at a new all-time high of 2419.2. The FT Ordinary jumped 16 to a peak of

The equity market opened confidence encouraged by the May output statistics, and market optimism stimulated by Wall Street's overnight strength. But share prices reacted heavily to the news of the US trade deficit, and a mid-session gain of 21 FT-SE 100 points was slashed to only four as London anticipated a

shaky start in New York.

But UK bonds and blue chip
equities responded vigorously to the pound's upswing as the dollar fell after Admiral Poindexter's latest evidence to the arms-forhostages Congressional Inquiry. The mid-session check underlined the selective behaviour of the overseas buyers. Also holding back the multinationals was the rush to apply for the BAA sale, which closes today.

Nomura Securities said that it had been a buyer of what it regards as the core stocks of the British market, "of which British Gas is an obvious example." These core stocks number, in Nomura's

Turnover in British Gas was sharply down yesterday and the share price settled lower. The pattern was much the same in British Airways and British Aerospace, but British Telecom edged higher. Heavy US demand for Glaxo

barrel price, and a bearish circu-lar from London securities trader Phillips & Drew was pushed to the

Engineering shares streng-thened on the news of higher manufacturing output in the UK, the financial services industry kept bank shares active. With a weak dollar pushing bullion prices above \$450 gold shares turned ahead in late dealings. A

EQUITY GROUPS

& SUB-SECTIONS

higher on currency factors and closed in good form. The remnants of the 10pc 1996 taplet stock was

The bank sector enjoyed anothr day of good gains, led by NatWest where persistent support, said by traders to have represented American buying boosted the shares 22 to 770p. Lloyds were not far behind and spurted 16 to 418p; the bank is the first to report interim results, on July 24, and is also expected to announce its world debts. Barciays put on 13 to

629p. Merchant banks staged a strong

day's easier trend. strong speculative support triggered by rumours that Australia's FAI could be interested in the bank and advanced 13 to 481p. target according to dealers, rose 5 shade easier at 107p in the wake of the purchase of US executive benefits advisory group Management Compensation, for £22.7m and the accompanying share issue of 17.46m new ordinary shares. Insurances posted widespread gains led by life issues which responded to good institutional demand. Pearl opened higher at 430p but later slipped back to close a net 4 easier at 415p after

in the company's shares.

H. P. Bulmer, the cider and soft immediate reaction to preliminary profits shy of most market esti-mates: a rally developed during later trading however, and the shares closed only 3 cheaper on balance at 210p reflecting the encouraging tenor of the accompanying statement. Nevertheless, analysts remained cautious about Bulmer's recovery potential; Greenwell Montagu have cut their profit forecast for the current year

from £16m to £15.5m.

the company that it knew of no

specific reason for the recent rise

Renewed demand for leading Building Issues soon uncovered Heavy US demand for Glaxo continued, but a gain in Beecham shares reflected UK buying pressure, against the background of recent weakness in the shares. Each were the sector's star performent of the UK Department of speculation to close 16 higher at Health for use of its Pregnavite Torte F drug to reduce the risk of spina bifida.

The late rise in equities also followed gains in oil stocks, as followed gains in oil stocks, as the form the UK Department of speculation to close 16 higher at 158p. Barratt Developments moved up 8 to 250p. The City of London's Planning Committee's decision to recommend that Wimpey Property followed gains in oil stocks, as followed gains in oil stocks, as the didings' scheme for the Little Britain area just north of St Paul's barrel price, and a bearish circu-Cathedral should proceed helped George Wimpey gain 312 to 276p. AMEC continued firmly at 433p, up 7, as did Countryside, which rose 12 more to 398p. Berkeley Group gained 50 to 530p in a limited market and Wilson Bowden advanced 15 to 196p. Burnett and Hallamshire jumped 3 to 30p

as Bank of America, National Trust and Savings Association reduced its stake to 6.24 per cent. ICI settled a shade lower at

Pound's strength gives final boost to Government bonds

and blue chip equities

		IMAN	CIAL	TIME	S ST	DCK I	NBICE	5			dealerships in Colchester and Bury St Edmunds from Mann
	Joly	July	July	July	July	Year	19	E 7		unbitation .	Egerton, a subsidiary of Incheape. Trimoca made further progress, rising 6 more to 830, again reflec-
	15	14	13	10	9	9 ago		سما	High	Low	ting hopes of a bid from Cowie.
Government Sees	90.95	90.70	90,74	90.55	90.89	89.48	93.32 955	94,49 (6/11	127,A (91/35)	49.18 (41/75)	Leading Properties forged ahead as institutional buyers
Fixed laterest	98.29	98.30	98.29	97.90	97.96	96.01	99.12	90.23	105.4	50.53	returned. Land Securities rose 14 to 5730 and MEPC gained 20 to
Ordinary V	1908.6	1892.6 413.4	1877.B	1892.6 407.4	1846.1 402.1	1306.3	1,908.6 1,908.6 0,577 485.0	1,320.2 1,320.2 (2/1) 288.2	1,908.6 1,508.7 1257/87)	GI1/75) 49,4 (25/6/40) 43.5	567p. Slough Estates added 5 to 307p, after 309p, while Hammer- son A firmed 5 to 650p. Elsewhere.
100 miles	1	1	-	707.7			(1441)	(19/2)	0.5/2/833	(29/10/71)	Regulian wood out with a rise of 12
Ord. Div. Yield	3.02	3.05	3.06	3.09	3.12	4.23		S.E. A	CTIVITY		at 307p following the purchase of a
Earnings Yld.%(full)	7.32	7.40	7.45	7.49	7.54	10.19	la la	dias _	July 14	July 13	prestigious West End property for
P/E Ratio (net) (=)	16.78	16.60	36.47	16.42	16.30	11.93		Bargales	158.0 447.7	99.1 503.0	ditional placing of over 8m shares
SEAQ Bargains (5 pm)	61,528	54,795	62,414	64,970	52,475	<u> </u>	Equity Bar Equity Vah	9205	3201.9	3637.3	at 275p per share including an
Equity Turnover (Em)	-	1584.11	1799.50	2104.32	1915.62	500.97	5-Day Ave		1204	1162	offer to shareholders. Control
Equity Bargains	-	69,093	77,624	70,750	62,789	18,308	Gilk Edged Equity Bar		447.3	443.4	Securities touched 100p prior to closing a penny off at 93p in the
Shares Traded (mil)	-	827.0		913.8	997.3	256.4	Equity Val		3764.B	3631.5	wake of Tuesday's purchase of a
♥ Opening	10 a.m.	[23	a.m.	Noon	7 [am.a	2 p.n	<u> </u>	3 p.m.	4 p.m.	portfolio of properties from
1904.1	1907.0		11.4	1909.9		909.4	1903		896.5	1901.7	Heron Corporation; on Monday, the share price stood at 75p, Eger-
Day's High 191		1	1896.4. B	asis 100 Go Activity 1	nd. Secs 15 1974, *Nit:	710/26, Fb -16.47.	ed Int. 1928	Ordinary 1/	7/35, Gald N	ines 12955,	ten Trust gained 13 to 296p following comment on the company's latest acquisiton, while Roban
	LONDO	1 REPOI	CHA TS	LATEST	SHARE	INDEX	TEL. OL-	246 8026			Group jumped 40 to 235p after a bid approach.
Carporation which put on 9 further ligures and a two-for-one stock split from its US associated company Reebok. Celestises closed 6 to respond strongly to a Warburg the good at 66p despite a state-port and gained 9 to 151p, recommendation and moved ment from the directors that they Units, buoyant of late following											
	the Hickor International rose shead to close 30 higher at 884p. are not aware of any reason for new of the proposed redevelop-										

£15% owing to the presence of a sizeable American seller. Elsewhere in the Chemical sector, Sutcliffe Speakman attracted fresh support and gained 9 to 151p, while Hickson International rose

bixons. a couple of pence firmer in initial response to preliminary figures much in line with market expectations, subsequently gave ground on profit-taking to settle 10 off on balance at 363p. EZW, however, sees future growth for Dixons in the US electrical retail sector and rate the shares as a "long-term buy." Property injec-tion prospects stimulated tion prospects stimulated renewed demand for Martin Ford, 251p, and Amber Day, 118p, up 12 and 5 respectively, white John Kent, an associate of the latter

improved another 11 to 146p. In contrast, sellers held sway in recent speculative high-flier Blacks Leisure 4 off at 49½p following cautious comment in the Financial Times. British Telecom put on 3½ more to 299½p and shrugged off the critical report from the Office of Telecommunications. Elsewhere, bid speculation boosted Tele-phone Rentals 22 to 322p. United Scientific jumped 17 to 314p following the sale of the loss making subsidiary Rollei Fototechnic. Annual results from Eurotherm

down at 478p. GEN, among a number of companies put forward as possible bid argets for BTR, advanced 15 to shares. Among other Engineering issues, Press comment prompted a

Fri July 10

Tans July 15

Mon July 13

Persistent demand left Unigate 11 up at 431p, while late buying interest boosted Ranks Hovis McDougall 7½ to 342½p. Hillsdown were an active market and settled 4 dearer at 328p, while United Biscuits added 2 to 332p, Dee Corporation firmed 10 to 250p ahead of next Thursday's pre-liminary figures, while J. E. Eng-land put on 17 to 198p in a restricted market. Squirrel Horn made further strong headway in the wake of disposal news to close 20 higher at 195p.

Glazo featured in the Pharmaceutical issues, advancing % to £18% mainly in response to persistent overnight US buying. Beecham were also noteworthy at 569p, up 11, following a "chart buy "signal. Elsewhere among the miscellaneous industrial leaders, Trafalgar House were a relatively lively market and closed 14 to the good at 429p. News of the agreement to invest 220m in the BSB satellite consortium left Reed international 12 better at 551p. Blue Arrew, the fast expanding

employment and recruitment group, continued to attract buyers group, continued to attract puyers ahead of the proposed five for one share split and moved ahead strongly to close 106 higher at 979p. Oakwood, the subject of a recent consortium bid, continued its relentless advance, closing 68 to the ground at 928p. while Charles were below market estimates and the shares retreated to close 22 to the good at 928p, while Charles Baynes were also a strong market at 270p. up 30. Pentland Industries advanced 16 to 270p following the

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(*412)

SarciagS (%26)

8-it Acro (*534)

8A7 leds (*671)

the good at 66p despite a state-ment from the directors that they are not aware of any reason for the sudden jump in the share price. Further consideration of the proposed rights issue and acquisition of Tiger Holdings prompted a rally of 8½ to 8½p in

Allied Plant. Aaronson, scheduled to reveal interim figures next Thursday, met with buying interest and put on 21 to 170p. Pearson closed 10 higher at 783p after the proposed early redemption of the first Mortgage deben ture stocks. British Aerospace, in contrast met with renewed selling and gave up 12 to 530p.

Motors again attracted a fair measure of speculative activity. Truck group ERF put on another 12 to 210p, while Airflow Stream-lines were wanted at 213p, a rise of 23 on the day and 48 so far this week. Among Distributors. T. Cowie continued its seemingly relentless climb towards the £10 level, rising 35 to 960p, still benefiting from expansion prospects and hopes of further developments from the deal with Mr Gerald Ronson; Cowie yesterday announced plans for the purchase of two Austin Rover

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1987

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HEM HIGHS (453)

BRITISH FUNDS (3), AMERICAMS
(13), CANADIANS (1), EARNES (9), SHOES (2), SOUTH AFRICANS (1),
BREWERS (3), SUITEDINES (40), TEXTILES (11), TRUSTS (86), BILS
CHEMICALS (32), STORES (11), (13), OVERSEAS TRADERS (3),
ELECTRICALS (32), MOTELS (1), MARKET (1),
INDUSTRIALS (32), INSURANCE (5),
LEISURE (9), MOTORS (10),
BANKS (1), MCOT, TRUSTS (1),
NEWSPAPERS (4), PAPERS (11),
Biotechnology Lave.

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

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news of the proposed redevelop-ment of Liverpool's Princes and Waterloo docks, were marked 28

lower to 227p reflecting sporadic profit-taking.

Further selective support was forthcoming for Textiles with Hugh McEsy featuring a further

jump of 45 to 300p in response to

news of the acquisition of Pendle

via a share placing and open offer

Sekers, down sharply in the pre-

vious trading session on the unex-citing preliminary figures, railied

15 to 190p.

An otherwise subdued session in Financial Trusts again featured

Mercantile House which con-tinued the recent recovery to

The energy sector moved erra-tically. British Gas, where Japanese securities house Nomura was a big buyer on Tues-

day, initially edged up to 199p but fell away to 194p on widespread profit-taking before closing a net 2 off at 196p. The latest spurt by oil prices, Angust Brent crude moved

comfortably through the \$20 a bar-

close 31 dearer at 488p

rel level and settled around \$20.20 a barrel, failed to produce any substantial support for leading oil shares which after a firm opening fell away on lack of interest before staging a good late rally. BP were finally 11/2 up at 4041/2p while Shell settled is off at £1424 and Britoil 2 easier at 3451/2p.

Egerton, a subsidiary of Incheape.
Trimoca made further progress,
rising 6 more to 83p, again reflecting hopes of a bid from Cowie.
Leading Properties forged
shead as institutional buyers Lourho attracted a lively turnover around 7.6m shares changed hands—and advanced 6½ returned Land Securities rose 14 to 573p and MEPC gained 20 to 567p. Slough Estates added 5 to firmed that the 20m shares destined for the Tokyo quotation had been fully subscribed: deal-ings are scheduled to bagin in 307p, after 309p, while Hami Regulian wood out with a rise of 12 at 307p following the purchase of a prestigious West End property for some £22m to be funded by a conditional placing of over 8m shares at 275p per share including an offer to shareholders. Control securities touched 100p prior to closing a penny off at 93p in the wake of Tuesday's purchase of a wage of the scary's purchase of a portfolio of properties from Heron Corporation; on Monday, the share price stood at 75p. Egerten Trust gained 13 to 296p following comment on the company's latest acquisiton, while Rohan Group jumped 40 to 235p after a hid approach.

Japan from next Thursday. Pelly Peck held the recent firm trend. rising another 111/2 to 331/2p in anticipation of encouraging news emanating from a meeting yester-day with Scottish institutions; Chase Manhattan Securities pointed out that the shares have recently broken through a chart resistance point and "could go all the way to 400p." Current favourites British Gas

Buls Resources and Eagle Trust.

and Hanson Trust continued in dominate proceedings in traded options, former contributed 5.408 calls and 1.088 puts, while Hanson recorded 5.900 calls and 1.703 puts. Total contracts struck amounted in 57,188.

Traditional Options First dealings July 5
 Last dealings July 17
 Last declaration Oct 8
 For Section 27

. For Settlement Get 19 For rate indications see end of London Share Service Stocks to attract money for the esti included Bula Resources. Common Bros., FJC Lilley. Ellis and Goldstein. United Guarantee. J. L. Israel, B. Priest, Fobel International, Stormguard. Parambe, Whyway, Abaco, Stakis, Dunton, Cowan de Groot, Eagle Trust, Control Securities, Feedex, Astra Industrial, Hampion Trust.
Hawley Group, Tricentrol, Amber
Day, Standard Chartered, Sears,
Costain, Property Trust. Inoce,
Platignum, Rock, NEI and
Waterford Glass. Puts were arranged in Jessups. Abaco, Stakis, First Charlotte and Scottish Metropolitan Properties, while double options were transacted in

TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS



RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

LONDON RECENT ISSUES

EQUITIES Closing + or Net. Times Gress P.E. (110 (177 1155 250 (128 (135 (135 (135) (1 -3 +7 +3 +5 +2 +2 +3 +4 +4 +4 +1 +1 +1 +1 +3 FECONOMIC Forestry Dipp So FECONOMIC Forestry Dipp So Fine East Res. 30p Blanner Group 10p Grahams Rivi | Inv. 71n Sp. | Hardend Steuen (10p) Aftey and Croft 10p ITT, 16f. Tred: 10p Aftey and Croft 10p ITT, 16f. Tred: 10p Aftey and Croft 10p Mougards Res. 10p After Comm. Elect. 10p Statistic Insurance Statistic Insurance Williams Insurance Will

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FT-ACTUARIES INDICES

Wednesday July 15 1987

These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

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Fi	gures in parenthes stocks per		number	No.	Day Chan	Earn 's Yiel ge (Ma	da da	Gross Div. Yield% (ACT at 27%)	P/E Ratio (Net)	nd adj. 1967 to date	Index No.	Index No.	holex No.	Indus No.	
1	CAPITAL EGOD	S (212)		1032.	27! +0.	9 i &	.64	2.64	18.84	11.21	1073 33	1018 29	1009.96	21851	
2	Building Material						50	2.51	19.17	15.55			1342.A7	610.72	
3	Contracting, Cons	truction i	33)	1946			15	2.46	21.81	19.38			1179.43	1244.73	
4	Electricals (13)						.63	2.95	22.84				2674.41		
5	Electronics (35).						94	2.25	18.44	15.26			2136.04	1612 95	
á	Mechanical Engit	saarinn / 6		540.			46	3.13	16.82	7.80	530.35				
a	Metals and Metal							2.67	28.12				531.89	401.91	
9							65		15.28	6.56	580.32	5/62/	572.92		
	Motors (14)						61	2.65		3.42	393.44	391.46		302.47	
10	Other Industrial R						63	2.83	21.39	22,53			1676.21	1291.20	
21	CONSUMER GR						.67	2.43	22.62	14.33			1370.67	913.29	
22	Brewers and Dist						43	2.82	16.94	11.77	1253.53		1261.92	921.50	
25	Food Manufactur						45	2.80	20.15	15.12			1050.10	679.47	
26	Food Retailing (1	.6) (6.		 2622.			.97	2.21	27.41	21.16			2614.11	1821.43	
27	Health and House	haid Goe	ds (10)	2661.	81 +2	2 3.	.80	1.50	30.78	15.11	2603.65			1540.12	
29	Leisure (31)			1464.	79 +0.	2 5.	64	2.97	22.96	20.36	1462.23	1454.02	1446.36	892.25	
31	Packaging & Pap	er (35)	100-01-00-001	735.	88 +0.	9 5	55	2.34	23.83	7,88		728.68		472.35	
32	Publishing & Prin						66	3.04	27.59	59.63			4494.05		
34	Stores (36)						22	2.49	21.85				1136.27	868.25	
35	Textiles (16)						10	2.56	16.34	31.71			621.89	540.63	
40	OTHER GROUPS						28	2.95	17.13			1160.45		770.12	
41	Agencies (16)						82	1.36	34.49	9.76		1730.33		6.0	
42	Chemicals (22)			1458.			74	3.02	18.19	19.79		1452.51			
	Conglomerates (1	41111444 MARIE	1000	1536.			82	2.97	16.79					917.92	
43												1510.11		0.0	
45	Shipping and Trai						38	3.28	20.69				2442.07		
47	Telephone Netwo						.67	3.49	15.38				1116.48	810.86	
48	Miscellaneous (2)	<u> </u>	***********	1709.			.24	2.61	14.53				1662.50	105131,	
49	INDUSTRIAL GI	ROUP (41	3)	1260.	28 +0.	8 6.	36	2.62	19.88	12.80	1250.09	1240.92	1233.96	836.70	
51	Oil & Gas (17)			2429.	74 -0.	3 4	50	3.80	28.74				2448.23	1185.41.	
59	500 SHARE IND						.07	2.80	20.86		1350.91		_	-	
							4,		20.00					867.89	
61	FINANCIAL GR						!	3.39		13,48	857.13	855.03		611.04	
62 1	Banks (8)						- !	4.76	8.39	16.74	862.29		849.45	658.15	
65	Insurance (Life) (9)	-	LI65.			- [3.61	_			1160.45		874.11	
66	Insurance (Comp						- 1	3.79		11.76	642.91			491.06	
67	Insurance (Brake						99	4.02	16.12		1338.71			1192.39	
68	Merchant Banks	(11)		490.			- 1	2,76	—	6.58		492,05	481.48	344.92	
69	Property (46)						51	2.18	36.83			1332.92	1323.90	792.91	
70	Other Financial (2	28)		589.	57 +1.	4 5.	62	2.75	22.39	7.17	581.62	577.34	575.19	341.61,	
71	Investment Trusts	(91)		1143.	59 +Q.	3 (-	- 1	2.10		11.12	1139.73	1138.02	1139.38	755.32	
81	Mining Finance C						57	2.73	20.64	6.79	591.94	581.39	583.22	256.79	
91 !	Overseas Traders				54 +0.	9 7.	70	4.00	15.42				115430	672.08.	
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4	Irredeemables	167.62	+0.40	166.95	_	7.27				leng-		9.07	9.34	9.50	
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ng index 2417 6; 10 am 2419.4; 11 am 2424.4; Noon 2422.1; 1 pm 2421.4; 2 pm 2413.7; 3 pm 2407.5; 3.30 pm 2411.4; 4 pm 2412.5 † Flat yield. Highs and lows record, base dates, values and constituent changes are published in Saturday Issues. A new list of constitue is available from the Publishers, the Financial Times, Bracken House, Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY, price 15p, by post 32p.

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WORLD STOCK MARKETS

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Have your F.T. hand delivered	Baynes (Charles) 270 + 30 GKN 400 + 15 Pentland 270 + 16 Brit Aerospace 530 - 12 Beecham 569 + 11 Lloyds Bank 418 + 16 Phicom 97 + 11 Eurotherm 479 - 22 Blue Arrow 979 + 106 Lonrho 290% + 6% Polly Peck 331½ + 11½ Mersey Dock Units 227 - 28

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FINANCIAL TIMES

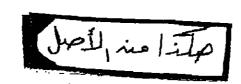
— Europe's Business Newspaper

N. AMERICAN QUARTERLY RESULTS

AMERITECH Telesommunications	CORESTATES FINANCIAL Banking, financial services	NSNB Banking	Industrial holding company
Second quarter 1967 1986	Second quarter 1987 1986	Second quarter 1987 1986	Second quarter 1987 1988
Ravesums	Net income	Net income 54.5m All.Tm Net per share 0.88 0.63 Bick months 102.8m	Net Income
Revenues	Not per share	Nat par share	Ravenues
BARK OF NEW YORK	Courier service	Second quarter 1967 1966	TIME Diversified media
Second quarter 1987 1985 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Nevenues	Havenuet	Second quarter 1987 1986 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
COMERICA		RAINIER BANCORP	Net per share 2.08 1.76
Second quarter 1987 1988	Mortgage Sender	Second quarter 1987 1986	US BANCORP Banking
Assets	Second quarter 1987 1985 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Assets 9.59bn 8.88bn Not income "18.3m 18.8m Not per share "0.83 0.87 Six morning Not income "1.09m 35.4m	Second quarter
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FINANCIAL TIMES

WORLD STOCK MARKETS



Foreign buying offsets poor trade figures

WALL STREET

FIGHTING against the downward pull of bond and foreign exchange markets hit hard by bad trade figures, Wall Street stock prices managed to post small gains to record levels yesterday, writes Roderick Oram in New York.

Bonds fell more than one point and the dollar dropped Y2 in in-tense trading on news of a far larg-er-than-expected US trade deficit in

Stocks were upset briefly by the mayhem in other markets and the Dow Jones industrial average fell some 15 points in early trading. It pulled back with the help of strong foreign investor buying and unflagging hopes for a prime rate cut.
The Dow Industrial index closed

up 2.39 points at 2,483.74, its second record day running. It was, however, some 12 points below its best showing of the morning which indicated investors wariness over the day's events.

But the broader market performed worse, leaving the Standard & Poor's 500 index down 0.26 at 310.42 and the New York Stock Exchange composite index off 0.09 at 174.58. NYSE volume was heavy at 203m shares with declining issues just edging ahead of those rising by

Trade figures aside, news of second-quarter profits continued to in- cent. Bank short-term rates were fluence stock prices. Among companies reporting higher earnings, Co-comfortable at 6½ per cent. ca-Cola was up 5% to \$45, ITT gained \$% to \$82 and Time added S% to \$101%.

International Paper, off \$% to \$47%, and Boise Cascade, down \$% to \$71%, both turned in smallerthan-forecast increases in profits. Forest product companies have been one of the strongest market sectors this year thanks to the rebound in their earnings from year

Other stocks in the sector were affected by the disappointing results. Weyerhaeuser edged down \$\%\to \$50\%, Bowater slipped \$\%\to \$35%, Champion was off \$% to \$35%, Great Northern Nekoosa gave up \$% to \$43% and Georgia Pacific fell

AMR fell \$\% to \$59\%. The parent of American Airlines reported second-quarter profits of \$1.51 a share Bank shares failed to follow the against \$2.23. The prospect of lower trend but gold issues advanced on profits and higher fuel prices held better bullion prices.

SOUTHAFRICA

THE STRONG rise in gold shares continued in Johannesburg in line with the bullion price which gained sharply in response to the latest US trade figures. The overall market index climbed 39 to another record

Among the golds, Randfontein added R10 to R425 despite its poor quarterly results, Buffelsfontein

was off S% to \$67%, USAir lost \$1% to \$46%. Texas Air gave up \$1% to \$34% and Delta Air Lines lost \$% to \$55% although Trans World edged up \$% to \$29%.

Consolidated Rail added \$14 to 5334. The previously government-owned railway holding company which was privatised this spring in one of the largest ever US initial share offerings reported second-quarter profits of \$1.04 against \$1.61

Credit markets failed to recover from the shock of the trade figures and the price of the 8.75 per cent benchmark Treasury long bond ended the day down 11% of a point at 1011% yielding 8.60 per cent.

Bond and foreign exchange traders had grown increasingly optimistic on Tuesday afternoon that the deficit would be as low as \$11bn compared with earlier forecasts of about \$12bn and a shortfall of

Little comfort was taken from the fact that much of the increase to \$14.4bn in May was due to oil imports inflated by the sharp rise in prices. The underlying trend of exports and imports continues to show little improvement

Despite the sharp jump in bond interest rates, short-term yields held their ground. The bond equivalent yield on three-month Treasury bills was unchanged at 5.70 per mixed and the Fed funds rate was

With short-term rates continuing relatively soft, hopes are rising for a cut in banks' prime lending rate to 8 per cent from 8% per cent. But based on the current cost of banks' funds, the case for a cut is still in the balance

CANADA

BRISK trading saw resource shares leading Toronto higher despite weakness on Wall Street. Most major groups joined the rally, paced by metals and mines.

Inco was active, rising C5% to C326%. Alican gained C5% to C546 and Cominco was unchanged at Higher crude futures in New

was up 75 cents at R16.75.

75 cents to R46.

Wolters Samsom ended the day unchanged amid low turnover and its friendly share and cash offer now amounts to FI 422.

Elsewhere in the market most sectors slipped back after earlier rises to highs. Among internationgained R1.50 to R72 and Grootylei Mining financials saw Anglo als, KLM lost 60 cents to end at FI 53.70 amid news it plans to issue "participation rights" without vot-ing rights to strengthen its equity. American gaining R2 to R85.75. Elsewhere in the mining sector, Impala Platinum was up R2 at R51.50, Rustenburg Platinum added Royal Dutch/Shell fell Fl 1.40 to

R1.38 to R58 and De Beers gained | Fl 282.50 and Philips held steady at F1 55

> US\$ (Against the DM)

2.00

Damp July whets Swedish appetite for shares

THE IMPROVEMENT in oil prices the upward swing, gaining L60 to was warmly received by Oslo which close at L2.360.

erner putting on NKr 4 to end at gained DM 6.50 to DM 708.

the day. Christiania Bank fell NKr 5.50 to DM 315.50. Bayer gained DM 1 to NKr 187.50. Other banks lost 5.20 to DM 342.50 and BASF firmed

when a deadly hush hits the Stockholm stock exchange as investors flee to their stugas (Swedish country cottages) to en-joy the long daylight hours and fleeting summer warmth.

However. temperamental weather has put an end to that, and those investors confined indoors by sudden cloudbursts have resorted to playing the market. Shares have shot up over the past few days reaching a succes-sion of all-time highs.

Elsevier

attracts

unusual

volume

By Laura Raun in Amsterdam

THE AMSTERDAM stock ex-

change continued its summer rally

yesterday, spurting to another peal

during the session on the firmer

dollar and Wall Street's record

The ANP-CBS general stock in-dex jumped 3.1 or 1 per cent to 316.1

at midday as share prices advanced

across the board. Late in the day

Clearly against the trend were

the Dutch publishers, embroiled in

a bitter takeover battle which

seems to have baffled investors.

Some profit-taking has set in after

Kluwer, the publisher at the cen-

tre of competing takeover blds which value it at more than Fl 1bn

\$480m), fell Fl 4 to Fl 414 on news

that it would have to drop an exces

sively protective defence tactic. Its

decline was in line with that of El-

sevier, the raider waging the hostile

bid for Kluwer, which slipped 60

Elsevier's present stock and cash

offer is worth only Fl 412.20 per

share, but one securities analysi

reasoned that the market still fa-

voured its bid above Wolters Sam-

som's friendly one. He said Elsevier

had succumbed to profit-taking al-though it is not known what

prompted the extremely high trad-

With turnover about 10 times as

high as the other two publishers, Elsevier's share price might be ex-pected to climb. It has not and the

possible price manipulation by an-

other raider contemplating Elsev-

ing volume in recent days.

cents to F1 56.20.

salling trimmed gains.

weeks of dramatic rises.

The Affaers Vaerlden general index rose 1 per cent yesterday and closed at 849.3, having started the month at the 800 mark The Veckans Affaerer total index reached an all-time high of 1,054.5 on Wednesday, up 2.3 per cent since last Thursday and 17 per cent since the beginning of

Daily turnover has topped SKr 300m (\$47m), which is considered high for July, but brokers complain that as most of the institutions are on holiday there are

responsed with another record. Po-

litical sentiments changed in Milan,

lifting it from Tuesday's low, while

the stronger dollar was the main in-

fluence on slightly higher prices

Oslo advanced to its third record

this week in brisk trading. News

that North Sea crude spot prices had passed the \$20 a barrel level

way's economic recovery fuelled the

The all-share index rose 1.87 to

34.74 in much higher turnover.
In cils, Norsk Hydro gained NKr
2.50 to close at NKr 225.50 and Saga
Petroleum added NKr 1 to NKr 115.

Industrials also did well with Kva-

Banks were the only losers over

ground in a delayed reaction to a

downgreding in credit rating.
Milan responded to optimism
that Prime Minister designate Gio-

vanni Goria would succeed in form-

ing a government and the more pos-

Technical factors linked to the

Chemical major Montedison led

THE UK stock market bounced sharply higher late yesterday, closing at new peaks after a set-back in the dellar brought gains

Earlier, the market had moved

erratically, surging ahead and then giving up its gains on news of a US trade delicit for May of

\$14.4hn, well above the City of London's estimates.

a net 16.2 up at a new high of 2.419.2. The FT Ordinary jumped

16 to a peak of 1,908.6.

Bonds and blue chip equities

responded well to the pound's upswing as the dollar fell after latest evidence in the Iran-Con-

1986

The close was firm, with Government bonds ½ point higher and the FT-SE 100 index

in sterling and British Go

end of the bourse month also con-

itive tone lifted prices.

tributed to the unturn.

London at peak

bullish mood.

NKr 222.50.

general optimism over Nor-

few block trades. It is private investors who are buying, mostly in dribs and drubs.

The savings and commercial banks have had more money to place in the market as small savers rushed to put their money in the "Allemansfonderna" or taxadvantaged savings funds. By the closing date of the end of June, the banks had netted an estimated SEr 4hr.

Brokers said the construction sector – which had been under-

EUROPE

Oil prices fuel Oslo,

dollar lifts Frankfurt

Olivetti also picked up, adding

Frankfurt had a busy day which

ended higher across the board but off the day's highs due to late profit-

taking. Buying interest from for

eign and domestic investors was

strong, buoyed by a rise in the dol-

lar and good technical support for

Chemicals and cars which have

Daimler continued to benefit

led the summer rally, again paced

from its management changes, rising DM 15 to DM 1,151.50. VW

added DM 4 to DM 424 and BMW

to DM 594 and Hoechst climbed DM

Banks continued to catch up.

Deutsche rose DM 8 to DM 665.50,

Dresdner was up DM 4.50 at DM

341.50 and Commerzbank gained

DM 89.9m of paper after selling DM

Paris had a very short trading

Bonds eased over a day of light

the market posting good gains.

L95 to close at L12,295 after losing

ground over previous days.

West German stock.

DM 3.50 to DM 310.

DM 2.50 to DM 292.

valued - was performing well, and ABV's B free shares rose by SKr 5 to close at SKr 325 yesterday, while the A restricted shares rose SKr 10 to SKr 330.

Electrolux B free shares rose SKr 5 to SKr 303, while Astra A free shares rose SKr 4 to SKr 300 and Pharmacia's B free shares climbed SKr 8 to SKr 212. Shares in Sandvik were quite heavily traded and B free shares rose Skr 8 to SKr 180.

following the Bastille Day holiday.

The brief rise was halted at midday

when quotation clerks refused to

work in a new computerised trad-

ing pit which had been installed

The few shares which trade

were lifted by the firm dollar and

an announcement of lower interest

rates. Construction and retailing is

sues gained most from the news on

speculation that easier credit condi-

ions would boost demand.

able than earlier in the week

turnover and Wall Street's firmer

close and the stable dollar improves

market sentiment. The Credit

Suisse index rose 4.2 to close at

Madrid slipped in early trading

with losses in the utilities and con-

struction sectors. No index or prices

little changed.

over the long weekend.

Sara Webb

issues unchanged.
Small-lot selling continued, while

ening the market mood.

Brussels was narrowly mixed at the end of a very quiet day's trad-ing. Profit-taking was less notice-Reserve, the stock of Societé Gén-

érale, was active, rising BFr 15 to BFr 4,160 but other holdings were Utilities were generally weaker. Zurich saw an increase in de-Yuasa Battery Y32 to Y498. mand for bank stocks after some days of quiet summer trading. The bourse closed higher on increased

Moves to reap quick profits with ond section, where stocks of smallues scored another all-time high. Bond prices eased. Dealers have been retraining from trading. awaiting the release of the US fig-

A bearish mood gradually spread

High-techs lead Nikkei higher

TOKYO

A RALLY in leading high-technology stocks towards the close lifted the Nikkei average slightly in To-kyo yesterday although trading remained lackiustre, writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press.

The market barometer rose 38.23 to 23 989 78 on wohime that shrank to 499m shares from Tuesday's 583m, continuing the recent decline. Losses led gains 477 to 400, with 150

institutional investors with huge funds kept to the sidelines, damp-However, some high technology

stocks became suddenly animated just before the close. Buy orders for these issues, which had lost substantially since the beginning of the week, started to mushroom as expectations spread among investors that the US trade deficit for May, announced yesterday, would im-prove to around \$12.5bn.

The most popular high-tech was Matsushita Electric Industrial, which spurted Y90 to Y2,240, NEC added Y100 to Y1,900 and Sony Y60 to Y3,940, while Toshiba added Y15

Big-capital stocks mainly eased. Nippon Steel was the most active stock, but its volume was only 18.17m shares. The stock lost Y9 to Investors increasingly sought

small-capital stocks for quick profits. Yokohama Rubber came second on the active list with 12.07m shares traded, advencing Y15 to Y494. To-kai Carbon gained Y41 to Y539 and HONG KONG

above Y151 on the Tokyo foreign exchange market. The yield on the benchmark 5.1 per cent governmen bond due in June 1996 momentarily soared to 4.415 per cent from Tues day's 4.240 per cent, but finished at 4.370 per cent.

AUSTRALIA

BUYING interest in situation stocks and golds set Sydney back on the road to new beights after Tuesday's profit taking. The All Or-dinaries index finished 6.9 higher at 1,934.1 while the gold index climbed 49.8 to 3,382.2 in heavy turnover.

Much of the focus was on Robert Holmes à Court's Bell Resources following its moves further to in-crease its stake in Texaco, the US oil company. The price gained 10 cents to ASS as 9.07m shares changed hands, with overseas in vestors much in evidence.

SINGAPORE

FOREIGN buying and local bar-gain-hunting helped Singapore bounce back after Tuesday's correction, with the Straits Times industrial index climbing 28.13 to a record 1,380.71. Turnover rose to a near record

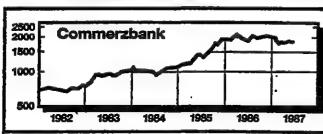
84.8m shares worth \$\$205m. Blue chips made the biggest egins, but the most active stock was

First Capital, up 6 cents at S\$2.45 on 29.8m shares traded following the successful placing of about 27m shares

A SEE-SAW session in Hong Kong small funds were more pronounced saw share prices rise strongly at in the Tokyo Stock Exchange's sectifiest, then plunge on further rusaw share prices rise strongly at mours about a fund-raising plan by er capitalization are traded. The the Cheung Kong group, and finally second section price index of all is-recover to end slightly higher at a fresh record.

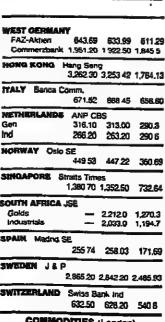
A bomb explosion in a gov ment building also unsettled the market. The Hang Seng index end-ed 8.88 higher at 3,262.30 in active

KEY MARKET MONITORS



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SECTION III



Companies faced by sharpening competition and rapid change are turning from empirebuilding to empire-

demolition. They are improving their strength-to-weight ratio by cutting back their internal personnel and other specialist departments, and buying the services in from outside. Survey by Michael Dixon.

Learning from the dinosaurs

WHILE STOCKMARKET investors continue to judge how well companies' managers are doing by criteria such as earnings per share, the managers themselves are increasingly concerned with a different yardstick. It is their company's strength-to-weight ratio as measured, for instance, by productiveness per perma-

nent employee. nent employee.

Gone are the days when successful businesses sought to establish palatial offices staffed by full-time specialists of almost every kind the organisation might foreseeably need. Their counterparts today seek rather to limit their full-time staff to the minimum "core" of people directly needed to propeople directly needed to provide and sell the company's products, and to manage those central operations profitably.

NG KONG

Other activities on the periphery of the business are tending to be subcontracted. either to temporary or part-time employees or, where expertise of the professional type is wanted, to consultancies and similar. As the personnel manager of a manufacturing group confirmed: "Companies by and large have decided that they are not going to engage full-time-

basis—their own specialists. They would expect to draft them in as and when required." use of consultants is of course accompanied by a sharpening threat to the various kinds of specialists hitherto employed in-house. Few if any of them are exempt from having large chunks of their territory taken away by outsiders not even

For example, Professor Christopher Voss of Warwick University's business school has told me he knew of a thriving high-technology company which employs only engineers and a secretary, and relies on subcontractors for everything else.
One apparent reason for the shift is the worsening uncertainty of business conditions, Here companies seem to be learning from the dinosaurs which ponderously dominated a water-logged earth for 600m years only to find, when the land dried out, that they were too Another, more subjective influence was suggested recently by Mr Ken Edwards,

The consequent growth in the accountants.

they had to sack 40 per cent of the workforce just to keep the company alive. "It made us feel unclean, and we became determined that it should never have to happen again."
But there can be little doubt about the most immediate reason why empire-building is

giving way to empire-demoli-tion. "Having specialists on your payroll is a bloody expen-sive business when you have got to give them a secretary, a car, and an office and benefits, life insurance . . ," explained the personnel director of an office nachinery company.
It is a fairly safe bet that, as he

said those words, his ears were burning. For the specialist field in which sub-contracting seems to have advanced fastest is perpersonnel director of Jaguar Cars, in describing how he and his board colleagues felt when

in that field is indicated by a report published by the Insti-tute of Personnel Management on a detailed research study in which both the personnel executives quoted took part anonymously. They were among 62 senior managers in the field

who were interviewed face-to-face as a follow-up to a questionnaire survey of people responsible for personnel in 350 private enterprise and public sector operations in Britain. The research was carried out by Dr Lesley Mackay and Mr Derek Torrington of the Uni-versity of Manchester Institute

of Science and Technology, and their findings led them to three One is that "the use of consul-tants is substantial and increas-

How the trend is developing ing" in organisations of all sizes and types.

The second is that it is

Recruitment

and Personnel Services

The second is that it is increasing mainly, not in the odds and ends of personnel work, but in key activities such as training, management development and changeovers to new technology, as well as recruitment and selection.

The third is that it is increasing forcer than most of the in-

ing faster than most of the in-house specialists seem to appreciate

A good many of the staff answering the questionnaires, who were mainly occupied with day-to-day operations as dis-tinct from policy matters, appeared to underestimate how much their departments had lost to consultants' take-aways. For instance, there were signs that when the job being done by

ment or some other task carried out largely off the organisation's own premises, internal staff tend to forget that it is neverthe-

less an important part of personnel work which has been surrendered to outsiders.

Moreover the 62 people interviewed—most of whom were on their company's board or the public-sector equivalent, and so involved in policy decisions often showed enthusiasm for still greater reliance on the

external market.
The firm belief that further tasks could usefully be handed to consultants was held by over half of them, including a major-ity of those ranked as directors.

This suggests that managers feel vulnerable to the potential

of subcontracting

CONTENTS

External help: analysis of the many types View from the US

Personality tests: technicail skills carry more weight than behavioural

whereas directors, who are more likely to be taking the relevant decisions on subcon-tracting, feel themselves to be beyond that threat," the study

report adds. Even more significantly, the researchers describe the senior executives as "undoubtedly managers first and personnel practitioners second. They were tending to withdraw from being identified as personnel pro-fessionals and seeking a closer identification with general management."

As the personnel director of a metal goods company said: "I believe personnel should be more involved in obtaining results, and that means getting involved more with the line operations running the busi-ness. If it does not, it will finish up down the corridor with a red cross on the door,"

His counterpart in a mechanical engineering group went further. "The sole objective of a personnel department should be to eliminate itself: to get (line) managers to be responsible for their own people in every facet of their business. because they are managing those people and they should manage the personnel aspects

of those people."
All of which, of course, implies expanding opportunities in executive recruitment and selection. After all, if companies are to concentrate the making of their strategy and tactics in fewer and fewer hands, it

are capable and effective.

Prospects also look good for consultancies in other aspects of personnel work. Besides management training and development they include management they include management they include management they include management allowing to identify what development they include man-power planning to identify what kinds of human skill a company will need in future and how it can obtain them; pay and benefits planning to keep and motivate "core" staff; and redeployment and redundancy planning to keep down the orga-nisational and individual costs

of change But as always there are attendant problems, particularly for companies that come to rely more on outside consultants. It is fairly easy to talk—as another group personnel director did-of changing from being com-

Validity: assessing the score sheet 6 Pay trends: danger signals ahead for

mander of an army of in-house specialists to being chief buyer of external services. The skills of a buyer are not

easily acquired, however, and personnel consultancy is a mar-ket in which sound and appropriate products are hard o identify.

Despite the hopes abroad a

generation or two ago for development of a reliable science for predicting future con-ditions and the kinds of human and other resource needed to thrive in them, no such science shows any sign of appearing.

It is true that sound techni-ques exist for increasing the rigour of forecasting exercises, and that executives could make greater and better use of them than most do now. But a com-pany's best chance of anticipa-tion and equipping itself for change still lies in the experi-ence-based knowledge and alort necreptions of the people direperceptions of the people directly involved in its business, especially those responsible for

managing it.
Nor is there any science by which employers can make sure of selecting individuals with the skills required and the attitudes needed to use them well in a particular setting, let alone with the potential to develop further. Again, however, many methods exist for aiding choice, ranging from ancient as in the case of astrology to modern such as psychometric tests.

Outlines of the various devices will be given in the following pages together with, among other things, a summary of the evidence available on the evidence available on their effectiveness. What counts most in the end, however, is not so much the method as how sen-sitively and ably it is applied and interpreted.

That fact is of especial importance to organisations which do not have people with the relevant specialist knowledge on their own payroll. For they will then inevitably be depen-dent for expertise in such matters on external gurus and, in the personnel services market as in most others, there is always the danger that what seems to be a guru will turn out to be really a witchdoctor.

Therefore let the buyer beware.

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ovides an assessment service which aids the selection of shorthist candidates, studies individual potential and highlights training and development

Contact: Norman Buckley Managing Director on 01-629 3945.

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For further details of member company operations, please feel free to contact named individuals or write for details and a copy of the 1986 Report & Accounts to:-

Michael Page, Joint Chief Executive, Addison Consultancy Group PLC 39-41 Parket Street, LONDON, WC2B 5LH. Tel. No. 01-404 5751.



The average age of the workforces available seem destined to increase rapidly

Rejuvenation bandwagon must go into reverse

increases, more and more com-panies are evidently deciding a longer span than the recruiter that they need younger key actually intended.
people to cope with it. In the UK
particularly, the past few years
have seen a trend towards the tion move cannot be paying "juvenation" of managerial much attention to manpower and high-ranked specialist planning. For although most of posts which is nothing less than the influences which will affect

posts which is nothing less than startling.

The emphasis now being put on youth by employers in Britain is illustrated by a check on the age limits specified for 928 key lobs advertised in UK newspapers and magazines, which was recently made by MSL International. The percentages of the various kinds of posts restricted to people aged at most 40 as shown in table.

Striking as they are those

striking as they are, those figures in fact understate the extent to which employers are insisting on recruits of younger ages. The check was confined to advertisements which cited a definite age limit with the result that no account was taken of those seeking "accountants with two or three years postqualifying experience," for example, even though they clearly showed a preference for youth.

In addition, ages specified in

In addition, ages specified in cited by Professor Pierre loose terms such as "30-plus" Goetschin of the IMEDE busiwere assumed to signify a range ness school in last month's Per-

MARKET competition five years either side of the

show that in the mid-1970s the UK, France, West Germany and Italy were all in much the same position with new entrants outnumbering old leavers by around 300,000.

Over the next seven or eight years the surpluses rose quite steadily and mostly steeply to about 675,000 in Germany, 600,000 in France and in Italy, and 460,000 in the UK.

and 460,000 in the UK.

Since reaching those peaks in 1982-84, the surpluses have been on an even steeper downward path. By 1990 both France and Italy are scheduled to be down to around 200,000, the UK to only half that figure, and in Germany the surplus may well have disappeared. So unless birthrates turn sharply upwards again—which although possible, does not appear likely—the average age of the workforces available seems destined to increase rapidly.

Meanwhile a long-term fall is

Meanwhile a long-term fall is expected in several of those countries' total populations. World Bank projections based world bank projections based on recent trends suggest that Germany's population will diminish from 61.5m in 1980 to 48.5m in the year 2030. The forecast for the UK population is a fall from 56m to roughly 44m in 2080 and 26m by 2180.

In consequence, Professor Goetschin said, it looks as though Europe as a whole will be growing older at a rate which is almost visible. "The greatest increase is going to be among the over 65s, who amounted to about 6-7 per cent before the last war and might reach 15-16 per cent at the end of the cenper cent at the end of the century and 20 per cent in the first decades of the next century."

He added that life expectancy had already reached about 74-76 years and would probably go up by one or two more by the year 2000. Since women tend to live about seven years longer than men this seems bound to result in an increasing female majority in the older age groups.

The probable consequences of such a widespread ageing process are as yet poorly under-stood. But it would be foolish to deny that consequences there will be, and that a good many of them will be felt by employers.

For instance, even before the UK's unemployment register fell below 3 million, problems in obtaining adequate staff were reported by over half the 350 organisations covered by the Institute of Personnel Way. the Institute of Personnel Man-agement study described in the introductory article.

While the main difficulties have so far been in recruiting people with well developed technical and professional abilities, it seems likely that short-ages will have spread to other kinds of skill by the end of the century—now only 12½ years

Another outcome which seems almost certain is that the employers now on the juvena-

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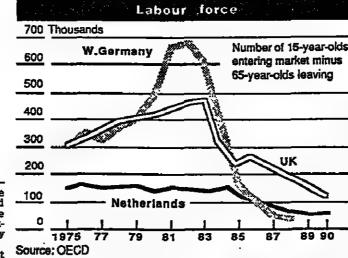
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%" aged at most 40" 94 93 90 89 82 87 Job category 88.5

tion bandwagon are going to have to put it into reverse, especially if they are making room for youth in key positions by retiring older employees early. The reversal will probably be made necessary not only by direct pressure on organisations from worsening shortages of skilled neonle but also by of skilled people, but also by indirect pressure applied indirect pressure applied through government. For continued policies of consigning staff to inactivity by retiring them five to 10 years before the due date, coupled with the rising percentage of senior citizens in the total population, can only increase social tensions.

Obviously for a certain time the gains in productivity can maintain living standards and therefore act as a brake on the social consequences of such an evolution," Professor Goetschin said. " But it is not certain that this will be the answer to the psychological stress which could result from a feeling of uselessness and boredom among an important part of the

older age group."

Moreover that older group
will have the electoral clout to exert itself politically. Even today voters aged 41-plus make up over 55 per cent of the UK electorate, and more than a quarter of it consists of people

past their 60th birthday.

The best means organisations have of safeguarding themselves against being taken aback by the results of such social developments is to social developments is to improve their manpower: planning. So it is a good omen for the British economy that the 350 organisations covered by the Institute of Personnel Management study placed manpower planning high on the list of the aspects of personnel work which are increasing in importance.



Professor Goetschin: Europe growing older at a rate that is inimost visible

range of contingency plans accordingly. For example, although two thirds of the organisations claimed to be applying a computer in some elements of personnel work, only a minority had advanced to the stage of using it to ask "what if?" questions so as to explore possible future events and

strategy options.

The apparent backwardness of employers in using computers for that kind of purpose must surely represent a further need for consultancies abreast of the relevant technology to become involved in companies' personnel operations. But the potential benefits to businesses of such "futurology" techniques are not limited to helping them to cushion themselves

which are increasing in importance.

Unfortunately the planning activity rarely seemed to be of a kind sufficiently developed to enable the companies to assess the various likely effects on them of the accelerating demographic changes, and prepare a most products and services were conceived for a very young oppulation of children and adults (fast cars, painkillers, toys and games, fast foods, vast shopping centres etc). The ageing process will create new needs and desires, affecting almost all industries."

Rising demand for specialist skills conceals . . .

A patchy picture

FEW THINGS can vary more from country to country than their employment markets. To take only one example, there are marked differences in the days of the week on which the bulk of each nation's public shopping around for jobs and workers is done.

In Britain there is a trend for mini-markets for certain kinds of specialists to be held throughout the working week. But the general event, for white-collar jobs in particular, occurs

collar jobs in particular, occurs on Thursdays.
Other countries do differently, often avoiding normal working days entirely. Belgium is among several where the main market is Saturdays.
The variances defy explanation in terms of anything except habit. For instance, it would seem logical for employers to want to reach potential candidates when the bulk of them felt most amenable to an offer.
In that case, they would surely in that case, they would surely advertise on Mondays. No other advertise on mondays. No other morning brings so strong an urge to have done for ever with the present bed of nails—at least for executive-types, according to hundreds I have questioned over the years.

Probably because there are so many differences.

many differences between countries there does not seem to countries there does not seem to exist anyone who is a world-wide authority on the details of employment markets. At a national level, however, the MSL recruitment consultancy can fairly claim expertise on the UK market for managers and UK market for managers and key specialist workers. Since 1959 it has been making counts

Its counts are still not a comprehensive indicator of the demand for such higher-ranked staff. A good many jobs for them are not advertised, being filled through the old-boy network and even more so by the confidential-approach recruiting method called executive search,

method called executive search, which is discussed on the following page.

The extent of those hidden activities is simply not known. So would-be observers of trends in UK demand for executive-type staff have little if anything other than MSL's quarterly checks to work on. And the consultancy's staff who make the counts have generously rushed out the April-June figures in time for this FT survey.

They show that, in overall terms, the demand is more buoyant than could have been predicted from the longer-term

predicted from the longer-term trends in the market. Its cyclical pattern shown since 1959 suggested that the decline which set in at the start of the year before last would continue until

Fortunately in January-March the overall demand jumped back to an increase. Total job-openings were 4.1 per cent up on the count for the first quarter of 1986. Even better, the unexof 1986. Even better, the unex-pected rebound continued in: April-June, with 5.2 per cent rise over last year's second quarter to a total of 8,507 adver-tised posts.

When the count is broken down to show demand for diffe-

every three months of relevant job-openings advertised in Britain's main journals.

Its counts are still not a comcies for sales and marketing staff up 27 per cent on the figure for April-June 1986. The same might be said of the 9.3 per cent rise in openings for production managers.

Conversely, in a country whose economic future is said to depend on exploiting new technology, it is disturbing to see yet another drop of 24 per see yet another thop in 22 per cent added to the 24-year-long fell in demand for research, design and development people. There was also a further plunge of 17.1 per cent in the equally lengthy decline in vacancies for computer folk.

The strongest single skill-area in the market is accounting and finance where the rise between finance where the rise between the two April to June quarters was 13.3 per cent. Although there were increases of 14.9 and of 13.5 per cent respectively in openings for personnel staff and general managers, those cate-gories involve relatively small numbers of jobs.

But the biggest jump, 29.5 per cent, firmly supports this survey's other evidence that companies are increasingly relying on external agencies for services outside their main activity.

The rise is in the miscel-laneous category, covering specialists such as corporate planners and statisticians as well as generalist management

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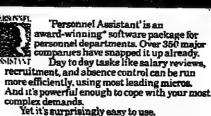
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RECRUITMENT 3

Finding the right people for the job

Headhunting myths

IT HAS grown far harder in recent years to glance at a group of passers-by and identify those who are seeking a new job. They used to be recognisable instantly by two main hallmarks: an air of secrecy, and short-sightedness.

The secretive air was brought on by the fear, usually justified.

alse pro

9

buried among others in a page Services: of some journal. "When

Today, of course, short-sight- potential candidates scattered edness is no longer a hallmark of the job-seeker. Vacancies of importance are publicised in big display advertisements. The ads are often the work of specialist agencies with long experience in recruitment, many of which also have the personnel-selection expertise to whittle down the resulting applications to a short-list of suitable candidates.

While people on the applicants' side of the employment market still tend to exhibit the

air of secrecy, its value as evi-dence has been confused by another development. It is that a good number of organisations now entrust their recruitment, particularly at high rank, to

xecutive-search consultants. Unlike advertising-based consultancies which invite applications for clients' jobs from all around, searchers take care to let news of a vacancy be known to only a few people clandes-tinely identified as suited to the post. Search consultants' approaches to their quarries are inevitably confidential. So a sample of the people capable someone with the secretive air of doing it, and not necessarily that used to mark only those on the best of them by any means, the applicants' side of the mar. Although at times like that it ket, may now well be a searcher on the employers' side.

The development of executive search, which originated in the US about 40 years ago, has also created confusion in many ways. Being confidential by nature, Whatever the logical rights the method is, in general, poorly and wrongs of the question, in understood with the result that Britain the work of search connumerous myths have grown up sultants is more concentrated

One is that the benefit of using the open approach. Evidence of search as distinct from advertistibation in the Institute of Pering-based selection grows grea-ter with increasing rank of job. That is plainly wrong because introductory article.

Search is most advantageous

Of recruiting assignments

when the skills and experience needed to do the work are possessed by only a few fairly easily ment level. The same was true never meets a farmer who is between them, will be summatidentifiable people.

Oranisations discussed in the sure dow much outsiness the ing-based, but on the particular search consultants are doing methods by which they assess search consultants are doing. The main types of methods in dubious value because experience shows that, just as one use, and the differences never meets a farmer who is between them, will be summatidentifiable people.

on by the fear, usually justified, required for senior-rank work of being sacked if the plan to can be found in a large number move elsewhere came to the of people with extremely varied notice of the present employer. patterns of experience and inf-The myopia was caused by reading the job advertisements of words of Mr John Courtis, vicethe time, each of which con-chairman of the Federation of sisted of few lines of tiny type Recruitment and Employment

cies.

Another source of confusion about search is that, even more than the personnel services market in general, it is seethingly entrepreneurial. Indeed, since new search firms are forever being formed by individual consultants splitting away from established companies, hiologeestablished companies, biolog-ists would probably class the business as a "fissiparous" species like amoebas.

To complicate matters still more, search activity as a whole



across the globe, no search organisation is going to be able to vet them all. So the job will then have to be filled from only might pay off to use both methods, I would say advertising will frequently be better especially if it's done in journals with an international circulation."

on managerial posts than is the work of their counterparts using sonnel Management study of 350 organisations discussed in the

wices:
When there are hundreds of cies, known respectively as the
"retainer" and the "conting-

ency" varieties.

The retainer type insist on being paid-the large part of their charge in return for operating on behalf of a would-be employer, with only a small proportion being dependent on their actually finding a suitable recruit. The continency kind recruit. The contingency kind are paid entirely on results so that if they full to full the job. their pocket stays empty too. Retainer organisations regard themselves as a cut above contingency operators, and while some occasionally do a bit of payment-on-results work when

A further confusion is that-

executive searcher who is doing

For the same reason. course, it is not known homuch of employers' increase subcontracting of recruitment is going to confidential-approach operators as distinct from the advertising based kind. Some-thing which does seem certain, however, is that any growth in the use of external recruiters is being accompanied by a tighten-ing control over them by the heads of personnel in the organisations for which they

Until recently consultants hired to fill senior management jobs for a company tended to be personally appointed by their chief executives, and thereafter report pretty well exclusively to

It appears that the bosses of the companies own specialis personnel departments did no much mind that such top-level recruitment was done above their heads, perhaps because nobody could then blame them if the recruit turned out to be a

That attitude seems to be changing as the people in charge of personnel departments are coming to see them-selves not as senior backroom specialists, but as front-line managers directly involved in earning their organisation's keep. There are signs that in the process they are attaching greater importance to company poli-

So while farming out more of their departments' work to contheir departments' work to con-sultants, they are evidently becoming increasingly con-cerned to keep a rein on them. Otherwise, as the personnel director of a metal goods busi-ness said: "They can take over your role. They can come into the company and make contact with your managing director. with your managing director ... and your managing director ... and your can lose control if you're not careful."

But if personnel departments

are to be run more and more by people with little specialist expertise acting mainly as chief buyers of external services, the need to control the outsiders is trade is tough, they try to keep it surely secondary to the need to

For example, the effectiveas was mentioned in discussing the article about present trends in recruitment—nobody can be they are searchers or advertisure how much business the ing-based, but on the particular

MYSTERIOUS THOUGH the be executive search business may be, it has long been watched closely by Mr Jim Kennedy, the American publisher of the monthly Executive Recruiter News who is based in Fitzwilliam, New Hampshire.

Although his views are inevit.

Although his views are inevit-

ably filtered through US-col-oured spectacles, his knowledge of the search business of the search business worldwide is almost certainly unparalleled. Moreover, given that America is where the business not only originated but has since been furthest developed, events there may well be pre-cursors of what happens east of the Atlantic.

Mr Kennedy estimates that, of all the managerial and key specialist jobs falling vacant in the US, around two-thirds are filled by internal promotion. Of the remaining people appointed from outside. a goodly number are recruited through advertis-ing and the "old-boy net."

He puts the proportion of the total market taken by search at somewhere between 10 and 20 somewhere between hy annual turnover of roughly \$20n split about equally beween the retainer and the contingency

He, too, looks down his nose at contingency businesses. "I don't doubt they often do a good job. But they look to do most of their interviewing of candidates by telephone, not getting to meet them face-to-face.

"They sometimes have a whole room of people talking into telephones like a stock market operation. Even when they come up with the goods, I don't think they do as much for their money as retainer com-

The market for retainer search, Mr Kennedy says, is rising while simultaneously becoming broader and strati-fied into three layers.

"In the States the minimum

salary of the jobs searchers are retained for is increasing. I'd reckon it at \$75,000 now an moving fast towards \$100,000.

They're also getting work from a range of organisations besides the big corporations they have always been their main clients. They're being called in by small companies and even start-up operations. And things like museums and symphony orchestras, that once tended to be run by the idiot sons of their richest donors, are realising they need professional managers and are retaining searchers to find them."

"At the same time the business is stratifying. At the top level there are companies with a genuinely international capability either by themselves or through close links with firms



Mr Jim Kennedy says that around two thirds of managerial and key apoclailat Jobs falling vacant in the US are filled by internal

The view from the US on the trends in executive search

Code of ethics needs priority

ators concentrating on just one region or one sector of industry. "They all have their own advantages. For instance, regional specialists are gaining by a combination of two trends. One is that younger executives are jibbing at changing their life styles to take a job a long distance away. The other is that companies don't like relocating people because the costs are

always rising."
The regional businesses can also gain from big companies' anxiety about having their key society about naving their key people lured away by other con-cerns. To guard against it, they require any search consultancy they retain to put their own staff of other nationalities.

Next we have firms that stretch across the whole of a single country. Then there are

more narrowly focused oper- approach any of its staff with a job offer for a certain period, usually two years.

In tendering for a recruiting assignment with a national or international employer, a regional specialist may well be able to offer to put the whole client organisation off limits. But bigger search companies can rarely afford to do the same for more than one particular divi-sion of the client's operations. 'The leading search firms, for

their part, are getting more interested in developing longer-term relations with clients," Mr Kennedy says. "They'll maybe agree to extend their off-limits frontiers in return for some guaranteed amount of require guaranteed amount of regular

"It does away with the costs of switching from searchers who are familiar with their business to others who aren't and it gives them an edge in bargaining about fees."

about fees."

Moreover, while searchers almost all still charge a percentage (usually 33 per cent) of the first year's pay of the person appointed through their agency. Mr Kennedy thinks that client pressure will eventually force them to work for a fixed fee. "The way things work now can have a ratchet effect. The higher searchers can push the starting searchers can push the starting

searchers can push the starting pay, the more they get paid themselves. And employers increasingly resent it."

He adds that, despite the enormous possibilities new technology apparently offers for streamlining searchers operations, it has as yet had only a ripple effect, "Sure, they regularly have computerised data on potential candidates. I've on potential candidates. I've even heard of a consultant who goes round prospective clients, gets them to give examples of the sort of people they want, and conjures up some names from the databank back at base. But that's not a serious use of technology, it's a simmick." "The reality is that they don't

often fill a job from candidates they have on file. They usually start each new assignment from

Another of his beliefs is that "In terms of professional integrity, executive search as a whole is still a generation behind mainstream manage-ment consultancy, which in turn is a generation behind accounting. Even leading search firms still quite regularly get embar-rassed because one of their people is detected doing something shifty."
"I think that's why major

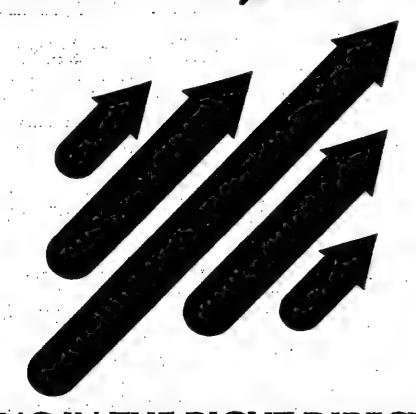
general consultancy groups, in the States at least, have mostly got out of search. It maybe doesn't fit well with advertising either. Take Hay-MSL that was bought up by Saatchi and Saatchi I hear that the US search operations have now been sold off to the people running them, though I don't know do the same with the operations in Europe.

'If search is going to establish itself as a proper profession the majority of straight-dealers are going to have to get together and agree to a code of ethics which has enough teeth to drive out the shysters."

But an association like that can't get going unless the big companies take a lead in it and, as yet, most of them are not interested." "The danger is that if the search business doesn't reg-

ulate itself, sooner or later regulation's going to be imposed on it by some bureaucracy that doesn't really understand its

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A MEMBER OF ARTHUR YOUNG INTERNATIONAL

The interview suffers more than most methods from an amateurish approach

Forethought and discipline of the essence

THE BEST TIP anyone can give view is to encourage the person on the other side of the desk to Various studies have shown that the greater the share of the talking that the interviewers do in such meetings, the more highly they rate the candidate's abili-

That tendency is only one of identify the best applicants is of numerous weaknesses which research has revealed in the cants from taking the job. Candiinterview as a means of selecting good recruits. It has been found, for example, that different interviewers can vary widely in their assessments of ing good recruits. It has been by an interview than by more found, for example, that different interviewers can vary Besides, the prime cause of widely in their assessments of the failings is not necessarily the same candidate's suitability that the interview is inherently

the same candidate's suitability for the same job.

They also tend to be prejudiced in favour of applicants with an outlook and social background like their own even though the resemblance is at best irrelevant to the work at issue.

Misjudgments are not always solely the Interviewer's fault. It has been established that there are a fair number of people who consistently create a good impression no matter who interviews them. Unfortunately, on being given the job, they just as views them. Unfortunately, on being given the job, they just as consistently fail in it.

The main reason, of course, is talk as much as possible that no one in the employer's position would surely ever appoint recruits without first meeting them face-to-face.

Another reason lies in the fact that employment is a two-way process. Complicated testing to dates are less likely to be put off

method from inadequate or Mr Cowan's recipe for creat-incompetent conduct," he says.. ing repport has six ingredients.

and will probably remain an itself very well to training. You indispensable part of selection may not be able to develop tive, reliable interviewers, but there is no reason why most people cannot be trained to be

competent performers."

He believes that the key to effective interviewing lies in a disciplined approach, the first steps of which need to be taken well before any meeting takes place. "What happens to candi-dates from the moment they arrive gives them a lasting impression of the company.

"Clear directions with information about whom they will meet, and good timekeep-ing are of the essence. So are comfortable and appropriate waiting accommodation, and efficient systems for noting and

paying any travelling expenses.

"Before you meet a candidate, it's essential to have worked out what you are seeking, and to have made a plan for looking for it. And when the interview women begins the interview proper begins, the onus is on you to set up a rapport with the candidate which ensures that a useful exchange of information takes place."

Mr Cowan's recipe for creat-



They are friendly manner: a saying something like: "Well, straightforward and non-controversial opening topic; relieved to put that behind you. attentiveness; calmness; plenty ..." Then you can continue to controve the controversial opening to ic." of smiles; and frequent eye-con-

"When the right atmosphere has been established, my own approach is to check for evidence of three things. One is qualifications in the broadest sense: not just formal and informal and information and informatio mal training and experience, but demonstrated sbility to adapt to new conditions and to acquire new skills. Next is candidates' compatibility with the people they would be likely to work with

the person's value system, which it needn't be identical with the company's value system, must at least be consistent

information. The open kind invite the candidate to make broad-ranging comments, which all the rest of the effort is can then be brought back to a wasted. My rule, which it isn't narrower focus with a question of the follow-up type.

"It's crucial to get the done the interview.

balance right. Too many open questions and you lose control of events. Too many closed ones and you're stuck within your own preconceptions. Much of the information you need can only be got by probing, and that means gently leading people to tell more.

done the interview.

"What's more I work out the decision in writing from the very detailed notes I take, quite openly, as the talking goes along. Then I'm sure to take account both of strengths and of the weaknesses, which is vital. There's no such thing as a canditate who's particular than the control of
relieved to put that behind you.
.." Then you can continue the conversation on safe ground."
Mr Cowan says the general tendency of interviewers is to be misled by the "cloven hoof" effect which leads them to look more for evidence of candidates' unsuitability than for evidence that they will fit But dence that they will fit. But there is also a danger of going too far the other way and being misled by the "halo" effect. "My own approach is to try deliberately to offset both. When candidates make a poor

o work with.

The other I call "culture": they must be better than they he person's value system, appear and set out to discover which it needn't be identical the good things about them, and

vice versa.
"Another thing I tell myself to with it. And I make sure to do is avoid making up mind check for evidence with my one way or the other before I've eyes, as well as by asking questions and listening keenly to end—which by the way, is somewhat cames back." value comes back."

Various kinds of questions are available. For example, research that's been done shows there are closed questions which seek precise and limited information. The open done of the control of the co particularly, tend to make their decision within a few minutes of meeting the candidate so that all the rest of the effort is

teil more.

If you have to explore a painful topic, such as a previous sacking, it is as well afterwards good reason to believe the risk to reassure the candidate by



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Nearly half of applicants lie about their career

The skeletons in the cupboard

PEOPLE HAVE found a great variety of ways to commit career-suicide. None seems to be more frequently used or effective, however, than slipping the odd lie into the record of one's previous achievements.

Only recently scandals in Syndon and aleasubage have falling an outright lie.

Jess morally reprehensible, and worked with the provious simple headhunters refer sionally chosen recruits.

"At a pinch, the checking can be done quite acceptably by telephone, but direct face-to-face discussion is much better if it can be arranged. The interviews you have with the people of one's previous achievements.
Only recently scandals in
Sweden and elsewhere have
shown that proven brilliance in

business management is not enough to save the heads of big corporations from being brought down by some bogus claim relating to even the dis-

But for every such personal disaster on the topmost heights, there must be thousands in the ranks below. There have been estimates that up to two in five applicants for executive posts make false statements to cover gaps in their sequence of jobs or otherwise embellish the appeal of reality.
In America the falsification

has become so widespread that there is a profitable niche in the there is a profitable niche in the employment market for consultants specialising entirely in vetting people's career records. One of them is Mr Jim Magee of Yale Associates, of Long Island, who told me that his company's customers are by no means limited to employers in the US. "We do it for corporations world-wide, and not only in

telling an outright lie.

They nonetheless keep a keen
eye open for falsifications and
promptly discard any candidate found guilty of even one. Where applicants for top jobs are con-cerned, especially, many a UK consultancy will delve back into their records even to the extent of verifying the passes they say they gained in examinations they took as early as the age of

British recruiters generally seem sceptical about written references from the candidates' previous employers. "When it comes to putting things in writing, the bulk of companies are cautious almost to the point of being cowardly," said one consultant who insists on being anonlymous. "The best you can hope for is a tip-off in weasel words like: 'Any organisation that gets Mr X to work for it will be exceptionally lucky'."

that gets Mr A to work for it will be exceptionally lucky."

Mr Nick Cowan, the director of the Federation of London Clearing Bankers referred to in the other article on this page, "We do it for corporations Clearing Sankers referred to the world-wide, and not only in the other article on this page, relation to people they're thinking of hiring. For one reason or another they frequently assign us people they already employ."

Compared with the view taken of distorted claims in America— where they tend to be called "career frauds"—UK recruiters methods of checking in depth with necessary and them as with necessary and they are the complexed.

it can be arranged. The interviews you have with the people will always have raised a number of points to follow up.

For instance, is the version of events they gave you correct? Did they really obtain the results they claim and, if so, were there any exceptional circumstances that should also be evaluated and perhaps dis-counted? Is their style of manag-ing the same as they say it is? Was the innovation for which they claim the credit their initiative?

"In the case of senior manage-ment jobs in particular, I believe it is essential to talk not just to people who were in charge of or functioned on the same level as the candidates you're inclined to appoint, but also to some who worked under them. Sabordinates are usually cuits recognitive about the deciquite perceptive about the deci-sion-making and other manage-rial qualities of their bosses.

"Reference , checks of that kind are important for other reasons too. After all, no one ever detected alcoholism in a formal job interview. However impressive people may seem, there's always the question of whether they have a skeleton or two in their cupboard. It's an indispensable part of the "career frauds"—UK recruiters methods of checking in depth indispensable part of as yet seem to regard them as with people who have employed recruiter's job to find out."

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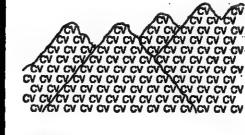
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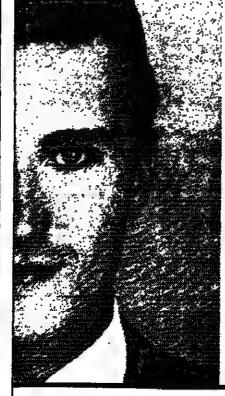
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Personal chemistry proves hard to define

"We hire people for technical skills. We fire them for personality faults."

IT IS A pity that the personnel director who spoke those words insists on being anonymous. Few people can have made a more trenchant comment on recruitment and employment

Except in rare hermit-like specialist Jobs, even the highest professional expertise will not make up for lack of ability to get on well with other people, whether they be members of the same organisation, or customers or other outsiders on whom its success depends. It is an ability which, although important at every level, seems to become more decisive with each higher rank of work

Yet most companies devote far more care to ensuring that potential recruits technical skills suit their requirements than to examining whether their personalities will fit. The judgment on that crucial matter is usually left to hunch.

There is no doubt that hunches can be right. Numerous professional recruiters claim that theirs are consistently reliable because they have developed a knack of rapidly detecting strangers personal "chemistry." Since they are never able to spell out the formulae by which they do it, however, "alchemy" would be a better word. a better word.

in any case, while some people are clearly better than others at making such judg-ments on the whole, even the best of them sometimes make perplexing mistakes. For instance, I know of two heads of ance, I know or two needs of recruitment consultancies whose skill at finding the right personalities for client employers is demonstrated by the success of their businesses.

The only trouble is that both are hopeless at selecting people for their own staff—one of them to the extent that he has now delegated the task to one of the few colleagues he chose in the past who did turn out to be

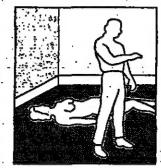
One reason for the apparent paradox may lie in a particular difference between those headhunters' client concerns

ASTED

110

12

ANTCVI



What's happening here? question from waiting for a No 93 bus "

The client organisations are mostly large enough to be able to take technically productive but personally prickly em-ployees and move them around until they find a niche where

they fit.
The headhunting companies, on the other hand, are so com-pact that any sore thumb anywhere in them pains everybody.

It may therefore be the tendency for employing concerns to become smaller which explains the growing interest among UK employers in less subjective forms of assessing re-

cruits' personal characters. The interest is such that even in agencies supplying tempor-ary secretarial staff are coming under client pressure to use personality tests in selecting the temps on their rolls.

Such tests are all subject to the same fundamental problem. It is that nobody can be sure that what they purport to be testing really exists. After all, even if you cut people up until you were crimson to the elbows, you would no more find their personality than you could their

tected. As a result, numerous the one in the sketch with this and various diagnostic procesarticle. Dr Peter Saville, of the ses have been devised. occupational psychologists

Probably the most ancient is Saville and Holdsworth, says he

our personal states are ex-ternally determined by remote forces whose patterns can be divined from the movements of the heavenly bodies. Other approaches proceed on the contrasting assumption that our personal states are in the main inwardly determined, but that we "project " evidence of what they are in the form of invalor.

they are in the form of signals which other people can decode. One venerable example of the so-called projective approach is palmistry. Others which are also long-standing but equally dis-dained by most professional psychologists are hand-writing analysis (or "graphology") and the body-measurement techniques used most noticeably by employers in continental

Europe.

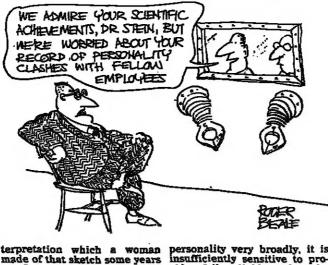
A modern variant of the bodymeasurement method consists of anlysing the patterns of electrical activity in the brain or skin. It has two main disadvantages. The first is that it cannot be used to assess job applicants unless they are physically present.
The second is that, even if

they are, they are apt to object to being wired up to some apparatus they do not under-stand. Indeed in some countries, especially the US, there is widespread resistance among employers as well as employees to personality testing of all sorts. The use of graphology, in particular, is evidently almost unknown.
The projective approach also

characterises the "assessment centre" exercise developed from the old War Office Selec-tion Board procedures. Under the eyes of shilled assessors, applicants are set to work both in competition and in co-operation with one another in circumstances which typically arise in the real jobs for which they are being considered. Unfortunately, besides being expensive, assessment-centre

exercises can be poor predic-tors of attributes such as longer-That, however, has never determed human kind from believing not only that the mysterious element is present in different their own stories about the ways in every individual, but purport of sets in ink blots or that the differences can be de-

astrology, which assumes that is still bemused by the in-



the party and to be emotionally unstable but, perhaps unex-pectedly, more inclined to be

innovative. A problem, however, is that

the accountants' typical profile is so like the profile of another

set of people that it is difficult to pick out any key differences

between them. The other set is

prisoners serving sentences for

armed robbery.

Because of such drawbacks
Saville and Holdsworth have
drawn on the support of more

than 50 big employing organisa-tions to develop a comparable

test centred specifically on the

traits shown by people in jobs.
Called the Occupational
Personality Questionnaire, it
measures people against a
larger number of factors than
the Cattall equivalent. 30 in its

the Cattell equivalent-30 in its

full version, which can be taken

in not much more than an hour

by either computer or pencil-and-paper method, although shortened versions are avail-

able for use when a less de-tailed assessment will suffice. The 30 factors are not the only

yardsticks it applies to the per-son taking it. It also has a cun-

ningly devised system to mea-sure the extent to which people

prospective employer will approve of rather than those

which reflect what they really

What is more, all such assess

believe.

terpretation which a woman made of that sketch some years ago. It was a picture, she said, of a man waiting for a 93 bus.

But the type of personality specific occupations.

But the type of personality specific occupations.

Take for instance accountants used in recruitment is based on who, to judge by their profile,

a man waiting for a 93 bus.
But the type of personality
test which is probably most
used in recruitment is based on as different approach. Instead of differ appreciably from the seeking to divine people's average person on only three of make-ups from evidence of the 16 factors. They are less whose significance they may likely to be the life and soul of well not themselves be aware. it characteristics by completing a

Their answers are then analysed to see how they stand on a "map" of personality factors which research has shown to which research has shown to characterise large numbers of people. Each factor is marked off by a pair of opposite ex-tremes, such as humility at one end and arrogance on the other, although the bulk of us of course turn out to be somewhere be-

Provided that the test in question has been widely taken, the individual map of someone applying for a particular kind of job can be compared with the maps of many others who have been successful in the same

The most commonly used of such tests is Cattell's 16 such tests is Cattell's 16
Personality Factor questionnaire. Since it was developed in
the US some 40 years ago, it has
been taken by millions of
people across the world. As a
result it has built up a large
enough database to rebut a good

many myths.
One is that it is men and women with different kinds of personalities who have the greatest chance of making a successful marriage. The test evidence is that such couples have at best a 50-50 chance, whereas those with similar make-ups have a chance about 40 per cent better than even

ment processes have some similar built-in "smarm-detector."
So anyone trying to cheat in a personality test is likely to end up with no better chance of get-But the 16PF has been criticised on the grounds that as it ting the job than somebody who refuses to take the test at all.

Measuring intelligence has always proved a minefield

Computers join the fray

is most important for success in managerial and high-grade specialist work, many people would instantly reply "intelligence." The same view is clearly shared by large numbers of employing agganisations which in high performance in the sense reasoning tests of the Intelligence Quotient type as a key
element of their processes for
selecting potential executives.

The view has a land and the sense that those with more of it would be better than those with less at any activity mainly dependent on use of the mind.

The opposing and the sense that those with more of it would be better than those with more of it would be better than those with more of it would be better than those with more of it would be better than those with less at any activity mainly dependent on use of the mind. ploying organisations which in-clude verbal—and numerical— reasoning tests of the Intelli-

The view has a long pedigree. The first person known to have singled out intelligence as the prime force in the world's de-velopment was the Ionian philosopher Anaxagoras in the fifth century BC. The only problem is that from his day to ours the globe's best experts have been

globe's best experts have been unable to agree on what "intelligence" is.

The question is crucial because, like personality, intelligence is not something that anyone can dissect people and find. Nor does the fact that we can give a same to something means. give a name to something mean that there is anything in existence which corresponds to it, as witness hippogryphs and the square root of minus one.

Various putative definitions have been advanced by expert psychologists only to be ripped apart by other psychologists equally expert. Perhaps the most enduring definition of the faculty is "the capacity to do well in an intelligence test," which was stated in 1923 by an American called F. G. Boring American called E. G. Boring.

By coincidence his name turned out to be linked with a more recent discovery by US research psychologists. Suspecting it might be only academics and other much educated people who rank their fellowbeings in terms of intelligence, they went out to check whether men and women in the street do the same. The answer was that they do. The researchers then asked the passers-by how highly intelligent people show their mental distinction. One fre-quent answer was "by being

The controversy was hot enough even before the development of computers when all the psychologists largely had to argue about was the scores achieved by masses of people in tests of the IQ type.

high performance in the sense that those with more of it would

The opposing expert faction argued, on the basis of their different statistical interpretation of the same test results, that there was no "g" intelligence pervading all mental work. In-

stead there were a number of Perhaps the most enduring definition of the faculty is " the

intelligence test " different kinds of the stuffs, each underlying proficiency at only a single broad type of

capacity to do well in an

With the increasing power of computers, however, the con-troversy has become more complicated still. There is now a branch of psychologists called "cognitive scientists" trying to pin down intelligence and the like by technological methods. An example is the "top-down" approach which seeks to think up computer programmes that will function to the same effect as the mental process at issue. Another—the "bottom up"—is to build electronic apparatus which operate in simplified mind-like ways, and then try to work out why.

While such developments are as yet in their infancy, they have already established that intelli-gence as it works in the real world goes far beyond the abili-ties measured by IQ-type tests. As the Yale University psychologist Professor Robert Sternberg states: "there just does not exist a single approach that answers or even addresses all of the questions one would want answered about the nature of intelligence."*

What is more, recent studies led by the British psychologist Dr Donald Broadbent look also One set of experts argued, on to have undermined present the basis of their particular way of statistically interpreting the thinking which lies behind skill test results, that there existed a in jobs of a "dynamic" kind. Dr

ASKED WHICH human faculty general or "g" intelligence. It is most important for success in was seen as a single, central such jobs dynamic is that they managerial and high-grade faculty which, although not typically consist of a fast-changing series of linked challenges—throwing up a situation demanding action, which cre-ates a fresh situation deman-

ates a fresh situation demanding new action, and so on.

The generally prevailing view is that the job-holders deal with each successive challenge by the type of thinking often described as classical planning. They have in their heads a set of principes of the seat which can principles of the sort which can be enunciated by a teacher and written down in a notebook. As each fresh situation occurs, they apply the principles in looking chead intellectually, asking themselves the question: "Which of the various possible actions open to me is in theory the one most likely to lead to the

the one most likely to lead to the result I want to achieve?"
While the assumption that managers think in the classical planning way underlies most of the teaching of university business schools and other academic courses, Dr Broadbent's findings suggest that real-life managers rely mostly on life managers rely mostly on thinking of a different kind.

On being confronted with each fresh challenge, they look back on their experience asking themselves the question: "In which ways is this new situation similar to others I have pre-viously handled with results of the sort I wish to produce now?" Then they act accordingly, without bothering to think out prin-ciples on which they are acting. The implications of the finthe implications of the indiges, although without doubt far-reaching, are as yet lentatively worked out. But the weight of evidence is surely growing against IQ-type tests' effectiveness as a prime indicator of fitness for most managerial and other essentially dyna-

That is not to deny that the tests have value. They plainly have—to the extent that success depends on reasoning in the classical way on the basis of information couched in words and numbers. But the form of management most dependent on such reasoning would seem to be the bureaucratic kind which many businesses, at least, seem to be throwing out in the belief that a more dynamic approach is needed to respond effectively to fast-changing

*Beyond IQ, Ch 12. Cambridge University Press, 1985.

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RECRUITMENT 6

Recruitment tests vary, but are essential for . . .

Making selection fair

advertised itself proudly as "an equal opportunity employer."
Among the first things the visitors checked was the backgrounds of the 10 graduates it cise unconsciously. The danger had taken on in the previous couple of years. Eight of them came from a single Cambridge why companies employing them

"When I took the data to the director in charge of staffing he was flabbergasted." said the consultant who led the project "He said he just hadn't realised the firm's graduate-selection was so biased, and I don't think he was faking. As it happened, oured interview with tests and be had been at the same college other assessment methods less

Once the director ceased being flabbergasted, he no doubt felt thankful for the discovery. For if his organisa-tion's recruiting practices up to then had been challenged improve their appointment under the race or sex-equality decisions — which is perhaps laws, the evidence would have been stark against it and whether or not it was aware of of a research study covering a

pany's director seems to have been unusually blind to his pre-judices, all employers are liable concerned to store evidence showing that their choices of candidates are acceptably

That in turn may be mainly why recruiters are increasingly supplementing the time-honother assessment methods less prone to biased subjectivity.

If so, of course, the spreading use of such procedures can be attributed only secondarily to a belief by companies adopting them that they will significantly

just as well.
Take for instance the results

THE LONDON company which its bias would have made no dozen large UK employers, difference. which was made about a decade ago. The organisations used ago. The organisations used various methods to predict the future performance of candi-dates for jobs with them. Recruits chosen according to the predictions also had their work appraised at intervals afterwards.

The researchers compared the predictions with the later appraisals. They then calculated how far each selection method's forecasts had turned out to be more or less accurate than predictions made on the basis of pure chance. Of all the tests and more elaborate assessment devices.

been so wrong.

occasion on which anyone can

they can do something are telling the truth, is when they actually do it as they are speaking.*

Otherwise, any method used to form appointment decisions

is prone to error. Even the fact that someone has evidently done the same job in similar circumstances in the past is no

proof that he or she is still able

Nevertheless it seems to be widely accepted that one of the

best guides to people's compe-tence at an activity is whether they have succeeded in it, or in something like it, before. And

various methods are available for helping to judge job-seekers

on that basis.
One now in growing use by

organisations, especially those which regularly engage batches of recruits and are over-sub-

scribed by applications, is Biodata. It is used to sift through the initial applicants to

identify those who merit an

They are sent the Biodata form which requires them to answer 20 to 30 questions. A

typical example might be:
"When you play a game, with
family or friends, how impor-tant is it that you win:?

A-I always play to win.
B-I play hard but don't worry

C—It is of no importance at

enough to fill in, a great deal of complex work goes into decid-ing what the applicants should be asked in the first place. For

each employing concern using the technique has its own set of

leveloped into skills, and other

personal attributes which have

success in similar work in the

The consultants licensed to apply the method go into the

company to interview and make psychological assessments both

of people currently doing the

particular organisation.

While the form may be simple

interview.

the most successful was only 16 per cent more reliable than chance. Even so, the fussier devices generally proved better than interviews.

The recruits had been interviewed as candidates not only by personnel specialists, but by the line managers who were directly in charge of them when they joined the organisation. The line managers' predictions worked out at 2 per cent worse than pure chance. Those of the personnel specialists were 10 per cent worse.

One problem with the study was that, although the employing concerns involved had big payrolls, the number of recruits on whom they had both selection and appraisal data
selection and appraisal data
was small. So the findings are
less trustworthy than those of a
research review made recently
by Dr Ivan Robertson and Dr
Mike Smith of the University of Manchester Institute of Science and Technology. Their review was of different recruitment methods' reliability as indi-cated by studies based on large samples of people.

The method which came out best was in fact a combination of two types of tests: the IQ type and others measuring " psycho-motor " ability such as manual dexterity. Its average reliability was 28 per cent better than

Second, 21 per cent better, was the "work sample" which judges how well people cope when confronted with a pile of letters, statistical reports and so on of the sort they would have to deal with in the job. Next, with an 18 per cent rating came "supervisor/peer evaluation" which consists of structured assessments made by the people who will work immediately above and alongside the person appointed.

Fourth, only a fraction of a percentage point behind, was the "assessment centre" method mentioned in the article about personality on the previous page. Then came IQ-type testing with 12 per cent, fol-lowed by the Biodata technique described in the other article on

References were seventh with per cent, interviews eighth with 3. personality assessments with 2, and tests of candi dates interests' tenth at only i per cent more predictive than chance. While handwriting-analysis was also covered, a far smaller number of people had been involved. But on what evidence there was, graphology was least reliable of the lot.

"HOW DO I know you can do this job? "Countless interview-ers have asked that question, and the answer has often been the key influence over which candidate they decided to appoint to the post. In many such cases, too, the people they chose have later turned out to be incapable, causing the interviewers to agonise over how they could have possibly If — as fairly frequently happens — the mistake bas marred
their own career prospects, they
would probably not be content
to seek consolation in philosophy. Which is a pity. For the
topic is one on which philosophy has a highly relevant point
to make.

It is that no interviewer is
ever able to be sure that someever able to be sure that someone is practically capable of doing a job unless it is simple enough to be done for real and in its entirety before the interviewer's eyes. As Ludwig Wittgenstein indicated, the only occasion on which aroone cap

Mr Art Miller, chief of the US company, People Manager believes competence is not enough for performing tasks in a Job, deep satisfaction is also

performers and those at best

The analyses are used in drawing up a prototype ques-tionnaire, which is then put through practical trials before the final form is decided.

"Most of the form of course consists of questions to identify traits that have been clearly linked with success in the work as it is at present, says Ms Stephanie Craig, manager of psychological testing at PA Personnel Services which is one of the Biodata licensees. "But we also like to experiment with some questions that are future

orientated.

"We get the people in the user-company to think about likely developments and how they would probably change the characteristics which are important. Then we include a few questions to explore them.

"The answers to the experimental set aren't scored either for or against the person

either for or against the person currently filling in the form. By following up year by year, though, we can see whether the trial questions are getting more or less predictive. It's a useful exercise because jobs and organisations are constantly changing and the questionnaire needs to be thoroughly revised at least every five years. Biodata, you see, degrades over

By contrast Mr Art Miller, an American big-company person-nel chief who later set up his questions designed to identify skills, abilities which could be own consultancy, claims to have discovered a way of divining present capacities from pas achievements whose predictive time. He calls it the System for Identifying Motivated Abilities. and his People Management company has used it in asset sing more than 10,000 execu-tives and other workers over the

work and of their bosses. The
assessments are analysed for
detailed traits which evidently
make a difference between good

a particular job, it is not enough

March

Consulting Group

they both can do and find perso-nal fulfilment in doing which add new ones to it. "In all our make up their motivated abilimake up their motivated abilities. And our experience is that no more than 30 per cent of workers are in jobs where both those criteria apply to most of the tasks involved," he says.

People being assessed by the method first write outlines, in at most two sentences aniece of remaie."

work we've never yet seen a new direction emerge. If people haven't expressed management ability—say—in what they think are the worthwhile things they've done over the past 30 years, the chance that they can become effective managers is

Previous experience in a similar job is regarded as a guide to competence

The past is the key to present capacities

most two sentences apiece, of half a dozen specific things they

why they did them is something they often never really knew, let alone can still recall."

The interview is recorded, transcribed and minutely examined for recurrent themes which give a clue to the person's fundamental ways of working. The tell-tale themes emerge in the repeated use of phrases such as "I took care of . . . organised . . . got people together ". Mr Miller maintains that the instances of each theme

then only have to be added up to

for them just to be competent at the tasks of the work. They must also find deep satisfaction in doing them. "It's only the things they both can do and find personal fulfilment in doing which add new ones to it. "In all our many whose ability is the says that once of about 80 interview questions which have been found to trigger mentions of the key thomas usually fairly early in life, it is improbable that anyone will are systematically put to the work we've never yet seen a new

most two sentences apiece. of half's dozen specific things they have achieved which they remember as satisfying. Hesearch consultancy, hinges whether anyone else thought they were worth while does not matter. One has to be fairly recent, the next five to 10 years previously, and so on back into childhood.

They are next interviewed in fine detail about each item on their list to establish precisely what they did in achieving it and how. They are not asked why. "We're looking for things people are sure they remember. Nebraska. The root of the method lies in

remote.

searching discussions with groups of people who are demonstrably first-rate in a field of activity, and others who are at best average. The 110 fields covered so far range from entrepreneurship to ice-hockey playing. The discussions are then analysed to pick out par-ticular themes or "commonali-ties" which are mentioned

commonstitues linked with suc-

- ANTONY DUNLOP -

people whose ability is being assessed, who respond to them just as they wish, and their realists are assessed. replies are examined to see how far their identifiable patterns of thought and feeling correspond with those of the proven first raters.
A different approach, which

nevertheless appears to stem from a similar sort of basic

notion is "action-profiling." It proceeds by closely observing people of all levels of compe-tence in a field with a view to

identifying, not the conversational concerns, but the detailed body movements which dis-tinguish the successful from the others. People under assess-ment are then in turn observed to ascertain whether they display the same characteristics. Mr Eddie Bows, a British con-sultant who specialises in action-profiling, claims that it has an advantage over methods based on conversation. He points out that his method " is entirely independent of the views expressed by the person being profiled "—and it must be acknowledged, of course, that

Unfortunately, however, so can motions, together with everything else which can be observed by the recruiter not by the mediocre.

In the case of each field, the actually doing the job. reveal the person's fun-commonalities linked with suc- The Brown Book, par. 64 damental motivational pattern. cess are used in designing a set Blackwell, Oxford 1984.

one thing words can always be is

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Discerning Executives

RECRUITMENT 7

Pay trends: stamping out inflation

may have unwelcome side effects

Soft and hard options for motivation

THE OLD SAW "there's no rest for the wicked" must have an for the wicked" must have an ironic ring for people in the employer's position. However spotless their moral record, there is precious little rest for them. Even if they no longer need to trouble their heads about what kinds of staff to recruit and where, they still have the worry of how to keep and motivate them.

Motivation in particular, which is always a complex problem, looks likely to become the more so, at least in the UK. The reason lies in the pre-election

reason lies in the pre-election pledge by the Conservative Govrnment finally to stamp out

If it succeeds and prices stabilise, competition will rule out regular all-round pay increases of the "cost-of-liv-ing" type. To be economic, pay rises will have to be covered by improved productiveness.

The idea that the whole of an organisation's workforce can continually become more productive is hardly realistic. It also seems probable that com-panies of appreciable size will always be dependent to an important extent on staff who perform steadily at no better

han average. UK staff in that category with ages up to 40 or so have in general been conditioned to expect a pay increase every year. Although most of the rises have been solely to compensate for a higher cost of living, they have become a central element of people's motivation.

Psychological evidence indi-cates that, should employers just stop all-round increases and leave it at that, many essential if uninspired workers are going to become demotivated. While thay may have failed to work better for the extra money in the past, they are all too likely to work worse for the lack

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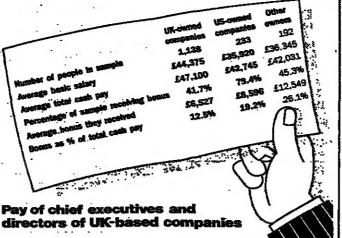
A check recently made by Mr John Courtis, vice-chairman of John Courts, vice-chairman of the Federation of Recruitment and Employment Services, found that most UK companies were not even awake to the demotivating danger of zero inflation, let alone equipped with plans to counter it. In the cases of the minority which were, the plans varied widely between soft and hard approaches.

An example of the soft is to accustom employees to the change gradually by giving them a short "holiday" from paying pensions contributions. An instance of the hard is to go on giving regular rises to everyone in the management team at least, but to find the money by regularly sacking the 10 per cent of the team's members who work least effectively. Which will work the better, if at all, can

only remain to be seen.
One of the wide-awake companies suggested that as infla-tion ceases to be a factor creating pressure for general increases, jobs-market forces will become more of one. That prediction is certainly sup-

ported by the population trends discussed elsewhere. Companies will probably need to keep a keen watch on markét going-rates. Fortu-nately, various consultancies produce surveys of the levels of pay and fringe benefits prevail-ing in different regions and countries. Moreover, if employers need to move people from one place to another, there are consultancies which will take over the whole task of

relocating them too.
Several organisations which had foreseen the demotivating threat planned to counter it by adopting workforce-wide schemes for results-related ncentive bonuses of the sort already fairly common as a part



gers and higher-rank special-While UK-owned companies have increasingly installed senior-level incentive schemes, however, the table shows that they have still some way to go before their top executives' rewards are as dependent on

results as the pay of comparably ranked people in the British branches of groups owned The table, compiled from a the Remuneration Economics consultancy, refers only to chief executives and directors. Whereas a fair number of the 1,138 in the UK-owned com-

panies were on the main board of their group, the counterparts in the overseas-owned businesses were just leaders of subsidiaries—which almost certainly explains why their average salaries and total cash nav age salaries and total cash pay, including results-dependent bonuses, were lower. But, on average, they still had markedly more to gain or lose by good or bad organisational perform-

A further kind of top-executive incentive, not covered by the table, is the share option the table, is the share-option schemes which have rapidly multiplied in Britain since the Government passed encouraging legislation in 1984. Among big business concerns at least, a large majority now seem to offer their most senior people a favourably priced option to given amounts of their company's stock at certain specified dates in the future. dates in the future. The only place where they are

now more in evidence is the US. Of other European countries, only France and Belgium seem to encourage them even modestly.

The trouble is that the worth

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or fall in line with general stock-market fluctuations which are dependent on many influ-ences beyond the control of chiefs of the company con-cerned. Hence the value of the options awarded to top execu-tives cannot be plausibly represented to more junior workers as fairly reflecting their super-iors' individual merits.

Much the same often applies to results-related bonus schemes restricted to senior employees. Shop and office-floor staff become resentful because they feel that their bos-ses are increasing their already large salary advantage by paying themselves extra for improved performances due essentially to the subordinate workers' efforts.

The upper-rankers' motiva-tion is increased only at the probably more than counterba-lancing cost of demotivating staff lower down.

Consequently there is clearly need for executive-incentive devices to be carefully designed, and preferably included in an overall perform-ance-related pay system. But it seems that company leaders are still inclined to leap before they look—sometimes with highly unfortunate results.

For example, I heard not long ago of a chief executive who, on discovering that some of his key people were thinking of moving on, suddenly announced that the company was planning to introduce bonness. A couple of months later, he dished out large sums to all his closest subordinates. But the effect on those who had been planning to quit was not as he expected. They did so anyway, pocketing the money intended to keep them as a handsome leaving

Lies, damned lies and statistics

What pay surveys don't say

MANAGERS IN charge of pay policy, especially in inter-national organisations, must feel great sympathy with who-ever it was who first observed that there are liars, damped liars and statistics. For the statistical studies which land on those managers' desks in the those managers desks in the form of pay surveys are ever likely to mislead their readers, and not only those inexperienced at interpreting them.

The proneness to error is not usually the fault of lack of statistical prowess on the part of the numerous consultancies which produce the surveys. It is which produce the surveys. It is just that few things can be sub-

ject to so many variances than pay and fringe benefits. Even in the case of people doing essen-tially the same type of work, the rewards for it vary widely from area to area, and again from one sector to another, and yet again with the employing companies' turnover and numbers on the payroll. The variances, widespread enough if the surveys are con-

fined to a single country, are compounded when they spread across national boundaries and even more so when they seek to give comparisons not just of gross pay, but of take-homepay and purchasing-power as well. In that case, of course, there comes into play differences in tax levels and ways of minimising them, social security contributions and prices. What further complicates the survey-producers' problem in adjusting

for price variance is that exchange rates prevailing at the although people of different close of London markets on May nationalities may do similar 5. jobs at equivalent ranks in their organisations, they often differ markedly in their buying pat-

Nevertheless, for anyone equipped with a large packet of salt and sufficent familiarity with statistics to decide how big a pinch of it to take with the survey currently to hand, even the international variety can serve as a useful guide.

Two of the many available are Two of the many available are produced respectively by the Towers, Perrin, Forster and Crosby consultancy group head-quartered in New York, and by Executive Compensation Service which, although its offices are in Brussels, is part of the US-based Watt company of US-based Wyatt company of Sweden actuaries and management con-

Both have recently published

By contrast ECS's latest survey, while restricted to Europe, gives figures for a range of specialist directors as well as for company chiefs. The study was made at the turn of the year, and the average "take-home pay" figures for chiefs, and specialist directors of finance and of personnel which I am about to quote from it have been converted into sterling at the

The figures include bonuses as well as salaries. But no adjustments have been made for differences in costs of living between the nine countries in

The Swiss led the net-pay league in all departments. The ranking for the chiefs was as follows:

Gross (£) Net (£) 108,855 70,756 73,180 49,031 y 90,276 46,944 71,699 43,019 Switzerland France 73,180 West Germany 90,276 Italy 71,699 30,626 30,477 53,730 52,547 Spain 63,050 69,041 27,616 55,836 18,984 In the net-pay comparisons

personnel directors, the prize multi-nation comparisons of pay went to the money people in all and perks for top-ranking manabut one of the countries. The gers, Perrin relates solely to exception was Switzerland chief executives in 20 countries, where the top personnel specialists had an advantage on average of about 7 per cent. Even so, the Swiss finance directors still led the nine-country nations in prelty well every pay

> Gross (£) Net (£) 62,823 45,232 45,342 33,100 Switzerland W. Germany

The ranking for the personal directors was: Gross (£)

Switzerland 39.023

Of the UK representatives, therefore, the chief executives come fifth in their league, the below their Spanish counterparts to sixth, and the poor per-sonnel directors plunge to next

Anyone who is struck by the fact that the Swedish representatives come bottom in all cases, by the way, should perhaps not shed too many tears for them. Although Scandinavian executives characterisctors still led the nine-country league for their specialism. It was:

nations in preity well every pay ranking, nobody who has observed their living standards would regard them as the poor folk of Europe. One reason, I gather, is that Scandinavian countries tend to grant gener-ous tax-exemptions for interest

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RECRUITMENT 8)

Manpower planning specialists can be called on for a wide range of jobs

UK leads Europe's outplacement market

THE RANGE of personnel ser-minor variance when set beside vices now on the market is so the UK's 626 per cent lead in the

ception-to-afterlife" operation. Even when a business is no ment services which are pro-nore than a twinkle in some vided overwhelmingly for entrepreneur's eye, manpowerplanning specialists can be called in to advise how the jobs to

of a workforce seems to be a be created can best be shaped to match the skills obtainable. At the opposite end of the range, when people's established career-line becomes defunct,

working life in another.
These so-called outplacement consultancies originated in the US during the 1960s. How their business has since developed in Europe is shown by the accompanying table, which is taken from a survey made earlier this year by the Consultex company in Switzerland.

When they are called in by a troubled organisation, they send a team of people to the site and comb through all the alternative possibilities of people in survey made earlier this year by the Consultex company in Switzerland.

Britain, the combined sales exercise is at the planning turnover of the UK businesses stage, we've usually managed

lents' £7m. go to before the axe officially The main reasons for the falls."

wide that it would be an underestimate to call them the counselling in groups because
careers equivalent of a " cradleto-grave operation." They might
better be described as a "concontinuous formalife" continuous down.

Unlike individual outplace-British invention. Two of the consultancies specialising in it are RD Associates based at Switzerland Christchurch in Dorset, and Focus whose offices are in Bar-

there are consultants available net. Hertfordshire. Italy to help them to find renewed working life in another. When they are called in by a working life in another. These so-called outplacement send a team of people to the site consultances of the state of the sta

number of consultancies organisation concerned brings operating, with 12 against 15 in us in when the redundancy organisation concerned brings last year was almost £19m com- for a good majority of the people pared to the French equiva- affected to have another job to

beadings "No. of people counselled during 1936: Sponsored agement we are not on its side, by ex-employer: "The number or on the side of unions either, sponsored as individuals was 64 Our only obligation is to the per cent bigger in the UK than individuals being paid off, in France. That is a relatively Whatever they want to do next, unlucky enough to experience outplacement consultancy at first-hand, might like to try a brief test. All they have to do is

The outplacement business in Europe Among sponsored individuals: No. of people counselled during 1986: First year Number of Total '86 Average Average Avge mitts age pay (£) to find job Sponsored by ex-employer in groups as individuals in 1986 (£'000s) 26.800 4.4 18.760 20,700 2,100 45 16 1,280 32,300 5.0 6,793 +30,000 4to5 150 582 Netherlands 35,500 4,5 133 Scandinavia 45,600 5.0 122 1979 50,000 177 171 48 30,000 4.4 296 1,184 201 45 10 1986 17 10 1986 35,800 4.6 4,704 47

provided it's legal, we try to help them do it."

But the far more extensive use of group counselling is not the only difference between the outplacement business in Brividuals in compensation.

Many of them would no doubt prefer to have the extra money instead. Then, even if their own plans for getting another job failed to work out, they could "In searching the local possioutplacement business in Bribilities, we systematically contain and the counterpart operations on the Continent. The UK gained its first foothold east of the Atlantic 16 years ago, provides by far its biggest European market. Although France is not far behind in terms of the not far behind in terms of the number of consultancies over a plumber over a plumb still devote some of their dis-missal payment to buying counselling from a consultancy of their own choice. Unfortunately experience in supplied with it at their former

employer's expense. In principle, there is surely a good reason why people losing their job should be enabled to select and pay for an outplace-ment service themselves. When the former employer finances it, difference are indicated in the Miss Bridget Litchfield, manmiddle of the table under the aging director of Focus, said: the sums that might otherwise
headings "No. of people coun"Although we're paid by manbe paid to the redundant indi-

> compare themselves with com-pany colleagues and others who could be viewed as career-com-petitors, and then answer the

following quesions.

By comparison with them.

would you say you were:

1.—A calmer person?

2.—Less inhibited socially?

3.—A good deal more imaginative and unconventional?

4.—More natural and forth-

about your own performance?
6.—More relaxed?

Anyone who answered yes in

-Less inclined to worry

tive in Florida who was milked of \$3,500 by a bogus counselling company in 1982, has since INDIVIDUALS wondering about their chances of being

America, where pay-your-own-way outplacement is extremely common, has shown not only "In return they provide that newly sacked executives nothing more than a profesare often gullible but that there sionally produced career is no lack of unscrupulous resume, a mailing list, and the people very keen to take a large chunk of their redundancy money away from them. Indeed Mr Stuart Rado, a former execu-

waged a one-man crusade to clean up the trade. "When the outplacer is paid by the ex-employer there's rarely a problem," he said. " But all some of the other outfits in the business are good at is writ-ing fancy advertisements, and feeding the very vulnerable people who reply a mixture of flattery, threats and false prom-

ises to con them into paying thousands in advance," he said. kind of advice anyone could get out of a book from the local library. I've had a hand in clos-ing five of them down already and, I tell you, there's more to

placement concerns are using sharp practices to bring in selffinancing clients. For instance, three FT readers in different parts of the country have recently reported what on the face of it looks to be a form of switch-selling.

switch-selling.

In each case, the experience began with seeing an advertisement for a fairly attractive job described in the vaguest of terms. The three advertisements were different from one another and appeared over the names of different recruitment consultants. The readers, all of whom were currently out of work, replied and were quickly invited to visit the consultant for an interview.

On arrival they were given some reason why the advertised in the reason who were reason.

job was no longer available—in two cases it was because the anonymous employer had tele-phoned an hour or so previously to say that the post had been filled. The consultant then said that to compensate for their wasted journey, he would be happy to help them with advice. It turned out to be strong advice to pay for a course of counselling either with the same recruitment concern's out-

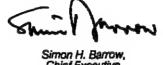
placement division or with a company run by one of the con-sultant's "close friends." Even though those consul-tants' actions and advice may still have been perfectly genuine, it seems clear that jobseekers with redundancy money Even in Britsin, there is some to spend need to be very much on their guard.

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Individual assessments

of possessing those positive characteristics.

Their strength in forthright-ness left them weak in shrewdness, for example. The gift of tend to imagination left them short of and-go. cool realism. As a result, even all cases would do well to start looking for another job. The six traits covered by the questions comprise the main ways execu-tives who get sacked differ in personal make-up from those

who do not, according to research done by the UK's Cran-field Management School with support from the Pauline Hyde and Associates outplacement organisations are wise to fire them. The management school's psychologists report concludes that companies would probably gain more by providing training to develop the skills which are lacking. The reason is that men and women not endowed with them by nature or early upbringing are nevertheless some of the most "energetic, imaginative, creative people" available for employment.

Even so, the 204 showed Mrs Hyde's consultancy made personality assessments of 204 discarded executives, of whom about 60 per cent had been in senior positions. Their results were sent to the management school's psychologists who com-pared them with assessments made by the same method of more than 1,000 comparably ranked people who consistently stayed employed. The Cranfield staff concluded

Even so, the 204 showed

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next career move.

that the prime reasons for the 204 executives' predicament lay would appear to distinguish would appear to distinguish them from the typical person doing well in an executive positive aspects of the attributes as they were listed here. It was more what the sacked contingent lacked in consequence of possessing those positive characteristics. proving enterprising and creative as well as cauny, there is research evidence that most tend to lose their former get-up-

though they mostly scored high for alertness, intelligence, leadership and emotional adjustment, they were missing some of the keywashilities on which survival let alone success in organisations offen depends: political and social skills.

The fact that executives missing those abilities tend to lose their jobs does not mean their organisations are wise to fire them. The management school's An example is the study led by which employs them. When—as, of course, all too frequently happens—there is a simultaneous decline in working performance, their bosses may understandably decide to get

But the study identified other typical characteristics among the middle-aged managers which might strike the more thoughtful type of employer as reasons for not only keeping but also trying to make more sensi-ble use of such older staff.

Although their satisfaction with company and job tended to fall during the 36-45 age period and to drop still faster over the next five years, it then bounced back again. A further tendency was for their dissatisfaction, even at its worst, to be considerably less deep than the resentment the research discovered among ambitious staff aged 26-30 to the extent that a lot of them 30 to the extent that a lot of them were keen to quit and work elsewhere. Moreover the fact that there may be a link between the ill feelings of the middle-aged and young contingents is suggested by two of the explanations which Dr Kets De Vries tentatively puts forward for these tendencies.

One is that people early in their careers need, but often fail to find in their company, an older "mentor" able and willing to give them a sense of direction and to temper their youthful impatience with the inevitable frustrations of organisational life. The second explanation nal life. The second explanation is that the ageing staff often bounce back because, having become reconciled to being less well formerly, they discover a different way of making them-selves useful. It is by "playing the role of mentor to the next generation of employees."

Hence companies might gain a double benefit by organising themselves so all staff can see that good work, in a go-getting capacity earlier on, can earn them a later opportunity to show their continuing value as providers of mature guidance to headstrong youth. *April-June 1984. مهوج لأثأث

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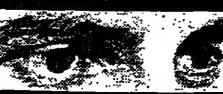
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